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IS CHIEF LOBBYIST

TOWNSEND OF MICHIGAN
CLARES WILSON INFLUENCES
MEMBERS FOR TARIFF BILL.

SAYS IT MAY BE ACCIDENTAL

Republicans Hold Recent Denunciation
Will Force Certain Members to Vote
as Chief Executive Wishes—All
Deny Being Approached.

Washington, June 9.—Senator Townsend of Michigan threw the lobby committee into an uproar Friday when he virtually charged that the methods and influence used by President Wilson and the Democrats in forcing congressmen into line on the tariff bill constituted the "nearest approach to undue influence upon members of congress" that could be found.

Senator Townsend criticized the committee for not having asked members of the senate whether the president had sought to influence them, and declared even though the president had not intended it, his recent denunciation of "lobbies" working in support of changes in the tariff, would force certain senators to vote against amendments they knew to be just.

"Who are those senators?" demanded Senator Reed.

"I don't care to name any one," replied Townsend.

The two Democratic members of the committee present, Senators Reed and Walsh, indignantly resented any intimation President Wilson had used patronage or threats to force any one to support the bill as a whole. Senator Townsend insisted the committee had not asked any senator thus far whether President Wilson had tried to influence him.

"I move," interrupted Senator Walsh, "that in view of the serious statements made touching the executive that any senator who has already testified may be recalled and interrogated in reference thereto."

"I am for that," said Senator Nelson, and members of the committee agreed. Dragging President Wilson's tariff activities into the investigation somewhat intensified feeling within the committee, and it is expected it will make more searching the investigations still to be carried on.

Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, also a Republican, following Senator Townsend on the witness stand, expressed the opinion that executives had had more influence in bills than all the persons put together who had come to Washington.

"The statement the president put out in regard to an insidious lobby influenced the public mind," said Senator Weeks, "and that has its effect upon the senators. The public believes a lobbyist likes to oppose a measure if the president says lobbyists are seeking to change it."

The senate agreed to extend the time limit for the lobby investigation 20 days, or until June 23. Members of the committee doubt whether it can be completed within that time.

Senator Townsend's statements in relation to President Wilson were not in the form of charges. He expressly said he did not charge the president with using improper methods, but he insisted the charges that lobbies existed and the activity of the president in support of free wool and free sugar amounted to an "undue influence," even though he did not use the "big stick" of patronage.

VOTE AGAINST BRITISH PACT

Nine Senators Protest Renewal of
Treaty on Arbitration Which Ex-
pired June 4.

Washington, June 7.—Nine of the most influential men in the United States senate behind the closed doors of an executive session Friday afternoon voiced their protest against the renewal of the arbitration treaty with Great Britain that expired June 4.

A similar treaty with France has been renewed.

They declared that these treaties tied our hands in every direction where American interests should be protected.

The Bryan plan for universal peace was sneered at during the discussion and charged with being responsible for the yielding to the demands of all foreign governments where American interests were at stake.

The senators said it was because of this that the United States was afraid to enter Mexico and protect its own citizens; that the impression had been created in Japan that this country would not stand for its rights and had led to the dispute over California.

Indicted for Photographing \$20 Bills.
St. Paul, Minn., June 9.—Howard A. Guilford, editor of a local weekly paper, was indicted Friday by the federal grand jury, charged with having photographed \$20 bills with intent to manufacture counterfeits.

Pleads Unwritten Law.
Cincinnati, O., June 7.—Confessing that he killed John Kunzelman, a hotel proprietor here, Robert Huber of Chicago Thursday pleaded the "unwritten law." Kunzelman conducted a hostelry at Mount Healthy.

Marine Firemen on Strike.
New Orleans, June 7.—Officials of the marine firemen's union Thursday declared a strike of its members in the employ of the United Fruit company, in consequence of a cut in wages of from \$2.50 to \$5 a month.

BANKS SHAVE PAPER

State Historical Society
GET ONE PER CENT FOR HAND-
LING STATE WARRANTS.

MAKE FIVE PER CENT. REVENUE

Agreement Among All Institutions Ap-
parent, and No One Is Able to
Break It.

Lincoln.—Registered state warrants are making trouble for some of the banks of Lincoln and may result in giving people who have them a chance to get them cashed at their face value at those institutions.

State warrants when registered draw 4 per cent interest. The banks of Lincoln have been charging 1 per cent for cashing the warrants, making a 5 per cent revenue from their purchase.

The other day a prominent official of the state house went to the bank where he has been doing business since coming to Lincoln, with his warrant registered in the regular way and put it in for deposit. He was informed that the warrant would not be accepted without a shave of 1 per cent. He tried to make the banker believe that as he was a regular customer, that he ought to be allowed the face of the warrant on a deposit, but the banker demurred, with the result that the gentleman told the bank to go to, and withdrew his deposit.

It is understood that the Lincoln banks have an agreement that no state warrants will be received unless the owner agrees to a 1 per cent shave, thus giving them a 5 per cent revenue on the warrant. Depositors are objecting to paying 1 per cent shave and some of them declare that they will send their warrants to their home town banks for deposit rather than submit to the shave.

Law Soon To Be In Effect.

Lincoln.—Food Commissioner Harman is getting ready to have the weights and measures department of his office in good shape to begin work July 17, when the new weights and measures bill will go into effect.

The old measures have been found to meet the requirements needed, and have been sent to Washington to be tested. There were about a hundred pieces in the assortment. In addition to these, about two hundred other pieces have been bought, which will be divided into two sets and placed in charge of the two deputies who will travel over the country and see that all scales, measures, etc., have the required standard.

Among the bunch are twenty 50-pound weights which will have to be toted around the country by the deputies in their search for dishonest men who have been skinning the public. Mr. Harman says that Nebraska is one of the first states in the union to put in effect a weights and measures law.

Men Score High at Targets.

Lincoln.—Mexico, Japan and other countries who may have chips on their shoulders which they would like to have Uncle Sam try to knock off might just as well take notice right now that the chip is liable to come off if some of the members of Nebraska's national guardsmen get a chance.

Captain Lon Kesterson, who has charge of the rifle practice at the Lincoln range, gathered up a squad from the Geneva company, now shooting there, and went out to the range. The squad was composed of ten men and everyone of them qualified, two as expert riflemen, three as sharpshooters and five as marksmen.

In the 300-yard rapid fire shoot, Private Cusin scored 43 points out of a possible 50, while Private Yates scored 40 out of a possible 50. This is considered something remarkable in rapid fire shooting.

Lobbyist Files An Expense Account.

Lincoln.—For the first time in the memory of civilized man a Nebraska legislative lobbyist has filed an expense account with the secretary of state. Superintendent Bernardini of Atchison, Kas., a Missouri Pacific official, was the man who knocked precedent into smithereens. His filing disclosed expenditures aggregating \$309 for keep of himself and several assistants during the late session.

Will Purify Capital.

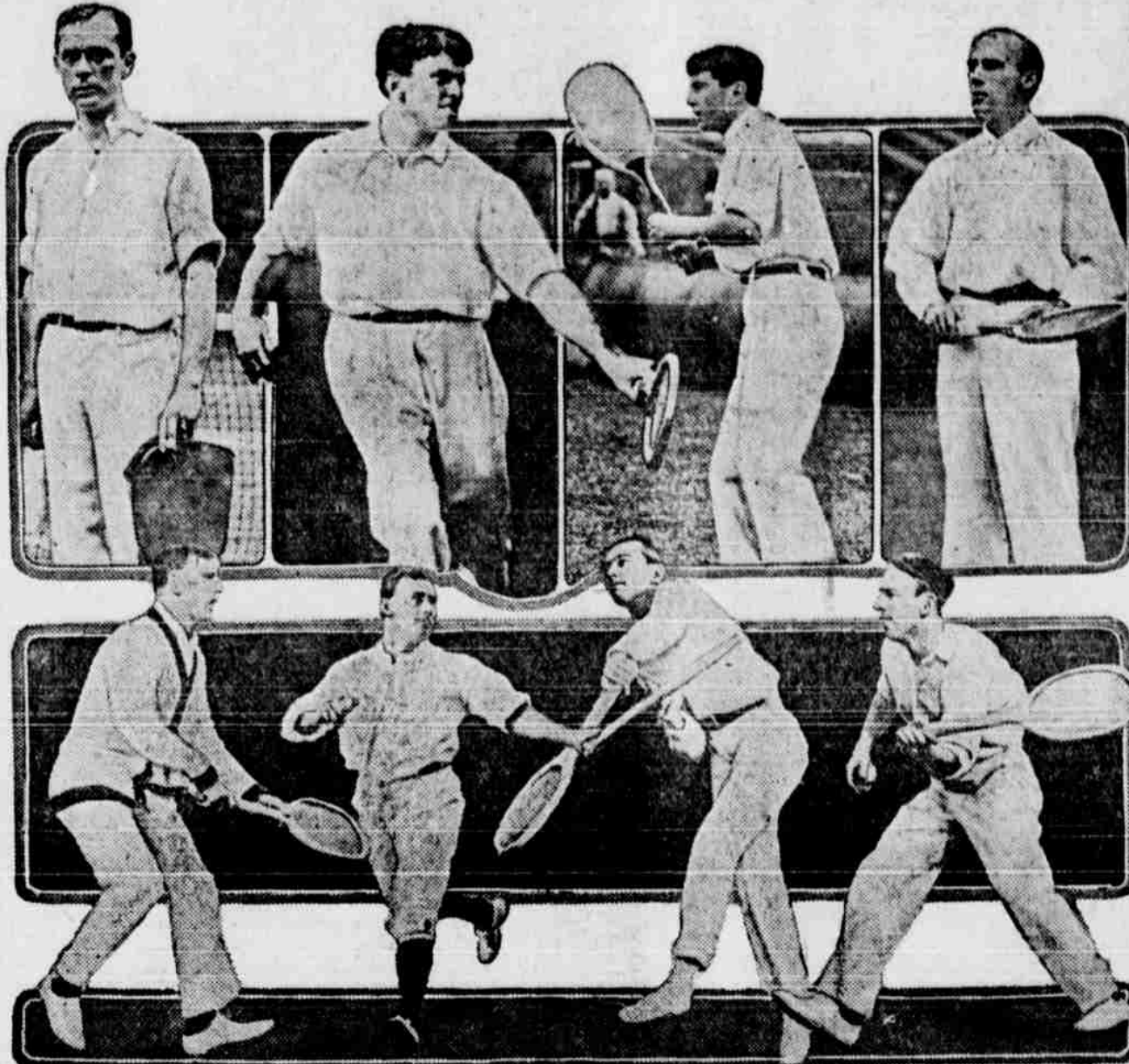
Lincoln.—Chief Malone has announced that houses of prostitution must go. Hotels, rooming houses and all places where the Albert law has been violated, are to be wiped out, says the chief. He proposes to cooperate with the county attorney and accomplish what many Lincoln people said he could not—a thorough cleanup of all places of ill-fame.

Vetrans Must Send Notice.

Lincoln.—All veteran survivors of the battle of Gettysburg who are contemplating taking the trip to the anniversary of that battle must, before June 19, mail to the commission a statement that they desire to make the trip and are financially and physically able to do so, or they cannot come in under the appropriation.

Those who fail to notify the commission by that time will be considered as not desiring to make the trip, and if they go, will be compelled to look out for their own transportation.

CONTENDERS FOR TENNIS TROPHY



Trial matches between the American and Australian lawn tennis teams in the contest for the Davis cup are about to begin in New York, and all tennis enthusiasts are watching for the results with deep interest. Our illustration shows, above, the American team, Hackett, McLoughlin, Williams and Little; below, the Australians, Daust, Hicks, Rice and Jones.

CHINDA SEES WILSON

JAP ENVOY SUBMITS NATION'S
PROTEST TO PRESIDENT.

Insists on Repudiation of Anti-Allen
Laws and Recognition of Equality
With United States.

Washington, June 7.—Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador, acting as personal representative of the mikado, had an hour's conference at the White House with President Wilson Thursday, to whom he personally submitted Japan's grievances.

This act of the Japanese ambassador was as extraordinary as it was dramatic and startling. In view of the full and free conference he had with Mr. Bryan, when he delivered the rejoinder of Japan.

The appearance of the ambassador at the White House caused the immediate report and belief that the ambassador was not satisfied with either the comprehensiveness nor directness of Mr. Bryan's solutions and had appealed promptly to the president. It became known in less than an hour before the call of the ambassador at the White House that Japan had suggested a "new proposition."

The proposition is, substantially, that the federal government shall make some official declaration, which shall be a recognition of the contention of Japan as to her place among nations and the equality of her citizens with the citizens of the leading powers of the world.

TRIES TO STOP EPSOM DERBY

Militant Suffragette Seizes Reins of
King's Horse and Is Badly
Trampled On.

Epsom, June 6.—A militant suffragette attempted to break up the Derby event here Wednesday and nearly succeeded with a tragically fatal result.

Just as the horses were rounding Tattenham corner a woman rushed from the side lines and seized the bridle of Amner, a horse owned by King George. Amner crashed heavily to the ground, hurling the jockey over his head.

The woman was identified as Emily Wilding Davidson, B. A., of London university, who has a police record in connection with suffrage violence. It was she who assaulted and seriously injured an aged clergyman last year when she mistook him for David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the British exchequer.

The great derby resulted in one of the biggest sensations of the English turf today when the favorite Craganour, won the race and was then disqualified for bumping in the straight. Craganour finished first, with Aboyeur, second; Louvois, third.

With the disqualification of Craganour, Aboyeur was awarded the race, with Louvois and Great Sport in second and third places respectively.

Negro Gets Life Sentence.

Dubuque, Ia., June 9.—Louis (Dude) Christopher, fifty-three, colored, was Friday found guilty of contributing to the delinquency of several young girls, and was given a life sentence by Judge Boncom.

Refuses to Occupy Her Grave.

North Tonawanda, N. Y., June 9.—After her grave had been dug and undertakers dispatched to a Buffalo hospital for her body, Mrs. William K. Kelley of this city was found Friday alive and improving.

MANY FACE PRISON

PICKETS FOUND GUILTY BY PA-
TERSON JURY OF UNLAW-
FUL ASSEMBLAGE.

JAIL WOMAN FOR CONTEMPT

Seventeen-Year-Old Leader Is Arrested
So Often Police Are Tired—Given
Twenty Days by Exasperated
Judge.

Paterson, N. J., June 7.—A jury in Judge Klenert's quarter sessions court Thursday found 38 strike pickets of the silk workers guilty of unlawful assemblage in front of the Harding mill on April 26, and all now face a three-year term in prison and a fine, or both.

Among those convicted are Hannah Silverman, the seventeen-year-old picket leader, and Benjamin Hagedorn, a local leader of the I. W. W. Miss Silverman has been arrested so many times that the police are exhausted. After two days in jail for interfering with a policeman she got out on a writ of certiorari.

She went to Recorder Carroll's court as a spectator at the trial of Harry Price, a striker arrested for beating two women mill workers. In the course of an argument between the recorder and Lawyer Isidor Klenert, appearing for Price, Miss Silverman tittered and then blushed.

"Come up here," ordered the judge. "You're getting altogether too fresh around here. I commit you to the county jail for twenty days as a disorderly person in a public place."

So Hannah is in jail and seems likely to stay there until the strike is ended.

Price was sent to jail for three months.

In summing up the trial of the picketers, Assistant Prosecutor Force said that public sentiment demanded their conviction, and that it was for the jury to decide whether Paterson is governed by law or by a mob. Only three of the forty-one prisoners were acquitted.

Meat Supply Grows Short.

Washington, June 5.—The department of agriculture issued a bulletin Tuesday warning the nation that the supply of meat in the United States is getting shorter every year.

In the year 1912, for the first time in the history of this country, the imports of animals and animal products exceeded the exports.

Plot to Arm Ulster Men.

London, June 7.—A gigantic conspiracy to arm the Ulster Unionists for the purpose of resisting the coming home rule regime in Ireland was discovered by Scotland Yard detectives Thursday.

Raid Gives Pirates \$30,000.

Hong Kong, June 9.—The French steamer Robert Lebeaudy, engaged in the west river trade, was attacked in the China sea by pirates, who secured \$30,000, according to reports received here Friday.

Steamer Damaged by Mine.

Athens, Greece, June 9.—The Belgian steamer Kurian from Antwerp, struck a mine near the island of Phlevo, in the Gulf of Athens, Friday. It was seriously damaged and had to be beached.

REBELS CAPTURE CITY

MATAMORAS, MEX., TAKEN AFT-
ER MANY ARE KILLED.

Federal General Is Mortally Wounded—
Battle Was Fierce and Bloody
Affair.

Brownsville, Tex., June 5.—Hundreds are believed to have been killed in a battle that raged for 12 hours Tuesday between the rebels under Gen. Lucio Blanco and the federal forces in Matamoras, the northern stronghold of the federal government, and which resulted, after desperate fighting, in the capture of the city in the evening by the rebels.

Much of the fighting was hand to hand. Maj. Estaban Ramos, one of Mexico's noted soldiers, made a heroic defense against terrible odds. His officers capitulated only after their chief had been mortally wounded by a half dozen rebel bullets and lay at the point of death in a hospital in Brownsville.

The dying general heard the shouts of the victors in the streets of the conquered town just before he passed away.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE

Cincinnati, O., June 5.—Mrs. Vera Schurra is dying in a hospital here from burns sustained when she gave first attention to the rescue of \$210 hidden in her stocking when her clothes caught fire after a lamp exploded in her home.

New York, June 7.—Eugenes has taken such a hold on the clergymen of the city that several of them at least have canceled vacation arrangements to advance the propaganda of health as the first requirement in marriage.

Paris, France, June 4.—The suffragette question, although it is to be discussed at the international women's congress, which opened Monday in Paris, is to be subordinated to the other subjects under consideration.

Youngstown, O., June 5.—Seven workmen were badly burned, two fatally, at the open hearth furnace of the Republic Iron and Steel company here.

Calgary, June 5.—The city solicitor of Edmonton gave a decision that boxing cannot be prevented in the city under the present laws, and is perfectly legal. This will have a marked moral effect upon the trials of Hurry and Pelkey, as the crown bases its effort to prove McCarty-Pelkey bout a prize fight and therefore illegal.

Ruda Post, June 6.—A riot broke out Wednesday in the lower chamber of the Hungarian parliament when the premier announced the resignation of the cabinet. The police had to be called in to eject the unruly members.

Sons Kill Wealthy Farmer.

Stephenville, Tex., June 9.—Leo Jones, a wealthy farmer and a preacher, was shot and killed Friday at his home near here by his two sons. The boys allege he abused their mother.

Engineer Cooked to Death.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 9.—James V. Seaman, aged twenty-seven, a Big Four engineer, was scalded to death here Friday when a cut of cars turned loose by a switching crew sideswiped his engine.

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The Herald for All The News When It Is New

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A Few of the Many Bargains we have For Sale—

240 acres, 5 miles from Ortonville. Good house, barn, granary, fine pasture, good water, fruit trees, 1 1/4 miles from school, fine sale, \$48 per acre.

320 acres, 2 1/2 miles from town, 290 acres in crops, 30 acres pasture, 5 acres trees, 7 room house, 28 by 40, and basement, barn and all other necessary buildings all in good shape, only \$57.00 per acre.

360 acres, excellent land, all under cultivation, fine house, barn and all other buildings, fine water, wind mill, fruit and forest grove, 1 1/2 miles to school, every thing with this place a man could wish for, can be had now for \$60.00 per acre, a bargain at that.

1100 acres, fine buildings, worth \$10,000, all under cultivation, flowing well, every thing a person needs to make a first class farm, for the next 60 days at \$50.00 per acre.

160, improved, flowing well, now at \$45.00 per acre.

160 acres, rich black soil, all under cultivation, easy terms at \$42.50 per acre.

160 acres, prairie, 6 miles from Big Stone at \$37. per acre.

160 acres, 4 miles from town, improved, fine soil, at \$49.50 per acre.

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