

ALIEN BILL SIGNED

GOV. JOHNSON APPROVES MEASURE WHICH JAPANESE DECLARE RACIAL REFLECTION.

CHINDA GIVEN U. S. REPLY

Ambassador Forwards to His Government President Wilson's Answer to Protest Against California's Legislation—Not Made Public.

Sacramento, Cal., May 21.—Gov. Hiram W. Johnson Monday signed the alien land bill, against which Japan protests and which the California legislature passed by an overwhelming majority over the remonstrances of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. The act will go into effect August 10, 90 days after the adjournment of the legislature, May 12.

Governor Johnson, in signing the bill, gave out the following statement: "I repeat what I have before said: That California for the first time in its history has an alien law. Any man who wishes another kind of a law may consistently invoke the initiative. No man who really wishes an anti-alien law will sign a referendum as to this law. If another law is sought it will be presented by means of the initiative, and in the meantime the present law will be in operation. To tie up the present law means no law until November, 1914."

Washington, May 21.—The reply of the United States to the Japanese protest against the enactment of the California alien land law was handed to Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador, by Secretary of State Bryan Monday. At the same time a copy of the reply was cabled to Tokyo for personal presentation to the mikado's government by the American chargé d'affaires.

Owing to the fact that Japan flatly refused to make public the text of her original protest against the enforcement of the bill, government officials here said that the United States could not publish the text of the American reply, which is couched in terms which correspond to the protest in such a manner that the latter could be deduced from the former. It is understood, however, that the Bryan reply is every bit as frank as was the protest and that it outlines the United States position in no uncertain terms.

Japan is informed that this government is bound by the action of the California legislature and governor, but that the administration has done and will continue to do everything in its power to prevent the least breach in the friendly relations between the two governments. A new treaty is hinted at in the reply and it is further stated that the enforcement of the law can probably be deferred until after negotiations for this new treaty are well under way.

This is the last step of this government with respect to the Japanese situation. The next move will come from Tokyo, and government officials said that it could not forecast with any degree of certainty, but Governor Johnson's action in signing the bill would undoubtedly bring the situation to a crisis.

President Wilson clearly indicated to callers that he believes the racial pride of the Japanese to be at the bottom of the whole matter—that the feeling is that Americans do not consider the Orientals on the same level with themselves has produced a hot resentment in Japan, which has found an outlet in the present situation.

The president also believes that the Portsmouth conference carried on under former President Roosevelt, has a great deal to do with the present unrest, because the Japanese feel that they did not get all that was coming to them by the terms of the conference.

MRS. LONGSTREET IN PROTEST

Widow of Famous Southern General Resents Removal as Postmistress at Gainesville, Ga.

Washington, May 21.—Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet of Gainesville, Ga., who has been replaced as postmistress there by an appointee of President Wilson, appeared before the subcommittee of the senate post office and post roads committee here Monday to protest against her removal from office. She said that she was the widow of the Georgia Railway & Power company of Georgia, which she fought, and of Democratic political apollismen. She was appointed by President Roosevelt whom she called "the first statesman of the land."

King Peter to Abdicate.

Geneva, Switzerland, May 21.—King Peter of Serbia will abdicate as soon as peace is restored in the Balkans. The king is sixty-nine years old and the carrying on of the war against Turkey has broken his health.

Gibson is on Trial Again.

Newburg, N. Y., May 21.—The case of Burton W. Gibson, the New York lawyer accused of the murder of Mrs. Rose Mershik Szabo on Greenwood Lake July 16 last, was called here Monday for its second trial.

British Spies Pardon.

Berlin, May 21.—Emperor William, as an act of grace in connection with the visit of King George of England to Berlin, has granted a pardon Monday to three English spies.

CAUSE WAR SCARES

BRYAN LAYS BLAME ON BATTLESHIP BUILDING AND ARMOR PLATE CONCERNS.

KRUPP WORKS ARE CITED

Secretary in Speech at Peace Meeting Asserts Attempt is Made to Increase Dividends by Inciting Fear of Hostilities.

Washington, May 20.—In an address at a meeting of the Washington Peace society Sunday held to celebrate the fourteenth anniversary of The Hague Peace tribunal, Secretary Bryan created a stir by attacking the battleship building and armor plate companies.

He said that they were responsible for many war scares just for the sake of increasing their dividends. He referred to the recent charge by a member of the German Reichstag that the Krupp works bought space in German and French papers and hinted that similar conditions exist in this country.

"War is never the outcome of logic, but always the result of sentiment," said Mr. Bryan.

The secretary's address was received with wild demonstration and at the request of Representative Bartoldt a rising vote of thanks was given him. After the meeting the crowds surged into the streets before Mr. Bryan had a chance to leave, and he was forced to shake hands for thirty minutes.

"We understand as we grow in intelligence, what subsidized patriotism means; what it means for people to hide behind the plea of patriotism as they attempt to advance their own pecuniary interests. The world is learning that back of much of the string of the passions of the people is the interests in armor plate and in battleships on the part of corporations whose business it is to build these battleships and to make this armor plate. It has even been found that men in one country will spend the money to stir up in another country a feeling against their own country. If you can think of a baser use of money than that you will have an inventive genius of which you may be proud. Is there any baser money than that of money used to stir up feeling against one's own country in order to coin that feeling into larger dividends and more business?"

"Not only that, but I believe that with a greater intelligence, people will begin to discriminate between patriotic newspapers and newspapers which are more interested in big headlines and sensational news than in the spread of truth."

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

Helligoland, Germany, May 16.—Four German bluejackets were killed and three others seriously injured Wednesday by the explosion of a cylinder in the engine room of torpedo boat "S-148."

New York, May 17.—There is no agreement or understanding of any kind to fix prices in the steel industry. James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel corporation, testified at the hearing Thursday in the federal suit to dissolve the corporation as an illegal combination.

Atlanta, Ga., May 17.—Ecclesiastical politics were rebuked by the general assembly of the Northern Presbyterian church Thursday when Rev. John W. Stone of Chicago was chosen moderator by an overwhelming majority.

New York, May 19.—A final decree of divorce for Fritz Scheff, freeing the actress from John Fox, Jr., her novelist husband, was signed by Supreme Court Justice Keogh at White Plains Friday. The suit was not contested.

FOUR STUDENTS DROWNED

Young Men and Women Attending Cornell University Lose Lives When Canoe Overturns.

Ithaca, N. Y., May 20.—Cayuga lake added four to its heavy death toll of Cornell students when a canoe overturned somewhere near the middle of the lake and caused the drowning of Miss Martha McCormick of Troy, Miss Mary Cornelia Mallett of Middletown, Brainard Bailey of Troy and Richard C. Zimmer of Rochester. The bodies will probably never be recovered.

Rich Banker Stole Cigars.

Winfield, Kan., May 20.—Grant Stafford, vice-president of a local bank, accounted one of the wealthiest men in Winfield, was convicted by a jury Friday on five counts charging the theft of cigars from local dealers.

Father of Trolley Car Dead.

Stockbridge, Mass., May 20.—Stephen Dudley Field, sixty-eight years old, the "father of the trolley car," an inventor of international prominence, died at his home in this city Sunday.

FLORIDA'S MOST REMARKABLE MAN



The picture shows Henry M. Flagler and his wife at Palm Beach, Florida. Mr. Flagler is the most remarkable man in the history of Florida. He built the Florida East Coast railway, was a director of the Standard Oil company and a close friend of the late trio of financiers, H. H. Rogers, E. H. Harriman and J. Pierpont Morgan.

MEXICO CITY WAS VERY DRY U. S. SHIP SHOOTS SELF

AUTHORITIES CLOSED ALL SALOONS AND PULQUE SHOPS.

Alarming Rumors Which Tend to Inflame Feelings Against Americans in Mexico Cause Action.

Mexico City, May 18.—As a result of an order by the authorities closing all saloons and pulque shops and calling off all public gatherings from Saturday night until this morning, the capital had one of the quietest Sundays experienced in months.

The government's action was prompted by the great number of alarming rumors that have been in circulation for the past two or three days. The most persistent of these reports was to the effect that Ambassador Wilson had asked for his credentials, and another was that a detachment of American troops had landed at Vera Cruz and that invasion of the country by an American army was taking shape.

These stories, which were at once discredited by the better element, caused a great deal of alarm. It is generally conceded, however, that they were put out to inflame the Mexicans against Americans in Mexico.

"All Americans wishing free transportation home send name and address to Dr. William M. Willey, Isabel La Católica 62."

TARIFF HEARINGS ARE DENIED

Senate Defeats Motion to Permit Public to Express Their Views on Underwood Bill.

Washington, May 19.—The Penrose-La Follette motion instructing the senate finance committee to hold public hearings on the Underwood tariff bill was lost by a vote of 41 to 36. Two Democrats, Senators Ransdell and Thornton of Louisiana, voted with the Republicans, while Senator Poindexter of Washington registered his ballot with the Democrats.

This motion has held up consideration of the Underwood bill for more than a week and its defeat came up as a climax to an exciting debate during which Senators La Follette, Smoot, Gallinger, Jones and Clark of Wyoming flayed the Democrats for ordering secret conferences on the bill. Senators Simmons, Smith of Georgia, Walsh and James, Democrats, upheld the action of their party.

Princess of Prussia Weds.

Potsdam, Germany, May 20.—The marriage of Prince Henry XXXIII. of Reuss and Princess Victoria Margaret, only daughter of Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia, was celebrated here Saturday.

Blasts Kill Sixteen Miners.

Belle Valley, O., May 20.—Sixteen men were killed, four others fatally injured and the lives of 15 more imperiled in two explosions which occurred Sunday in the Imperial mine of the O'Gara Coal company.

U. S. SHIP SHOOTS SELF

CRUISER VESUVIUS NEAR GOES DOWN WITH 50 PUPILS.

Pumps and Beaching Saves War Craft Damaged by "Boomerang" It Discharges.

Newport, R. I., May 21.—With 50 seaman gunners aboard, in addition to its regular crew, the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius was struck by one of its own torpedoes and a two-inch hole made through the stern of the ship below the water line. Most of those aboard fled to the bow out of reach of the water that rushed in and threatened to sink the ship.

Some of the gunners were hurriedly taken off the vessel in boats, but others remained to help the crew patch up the hole. Meanwhile the wireless operator was sounding calls for help.

The chief gunner, Thomas Smith, commanding officer of the Vesuvius, beached the ship in Hope Island, Narragansett bay. At night the Vesuvius got off the beach and proceeded to the torpedo station under its own steam.

The Vesuvius, famous as one of the first vessels of the "new navy," was being used for torpedo instruction in Narragansett bay when a practice Whitehead torpedo left its side. The mechanism went awry in some manner not yet determined. The torpedo turned like a boomerang and crashed into the Vesuvius.

Hammocks, blankets, and other material were used in trying to patch up the hole, but the Vesuvius began to settle astern, and calls for help were sent out by wireless. Smith ordered full speed ahead toward the nearest land, two miles away.

All pumps were kept working until the Vesuvius ran its nose on the beach.

The wireless calls were heard at the torpedo station and soon the fleet at the station ranged alongside the Vesuvius.

The Vesuvius became noted for its work during the war with Spain. Off Santiago it threw dynamite into the Spanish trenches.

One Killed in Auto Crash.

Fond du Lac, Wis., May 19.—Dr. M. A. Hoffman, thirty years old, a physician of Campbellport, Wis., was killed and his six-year-old daughter, Paula, was seriously hurt when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Chicago & Northwestern passenger train here.

\$8,000,000 for an Army.

Paris, May 20.—Eight million dollars will be required to keep with the colors the soldiers whose enlistments have expired, according to the statement of Eugene Etienne, minister of war, to the French cabinet Sunday.

Wilson Talks to Bankers.

Woodrow Wilson was the guest of honor Friday of the Georgia Bankers' association, the occasion being the annual state convention of the association.

HARMAN HAS RULES

FOOD COMMISSIONER ISSUES REGULATIONS TO DEALERS.

PLANS STRICT ENFORCEMENT

Sanitary Laws of Nebraska Are to Be Invoked, to End All Food Stuffs Shall Be Kept in Condition.

Lincoln, Neb.—Pure Food Commissioner Harman has completed a bulletin of instructions to all handlers of foodstuffs of every nature as follows:

Adulteration of food products will be deemed to exist if food in the process of manufacture, preparation, packing, storing, sale, distribution or transportation is not securely protected from flies, dust, dirt or from other foreign or injurious contamination, also if the utensils or receptacles used for handling food are not in a clean and sanitary condition. This particularly applies to soda fountains, restaurants, meat markets and all other places where food and dairy products are kept during the summer months.

Ready-to-Eat Foods. The sanitary laws of Nebraska are such that they demand that all ready-to-eat food products served, prepared or sold in any way must be kept in compliance with the law and at all times must be properly protected in every way. This especially applies to necessary coverings of containers in which said food is kept.

The definition of food as defined in the sanitary law says: "The term 'food' as herein used shall include all articles used for food, drink, confectionery or condiments, whether simple, mixed or compound, and all substances or ingredients used in the preparation thereof."

Protection of Foods. The doors, windows and other opening of food producing or distributing establishments during the fly season shall be fitted with self-closing screen doors and windows screened with screen of a not coarser than a fourteen-mesh wire gauze.

Buildings. All buildings, rooms, basement or cellars occupied or used for the preparation or handling of foods for sale or distribution shall be properly lighted, drained, plumbed and ventilated with strict regard to the influence of such condition upon the health of the employees, clerks or other persons therein employed and the purity and wholesomeness of the food therein produced.

Clean Clothing. All operatives employees, clerks or other persons employed in any place where food is cooked, served, prepared or sold must at all times wear clean clothing.

Sanitary Law. As a matter of protection to their own business interests and to every person engaged in the handling of food products, it is necessary for them to comply with the Nebraska sanitary laws in every way. The public is also entitled to this very necessary consideration and protection, and must have it against all odds and beyond any question. I have found it true by actual demonstration that the best method of enforcing popular law is by direct appeal to the public, but in this instance am making an appeal to both the purveyor and consumer for a betterment of sanitary conditions on every hand. To the purveyor of food I would say: Look well to your products; to the consumer, look well to your purchases of food products. See that they are properly handled.

The law provides a penalty for a violation of the sanitary law of this state.

Board Hears Last Railroaders.

Lincoln, Neb.—The state board of assessment and equalization closed its hearings for railroad tax commissioners after listening to short talks by Thomas Newkirk of Chicago, representing the Rock Island, and J. M. Selbert of St. Louis, representing the Missouri Pacific road.

The board will meet again next Saturday and at that time will assess railroad property. Little change is expected in the assessed valuation as fixed for the roads by the board last year.

Legal Department Makes Ruling.

Lincoln, Neb.—According to an opinion rendered by Assistant Attorney General Frank Edgerton, ammonia, bicarbonate of soda, olive oil, cream of tartar, pepper, flavoring extracts, sal-soda, baking powders, dyestuffs and sage may be sold without a druggist's license and not in violation of the law.

The opinion came on account of a letter of inquiry from the county attorney of Hall county.

Presbyterian Minister is Killed By a Train

Lincoln, Neb.—Rev. John M. Macdonald, 89 years old, for many years a prominent minister of the Presbyterian church in Nebraska, was struck and killed by a Rock Island train near Antelope park. He is survived by a family. A son, Gilliland Macdonald, once a well-known Nebraska university football player, is now at the head of the forestry department of Ames Agricultural college of Iowa. Another son is a missionary in the Philippine islands.



SCARECROW IS QUITE NOVEL

Electric Motor Arranged to Cause Arms and Legs to Do Many Wild Movements.

Scarecrows lose their effect when the birds become used to their stationary appearance. A Glen Ellyn, Ill., genius with an electrical bent made use of an electric motor with suitable cranks and rods to cause the arms and legs of the scarecrow to do all sorts of wild movements, with the result that birds, especially the wary crow, give his sweet corn and garden a wide berth. From the motor wires run to a switch in the house.



An Electrical Scarecrow.

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ELECTRIC WELDING IS BEST

Modern Methods of Manufacture in Many Lines Benefited by Discovery and Practice.

Welding by electricity has long been successfully established as the only process to perfectly amalgamate two metals into one. You have hardly a tool or piece of machinery on your farm but that is electrically welded where there is a junction of metals. The present state of perfection of garden and barnyard tools, mowers, reapers, binders, threshers, cultivators, kitchen utensils, dairy machinery, edge tools, chains, automobile engines and steering gears, bottom of oil cans, frames of bicycles, etc., is made possible through electric welding. The same process produces "Pittsburgh perfect" electrically welded wire fencing, which is a solid, one-piece fabric enjoying many distinctive advantages, among them being the ease with which it is strung, the great tension to which it can be stretched because of the absolute elimination of "long" and "short" wires, the smooth surface making wire cuts impossible, and the neat appearance of the fence. Modern methods of manufacture in many lines have been greatly benefited by the discovery and practice of welding by electricity.

HANDY DEVICE ON TELEPHONE

Extension Bell May Be Arranged to Be Heard in Any Convenient Location Desired.

It is frequently the case that the telephone bell cannot be heard at all required locations, an extension bell often being necessary. A simple and an easily installed extension device on the market is here illustrated. The circuit closer is placed just below the bells on the telephone box and so adjusted that when the bell rings, its hammer will move the circuit closer lever that in turn releases a contact maker which closes the local circuit of the extension bell.

Extension Bell.



Submarine cables resting at the bottom of the sea represent a valuation of \$250,000,000.

It takes three seconds for an electric spark to cross the Atlantic ocean by the cable.

On a test, paper insulation on exposed electric wires has withstood service for 23 years.

Hawaii is to have a lighthouse that will give a double flash of 940,000 candlepower every ten seconds.

It requires more than a century for a cedar tree to grow large enough to yield a 30-foot telephone pole.

The island of Juan Fernandez, made famous by the story of Robinson Crusoe, is being given a wireless station.

A patent has been granted the Ohio inventor of a spring clip to hold a desk telephone against a wall when not in use.

Extremely light automobiles, driven by small, long-stroke motors, are growing in popularity in England and France.

Quartz lamps are experimentally in use in the streets of Chicago and are said to put the other electric lamps in the shade.

An association of English poultrymen who send about 200,000 eggs to London each week are "candling" them with X-rays.

The safest way to charge a storage battery quickly is to use a heavy current at the beginning and reduce the strength as it fills.

ELECTRICITY GUARDS A SAFE

Large Vault Under United States Treasury Building Protected by Elaborate System.

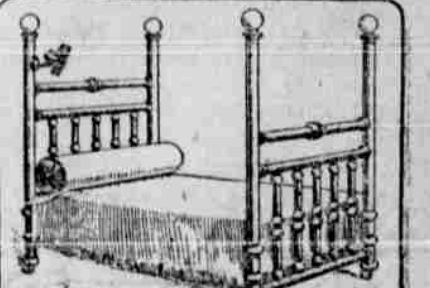
The United States government is now in possession of the largest and finest safe in the world. It is located deep underground below the United States Treasury building at Washington, and in this huge strong box it is the intention to keep in storage at all times not less than \$500,000,000 in currency, says the Popular Mechanics. Of course, this new governmental depository of wealth is not a "safe" in the ordinary interpretation of the word, but rather a vault, nearly 54 feet in length, close to 20 feet wide and about 16 feet in height.

The exterior walls of the new vault are of the heaviest steel construction, and the door and portholes provided for ventilation are closed by heavy steel doors fitted with the latest approved locks of the heaviest and most intricate construction, but the main safeguard for this subterranean wealth lies in an electric protective system that cost \$9,000 and which encases the entire vault in a close-drawn network of electric wires—more than 17 miles of wire in the aggregate—which sounds alarms at any interference. This system is tested every 15 minutes day and night. The only means of reaching the new vault is by a secret elevator, guarded by treasury watchmen.

MUCH ELECTRICITY ON A BED

Electric Light Bulb on Top of All Four Posts—Fan and Heating Pad Also Attached.

A brass bed, especially equipped with electricity, has been built by a Cleveland manufacturing company. The tops of all four posts carry an electric light bulb, an electric fan is mounted on one of the posts, an electric heating pad is plugged into a special outlet, and other outlets are



Bed Equipped With Electricity.

arranged for the connecting up of devices such as a water heater and toaster. Switches for control of the devices are arranged on one of the bedposts.

ELECTRIC FANS IN STABLES

Marked Improvement in Condition of Horses Is Noticed Since Introduction of Devices.

A great change in the condition of the horses owned by a western company was noticed upon the introduction of electric fans in the stables. During the heated terms the animals are found to be in a very much improved condition as compared with that before the introduction of the fans, and the explanation is that the animals are enabled to secure their proper rest, and are thus in better shape to undertake a day's work. A light line of shafting was introduced into the stables and the large biaded fans were used with streamers secured to the paddles to keep the flies from the animals. The experiment was made at first in one portion of the stable, and it was attended with such a marked improvement in the condition of the horses that it has been introduced generally throughout the establishment, which is a very large one.

ELECTRICAL NOTES

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