DAKOTA COUNTY HERALD; DAKOTA CITY, NEBRASKA.

HUGHES PITILESS O **MEXICAN DISGRACE**

In His Mind and on His Tongue More Than Any Other Single Problem With Which Mr. Wilson Has Paltered.

CRAZY CHAPTER OF BLUNDERS

No One Can Hear Him Speak Without Seeing the Reality of His Indignation Over the Heartless Policy of the Democratic Administration Toward American Men, Women and Children, American Citizens, Soldiers and Sailors Along and Across the Rio Grande.

Soon after Mr. Hughes was nominated a friend said to him: "Governor, If the American people forget the Mexican disgrace they do not deserve to have you for President." Quick as a flash he replied: "The candidate who by increasing farm receipts. dodges the Mexican disgrace does not deserve to be President," He did not pass around his address of acceptance for compliment or criticism in advance of its delivery but the amount of space he devoted to the Mexican disgrace-"that confused chapter of blunders"-surprised no one who had talked with him since his nomination. It has been in his mind and on his mind more than any other single problem with which Mr. Wilson has paltered: To talk with him is to see at once the reality of his indignation over the heartless manner in which American men, women and children, American citizens, soldiers and sallors have been abandoned by the Administration along and across the Rio Grande, the victims of Mexican armed forces, outfitted with American ammunition and American rifles, Mexicans whom Mr. Wilson has coddled one day as patriots only to chase the next as bandits.

It is apparently the belief of Mr. Wilson that the people of the United States are not interested in Mexico, His defenders have declared that it was on "old story and out of date." to use it in the hen house, says the Mr. Hughes has a better opinion of his poultry department of the universifellow countrymen. He has proved himself a better judge of their feelings. He has made "the Mexican disgrace" a foremost issue of his campaign. He as a warm carpet and keeps the has assailed the record of the Admin- birds' feet off the cold floor. It may istration in that respect in almost also be used for a loft, supported by every speech he has made. He has nev- 1-inch mesh wire netting or by er falled to strike a responsive chord in the hearts of his audience, whether speaking in Carnegle Hall, New York, from the platform of his train at Grand Forks, North Dakota, to a vast ly over the studding may also be tion at San Diego or in the prairie states of the Middle West. He has refuted the slander, sometimes heard in the effete East, that the people of the great West do not care what happens to their fellow citizens in Mexico or to the flag beyond the border. No man born in the West has a firmer faith in the fundamental patriotism and "dominant Americanism" of the people of that section than Mr. Hughes. He holds them responsible in large measure for the encouragement and support he received while Governor of New York in his war upon political graft and political bossism. He thinks they had much to do with conscripting him as the champion of nationalism in the current campaign. He showed his confidence in their practical idealism when he made "the Mexican disgrace" an uppermost issue of his campaign. He has been vindicated by the response his arraignment of the Administration on this score has everywhere evoked. From Maine to California "the Mexican disgrace" is a sore subject with redblooded Americans today. But nowhere between the oceans are the outrages inflicted in Mexico upon American honor, life and property more keenly resented than around the firesides of the great West. Mr. Hughes is no stranger to the West. His straightforward talk on Mexico proves

Issued by the University of Nebraska College of Agriculture.

Farm Notes.

WHAT IT COSTS TO RUN A FARM Operating expenses for the average eastern Nebraska farm, according to surveys made by the farm management department of the university agricultural college, total very close to \$1,500 or from \$7 to \$7.50 per acre.

This figure includes depreciation charges on buildings and machinery and the value of all labor including that of the farmer himself at the rate of wages for hired men. It does not include the interest on the value of the land. On \$100 land. this would be \$5 per acre; on \$150 land, \$7.50, or as much as all the other expenses combined.

Operating expenses are about the ame on all farms with the exception of the extremely large or extremely small farms, regardless of whether or not they are showing a loss or returning a profit. This is evidence that it is impossible to reduce expenses of operating a farm below a certain point, and that profits are not made by reducing expenses but

MARVELOUS WHEAT

"Marvelous" wheat, a strain of wheat for which extravagant claims have been made by seedmen, was found this year by the Nebraska Experiment Station to stool less and yield less than Turkey Red wheat.

Seedmen's advertisements for this wheat represented that the wheat would yield more, stool more, and that less seed would be required. The experiment station found this year that it is profitable to sow more than two pecks, and that in any case its stooling power and yield were lower than Turkey Red. Where two pecks of Marvelous wheat were sown, the yield was 46.5 bushels; where five pecks were sown, the yield was 52 bushels. Where two pecks of Turkey Red were sown, the yield was 48.5; where five pecks were used, 54. This year's results indicate that many claims for Marvelous wheat will not be substantiated.

SURPLUS STRAW

A good way to dispose of some of the straw you feel like burning, is ty college of agriculture, Lincoln.

The straw may be used on the floor as a scratching litter, for it serves '1-x-4" boards laid over the rafters about two inches apart. Along the walls, wire serves this purpose well. Lath or burlap bags stretched tightaudience at Portland, at the Exposi- used. A vent placed in the roof over a straw loft will promote ventilation and help keep the house

GAS IN SILOS DANGEROUS

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Prohibition

and **Lower Land Values**

The U.S. Government has gathered reliable figures as to the value per acre of Farm Land in every state in the Union.

The Government takes the value of all the lands in a state, the high-priced land and the low-priced land, and then strikes an average."

On Page 36 of the "Monthly Crop Report" for April, 1916, published by authority of the Secretary of Agriculture, is found a comparison of the average value per acre of land with improvements, as follows:

NEBRASKA-Average value per acre, \$76 KANSAS-Average value per acre, \$58

The U.S. Government states officially that the average value per acre of land with improvements is \$18.00 per acre less in Kansas than in Nebraska. On a quarter section this amounts to \$2,880.00.

The soil of Kansas in every way is equal to that of Nebraska. Climatic conditions are the same.

THEN WHY THIS DIFFERENCE IN FAVOR OF NEBRASKA? THE ANSWER IS SIMPLY THIS: PRO-

The Herald ONE YEAR One DOLLAR

************************************* HUGHES OR WILSON? ROOSEVELT'S ANSWER

"Against Mr. Wilson's combination of grace in elocution with futility in action; against his record of words unbacked by deeds_or betrayed by deeds, we see Mr. Hughes' rugged and uncompromising straightforwardness of character and action in every office he has held. We put the man who thinks and speaks directly, and whose words have always been made good, against the man whose adroit and facile elocution is used to concent his plans or his want of plans. The next four years may well be years of tremendous national strain. Which of the two men do you, the American people, wish at the helm during these four years; the man who has been actually tried and found wanting, or the man whose whole career in public office is a guarantee of his power and good faith? But one answer is possible; and it must be given by the American people through the election of Charles Evans Hughes as President of the United States."-Roosevelt in Maine Speech.

Death lurks in the carbon dioxide gas formed when silage passes thru the process of fermentation, especially in pit silos, says the agricultural engineering department of the state agricultural college,

Carbon dioxide is transparent, heavier than air, flows over the ground like water, and collects in low places. After starting to put in the corn, one should never enter the silo witout testing the gas by lowering a lighted lantern. If the flame goes out, gas is present. Re move this by means of air currents.

WASHING WOOLEN CLOTHES

Strong alkali in the wash water nuick changes of temperature, and rubbing causes woolen fabrics to become hard, says the home economics extension service of the university of agriculture, Lincoln.

This is because wool fibers are covered with scales which interlock readily. Avoid hot water, strong soaps, and strong washing powders; rinse garments in warm water; do not hang clothes out of doors on a cold day; and avoid hot irons if you would be successful in the art of laundering woolens.

SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE REGISTRA-TION

Registration for the school of agriculture at the state university farm will begin Thursday, October 1. A 25 per cent increase in attendance is expected this year.

Notice

There are many reliable farm paers issued nowadays that supply the farmers and stockmen with cashable and workable ideas, but the best suited to the farmers of this section is Farmer and Breeder. It is issued semi-monthly at Sioux City, Ia., and is intensely interesting and practical. It regularly carries veterinary, dairy, poultry, horticulture, home and fashion departments in addition to market and live stock news. The special feature stories about successful farmers and breeders give many valuable hints, suggestions, and lessons that any intelligent farmer can apply with profit.

MONEY-SAVING OFFER

The Herald has made special arrangements with Farmer and Breeder which enables us to offer you The Herald and Farmer and Breeder both for one year for only \$1.00. Send us your subscription now and save money. This offer is good for anly a limited time. Every subscriber to Farmer and Breeder is entitled to free consultation with its editors on any phase of farming or stock raising.

