

ONE BOMB KILLS 20

PLANT OF LOS ANGELES TIMES IS DESTROYED WITH MANY FATALITIES.

HOMES MENACED IN PLOT

Infernal Machines Found Beneath Residences of Two Bitter Foes to Organized Labor—Big Reward Offered for Capture of Perpetrators.

Los Angeles, Cal.—At least twenty men lost their lives Saturday when the building occupied by the Los Angeles Times Publishing company was destroyed by fire.

The fire was preceded by an explosion and immediately the building was enveloped in flames. The blast occurred on the second floor of an addition to the old building. This is of three floors. Within a few seconds the entire structure was a fiery furnace.

The havoc of the explosion was greatest in the mechanical departments, and the majority of the dead and injured were members of these departments. Twenty-two injured were taken to the receiving hospital.

Within twelve hours after the wrecking of the Times plant an attempt was made to destroy the residence of Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, publisher of the paper, by means of an infernal machine.

The bomb was discovered in a suitcase hidden under a bunch of vines near a bay window and was exploded as it was hurled into the street by police officers. Little damage was done.

Another infernal machine was found earlier in the day at the residence of F. J. Zeehandelaar, secretary of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association.

General Otis and the other responsible heads of the paper charge the Times building disaster and narrowly averted attempts at further destruction of life and property to labor union sources. The property damage is estimated at \$500,000.

With equal emphasis the leaders of union labor here and throughout the state repudiate the accusation and have offered all aid in their power in the effort to detect the culprits.

For twenty years, following a quarrel with the typographical union, which resulted in making the Times a nonunion paper, General Otis has fought unionism with every resource at his command. He has been especially seconded in this fight by the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, whose secretary was the object of frustrated dynamiting.

The president of the local typographical union issued orders that union printers may work in conjunction with the nonunion printers of the Times in any of the local newspaper offices in getting out the edition of the Times.

The city council met in special session and appropriated \$25,000 for the purpose of determining the cause of the Times explosion and provided a reward of \$2,500 for the capture of those responsible for the outrage.

FOUR KILLED IN AUTO RACE

Score Are Injured—Mismanagement Charged—Harry Grant Wins Vanderbilt Cup Automobile Race Saturday.

New York.—Four persons killed and twenty seriously injured—several of them probably fatally—was the sacrifice on the altar of speed at the sixth Vanderbilt cup automobile race Saturday.

Mismanagement and poor policing of the course were declared responsible for the slaughter. Many of the victims were spectators, run down when the racing autos crashed into the crowds lining the parkway.

The race was won in electrifying fashion by Harry Grant, driving a 120 horsepower Alco. He defeated Joe Dawson, driving a Marmon, by the narrow margin of twenty-five seconds.

LAUNCH UPSETS; 29 DROWN

Members of Battleship New Hampshire Are Victims of Accident in the Hudson River.

New York.—Twenty-nine persons—all members of the crew of the battleship New Hampshire—were drowned in the sinking of a launch in the Hudson river Saturday.

That the list of dead is not much higher is due to the bravery and personal rescue effected by Godfrey De C. Chevalier, a midshipman.

One survivor said Chevalier himself rescued 15 persons who were in the water, besides saving the lives of twenty others by showing them the best method of saving themselves.

Sleeps on Track; Killed. Herrin, Ill.—Adnan Smith, aged forty-one years, a prosperous gardener, was struck and killed by an extra car on the Coal Belt Saturday.

He was asleep on the track. Scattered in the bottom of his shoe was found \$261 in currency.

1,000 Strikers Are Arrested. Warsaw, Russia.—The police arrested 1,000 of the street car employees who struck for higher wages and compelled them to return to work. As a rule 100 cars were operated Saturday

JOHN A. DIX FOR GOVERNOR

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS ADOPT PLATFORM URGING REFORMS.

Direct Primaries Favored, Pledge Party to Preservation of "Old Nationalism"—Denounce Tariff.

Rochester, N. Y.—The Democratic state convention Friday nominated the following state ticket: Governor—John A. Dix of Washington county.

Lieutenant Governor—Thomas F. Conway of Clinton. Secretary of State—Edward Laska of Kings.

Comptroller—William Schner of New York. Attorney General—Thomas Carmody of Yates.

State Treasurer—John J. Kennedy of Erie. State Engineer—John A. Bessel of New York.

Justices of the Court of Appeals—Irving C. Vann, Republican, of Onondaga, and Frederick Collins, Democrat, of Chemung.

Mr. Dix was nominated by a vote of 424 to 16 for Congressman Sulzer. All the other nominations were made by acclamation.

The platform adopted pledges the party first to the preservation of the "old nationalism." It condemns "all attacks upon the Supreme court of the United States."

It declares for sovereign state rights and "for the largest possible measure of home rule for all cities of the state."

It denounces the Republican party for its government of the state. The declaration of principles declares that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law was a "breach of faith" by the Republican party and responsible for the high cost of living.

Only by a downward revision of the tariff, it is held, could the cost of living be reduced.

It charges the Republican party with extravagance, especially in the creation of many needless public offices, and pledges the Democratic party to retrenchment.

Popular election of United States senators, an income tax, a parcels post and the preservation of water power for all the people are other things urged by the set of principles.

SAYS OFFERED JOB FOR VOTE

Bank Cashier in Senatorial Bribery Hearing Gives Damaging Evidence Against Senator Lorimer.

Chicago.—Testimony directly connecting Senator Lorimer with an offer of patronage for a vote for him was brought out Friday at the senate committee hearing in the investigation looking into the validity of his seat in the senate.

Henry A. Sheppard, a bank cashier of Jerseyville, was the witness. His testimony brought out by the interrogations of Attorney Austrian, for the prosecution, caused a sensation in the committee room.

Mr. Sheppard said: "Mr. Lorimer told me that if I would vote for him he would get a friend of mine in Jerseyville the office of postmaster. It was the day before he was elected. Lee O'Neill Browne took me to Mr. Lorimer and we had a talk. I told him I wouldn't vote for him unless he did as I requested. Lorimer considered a minute and then he said:

"Well, if I am elected I will have a share in the Illinois patronage and I will do it." That was all there was to it."

Representative Michael S. Link of Mitchell told the story of another vote cast for Senator Lorimer for which money was paid when he was called to testify. Link declared he was asked personally by Lorimer for his vote, and later was paid \$1,000 in the Southern hotel at St. Louis by Lee O'Neill Browne.

THE RACE FOR THE PENNANT

Standing of the Various Clubs in the Leading Baseball Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. Clubs. W. L. P. C. Chicago, 94 47 95 2nd place. St. Louis, 88 53 87 3rd. Cincinnati, 82 59 82 4th. Pittsburgh, 82 59 82 5th. Boston, 79 62 79 6th. Philadelphia, 74 67 74 7th.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Clubs. W. L. P. C. Cleveland, 92 71 85 1st. Detroit, 81 82 82 2nd. St. Louis, 78 85 78 3rd. New York, 82 82 82 4th. Boston, 79 85 79 5th. Philadelphia, 74 90 74 6th.

WESTERN LEAGUE. Clubs. W. L. P. C. Omaha, 85 64 85 1st. Des Moines, 82 67 82 2nd. St. Paul, 82 67 82 3rd. Minneapolis, 79 70 79 4th. Chicago, 74 75 74 5th. Kansas City, 74 75 74 6th.

Parole System is Favored.

Washington.—Such time-honored methods of punishment as the hangman, starvation, flogging, the gallows, and the electric chair, have been largely discredited in American reformatories, according to the report of the committee on reformatory work and parole made to the American Prison association.

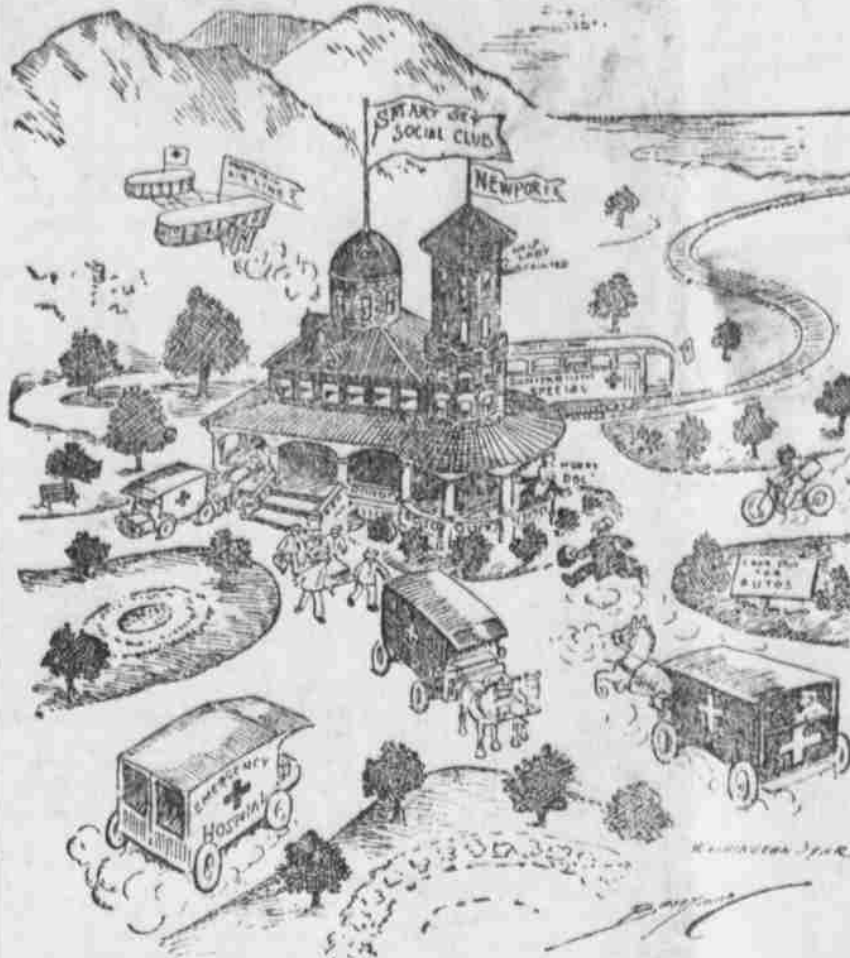
Missouri Has 3,293,335.

Washington.—The state of Missouri has a population of 3,293,335, according to the thirteenth census statistics announced Friday. This is an increase of 188,670, or six per cent, over the population in 1900, which was 3,106,665.

Cadet Bodies Not Militia.

Washington.—The war department Friday ruled that the cadet organizations of educational institutions are not properly a part of the organized militia.

WILL THE SOCIAL WHIRL COME TO THIS?



News Note: The Newport social season has been so strenuous that many members of the most exclusive circles have been forced to abandon their homes for hospitals and sanitariums. Several of the leading hostesses have fainted during the past fortnight while entertaining.

BREAKS AIR RECORD

WALTER BROOKINGS FLIES 188 MILES IN FIVE HOURS 49 MINUTES.

WINS \$10,000 CASH PRIZE

Young Aviator Surpasses All Cross-Country Flights in His Chicago to Springfield (Ill.) Trip—Out-Distance Special Train.

Springfield, Ill.—What is looked upon as one of the most remarkable feats in aerial navigation was accomplished by Walter B. Brookings, in a Wright biplane, Thursday, when he successfully flew from Chicago to this city, and in doing so he broke all cross-country aeronautic records.

With only two stops, neither of which was actually necessary, he made the trip from Chicago to Springfield, a distance of 188 miles, in five hours and forty-nine minutes, maintaining an average speed of 32.7 miles an hour, and won the \$10,000 prize offered by a Chicago newspaper.

Along the entire route, from Chicago to the state fair grounds here, hundreds of thousands of people cheered the daring young aviator as he passed the driving young aviator as he passed the great mechanical bird came to the ground here in the presence of 40,000 people he was cheered vociferously for fully half an hour.

Brookings left Chicago at 9:15 a. m. He dropped out of the clouds over the fair grounds in Springfield at 4:45.

Forty-seven minutes after Brookings rose from the ground in Washington park, Chicago, the "Daylight Special" left the Park Row station for the Illinois Central. A special car had been attached in which traveled Wilbur Wright, the airship inventor; Roy Knabenshue, special representative of the Wright brothers; members of the Aero club of Illinois, and about forty newspaper men.

After a flight of two hours and twenty-eight minutes, Brookings came to Chicago, where he arrived at 11:43. Brookings was far ahead of the train and he decided to alight and await the arrival of the train.

The train arrived at Gilman at 12:15 and orders were given by the division superintendent of the railroad to hold the train until the biplane should resume its flight. The gasoline and water tanks were replenished, and after the engines had been gone over carefully by Wright and Knabenshue, Brookings resumed.

From Gilman to Springfield the special train and the aeroplane ran neck and neck, first one forging ahead, then the other, but never at any time more than a quarter of a mile apart.

Brookings was forced at 3:20 to descend at Mt. Pulaski for fuel, only twenty-four miles from the state fair grounds. The landing was one of the most remarkable that has ever been seen in the history of aviation.

Trees and fences surrounded him on all sides and with perfect control he picked out a spot, after soaring about in a short circle, scarcely more than half a block square, and landed square in the center. The special train was held up, the aeroplane's supplies again were renewed, and at 3:45 he ascended again. From Pulaski to the fair grounds a speed of thirty-five miles an hour was maintained.

To Bury Belle Elmore's Body. London.—The coroner issued an order Saturday for the burial of the body found in the collar of the home of Dr. Hawley Crisp and which the coroner's jury found to be that of Belle Elmore, the doctor's wife.

Taft Signs Merit Rule Order. Washington.—President Taft Saturday signed the order which will place assistant postmasters in first and second class offices and all their clerks under the classified service on December 1st.

PRASE FOR LA FOLLETTE

CONVENTION CALLS SENATOR PIONEER PROGRESSIVE.

Wisconsin Republicans Declare Payne Tariff Law Fails to Carry Out Party Pledge.

Madison, Wis.—Sharp criticism of the Payne tariff law, a demand for the physical valuations of railroads and unstinted praise of Senator La Follette as the pioneer "progressive" are the principal planks of the platform adopted by the Republican state convention Wednesday.

Indorsement of the state's strongly "insurgent" delegation in congress and a slap at President Taft are expressed in the following resolution: "Wisconsin is to be congratulated upon having representatives in the senate and house who remained true to the people and to the national platform of the party, notwithstanding the efforts to punish them, for so doing by withdrawal of federal patronage."

"On the tariff platform says: a compliance with the pledge of the Republican party to its national platform. The true basis of protective tariff is the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, and we hold any increased cost of production of living of American labor should be accompanied by compensating tariff duties."

"The present tariff board has no power of investigation, and is not required to report to congress. We favor the creation of a nonpartisan tariff committee empowered to ascertain the cost of production in this and other countries, and required to make frequent reports of the information gained in congress."

"Upon the information so obtained congress should proceed to revise the different schedules independently of each other, according to true protective tariff principles."

GIRL AND TWO BOYS SHOT

Children of John F. Dietz, Wisconsin Fugitive, Fired on by Sheriff—Youth Warns Father.

Couderay, Wis., Oct. 3.—In a futile effort to capture John F. Dietz, the "outlaw of Cameron Dam," three of the Dietz children were shot and two of the three wounded were captured. The other escaped to warn his father of the raid.

Dietz is charged with shooting a man in an election row September 1 and has defied the authorities. The sheriff expected him to go to Winter, and waited for him at the side of a road. When the Dietz buggy approached, Sheriff Madden ordered the three occupants to throw up their hands, and when they failed to obey fired at close range.

Dietz had stayed at home, having learned that the sheriff was near, and had sent his daughter with his sons, thinking the officers would not shoot if she was near. She, as well as the boys, was armed. Leslie Dietz escaped through a shower of bullets.

Fifty residents of Winter, many old-time friends of Dietz, have been sworn in as special under sheriffs and the city is patrolled constantly under instructions from Sheriff Madden, who fears the wrath of the defender of Cameron dam.

Foreign Post for Hitt's Son. Washington.—R. S. Reynolds Hitt of Illinois, son of the late Representative Hitt, who for many years headed the house committee on foreign affairs, was Saturday appointed United States minister to Guatemala.

Two Died in Fire. New York.—Two that started in a stock of prayer books stored beneath the stairs of a tenement in Hunter street Sunday caused the deaths of David and Israel Pessier, brothers.

BUILDING AND LOANS

FIGURES THAT SHOW GAIN IN STOCKHOLDERS.

BOTH CLASSES ARE JOINING

Banking Board Congratulated Upon the Outlook—Other Matters at the State Capital.

Secretary E. Royse of the State Banking Board has completed his annual report of the building and loan association business of Nebraska for the year ending June 30. Thirty associations were doing business at that time. The report to the banking board shows a gain of 2,846 in the number of borrowing stockholders for the year, the total number being 19,925.

The non-borrowing shareholders increased from 31,770 to 45,676, a gain of 2,906. The total number of stockholders of both kinds increased from 48,309 to 64,701, a gain of 6,392. At the end of the fiscal year the following facts are noted:

Amount of real estate loans \$19,648,822.82

Amount of real estate loans in process of foreclosure 80,981.45

Stock loans 423,893.84

Real estate 172,212.82

Furniture and fixtures 874,515.08

Cash 1,152.76

Delinquent interest, premiums and other 51,641.71

Reserves and unexpended 18,398.23

Other assets 46,996.98

Total \$21,327,746.53

Liabilities. Capital stock subscribed \$12,441,506.81

Full paid and surplus stock 6,237,843.50

Reserve fund 408,022.50

Undivided profits 223,065.92

Stockholders' loan income 5,548.40

Plate bonds 516,123.35

Premiums unearned 11,082.19

Advance interest and premiums 1,514.25

Other liabilities 84,479.59

Total \$21,327,746.53

Secretary Royse said in his report to the banking board: "During the year the Home Building and Loan association of Beatrice went into voluntary liquidation, wound up its affairs and quit business."

"The remaining members of the Schuyler Building and Loan association, which was in process of voluntary liquidation, found it necessary to place it in the hands of a receiver to properly wind up its affairs, and upon receipt by the State Banking Board of a request for such receiver, the necessary steps were taken to have one appointed and placed in charge of the association."

"I am pleased to congratulate you upon the growth and condition of the building and loan associations under your supervision, as shown by the abstracts, summaries and comparisons on preceding pages of this report."

Guard Ordered Out. Company H, Fifth regiment N. N. G. of Crete, has been ordered out. The reasons given in the order from the adjutant general are plain. Members of the company are charged with desertion of Fort Riley, some members failed to go and gave no excuses and the company generally is censured for failure to keep up to the required standard of efficiency and discipline. The property of the company is ordered sent into headquarters, all shortages to be deducted from the state pay due the men.

Call For General Election. Governor Shallenberger has issued his call for the general election to be held November 8. The call provides for the election of all state officers, United States senators, congressmen, members of the legislature and for a vote on the proposed amendment.

Condition of State Treasury. The report of State Treasurer Hulan for the month of September shows the receipts of the office to have been \$236,279.86; payments, \$234,997.93; balance in all funds, \$556,449.86. The cash and cash items on hand amounts to \$326,837, the remainder being on deposit.

One Candidate by Petition. Armenia P. Cully, of Loup City, called at the office of the secretary of state and left a well-signed petition asking that his name be placed on the ballot this fall as a candidate for senator in the Sixteenth district. Mr. Cully was a candidate for the republican nomination, but failed at the primaries.

Thompson Not Resigned. Though Attorney General Thompson has been sworn in as solicitor of the treasury department, he has not yet severed his connection with the legal department of state. When he left he expected to return to Lincoln some time in October and wind up some cases in which the state is a party. He probably will not resign until after election. This will obviate the necessity of the appointment of a new attorney general to serve until January, as the governor probably will appoint whoever is elected.

DIVORCE INCREASES.

Eighty-two Cases on Docket for Next Term.

The amendments to the divorce law which were enacted by the legislature of 1909 have had little apparent effect in the matter of reducing the number of applicants for relief from the bonds of matrimony. If the records of the district court of Lancaster county are to be taken as an index of conditions throughout the state, says the Journal, As a matter of fact the divorce actions now pending in this court exceed in number by seven those on the docket for the October, 1908, term.

The equity docket for the October term, 1908, contained seventy-five divorce cases. In fifty-six of these the wives were plaintiffs, while in nineteen the husband was the plaintiff. At the present time there are eighty-two divorce cases on the docket, women being plaintiffs in sixty-six and men in sixteen. The new law went into effect in July, 1909, and there was a big rush of applicants to get their petitions on file before that time. For this reason there were more cases of this kind on the docket for the October term, 1909, than for either the previous or subsequent year. In October, 1909, there were pending in this court 138 divorce cases, ninety-eight in which women were plaintiffs and forty in which men sought relief.

All cases now pending have not been instituted since the last term of court. As a matter of fact several of them have been on the docket for two or three years, being continued from term to term. At the last term many such actions were dismissed by the court on account of lack of prosecution. If, however, the attorney asks that the case be continued, his request is complied with and the cause is kept pending.

Prior to the amendment of the law in 1909, Nebraska had the reputation of being one of the easiest states in the union in which to obtain a divorce. The grounds upon which such relief could be obtained were practically the same as those recognized in most of the states, but it was the brevity of the term of residence required before beginning action that was looked upon as an invitation to would-be divorcees to come to Nebraska. All that was required was that the plaintiff should have been a resident of the state for at least six months before filing his or her petition.

The Miller law, enacted at the last term of the legislature, provides that the plaintiff shall have been a resident of the state for at least one year before filing his or her petition, and if the cause of action arose outside of the state, plaintiff must have been a resident of Nebraska for at least two years. Divorce decrees under the new law are of an interlocutory nature and do not become final until six months after being granted by the court, thus preventing marriage in this or any other state during the period mentioned.

Game Warden Active. Chief Game Warden Dan Gollus and Deputy Boehler searched Ed Maurer's restaurant in Omaha for game birds. They found only one chicken, which was on the kitchen table ready to be cooked. Other birds were supposed to be in another part of the house, but when the game wardens got there they found none.

Requisition Honored. A requisition for the return of C. J. Johnson to Oklahoma, where he is wanted on a charge of disposing of mortgaged property, was honored at the office of the governor. W. E. Stafford is said to have a mortgage on two horses which Johnson is alleged to have disposed of without Stafford's consent.

Contract Awarded. The board of public lands and buildings has awarded a contract to the Grand Island Plumbing company to furnish and lay pipes to connect steam from the boiler house of the soldiers' home at Grand Island to separate buildings at the home. The contract price is \$5,813.20.

"Breakfast Bacon" Special. The state farm authorities have received word from the agricultural commission of the Rock Island system that the railroad company will be ready to run the "breakfast bacon" special, starting from Lincoln about October 18.

White Slave Traffic. Police Matron Doyle in her work among young women has come across a number of cases in which she was sure that "white slave" traffic methods were employed. An instance of this was brought to her attention a few days ago when the evidence pointed to an attempt to induce a girl sixteen years of age into an immoral life.

No Harm to Corn Crop. Grain men say that the slight frost could not possibly have hurt to corn crop. Besides the general opinion among men who are watching the corn crop is that 90 per cent of the corn of the state is now out of danger of frost.

Heavy Bond Registration. State Auditor Barton registered bonds from Kearney to the amount of \$125,000 for the purchase of the water plant and from Richardson county bonds to the amount of \$265,000.

HEN AND THE JEWEL

CONTRADICTS ALL FABLES, COE CONDUCT OF THIS FOWL

Boyle County Farmer Removes Ring From Crop of Chicken With Aid of Scissors, and Egg-Producer Recovers.

A Boyle county hen swallowed a \$500 diamond ring which the owner had left lying on a table on a back porch. The incident indicates carelessness in the ring owner and also on the part of the hen.

Once upon a time a wise old rooster scratched up a diamond in a muck heap, but he did not swallow it. He inspected it intently and then remarked that whereas some persons might esteem such things very highly, he personally wouldn't give a grain of wheat for a bushel basket full of them. If the Boyle county hen had been as wise as this rooster, which Aesop or some other able writer tells about, she would have saved herself much suffering. But this Boyle county hen was a foolish bird, and she swiped the jewel.

When the loss was discovered, and the hen also, with a guilty look on her countenance and a suspicious bulge in her craw, it didn't require much Sherlock Holmes business to make a shrewd surmise as to the whereabouts of the ring. The hen was mildly but firmly requested to submit to a search and she had such a poor way of refusing that the investigation was quickly under way. Any marks that she might have felt like making under different circumstances were repressed by a suffocating sensation in the throat superinduced by abnormal distention of the thorax. The hen was caught with the goods on her. The ring was unmistakably inside of the craw. Its owner could see its outline and could feel it. He didn't feel it as strongly as the hen did, but he knew with all the faith that may possibly be acquired from the substance of things hoped for and the evidence of things not seen that the ring was there, and that the hen was doing her best to conceal it.

Once upon a time—to revert to Aesop—a man owned a goose which laid a golden egg every day. This man wanted to get rich quick, and as he could not find any sort of condition powders that would hurry up the laying process, he decided to kill the goose and possess himself of the gold mine immediately, if not sooner. The goose was killed, and it appeared that the mine had suspended operations at about the same time. There was nothing doing in the golden egg line forever after, but the goose-slayer was kept busy dodging the fool-killer for the rest of his life.

The Boyle county hen did not meet the fate of the goose that laid the golden egg. She had never laid any golden eggs, but she had produced a pretty good line of the plain everyday brand. It looked to her owner as if she would be good for several years laying if he could get her moved and the family jewelry kept off the back porch. A simple surgical operation with a pair of scissors and a needle and thread solved the problem. The ring was recovered and the hen is recovering.

There is not much chance to ring in a moral here or to ring out one. "Hæc fabula docet" doesn't apply because the story is not a fable. It may be taken, however, as an illustration of the fact that while Boyle county farmers are a little careless with their jewelry at times, they are exceedingly careful with their hens.

Ten Cents Bought a Rubens. America will soon have the refusal of a hitherto unknown picture by Rubens, which has been lying for years in the garret of a house in the small town of Zagrzebia, Poland.

The owner of the house discovered it by accident while looking for lumber to sell to a hawker. Thinking it was a worthless bit of old canvas, he parted with it for ten cents.

The hawker had an inspiration. He washed the first layer of dirt off and took the picture to an antiquary, who recognized the Rubens initial in one corner. Experts say it undoubtedly is the work of Rubens and a very good specimen, too.

The picture represents Salome holding the head of St. John the Baptist. Salome's figure is particularly beautiful. Its present owner is having it thoroughly cleaned; this done, he is going to offer it to America, because, he says, "millionaires from the states give better prices than European princes."

A Cruel Cut. The stenographer had resented a criticism of her work and resigned instantly. "Will you kindly give me a letter of recommendation, sir?" she said, rather haughtily. "I couldn't conscientiously do it," said the criminal lawyer. "Conscientiously?" sneered the stenographer; "you mean gratuitously, don't you?"

Caring for Animals. The Woman's League for Animals in New York city, of which Mrs. James Speyer is the president, has done a great deal of good work. One thousand cards, illustrating the heads of dogs, cats and horses, diagramming the proper place in which a bullet should be placed in order to put the animal out of pain as quickly as possible were distributed this year.