

VILLA'S CAR AWRECK

REBEL LEAPS OUT UNDER FIRE AND MOUNTS HORSE AND ESCAPES.

SHELLS RAIN IN STREETS

Believed Outlaw Will Not Return After Ineffectual Attempt to Take Intrenchments Which Were Key to Defense of Stronghold.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Chihuahua City, Mex.—Francisco Villa's automobile, which was being used by him to direct his campaign against the Carranza troops, was struck by shell fire and was abandoned near Fresno, southwest of the city.

The shell holes and bullet marks were plainly seen on the sides of the automobile when it was found on the battle field, after Villa abandoned it and rode away on horseback.

The battle Saturday started soon after the telegraphic communication with Juarez was cut. The wire went down at 10 o'clock a. m. and the battle started shortly before 11 a. m. and was raging by 11:30 a. m. The bandits' attack covered the entire southern front from east to west, with flanking operations to the east and west.

The most desperate fighting occurred on Zorca avenue, within the city. The bandits threw their best equipped forces against the intrenchments which had been thrown up across this street, and street fighting followed.

The de facto infantry met these charges with counter charges, and the battle raged back and forth in this narrow abode lined street until the Villa bandits were driven out of the mouth of the avenue upon the plains, where they were raked with machine gun fire from the housetops and the artillery fire, which had supported effectively the infantry efforts.

INSANE MAN RUNS AMUCK.

Terrorizes Passengers on Philadelphia Street Car.

Philadelphia.—An unidentified man, armed with a large caliber revolver and a plentiful supply of cartridges, terrorized the passengers in a trolley car in the central section of the city, engaged in a running fight with a squad of policemen and hundreds of citizens and was finally captured, after he had wounded five of his pursuers and probably was fatally wounded himself. One of the pursuers was shot three times and is not expected to live. Of the others but one was seriously hurt.

With drawn revolver the man, who boarded the car at a point up town, had for several blocks kept the passengers and crew in fear of their lives. Upon reaching Twelfth and Pine streets the motorman made a dash for the police station on the corner. In a moment a dozen bluecoats appeared and the fusillade began. The man who caused the trouble ran down the street, firing as he ran. Hundreds of citizens joined in the chase and more than 200 shots were exchanged before the fugitive was brought down with a bullet in his breast.

Buried at Glen Ellen.

Santa Rosa, Cal.—The ashes of the late Jack London, the California author, were buried on the hillside of his Glen Ellen ranch. The original intention was to scatter the dust over the land he loved, but by Mrs. London's direction a concrete receptacle was prepared in the hillside and there, without ceremony, in the presence of Mrs. London, a few neighbors and the employes of the ranch, the urn containing the ashes was placed and the receptacle sealed.

Jones Heads "Army."

West Point.—Cadet Lawrence Jones, a member of the class of '18, at the military academy, was elected captain of the army football team for next year. Jones played tackle this season.

Rescues Two; Dies.

Portland, Ore.—Willard G. Dieting, 24 years old, lost his life in a fire which damaged a three-story family boarding house. Dieting had previously rescued two other guests. Five persons were seriously injured.

Seven Burned to Death.

Cape May, N. J.—Lewis Wilson, his wife, mother-in-law and four children were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the Wilson home in West Cape May. The family was asleep when the fire broke out.

Five Die in Crash.

Detroit, Mich.—Five persons were killed instantly and another injured when an interurban trolley car crashed into an automobile near the northern city limits.

To Apportion the Deficit.

New York.—Apportionment of the \$300,000 Democratic campaign deficit among the states has been decided upon by Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic national committee, in order to speed up the work of paying it off, he announced here.

VILLA IS DEFEATED

BANDIT AND HIS MEN RETREAT AFTER BATTLE WITH TREVINO AT CHIHUAHUA CITY.

BANDIT SUFFERS BIG LOSSES

Carranzistas Are Pursuing Foes—Large Numbers of Attacking Force Left Dead on Field—Artillery Aids Defenders of Town.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 25.—Francisco Villa withdrew his surviving forces in defeat from Chihuahua City at 6:15 o'clock Thursday night, after a battle of seven hours, during which he made fruitless attempts to carry General Trevino's protecting works by assault.

General Trevino repulsed a fourth mass attack by Villa forces, the bandits being driven from their temporary intrenchments with heavy losses. It was announced in Juarez. The de facto troops now are pursuing the bandits toward the south, the same report from Chihuahua City stated. General Trevino has about 5,000 men. General Trevino's artillery, which carried the brunt of the attack, did heavy execution on the ranks of the bandits, according to a message General Gonzales said he had received from the state capital. Many Villa prisoners were taken by the Carranza forces when a detachment of infantry and cavalry made a sally from the city, he said.

At 1:30 p. m., two hours and a half after Villa began his attack, the noise of bursting shells and discharging field pieces, was said to deafen. General Trevino had 20 fieldpieces stationed on the Santa Rosa and other hills in the suburbs of Chihuahua City, military men in Juarez say, and there were several French 75s included in this number.

Villa in person was leading his forces against the Carranza troops, according to the reports received at the Juarez military headquarters from Chihuahua City. The bandit leader is said to be riding horseback with his crutch strapped to his saddle.

ROADS ASK RELIEF OF U. S.

Revolutionary Change in Relations Is Asked of Congress—See Government Ownership.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The railroads of the country made a flat demand on Thursday for a revolutionary change in the relations of the government to the railroads.

General Counsel A. P. Thom of the railroad executives' committee told the Newlands joint congressional committee investigating interstate commerce conditions that unless the present system of railroad control is reformed, government ownership of the entire railroad systems of the country is inevitable.

Mr. Thom opened the testimony for the railroads with an outline of the position the railroads take concerning railroad regulations. He declared the present system has almost completely precluded new railroad construction and has endangered the credit of all railroads.

JAIL FOR MINERS' LEADERS

Women and Three Men Resentenced in West Virginia Case of 1912.

Philippi, W. Va., Nov. 25.—Four organizers and district officials of the United Mine Workers of America were resented by Judge Dalton in the United States district court on Thursday to serve six months in jail for violating an injunction granted at the time of the strike of coal miners at Colliers, W. Va., in 1912. The defendants had already served about three months in jail, pending an appeal to the Supreme court of the United States, which in a recent decision upheld Judge Dayton. The defendants are Miss Fannie Selling, Frank Ledvinka, James Ontes and Hiram Stevens.

RUSS DREADNAUGHT IS SUNK

Petrograd Admits Battleship Was Destroyed by Explosion—200 of Crew Killed.

Petrograd, Nov. 25, via London.—Russia officially announces the loss of the dreadnaught Imperatritsa Maria. The statement issued here on Thursday reads: "The Russian dreadnaught Imperatritsa Maria has been sunk by an internal explosion. Two hundred of the crew are missing."

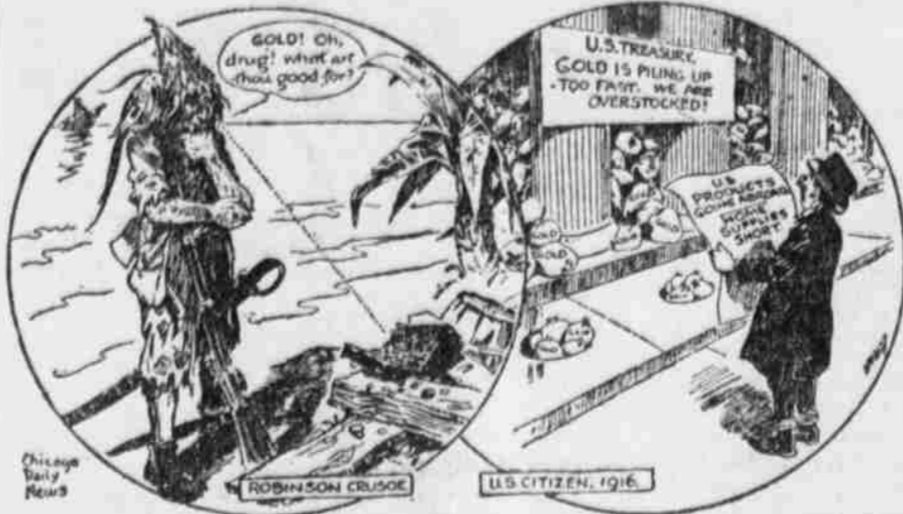
Recover 200 Square Miles.

Salonki, Nov. 27.—Nearly 200 square miles of Serbia has been reconquered from the Teutons in the allies' advance around Monastir, according to the Serbian official states issued here Friday afternoon.

Thirty Injured in Elevated Wreck.

New York, Nov. 27.—Thirty persons were injured when a southbound elevated train jumped into a switch at One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street and Second avenue, near the Harlem river bridge.

KINDRED SPIRITS



ADMITS WILSON WON FIGHT FOR 8-HOUR DAY

CHARLES E. HUGHES CONGRATULATES THE PRESIDENT.

Declares Closeness of Vote Caused Delay—Wilson Replies and Sends Best Wishes.

Lakewood, N. J., Nov. 21.—Charles E. Hughes, Republican candidate for president in the recent election, on Wednesday night sent to President Wilson a telegram congratulating him upon his re-election. In his telegram Mr. Hughes said: "Because of the closeness of the vote, I had awaited the official count in California, and now that it virtually has been completed permit me to extend to you my congratulations upon your re-election. I desire also to express my best wishes for a successful administration."

Washington, Nov. 24.—Woodrow Wilson has been acknowledged as victor by Charles Evans Hughes.

The belated congratulations have been sent. From Lakewood, N. J., Mr. Hughes sent a telegram of felicitation to President Wilson at the White House.

From William R. Wilcox, Republican national chairman, came word that all hope had been abandoned in California.

The Hughes message writes "finale" to the election results.

Washington, Nov. 24.—President Wilson sent a telegram to Charles E. Hughes acknowledging his message of congratulation.

"I am sincerely obliged to you for your message of congratulation. Allow me to assure you of my good wishes for the years to come."

RULES ADAMSON LAW IS VOID

Federal Judge Hook of Kansas City Holds Act Unconstitutional—Will Go to High Tribunal.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 24.—The Adamson eight-hour law was held unconstitutional here on Wednesday by Judge William C. Hook in the United States district court.

Judge Hook directed the receivers of the Missouri, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad, who brought the original action in this case to enjoin the law from going into effect, to assist the government in expediting the case to the Supreme Court of the United States for final decision, and instructed them, through their attorneys, to invite the representatives of every railroad in this country to participate in the hearings before the highest court in the land.

This was requested in the government's motion to dismiss the injunction petition of the railroad, the government desiring to avoid "prolonged, unnecessary and scattered litigation through the hearing of countless similar suits filed by every rail system in every federal district in the United States through which their lines run."

Following Judge Hook's decision, Frank Hagerman, special counsel for the government, gave notice of an appeal which was certified by the court late in the day.

NEW LINER SUNK; FIFTY DIE

White Star Line Steamer Britannic, Used as a Hospital Ship, Lost in Aegean.

London, Nov. 24.—The British hospital ship Britannic, 47,000 tons, the White Star's new liner, one of the largest vessels afloat, has been sunk with the loss of about fifty lives, says a British official announcement.

The Britannic was sunk by a mine or a torpedo Tuesday morning in the Aegean sea, according to the official statement. There were 1,106 survivors.

New York, Nov. 24.—The statement was credited to the British consulate in this city that American nurses and surgeons were aboard the British hospital ship Britannic, reported sunk in the Aegean sea, but later it was denied by the ranking consular official that there was any basis for the statement.

Baker Names Fire Control Board.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Secretary Baker appointed Col. R. H. Davis, Lieut. Col. Frank W. Coe and a district engineer officer at Los Angeles as a board to study the fire control project for the coast defenses.

Many Pay Election Bets.

New York, Nov. 25.—Holders of some of the largest wagers made in Wall street on the presidential election began paying the bets off. Estimates of the total sum wagered range from \$3,300,000 to \$5,000,000.

LABOR CHIEF PREDICTS CHANGE FOR ALL CLASSES OF LABOR.

Gompers Would Defy Roads and Warns Capital That Labor Will "Show Claws."

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 23.—Organized labor threw its millions of workers into the scale against the railroads' millions of dollars here on Tuesday in one of the most tumultuous days in labor's history.

Five hundred delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention yelled their approval when Samuel Gompers declared the railroad employees should strike January 1 if the Adamson law was not put into effect by the railroads.

"Accepting the challenge," as he termed it, the federation pledged the "undivided and unqualified support of every man and woman in the federation, whatever may arise, whatever may betide," to the four great railroad brotherhoods in the approaching crisis.

It also threw its entire force behind the movement for a universal eight-hour day. Mr. Gompers declared that the eight-billion-dollar combination of employers formed in New York to fight labor "should be shown that sometimes the working people had teeth and claws."

"I am about anarchist enough to say that we are going to work for the eight-hour day for all classes. If we can't get it peacefully we will fight for it."

HOLD UP FAST CHICAGO TRAIN

Two Bandits Board Flyer on Northwestern and Loot Express Car—Agent Bound.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Two masked men got the drop on an express messenger on a Chicago and Northwestern express train as it was speeding cityward on Thursday night. They gagged him and bound him to a chair. While one bandit stood guard, the other rifled the strong box. The robbers stripped the safe of cash estimated at \$1,000 or more. They went through the packages of valuables and selected watches and gems. They strewed the floor of the car with checks and securities and after loading themselves down with all negotiable valuables dropped off the train as it came to a stop at Clybourn Junction in Chicago.

U. S. BARES FOOD "CORNER"

District Attorney at Chicago Is Ready for Grand Jury Probe into Hoarding.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Indictment of food and coal speculators and proprietors of warehouses in Chicago became a probability as the federal grand jury assembled in the federal building to hear evidence to be presented by District Attorney Charles F. Clyne.

Investigators for the district attorney brought in reports that vast quantities of food and coal have been held in railroad yards, warehouses and remote parts of the city to await the effect of the shortage on prices.

DEUTSCHLAND ON WAY HOME

German Diver Leaves New London in the Afternoon—Thousands See Submarine.

New London, Conn., Nov. 23.—The Deutschland has started on its return voyage. The merchant submarine left shortly after two o'clock Tuesday afternoon for Bremen with a cargo valued at \$2,000,000.

Thousands of people lined the banks of the picturesque Thames river to watch and cheer her departure.

Fire Destroys Church.

Quebec, Que., Nov. 25.—Fire that started in the furnace room of the Limouin parish church destroyed the entire edifice with a loss of \$180,000.

Three Mexican Women Executed.

Columbus, N. M., Nov. 27.—Three women, two sisters and their servant girl, were executed at El Valle by the Carranza garrison. The official charge was conspiracy to assassinate Col. Gonzales Diaz.

Get Money for Irish Rebels.

Boston, Nov. 27.—Speakers who asked for funds to support another revolution in Ireland, asserting that the "Dublin rebels are going to fight again and fight very soon," obtained subscriptions at a meeting here.

TO WITHDRAW ARMY

AMERICAN-MEXICAN CONFEREES SETTLE ON PACT AT ATLANTIC CITY.

WAIT O. K. FROM CARRANZA

Gen. Pershing to Cross Border Within Forty Days After Signing Protocol—Both Sides Will Patrol Line.

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 27.—An agreement was reached between the American and Mexican delegates to the joint conference here. It provides:

1. For the withdrawal from Mexico of the Pershing expedition within 40 days of the approval by both governments of the agreement. The provision is made that the time may be extended if conditions in northern Mexico are such as to constitute a menace to United States soil. The details of the withdrawal are left to General Pershing.

2. That United States troops thereafter shall patrol their side of the border and Mexican troops theirs, in order to guard against raids. Cooperation between both forces in case of necessity is provided.

The following statement was given out by the commission: "The commission has come to an agreement as to withdrawal of American troops in Mexico and border control, which is to go by Mr. Paul to Mexico. If it is acceptable the conference will be resumed within two weeks. The troops are to be withdrawn by General Pershing within 40 days of the approval of the agreement but in such manner as will permit the Mexican troops to occupy the evacuated territory, which the Mexicans have agreed to do. Should the northern section of Chihuahua be in a state of turmoil such as to threaten our border, the American troops may alone, or in conjunction with the Mexican troops, disperse the marauders, and the time for withdrawal shall be extended by the time necessary for such work.

"The Mexican commander is to have control of the plan by which occupation of northern Chihuahua is effected, and General Pershing is to have control of the plan of withdrawal and the right to use the railroad to Juarez if he so desires.

"The committee found it impracticable to arrange a plan of joint border control through a common military force, and abandoned the idea of a border zone, which has been so much discussed. It is, however, left to the commanders of both nations on the border to enter into such arrangements for co-operation against marauders whenever it is practicable.

"The agreement distinctly states that each side is to care for its own side of the border, but that this shall not preclude co-operation between the two forces to preserve peace upon the border.

"The American commissioners told their Mexican colleagues that as a matter of national necessity the policy of this government must be to reserve the right to pursue marauders coming from Mexico into the United States as long as conditions in northern Mexico are in their present abnormal state. Such pursuit is not, however, to be regarded by Mexico as in any way hostile to the Carranza government, for the marauders are our common enemies.

"The correspondence between the two state departments under which the commission was created requires the latter to deal not only with withdrawal of troops but also with all other questions affecting the two countries, chief of which may be said to be the protection of the lives and property of all foreigners in Mexico."

The agreement was reached after 13 weeks of deliberations. The question of a loan was not brought up. The agreement is contingent upon the approval of Gen. Venustiano Carranza.

FLEE FIRE AT LOCKPORT, ILL.

Lives of Several Hundred Employees Endangered by Blaze—\$200,000 Loss.

Lockport, Ill., Nov. 27.—The lives of several hundred employees were endangered on Friday night by a fire, which destroyed the plant of the Northern Illinois Cereal company. Eighteen girls were among the employees who escaped. The loss on the plant is estimated at more than \$200,000.

It is believed the fire started from crossed electric wires in the mill-room, where grain is prepared for cereal foods.

As far as can be learned everyone at work in the several buildings escaped safely.

The blaze attracted thousands of spectators.

British Capture Big Diver.

Milan, Nov. 27.—British naval forces recently captured a large German submarine, according to the Carriere della Sera. The paper says that a British sweeper landed 15 of the crew of the diver at an Italian port.

Priests Must Take Pledge.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Every priest ordained in his diocese will be compelled to take a five-year's abstinence pledge, according to Archbishop G. Mundelein of the Roman Catholic church.

GOSSIP FROM STATE HOUSE

A petition to the board of regents, asking for the establishment of a college of journalism at the state university, with a four-year course leading up to a degree has been put in circulation among the students.

Prof. C. B. Lee of the animal husbandry department of the university state farm, has accepted a position with a Chicago meat packing firm, and will leave for that state about the first of December.

It is said that a bill is being prepared to present to the coming legislature having in view a possible merger of the pure food commission with the hotel bureau. The object is the elimination of the expense of one of the offices.

Close to a thousand students and alumni of the University of Nebraska attended the homecoming at Lincoln last week. Alumni from all over the globe were present and greetings from the Philippines, from Mexico and other distant lands were tendered by men and women who could not come to the annual reunion.

The state food commission has brought prosecutions at Omaha against the Waterloo Creamery company and the Graham Ice Cream company for allowing unsanitary conditions in their plants. The former pleaded guilty and paid a fine of \$15, with costs. No report has been received as to the disposition of the latter case.

The university museum is receiving a very large and valued collection, the gift of W. J. Bryan. This is Mr. Bryan's own private collection, consisting of about 400 different specimens of all sorts. More particularly are a fine Mexican horsehair bridle, some guns presented Mr. Bryan by the sultan of Sulu, and some fine Mexican, Japanese and Indian pottery.

The state board in charge of the capitol building has decided to make repairs that will insure the building against falling down during the coming sessions of the legislature according to announcement of the members of the board. Beams will be strengthened and the floor and roof of the wing housing the representatives will be considerably improved. It is said this part of the capitol is in a dangerous condition.

It is not the duty of a county attorney to prosecute violators of city or village ordinances where such prosecutions are not based on the violation of state laws. The state supreme court took the position in finding for County Attorney K. M. McDonald of Bridgeport in a case in which a dissatisfied constituent insisted that he should have prosecuted a local man for drunkenness and fracture of a village "law and order" ordinance.

Governor Morehead has received \$5,625 from the government on account of the state home for soldiers at Grand Island and \$2,326 on account of the Milford home for soldiers. The money was turned into the state treasury to become a part of the state general fund. It forms the government quarterly contribution for the support of state homes for soldiers.

The contribution by the government is based on the number of members in the homes. For the quarter ending September the Grand Island home had an average of 225 members and the home at Milford is credited with an average of ninety-three. The government pays the state on a basis of \$100 a year for each soldier.

Tryouts for the university debating teams were held by Professor Fogg, with sixteen contestants, Dean W. G. Hastings, Doctor Maxey and Professor Foster acting as judges. Those who were selected to debate the affirmative on the question with Kansas were Leonard Kline, '19, Blue Springs; James C. Young, '18, Lincoln; and Charles Schofield, '18, Lincoln. Those chosen to argue the negative of the question at Kansas are Robert Waring, '17, Geneva; Ivan Winslow, '18, Beaver City; and M. Everett Carr, '17, Beaver City. The alternates remain to be chosen. The question for debate this year is: "Resolved, That the submarine warfare on commerce as now conducted is incompatible with the rights of neutrals and of nations as regards non-combatants."

Nebraska's mortgage statistics for the year 1915 have been compiled by Labor Commissioner Coffey from reports filed with the state auditor. Of the ninety-three counties in the state, reports were received from eighty-six.

The total number of farm mortgages filed was 19,655, representing an aggregate of \$68,324,752 of borrowed money. The number of farm mortgages released was 16,828, amounting to \$44,597,876. No record of filings and releases was available in Arthur and Hooper counties, according to whom the information was sought.

The American neutral conference committee is circulating a petition among university students with the object of supporting our government in any effort it may make toward a just and lasting peace. The specific object of the committee is to urge the government to call or co-operate in a conference of neutral nations which shall offer joint mediation to the belligerents by proposals calculated to form the basis of a permanent peace.