

GET BETTER WAGES

BOOST IN WAGES FOR MAN IN ARSENALS AND NAVY YARDS.

INCREASE OF TEN PER CENT

Advances Given by Joint Board at Mare Island and New York are Greater Than Recommendations Made by Authorities in Charge.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
Washington, D. C.—Completion of new wage scales for all navy yards and arsenals was announced by the special joint war-navy labor committee. The revision, which becomes effective as soon as new pay rolls can be prepared, is said to make an average increase in maximum rates of nearly 10 per cent and much greater advances in the scale for the lowest grades of skilled labor.

The committee examined local rates and was guided to a great extent by the aim to make the rates as nearly uniform in all sections of the country as circumstances would allow.

"In regard to the new navy yard scale," says the announcement, "the most important change is the reduction of the number of rates in any one trade to three. Heretofore most of the skilled trades have been graded into five rates, the men in the lowest rate receiving overtime more than unskilled labor. Hereafter there will be but three rates, the lowest to be paid not more than \$1.04 per diem less than the first class men. For instance, if the top rates for machinists is \$4.64 a day the third rate must be at least \$3.60, instead of as at present in some cases as low as \$2.04."

CONGRESS MAY QUIT IN OCTOBER

Speed in Senate Will Be Necessary to Accomplish Program.

Washington, D. C.—Congressional plans contemplate adjournment early in October.

Speed in the senate alone is essential to carrying this plan into effect. The house has almost completed its work and conferees are making all possible haste to reach agreements on measures that have passed both houses.

Indications are that the senate will co-operate, as it rushed through the trading with the enemy and war bond bills last week in record time and has taken hold of the soldiers and sailors insurance bill, one of the two remaining big measures it has to pass, with an apparent determination to expedite consideration of it. Closure may be resorted to if necessary.

Pacifist Meeting Disorderly.

Hartford, Conn.—Riotous scenes marked a meeting here of the Hartford branch of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace, culminating in the arrest of the speaker, Mrs. Annie E. Hale, of New York, the chairman; Alfred E. Whitehead, of this city, and the abrupt ending of the meeting by the police. Police action was taken after Mrs. Hale had criticized the president and the war, condemned conscription and declared the United States had no right to go abroad to fight Germany because of a belief that "fifty years hence" Germany might make war on this country.

Editors Held for Treason.

Philadelphia.—Louis Werner, editor in chief, and Dr. Martin Darkow, managing editor of the Philadelphia Tageblatt, were indicted on nine counts for treason by the federal grand jury here. Separate indictments on two counts, charging conspiracy and violation of the espionage act, were returned against Werner, Darkow, Peter Schaefer, president; Herman Lemke, business manager, and Paul Vogel, treasurer.

Decrease of Students.

Lincoln, Neb.—Registration at the University of Nebraska shows a decrease, due to the war, of about 20 per cent from that of 1916. At the completion of regular registration night 2,057 had registered, as compared with 2,557 last year, according to official reports from the registrar.

Flight Cadets Killed.

Belleville, Ont.—News reached here of the death in an airplane collision of Flight Cadet Donville at the aviation camp at Deseronto. Their machine crashed near the airfield after returning from a flight. The airplanes were wrecked.

An American Casualty.

Ottawa, Ont.—The name of J. W. Jones, Fellows, Cal., was included in the Canadian casualty list given out. He was wounded.

Young Baltz Indicted.

Philadelphia.—Jacob B. Baltz, son of a wealthy brewer, has been indicted by the federal grand jury for making false statements in his claim for exemption from army duty. Baltz swore before the board that he was the sole support of his wife and two children and that he had no other income beyond that derived from his mental and physical laborers. It developed that he has been receiving a yearly income of \$20,000 from the brewing company of J. and P. Baltz.

ENVOY ACTED AS SPY

LANSING REVEALS HOW SWEDISH MINISTER IN MEXICO AIDED GERMANY.

LETTER IS MADE PUBLIC

Note From German Minister in Mexico City to Berlin Government Asked Decoration for Stockholm Representative.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The material aid given Germany by Sweden was not confined to transmission of naval secrets by code from Argentina to Berlin. A copy of an official letter from Herr von Eckhardt, German minister in Mexico, to his home office, given out by Secretary Lansing on Thursday, makes the startling revelation that Folke Cronholm, Swedish charge d'affaires in Mexico City, was an active agent of the German government.

So extensive were his services that he was recommended to the kaiser as being worthy of a special decoration as reward for his services.

It is shown that Folke Cronholm not only gave military and diplomatic information to Minister von Eckhardt at least up to March, 1916, but that he followed the example of his colleague in Buenos Aires by transmitting official messages from the German embassy in the official Swedish code to the foreign office at Stockholm and thence to Berlin.

At the same time the secretary of state made public a report from Ira Nelson Morris, American minister at Stockholm, declaring that while the Swedish foreign office was transmitting German messages in German code for the German diplomats, it was requiring Mr. Morris to file his messages to Constantinople via the Swedish foreign office in French.

U. S. SHIPS SINK U-BOAT

Two Merchant Vessels Sent Down During Battle—Convoy Attacked U-Boat.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A typographical error in a cablegram reporting a submarine attack on a convoy of merchant ships off the coast of France on September 5 led Secretary Daniels to announce on Tuesday that six submarines probably had been sunk in the battle, when in reality the probabilities are only one was destroyed. The mistake was not discovered until several hours after the country had been electrified by the report of a wholesale sinking of German U-boats.

The true version, it appears, is that the merchant ships, of which the Westwego was one, were attacked by submarines in force off the coast of France on September 5 and that in the fight two of the merchant ships were lost, and probably one of the submarines was sunk.

The merchant fleet, of which the Westwego was one, was on the way to Europe from the United States when attacked. The vessels were under convoy, but no details received. Names of the two ships sunk were not included in the dispatch.

WIN 8 FIGHTS WITH DIVERS

British Seaplanes Join Allied Submarines in Defeating U-Boats, Says London.

London, Sept. 17.—Stories of some recent successes of the British navy against German submarines were given to the public on Friday in a series of brief descriptions of eight encounters in which eight, and possibly nine, U-boats were accounted for. These eight sea battle pictures were selected so as to cover practically the whole ground of anti-submarine activities.

In one case there was a battle between an auxiliary cruiser and a submarine, in another an engagement between a seaplane and a submarine, then a battle between two submarines in which the British submarine captain proved himself the better man, and finally two tales of successes of armed merchantmen against the enemy.

SENATE FOR DRAFT OF ALIENS

Army Service for Foreigners Provided in Resolution Passed by the Upper House.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Drafting of all aliens in the United States except Germans, others exempt by treaty, and those of countries allied with Germany who have resided in this country one year, is proposed in a joint resolution passed by the senate Wednesday and sent to the house. It is estimated that more than a million aliens would be affected.

Millionaire Merchant Drafted.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 17.—John Brandeis, twenty-one years old, millionaire owner of J. L. Brandeis & Son's department store, will go on September 19, with 573 other Omaha drafted men, to Fort Riley.

Engine Quit; Flyer Killed.

Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 17.—Corporal William H. Meeker of Harvard of the Lafayette escadrille was killed while flying over the lines, somewhere in France, when the engine of his airplane stalled.

UNCLE SAMUEL SEES THROUGH IT!



OUSTS GERMAN ENVOY RUSS REVOLT CRUSHED

COUNT LUXBURG DISMISSED BY ARGENTINE REPUBLIC. KORNILOFF PLEADS FOR HIS LIFE WHEN TROOPS DESERT.

Teuton Legation and Newspaper Buildings in Buenos Aires Are Stoned by Mobs. General Agrees to Surrender When Division of Moslem Soldiers Goes Over to Kerensky.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 14.—Immense crowds joined in an anti-German demonstration here. The German legation and German newspaper buildings were stoned. There was serious rioting and mounted police charged the mobs in the fashionable Avenida Florida.

The Argentine government sent to the German legation passports to be delivered to Count Luxburg, the German minister in Buenos Aires. The whereabouts of Count Luxburg still is unknown to the Argentine government. The Argentine government also has demanded an explanation from Sweden regarding the transmission of messages to Germany.

The note sent by Foreign Minister Pueyrredon to Count von Luxburg, in which the German minister was tendered his passports, reads:

"Mr. Minister: You having ceased to be persona grata to the Argentine government, that government has decided to deliver to you your passports, which I transmit herewith by order of his excellency, the president of the nation.

"The introducer of embassies has instructions to assist you in your immediate departure from the territory of the republic. God keep you.

"H. PUEYRREDON.

"To Count Karl von Luxburg, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the German empire."

The Argentine minister at Berlin has been instructed to inform the German foreign office that Count von Luxburg has been handed his passports and to ask for explanations regarding the telegram disclosure. If the German government disapproves of the text of the German minister's dispatches, and especially of the word "ass," which term the count applied to the Argentine foreign minister, the situation may clear. If Berlin does not disavow the minister's course Argentina will recall her minister from Germany, but may permit the legation to remain.

Argentina also has asked the German government for a full explanation of its present policy of sinking Argentine ships.

FLYING STUDENTS ARE KILLED

Two Airplanes at North Island Aviation Field, California, Collide While 6,000 Feet in Air.

San Diego, Cal., Sept. 13.—Colliding in midair during a practice flight two student aviators at the North Island army aviation field, Edward W. Walsh, Jr., of Oakland, and Theodore B. Lynn, of St. Helena, Colo., fell nearly 6,000 feet and were instantly killed.

U. S. ARTILLERY IN FRANCE

Large U. S. American Contingent Arrives at Camp—Soldiers Practice With Big Guns.

American Training Camp in France, Sept. 15.—A large contingent of American artillery has joined the expeditionary army and is well along with its intensive training under French supervisory instructions.

Australia's War Expenses.

New York, Sept. 15.—Australia's war expenditures up to and including June, 1918, will total \$1,000,000,000, it was announced by British representatives here. This estimate was made in parliament by Sir John Forrest.

Heavy Losses for Italy.

Vienna, Austria, Sept. 15.—"The Italian losses in the eleventh Isonzo battle," says an official statement issued by the Austrian war office, "have reached about a quarter of a million, including 20,000 prisoners."

Station Agents Joint Strike.

Burlington, N. J., Sept. 15.—Spread of the Pennsylvania railroad telegraphers' strike to the station agents was announced at strike headquarters after news was received that agents had quit at a dozen stations.

TRAITORS TO U. S.

ROOT SAYS ARGUMENTS BY PACIFISTS AGAINST WAR ARE ENEMY ARGUMENTS.

RENDER AID TO GERMANY

Declares Spirit is One of Rebellion and Effect is to Hinder and Lessen Popular Support and Encourage Treason.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Before 15,000 persons gathered at the war mass meeting in the Coliseum on Friday night, Elihu Root defined the word "traitor" as it applies in this crisis.

"Arguments against the war, since we have entered the war, are enemy arguments," he declared, while the great crowd shouted its approval.

"Their spirit is the spirit of rebellion and the effect is to hinder and lessen popular support. They encourage the enemy."

When the throng had given vent to its hearty approbation he paused dramatically and declared:

"Such persons are rendering more effective service to Germany than they ever could render on the battlefield with arms.

"Their purpose is so plain that it is impossible to resist the conclusion that the greater number of them are attempting to bring triumph to Germany."

"Anyone who by argument is hindering the government, and knows what he is doing, is a traitor," Mr. Root said.

Mr. Root, who appeared on the platform with Samuel Gompers as co-speaker of the evening, mentioned no names in his powerful address.

He severely took to task naturalized citizens who have shown an inclination to be false to their new country.

The big meeting was held under the direction of the Chicago chapter of the National Security league. Long before the time for the speaking to begin the great hall was crowded.

Gov. Frank O. Lowden, who had been scheduled to appear as a speaker, was unable to attend on account of the extraordinary labor situation at the state capital. He sent this message:

"Springfield is the storm center of Illinois just now, and I must remain at my post.

"The great majority of workmen here are loyal. But sinister influences are at work to involve labor in a hostile attitude toward government. We must separate these two forces.

"It will do no good to win battles abroad if we cannot maintain peace at home."

WHEAT REVOLT LAID TO FOES

U. S. Finds German Propaganda in Northwest States Caused Farmer Rebellion.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Pro-German propaganda is responsible for the refusal of farmers to sell their wheat crop at the price fixed by the government was the statement issued by the food administration on Friday night.

Mr. Hoover declared, except in territories affected by pro-German and anti-war agitators, there was no disposition on the part of farmers to withhold crops.

The food administration flatly denied the government is considering commandeering wheat stocks of farmers.

Mr. Hoover has turned the entire problem over to the department of justice. The department has been asked to investigate thoroughly various organizations and meetings, particularly in the Northwest, which contemplate an agitation to upset the government's fixed price of \$2.20 per bushel on wheat. The farmers' meeting called to meet in St. Paul Monday to demand a price of \$3 a bushel, has been the subject of a thorough probe.

Officials of the department of justice will prosecute all involved in any agitation to embarrass the government in the prosecution of the war.

LEADER OF RUSS REBELS DIES

General Krymoff Shoots Self After Talk With Kerensky—Petrograd Recovers From Panic.

Petrograd, Sept. 17.—General Krymoff, commander of the troops of General Korniloff sent to attack Petrograd, the official news agency announces, has succumbed to the wounds he inflicted upon himself after an interview with Premier Kerensky.

After being received by Premier Kerensky at the winter palace and informed of the fate which awaited him, General Krymoff, commander of the Korniloff troops which were sent against Petrograd, returned to his lodgings and shot himself.

Petrograd has entirely recovered its calm, a remarkable effect of the suppression of the revolt.

\$25,000 Robbery in Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—During the rush hour two highwaymen entered the office of Frank L. Pion, diamond jobber, and at the point of revolvers bound and gagged him and escaped with more than \$25,000 worth of uncut gems.

Root Honored by N. S. L.

New York, Sept. 17.—Elihu Root was elected honorary president of the National Security league, succeeding the late Joseph H. Choate. The league has grown to a membership of 100,000, with branches in all principal cities.

GOSSIP FROM STATE HOUSE

Eight companies of national guard reserves have been formed to date, leaving but two more to be organized before the Seventh regiment is fully recruited.

Springfield, in Sarpy county, with a population of about 500, has raised its share of national guard reserves and will be mustered in at once. Newman Grove will also have a company.

Capt. Elbert Grisell, retired, has been appointed commandant of the university cadets by Adj. Gen. McCann of Washington, according to a telegram to this effect received by Chancellor Avery.

Provost Marshal Crowder of Washington in charge of the administration of the draft law, has telegraphed Governor Keith Neville, complimenting him highly on the manner in which the organization of Nebraska's first contingent under the draft law was effected and its movement to the training camp was carried out.

The open game season is now at hand, and hunters may shoot ducks, geese and waterfowl till December 31; prairie chicken, grouse and sage hens till November 15; snipe, killdeer and yellow legs till December; squirrels from October 1 to November 30; but remember that there is no open season on quail, as they are protected all the year.

With the close of business in the office of Secretary of State Pool, September 8, a total of 139,400 automobile plates had been issued this year. The last census showed Nebraska to have a population of 1,192,000 and this would show one automobile to every 8.56 persons in the state, a showing which is not approached by any other state in the union.

Resolutions calling for the raising of a fund to support members of the union in getting a university education were placed in the hands of the resolutions committee of the state federation of labor in session at Lincoln. The resolution calls for the raising of a fund from which prospective students can borrow without interest for completing their education.

The registration of women for service in the government, which took place last week, while gratifying in its results, was not all that was expected, as many women, through misunderstanding, failed to sign the pledges, and in order that a much larger list of signatures may be secured, the registration will continue until October 17. Cards and other information can be secured from county chairmen.

A telegram received by Adjutant General Walter E. Steele from the war department has ordered him to present himself for mustering into the army as a major, and he at once complied with the order. Upon learning of this development, Governor Neville announced that Major Hollingsworth of Omaha would be designated to act temporarily as adjutant general of the state militia forces as soon as Steele is mustered in.

School children of the state will be given an opportunity to do their "bit" for the soldier boys by knitting, and will be furnished yarn and needles for that purpose. County superintendents are requested to write to Alice Florer, at the department of education at Lincoln, telling what teachers or pupils are willing to co-operate in the work. Directions for making the articles required will be sent with the supply of yarn and needles furnished.

W. H. Smith, secretary of the state association of fair managers, has issued the following list of county fairs yet to be held in Nebraska this fall: Week of September 17—Boone at Albion; Butler at David City; Chase at Imperial; Cheyenne at Sidney; Dawson at Lexington; Dodge at Hooper; Hall at Grand Island; Harlan at Alma; Hitchcock at Cubertson; Kearney at Minden; Nuckolls at Nelson; Pierce at Pierce; Seward at Seward; Sherman at Loup City. Week of September 24—Clay at Clay Center; Frontier at Stockville; Furnas at Beaver City; Gage at Beatrice; Hayes at Hayes Center; Holt at Chambers; Howard at St. Paul; Lincoln at North Platte; Merrick at Clark; Week of October 1—Pawnee at Pawnee City; Red Willow at Indianola; Saunders at Wahoo; York at York. Week of October 8—Jefferson at Fairbury.

According to a statement from the sanitary department there has not been a case of sickness reported for over two weeks among the troops stationed at Lincoln. Fresh air and army victuals is said to be responsible for this condition.

The Nebraska state council of defense is sending out questionnaires to the coal dealers of Nebraska regarding the coal situation. By the answers to these reports the state council hopes to formulate a definite plan for dealing with the coal situation.

Altho no scholars are to be elected this year, the examinations for the Rhodes scholarships will be conducted as usual. The examination will be held at the state university on October second and third. Those who pass the examination this year will be eligible for appointment at any other time until they are above the age limit. The fact that no scholars are to be appointed this year is ascribed to the war. Those who wish information in regard to the examinations may obtain it by calling at the chancellor's office.