

AS TO POLITICAL PIE

MODIFIED "IOWA PLAN" IN DISTRIBUTING PATRONAGE.

HOW TO SECURE HARKONY

Senator Hitchcock and Democratic Congressmen of Nebraska Will Get Together for Consultation.

A Nebraska modification of what was once known as the "Iowa plan" in the handling of federal patronage matters has been suggested by Senator Hitchcock says the Omaha World-Herald. It has been agreed to by those who by virtue of their official positions will naturally have a voice in the handling of Nebraska's share of the office that will be at the disposal of the incoming national administration. These include, beside Senator Hitchcock, the three democratic congressmen, Representatives Maguire, Lobeck and Stephens, Dr. P. L. Hall, the national committeeman, and Chairman W. H. Thompson of the democratic state committee. The essence of the plan is consultation and agreement with a view to unified and harmonious action that will result in a fair and equitable distribution of patronage.

As originally proposed by Senator Allison, and put into operation by the Iowa republican delegation a good many years ago, the plan worked very successfully.

Senator Hitchcock's mail has been very heavy since election with letters of applicants for federal appointments, and a number of aspirants have personally called upon him. For the most part the applicants seek the position of postmaster in the various towns. In most cases the terms of the present holders do not expire for a year or more, but the anxious applicants evidently take the ground that early action is both wise and necessary.

Senator Hitchcock has adopted the plan of merely acknowledging the application with assurance that all claims will be fairly considered by himself and by others naturally or officially entitled to a voice in passing upon applications. To bring about harmonious action he has proposed to the three democratic congressmen, to Dr. P. L. Hall, national committeeman, and to Hon. W. H. Thompson, chairman of the state committee, a plan of consultation and cooperation on patronage matters, in line with the "Iowa plan."

For the present, applications will be merely received and filed, and decisions will not be reached until the time comes to fill vacancies. Then the aim will be to unite in making the proper recommendations to the president. Under this plan the three democratic congressmen will naturally have the chief voice in settling post-office questions, each in his own district, while those in republican districts will be decided on consultation.

Regulation Honored.

Governor Aldrich has honored a requisition from the governor of Iowa for the return of William C. Gott, alias William C. Gott, to Council Bluffs, Ia., on the charge of bigamy. He is alleged to have married Loretta Danahy at Council Bluffs, Ia., September 28, when he had a wife living from whom he had not been divorced.

Mr. Ferguson's Vote.

J. L. Ferguson of Broken Bow, who got into the United States senatorial game by petition, desires to know how he came out and has been informed that in fifty counties he had 239 votes.

Inspection of Prison Horses.

Following a sanitary inspection of several penitentiaries and reformatories of western and coast states, J. E. Murray has returned to Lincoln with an array of ideas relative to changes which may be suggested for penal and reformatory institutions of this state. Mr. Murray made the trip at his own expense, but was commissioned by Governor Aldrich to visit the institutions of the various states for the purpose of gaining points on sanitation problems. Mr. Murray says he found Nebraska far behind many other states.

Trainer Loses Out.

The supreme court of Nebraska overruled the motion for a rehearing in the case of Trainer against Hoctor, a suit brought by the former mayor of South Omaha against Thomas Hoctor, the present democratic executive. Trainer claims that under the state law passed by the last legislature, extending the term of office, he was entitled to the place, but the supreme court reversed and held that since he had voluntarily relinquished the place he could not secure relief in the court.

The Socialist Vote.

Returns from twenty-one counties of the state will have to aggregate more than they ever have before, as far as the socialist vote is concerned. If the total state vote of that party exceeds its vote of last year. The seventy-one counties that have thus far reported to the secretary of state show that there were 5,579 socialist votes cast this year. Last year there were 20,993 cast on railway commissioner. Four years ago there were 3,534 votes cast for the socialist candidate for president.

SHOWN BY COUNTIES.

Larger Part Report on Governor and Senator.

Additional election returns, official and unofficial, from eighty-four counties on governor and United States senator are herewith presented. The plurality of Morehead over Aldrich will be about 12,000. The pluralities of republican candidates below the office of governor will average nearly 10,000. Wilson's plurality will be nearly 30,000. The figures follow:

Table listing election results by county for Governor and Senator. Columns include County, Governor (Aldrich, Morehead, Nor-Shal-drich, Head, No.), and Senator (Wilson, Bryan, Burton, etc.).

Woman Seriously Burned.

Cass County.—A serious accident occurred on the farm home of Rineholt Wolfsel. Mrs. Wolfsel took a lighted lantern and a bucket she had just emptied of water, and was dipping it into the bucket. Gas generated from the dampness in the bucket ignited, supposedly from the lantern, and she and her face and arms and face and, it is feared, ruined her eyesight.

Prison Report.

Work has been commenced on the biennial report of the Nebraska state penitentiary officials to the legislature. The report will embrace the work of the prison during the years 1911 and 1912, and will be ready for distribution among the legislators when they assemble early in January. The report will appear in book form, with illustrations of the prison.

Object to Number Thirteen.

Members of the new legislature of the state of Nebraska have a fine respect for hoodooism. So far all of the state senators and representatives have refused to take seat No. 13 of seat No. 23. A friend of Senator-elect Jacob Klein of Beatrice selected seat No. 13 for him, but later Mr. Klein sent word that he could not take that number.

Governor Aldrich Has Decided to Establish a Legal Residence and Make His Home in Lincoln after the Installation of Governor-elect Morehead next January. He will leave David City and enter the practice of law in the capital city.

Flowers to Grant and Lee.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Wreaths of flowers were laid at the feet of the statues of Ulysses S. Grant and Robert E. Lee in the capital Sunday by direction of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Alton Train Kills Three.

Pontiac, Ill., Nov. 19.—Three persons were instantly killed and as many more were injured when the Alton Hummer struck a cab while passing through Dwight, 20 miles north of here Sunday.

TURKISH PRISONERS ON THE MARCH



This remarkable photograph just received from the scene of the Bulgarian operations in front of Adrianople shows a great body of Turkish prisoners on the march, guarded by the Bulgarians who captured them.

MONASTIR IS TAKEN

THREE PASHAS AND 50,000 TURK SOLDIERS LAY DOWN ARMS.

Ottoman Government Again Appeals to Powers to Stop Struggle—Scutari Reported Captured.

Belgrade, Nov. 20.—Any idea that the Turkish government may have had of benefitting by continued resistance must be shattered by news of the fall of Monastir. In the capture of that important town the Servians took three pashas including the commander-in-chief, Zekki Pasha, 50,000 men and 47 guns, thus achieving the greatest individual success of the war.

The losses on both sides have been heavy. During the first days fighting the Servians lost 250 killed and wounded. Official dispatches do not give the total losses on either side. A private, but unconfirmed telegram, received here reports that Scutari has surrendered. The representatives of Italy and Germany called upon Premier Pachitch of Serbia and informed him that their governments supported Austria's view against Serbia's claim for an extension of her territory after the war. M. Pachitch declined to give a definite answer until after the war had been concluded.

London, Nov. 20.—The Ottoman government has made a fresh appeal this time through the Russian ambassador at Constantinople, for the cessation of hostilities, according to a news agency dispatch received here from the Turkish capital. It is said that the peace terms of the Balkan allies will include a demand for the cession of all the Turkish territory down to the Edkene river and the payment of an indemnity of \$120,000,000.

The first Bulgarian attack on the Turkish line of fortifications defended at Constantinople at Tebalija had failed. The whole Bulgarian army was engaged. The whole Bulgarian army was engaged.

NEWS FROM FAR AND NEAR

URGED MURDER OF GIRL

Witness Says McNamara Asked Girl's Death Who "Knew Too Much."

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 19.—Gov. James H. Hawley decided Saturday not to resign his office to accept the appointment as United States senator from Idaho by the legislature.

Dynamite Blast Kills Five.

Westchester, Pa., Nov. 19.—Five workmen were killed Sunday by an explosion of dynamite on one of the quarries of the General Crushed Stone company. A laborer was carrying a box of the explosive and dropped it.

Killed on Wedding Anniversary.

Quincy, Ill., Nov. 19.—While celebrating his first wedding anniversary Sunday, Joe Lyman, twenty-two years of age, of Quincy, was accidentally shot by his brother, Albert, while out hunting, and killed.

TO DISSOLVE TRUST

U. S. SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS FEDERAL ACTION AGAINST BATHTUB COMBINE.

BATTLE BEGAN IN MARYLAND

Dealers in Enameled Goods Are Accused of Violating the Sherman Anti-Trust Law—Justice McKenna Delivers Opinion.

Washington, Nov. 20.—By enameling "license agreements" which hold manufacturers of sanitary enameled ironware together in the combination known as the "bathtub trust," the Supreme court of the United States delivered a death blow Monday at violations of the Sherman anti-trust law under the cloak of the protection of the patent laws.

Justice McKenna delivered the unanimous opinion of the court. He said that rights conferred by patents were extensive against the positive prohibitions of the Sherman law. The decision fully sustained the government in its fight begun over a year ago against the bathtub and enamel ware manufacturers. The fight against the enameled ware manufacturers was begun by the government in the United States district court of Maryland, it being charged that the 50 defendants named had brought about a combination to restrain interstate trade in sanitary enameled ironware and had attempted to monopolize that trade.

One of the individual defendants was Edwin L. Wayman, with whom the corporate defendants and their officials were charged with having made illegal agreements, in effect licenses, for the use of a patented enameling tool. Wayman was to refund part of the license fee if the manufacturers had not violated any condition of the agreements among those conditions being one that they would not sell to any jobber who did not sign a contract not to buy from anyone other than the corporate defendants, and another that they would not sell at a lower price or on more attractive terms than those named in a schedule of prices attached to the agreement.

The lower court held that the agreements destroyed competition and fixed prices in violation of the Sherman law. The lower court prohibited the defendants from attempting further to restrain trade by means of these agreements.

Justice McKenna, in announcing the decision of the Supreme court, called attention to the effectiveness of the combination made possible among enameled ware manufacturers through Wayman's plan to grant licenses on his improvement for enameling.

WILSON TO ASSEMBLE CONGRESS BY APRIL 15.

President-Elect Declares Democratic Sentiment to Be Unanimous in Favor of an Extra Session.

New York, Nov. 18.—Announcing his purpose of calling an extra session of congress not later than April 15, instead of waiting six months after he assumes the presidency on March 4, for the regular session to convene, President-elect Wilson took the first important step Friday towards carrying out his pledge to the people.

TAFT TOASTS WILSON

PRESIDENT CHOICES "SWAN SONG" BY GRACEFUL COURTESY TO SUCCESSOR.

IRONY AND HUMOR IN SPEECH

New York, Nov. 19.—In a speech which many of his hearers considered the most remarkable he has ever made, President Taft sang his "swan song" as chief executive of the nation, when, as the guest of the Lotus club Saturday night, the president responded to the toast, "The President."

The president closed his speech with a toast to his successor. President Taft said in part: "I saw in the name of your club the possibility for a swan song to those about to disappear."

"You have given me the toast of 'The President.' It is said that the office of president is the most powerful in the world, but I am bound to say that what chiefly states the president in the face in carrying out any plan of his, is the limitation upon the power and not its extent.

"What are we to do with our ex-presidents? I am not sure Dr. Osler's method of dealing with elderly men would not properly usefully apply to the treatment of ex-presidents. The proper and scientific administration of a dose of chloroform or of the fruit of the lotus tree might make hitting end to the life of one who had held the highest office.

"I observe that my friend Mr. Bryan proposes another method of disposing of our ex-presidents. "As a Warwick and as a maker of ex-presidents, I think we should give great and respectful consideration to his suggestion. Instead of ending the presidential life by chloroform or lotus eating, he proposes that it should expire under the anaesthetic effect of the debates of the senate.

"He proposes that ex-presidents should be confined to the business of sitting in the senate and listening to the discussions in that body.

"Why Mr. Bryan should think it necessary to add to the discussion in the senate the lubrications of ex-presidents I am at a loss to say. If I must go and disappear into oblivion, I prefer to go by the chloroform or lotus method. It is pleasanter and it's less drawn out."

EX-GOV. LARRABEE IS DEAD

For Sixty Years He Had Been a Large Factor in the Development of the Commonwealth.

Clermont, Ia., Nov. 19.—Former Gov. William Larrabee died at his home here Saturday at the age of eighty. Since early in the spring the former governor had been a sufferer from rheumatism and under the care of a nurse. With remarkable will power he bent every energy to live to cast his vote for Theodore Roosevelt, and his wish was fulfilled. Two months ago he refused longer to take medicine. His wife, all the living children and grandchildren were at his death-bed.

Resident of Iowa for 60 years, Mr. Larrabee had been a large factor in the development of the state. He was born January 20, 1832, the son of a soldier of 1812, at Ledyard, Conn.

TAR CASE DEFENDANT GUILTY

First of Six Ohioans to Be Tried Convicted by Jury of Assault and Battery Charge.

Norfolk, O., Nov. 18.—The jury in the case of Ernest Welch, charged with participating in the tarring of Miss Minnie Lavalley at West Clarkfield on the night of August 30, returned a verdict of guilty of assault and battery on Friday. Welch was the first to be tried of six men indicted on a charge of "riotous conspiracy."

Ruin in Jamaica Storm.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 19.—Although the terrific storm that prevailed over the island had abated Sunday, rain continued to fall in torrents. Telegraph and telephone communication was discontinued.

Allen's Appeal is Refused.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 20.—The court of appeals Monday declined to grant a new trial to Floyd Allen and his son, Claude, condemned to die for their part in the treacherous In Judge Massie's court at Hillsville last spring.

WAR REMINISCENCES

Document Proving Fact of Imprisonment Proves Later to Be Valuable to Soldier From Illinois.

SET FREE TWICE BY PAROLE

A parole from a southern prison proved valuable in freeing a northern soldier from further imprisonment in a Union guardhouse and from possible incarceration in the Alton penitentiary, where deserters were sent. How the parole was obtained and used is told by Henry Strong, who was a member of the 93d Illinois regiment. Afterward Mr. Strong helped prevent a delivery of prisoners at Camp Douglas, Chicago.

"At the battle of Big Black river May 17, 1863," said Mr. Strong, "General Sherman's division was in position at the top of the hill. The battle opened early in the morning and before the end of the day the Confederates made three charges up the hill and were driven down every time. I was not long before a rebel bullet took me in the shoulder, and down I tumbled. The firing was going on fast and I rolled down the hill into a little ravine, where I was protected from the shots of both sides. All about were men lying dead or dying. Then came the charge of the Confederates. The men climbed the slope below the ravine, under the fire from our line, and passed across and up the farther slope, trying to take the hill. I lay still, pretending to be dead, as the charge swept among the bodies in the ravine. On they went up the hill into our fire. They could not stand it for long, and here they came back again, crashing down the hill, well eyed, yelling, screaming. Once more they passed through the ravine among and over the dead and living bodies and stumbled down the slope beyond, while I pretended to be a corpse."

"Our men were victorious there and the division at the hilltop was moved on to another part of the battlefield. Late in the afternoon, when there seemed to be no one near by, I started to hunt up my regiment, but before I had got far I was captured by a stray detachment of Confederates. They took me to Vicksburg and put me in prison there, and I stayed in the prison for about two weeks. About the 1st of June I was paroled and sent across the river to the Union forces, where I joined my regiment. A month later Vicksburg surrendered.

"While I was in the hands of the Confederates I had an uncomfortable experience. In the roll down the hill into the ravine I had lost my hat, and so when I started to hunt up my regiment I picked up the cap that some Confederate soldier had dropped, and I was wearing it when I was captured. Just because of that I was accused of being a spy and of trying to pass myself off as a southern soldier. I got out of that all right and my imprisonment at Vicksburg did me one good turn.

"After I had reached my regiment I was sent back home to Neponset, in Bureau county, Illinois, where I had been the first man to volunteer for the war, though my brother, who also lived there, was a southern sympathizer. I had been at home only a short time when a government agent came there and arrested me on a charge of being a deserter from a Missouri regiment. I was arrested under the name of Henry Stone or Strang. I could never find which—and was taken to St. Louis and put in the guardhouse at Benton barracks. There I stayed two weeks without being able to get anybody to look into my case. At the end of that time I got word with an officer of the barracks and identified myself by means of the parole from Vicksburg prison. Luckily I had kept it in my pocket or I might never have got out of the guardhouse."

CAUGHT IN \$1,500,000 DEAL

Alleged Stock and Bond Swindle Unearthed—United States Officers Arrest Five Men.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Federal officials began arrests Monday in an alleged stock and bond swindle which they say is being operated in nearly every large city in the world at a profit to the promoters of more than \$1,500,000.

Five of those arrested were indicted by the United States grand jury at Cincinnati last month. The men, it is alleged, operated against individuals and corporations that desired to place stocks and bonds in the open market.

Those indicted by the grand jury on the charge of using the mails to defraud were: F. D. Minary, now in Cleveland; J. Gordon Malcom, who went to Canada before the indictments were returned; Thomas Fishwick, now in Boston; George Hannaford, now in Chicago; and J. R. Long, now in Buffalo.

At Rochester, federal officers raided the offices of the American Redemption company and took all persons found there into custody. They will be taken before United States Commissioner E. C. Smith in that city.

The offices of Horace D. Hastings & Co. were raided in Cleveland, and F. D. Minary, the manager, was arrested in connection with the operations of F. D. Minary & Co., brokers of Cincinnati.

A Bruce Crane of the Hunter & Crane brokerage firm was arrested at Newark, N. J., as the local agent of the American Redemption company. Crane was taken before United States Commissioner Stockton and held in \$5,000 bond.

Fishwick was arrested in Boston and Mason G. Worth was taken into custody at New York.

Eighteen Hurt in Crash. Marysville, Cal., Nov. 20.—In a head-on collision here Monday between a freight motor and a street car on the bridge connecting Yuba City and Marysville, eighteen were injured. Several are said to be fatally hurt.

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Debut of Esther Cleveland. Princeton, N. J., Nov. 20.—Westland, the late ex-President Cleveland's Princeton home, was the scene of a brilliant reception Monday given in honor of the debut of Mrs. Cleveland's daughter, Esther Cleveland.

Nominated What Was Left. Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, says his friend, Private John Allen, formerly representing a Mississippi district in congress, seems perfectly satisfied to give his attention exclusively to his personal affairs around Tupelo, and has seemingly laid aside all political ambition.

"He mixes a little in local affairs for the benefit of his friends," said Senator Williams, "and recently made one of the shortest and best nominating speeches on record.

"An old friend of ours, a confederate veteran, who lost two legs and one arm in battle, wanted a small office, and asked Allen to nominate him.

"When the time came, Allen, with a voice like a gular, said: 'Gentlemen of the convention, I desire to nominate all that's left of my poor old friend, John Smith.' Smith swept the convention."

Kept Them Hushing. While scouting in the mountains of southwest Virginia the Colonel of a western regiment accosted a native at a small settlement, far from the busy world.

"What is the principal occupation of this town?" "Well, boss," the man answered, yawning, "in winter they mostly sets on the east side of the house and follows the sun around to the west, and in summer they sets on the west side and follows the shade around to the east."