

TARIFF BILL IS VICTOR, SIGNED BY PRESIDENT

Senate Vote 47 to 31—Leather
Joker Corrected—Congress
Adjourns.

SEVEN SENATORS BOLT G. O. P.

President Defends Measure as Fulfillment of His Pre-Election Pledges.

President Taft signed the Payne tariff bill at 5:06 Thursday evening in the President's room at the capitol in Washington, surrounded by cabinet officials, Senators and representatives who had gathered to witness the simple ceremony.

Within an hour thereafter, or at 6 o'clock, the Senate having adopted the conference report by a vote of 47 to 31, and both houses having adopted the concurrent resolution to correct the errors in the leather schedule, the special session of Congress adjourned without day. For good or ill, the revised tariff is before the people. The new law became operative at midnight.

Thursday night the President gave a farewell dinner at the White House to the leaders of both houses of Congress. Friday evening he departed for the summer capital at Beverly.

Seven Republican Senators voted against the bill, viz: Clapp and Nelson of Minnesota, Beveridge of Indiana, Cummins and Dooliver of Iowa, Bristow of Kansas and La Follette of Wisconsin. Senator McNary of Louisiana, Democrat, was paired in favor of the bill. Details of the vote are as follows:

For—Republicans.	
Aldrich	Gamble
Borah	Guggenheim
Bourne	Hale
Bradley	Heyburn
Brandegee	Johnson
Brewer	Jones
Bulkeley	Keam
Burkett	Lodge
Burnham	Lorimer
Burrows	McCumber
Burton	Oliver
Carter	Page
Clark (Wyo.)	Seneca
Crawford	Perkins
Cullom	Piles
Curtis	Root
Dewey	Scott
Dick	Smith (Mich.)
Dixon	Smoot
Dupont	Stephenson
Elkins	Sutherland
Flint	Warner
Frye	Wetmore—47.

Against—Democrats.	
Bailey	McLaurin
Bacon	Martin
Bankhead	Newslands
Chamberlain	Overman
Clay	Paynter
Culberson	Rayner
Daniel	Shively
Fletcher	Simmons
Foster	Smith (Md.)
Frazier	Smith (S. C.)
Gore	Stone
Hughes	Tallaferro—24.

Republicans.	
Bristow	Dolliver
Clapp	LaFollette
Cummins	Nelson
Beveridge	

Absentees.	
Clark (Ark.)	Nixon
Davis	Owens
Johnson	Richardson
McNary	Taylor
Money	

The passage of the bill was witnessed by crowded galleries. House members filled the rear of the Senate chamber. Prominent among the latter was Seneca E. Payne, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, whose name the bill will carry as its author.

Immediately after his return to the White House from the capitol, where he had gone to sign the Payne bill and also the Philippine tariff and the deficiency appropriation bills, President Taft issued a statement to the country. It is a defense of the new tariff law with respect to meeting party pledges, and the President's campaign interpretation of the platform. The President does not seek to declare the bill perfect, but in the main he regards it as having wrought substantial downward revision.

NAVY BOXING BOUT IS FATAL

Sailor on Battleship Vermont Dies of Injuries.

During a boxing bout on the battleship Vermont, lying in the harbor at Provincetown, between two men attendants named Foster and Williams, the former received injuries from which he died. The ship's police placed Williams under surveillance as soon as the ship's surgeon reported that Foster had been hurt so severely in the bout that his recovery was doubtful. The men were to have boxed ten rounds, but the encounter was stopped in the sixth round, when it was seen that Foster was suffering intensely and had no chance of winning.

Woman Slays Assailant

Mrs. Hannah Gibson, living in a hamlet near Coatesville, Pa., shot William Thompson of Lancaster, Pa., inflicting a wound from which he died. Mrs. Gibson has not been arrested. She told the police that while gathering wood the man attacked her with a stick.

Murder Bomb at Crowd

A dynamite bomb thrown into the midst of a crowd surrounding a street vendor in Woonsocket, R. I., injured nine persons, one of whom will die. The bomb thrower was not arrested and the cause of the throwing of the missile is a mystery.

Earthquake Jars Portugal

Two strong shocks of earthquake were felt in Portugal at 3 p. m. Tuesday. The center of the disturbance was at Santarem, forty miles northwest of Lisbon. No damage was done.

MOB TRIES TO LYNCH OFFICIAL

Fury Is Brought On in City Council Over Politics.

The City Council of Indianapolis was virtually in the hands of a mob from 1 to 3 o'clock Tuesday morning and the feeling was so intense that the police had to be continually on guard to prevent violence. The situation was brought on by a combination of Democrats and Republicans, which had for its object, it is alleged, the appointment of primary election inspectors that would be favorable to N. W. Harding, Republican candidate for Mayor, and Charles B. Clark, Democratic candidate for the same office. Lew Shank is the opposing Republican candidate and Charles Gauss the opposing Democratic candidate.

Councilman Royce, a Harding man, slipped out of the chamber just as the vote was announced in Harding's favor and was pursued by a mob with cries of "Hang the scoundrel!" "Shoot the traitor!" and other denunciations. The mob pressed on his rear, and seeing no other means of escape Royce ran to the police station. Officers succeeded in protecting the trembling Councilman.

PARALYSIS CAUSED BY DUST

Winona, Minn., Decides to Sprinkle to Destroy Germs.

Winona, Minn., is fighting an epidemic of infantile paralysis, which attacks children between the ages of 6 months and 10 years, and where it does not kill, leaves the victims helpless cripples. When efforts of the Board of Health failed to check the growing number of cases, the State authorities were called in. They said the disease germ is carried in the dust from the streets into susceptible organs of the children. The thirty or more cases are scattered throughout the outlying districts, which are not sprinkled. A special meeting of the Council was held and it was decided to sprinkle the entire city, alleys, streets and sidewalks in an effort to rid the city of the germs. There has been no rain in Winona for over a month.

TRY TO WRECK TREASURE TRAIN

Obstruction on Burlington Track to Ditch Car with \$250,000.

As a passenger train on the Burlington was rounding a hazardous curve for the station of Belmont, ten miles out from Crawford, Neb., the engineer discovered on the track a few rods ahead an obstruction composed of steel rails. Engineer Wade stopped the train within a few feet of the obstruction. It is said that the express car contained \$250,000 in gold bullion billed to New York city. A farmer named Chris Berger, found near the spot, was arrested. He pleads innocence, saying he was at the point to flag the train to get into Alliance for medical aid. Berger has a badly torn arm, caused, he says, by the accidental discharge of a shotgun.

RECORD CROPS IN NORTHWEST

Wheat and Corn Break All Records in Minnesota and Dakota.

The Northwest has raised a great crop of grains this year. Harvest is at hand and the cutting of grain is general in Minnesota and South Dakota, and is crowding into North Dakota. The record will be broken as to wheat and corn, and probably oats and flax, while barley will hold its own and may prove to be a record crop also. It will require \$375,000,000 to \$400,000,000 to purchase these crops at present prices. No other statement is necessary to emphasize the prosperity that has come once more to the people of the Northwest.

G. A. R. MEETING IN AUGUST

Thousands Expected to Attend Salt Lake Encampment.

The Grand Army of the Republic will assemble in Salt Lake City August 9 for its forty-third annual encampment. In addition to the Grand Army there will be meetings of the Woman's Relief Corps, Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic, National Association of ex-Prisoners of War, National Association of Army Nurses, Naval Veterans' Association, Daughters of Veterans, Spanish War Veterans, Sons of Veterans, War Musicians and National Press Correspondents.



United States Senator G. H. Clay, of Georgia, has been re-elected by the Georgia Legislature. His term will expire in 1915.

President Taft's faith in the corporation tax measure is unshaken. He will accept no substitute for the measure and will not modify it.

The women suffragists of Colorado are to make an effort to send one of their own seats to Congress two years hence. They are agreed that Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker is to be the candidate.

The Democratic congressional committee, one year in advance of the usual time for such action, has elected officers and mapped out the course for revision of the House in the next congressional elections.

Congressman Ashbrook of Ohio has started the Democratic campaign of 1912 by asserting that a canvass of the Democrats in Congress shows a practically unanimous choice among them of Gov. Harmon of Ohio as the next candidate of the party for President.

President Taft has served notice on the congressional leaders of the Republican party that the country is looking to see that the pledges made last fall are kept for a downward revision of the tariff. The President's position is that, so far as within his power, he will see that the pledges are kept.

SPAIN NOW AT PEACE; AMERICANS ARE SAFE

Minister Says No Visitor Was Injured During Rioting in Barcelona.

FEAR TROUBLE IN THE FUTURE

Officials Take Every Precaution to Prevent Renewal of Outbreak.

Order now has been restored in every province in Spain. Barcelona has been calm for a few days and normal life has been resumed there. Sabadell and Tarrasa have submitted to the troops and the mushroom republics proclaimed in some of the comarques faded away as soon as the soldiers made their appearance.

The American minister in Madrid announced on Wednesday that all Americans in Barcelona or in the affected districts during the recent disorders are safe.

The officials at Barcelona are taking every precaution to prevent any outbreak in the future. The terrible repressive measures of the military authorities have left a deep undercurrent of resentment among the masses and fears are still entertained that the rebellion may flare up again in a new form. The people the clanking of the release of the prisoners in the dungeons of Fort Montjuich.

Senor Solereta, a Republican Senator, has arrived at Madrid from Barcelona. He denies the recent movement in that city was separatist and says also that the revolutionists during the two days they were masters of the city did not commit a single assassination or act of cruelty. The inmates of the religious institutions fled when the buildings were burned. One of the greatest losses in Barcelona is the libraries of the Christian schools and the Scientific museum, containing together 70,000 volumes. A new civil governor of Barcelona has been appointed.

The minister of the Interior has given out a statement in which he says, among other things, that not only the reservists but volunteers are flocking to the recruiting stations for service in Morocco.

Says Women Attacked Monks. The Paris Figaro's staff correspondent at Barcelona reports that the rioters violated the sepulcher of nuns, but did not harm living nuns. The monks, however, were chased from convents and monasteries while the women in the crowds, who were especially enraged, cried: "Away with you! No longer will you steal our needle and our broodery; no longer will you prevent by your unfair competition our women finding employment."

Some incidents of the rioting assumed the phase of greswome buffoonery. In one convent where there was a big stock of candles the women and children lighted these and held a mock procession, and two mummified bodies of nuns arrayed in magnificent raiment were carried with mock pomp before the residence of a millionaire citizen.

TWO KIDNAPED: \$25,000 ASKED

Children of St. Louis Man Held for Ransom Under Death Threat.

Grace Viviano, 5 years old, and Thomas Viviano, 2½ years old, children of a wealthy Italian manufacturer, were kidnaped in St. Louis, and are held for \$25,000 ransom. A letter demanding that sum under penalty of injury or death to the children was received by the distracted parents and is now in the hands of the police.

Deputies have been sent through the Italian quarter and suspects arrested, though no trace of the children could be found. Though nothing in the letter demanding the ransom indicated it, the parents are of the belief that the Black Hand is back of the kidnaping, and, remembering the fate of two Louisiana children kidnaped by agents of the Black Hand Society some time ago, they feel sure their children will be crippled or killed unless the demands of the kidnapers are met or the children taken from their room.

FAMOUS "BLUE LAWS" KILLED

Liberal Views Defeat 1722 Statute—Sunday Baseball Now Possible.

Both houses of the Connecticut Legislature Wednesday passed a bill repealing the so-called "blue laws" relating to Sunday observance, which forbid almost every form of recreation and secular activity. The laws, which have been seldom enforced, are relics of 1722. One law specifically repealed provides for a fine of \$4 on each person who shall attend a concert or entertainment on the Lord's day. The new Sunday bill is short. It defines the Sunday and prohibits all sports and secular activities "except such as are demanded by necessity and mercy, and such as are for the general welfare of the community." The penal section provides both fines and imprisonment for violation. Under the words "general welfare of the community" Sunday baseball is probably permitted, and the advocates of the bill admit that the courts must interpret the wording in several places.

Caruso's Voice Is Found O. K.

Enrico Caruso sang in Ostend before an audience of 10,000 whose unanimous verdict was that his voice was still excellent and admirably under control—far better than it was before his operation recently.

Kills Two While Demented

S. V. McDonald, a farmer living near Chickasha, Okla., during a fit of temporary insanity, shot and killed his wife's brother, J. A. Thompson, and Mrs. Thompson, and then shot himself. His own wife escaped.

TARIFF PRAISES PAYNE BILL

I have signed the Payne tariff bill because I believe it to be the result of sincere effort on the part of the Republican party to make a downward revision and to comply with the promises of the platform as they have been generally understood and as I interpreted them in the campaign before election.

This is not a perfect tariff bill, or a complete compliance with the promises made strictly interpreted, but a fulfillment free from criticism in respect to a subject matter involving many schedules and thousands of articles could not be expected. It suffices to say that, except with regard to whisky, liquors and wines, and in regard to silks and to some high classes of cottons—all of which may be treated as a revenue tariff—there have been very few increases in rates.

There have been a great number of real decreases in rates, and they constitute a sufficient amount to justify the statement that this bill is a substantial downward revision and a reduction of excessive rates. This is not a free trade bill. It was not intended to be. The Republican party did not promise to make a free trade bill.

The Philippine tariff section I have struggled to secure for ten years past, and it gratifies me exceedingly by my signature to give it the effect of law. I am sure it will greatly increase the trade between the two countries, and it will do much to build up the Philippines in a healthful prosperity.

The corporation tax is a just and equitable excise measure, which, it is hoped, will produce a sufficient amount to prevent a deficit and which incidentally will secure valuable statistics and information concerning the many corporations of the country, and will constitute an important step toward that degree of publicity and regarding the tendency in corporate enterprises in the last twenty years has shown to be necessary.

CHRONOLOGY OF NEW TARIFF LAW.

MARCH 6—President Taft calls special session.
MARCH 15—Special session convened.
MARCH 16—President Taft sends message.
MARCH 17—Payne tariff bill introduced in House.
APRIL 9—Payne bill passes House by 178 to 161.
APRIL 10—Bill referred to Senate Finance Committee.
APRIL 12—Reported back to Senate.
JULY 6—Completed in committee of the whole.
JULY 8—Tariff bill passes Senate, 45 to 24.
JULY 9—House rejects Senate's 847 amendments by 178 to 161.
JULY 9—Bill goes to conference committee.
JULY 15—President Taft issues ultimatum that tariff must be revised downward.
JULY 30—Conference report presented to House.
AUG. 1—House passes Payne-Aldrich bill by vote of 195 to 182.
AUG. 1—Republicans voted adversely.
AUG. 6—Bill passes Senate in final form at 2:10 p. m. by 47 to 31.
AUG. 6—Signed by President Taft at 5 o'clock.
AUG. 6—New law goes into effect.
In all 141 days from date reported until signed by President.

FIGHT FOR THE PENNANTS.

Standing of Clubs in the Principal Baseball Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.					
W.	L.	W.	L.		
Pittsburg	.66	27	St. Louis	.40	51
Chicago	.64	30	Philadelphia	.41	53
New York	.52	37	Brooklyn	.35	59
Cincinnati	.48	46	Boston	.26	69

AMERICAN LEAGUE.					
W.	L.	W.	L.		
Detroit	.62	37	Chicago	.48	50
Philadelphia	.59	40	New York	.46	52
Boston	.58	44	St. Louis	.43	54
Cleveland	.52	48	Washington	.29	72

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.					
W.	L.	W.	L.		
Minneapolis	.62	48	St. Paul	.55	54
Milwaukee	.61	50	Kan. City	.50	55
Louisville	.57	53	Toledo	.50	58
Columbus	.55	55	Indianapolis	.48	63

STREET CAR STRIKE VOTED

Employees of Chicago Companies Cast Ballots Favoring Walk-Out.

The 9,000 employees of the Chicago City Railway Company and the Chicago Railways Company have voted to strike. The polls closed at 3 o'clock Friday morning and the indications then were that 90 per cent of the voters favored a walkout. This does not mean that a strike will be called immediately. Negotiations had not yet been abandoned and there were several steps yet to be taken before a strike may occur.

Blow Fatal in Boys' Fight

After singing in the choir at Sacred Heart Catholic Church in Baltimore Heart Church, eleven years old, was struck by August Krueger, ten years old, and died in a few minutes. Krueger was exonerated by a coroner's jury.

Killed by Eight Tons of Pig Iron

William P. Mitchell, a graduate of Brown University, this year, was killed by eight tons of pig iron, which broke through a ceiling and fell upon him at his desk in the office of the Stanley Electric Manufacturing Company in Pittsfield, Mass.

Wife Leaves Riches to Dogs

By the will of Mrs. Mary F. Snow of Hartford, Conn., Miss Phyllis C. Miller, a spinster living in Orange, Mass., will receive the income of \$10,000 for taking care of Mrs. Snow's two small imported dogs. The deceased left her husband but \$2,000.

Girl Shoots Her Mother

While trying to shoot a rat, 17-year-old Mary Owens of Wilkesbarre, Pa., accidentally shot her mother, the bullet entering the elder woman's lungs and causing a wound that probably will result fatally.

Access Postmaster and Wife

Postmaster Harvey B. Sanford and his wife, who is his deputy, of Oregon, Ohio, were arrested the other day. Sanford is charged with making false returns and his wife with the unlawful sale of postage stamps.

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TARIFF TRIP OF 13,000 MILES.

President Outlines Itinerary for Fall Visit to West and South.

President Taft has made public a tentative outline of the trip he will take through the South and West this fall. The big trip will be a swing around practically the entire United States, embracing a journey approximating 13,000 miles—as long as the cruise of the battleship fleet from Hampton roads, through the Straits of Magellan to San Francisco Bay.

The President, accompanied by Secretary Fred W. Carpenter, Captain Archibald W. Butt, his military aide, several White House attaches, and perhaps a guest or two for various parts of the trip, will travel in a private car attached for the greater part of the time to regular trains, but running "special" frequently. It will be a "White House on wheels." The President will start from Boston on Sept. 15, his fifty-second birthday.

Following is the itinerary as outlined:

- Sept. 15—Boston.
- Sept. 16—Chicago.
- Sept. 17—Madison and Portage, Wis.; Winona, Minn.
- Sept. 18—St. Paul, Minn.
- Sept. 20—Des Moines, Iowa; Omaha.
- Sept. 21—Denver, Colo.
- Sept. 22—Colorado Springs and Pueblo, Colo.
- Sept. 23—Glenwood Springs and Montrose, Colo.
- Sept. 24—Salt Lake City, Utah.
- Sept. 27—Butte and Helena, Mont.
- Sept. 28—Spokane, Wash.
- Sept. 29—North Yakima and Seattle, Wash.; Alaska-Yukon exposition.
- Oct. 2—Portland, Ore.
- Oct. 4—Sacramento, Cal.
- Oct. 5—Oakland, Berkeley, and San Francisco, Cal.
- Oct. 7, 8, 9—Yosemite valley.
- Oct. 10—Fresno, Cal.
- Oct. 11—Los Angeles, Cal.
- Oct. 14—Grand canyon, Ariz.
- Oct. 15—Albuquerque, N. M.
- Oct. 16—El Paso, Texas; meeting with President DeWitt.
- Oct. 17—San Antonio, Texas.
- Oct. 18—Corpus Christi, Texas.
- Oct. 23—Houston and Dallas, Texas.
- Oct. 25—St. Louis, Mo., and East St. Louis, Ill.
- Oct. 26—Cairo, Ill.; Hickman, Ky.
- Oct. 27—Memphis, Tenn., and Helena, Ark.
- Oct. 28—Vicksburg, Miss.
- Oct. 29—New Orleans, waterways convention.
- Nov. 1—Jackson, Miss.
- Nov. 2—Columbus, Miss., and Birmingham, Ala.
- Nov. 3—Macon and Savannah, Ga.
- Nov. 5—Charleston, S. C.
- Nov. 6—Augusta, Ga.
- Nov. 8—Columbia, S. C.
- Nov. 9—Wilmington, N. C.
- Nov. 10—Richmond, Va.
- Nov. 10—Washington, D. C.
- Nov. 11—Middlebury, Conn.
- Nov. 19—Norfolk, Va.
- Nov. 20—Hampton, Va.
- Nov. 21—Washington, D. C.

GOTHAM HAS MOTH PEST.

Myriads of White and Brown Insects Apsila Sweep Over New York.

What appeared to be a heavy mid-winter snowstorm was really myriads of small white moths which again visited New York all Sunday night. Again the little pests swarmed into the brightly lighted hotels and restaurants and clouded the street lamps, but this time they were accompanied by millions of large brown moths, some of them five inches from tip to tip, and as these flutched about the lights they looked like bats. A strange feature of these visitations which this summer are worse than ever before, and which the entomologists are trying to fathom, is what becomes of the moths at the break of day. With the first ray of daylight, they disappear, but no one has found where they go.

FIST BATTLE IN PARLIAMENT.

Deputies Riot and Smash Things in Row Over Church in Portugal.

Free thinkers of all political parties in Portugal, represented by a liberal committee, presented to the cortes Tuesday a petition for the suppression of the religious orders in Portugal and the abrogation of the laws against freedom of conscience. Senator Camacho moved the consideration of the subject. When the motion was voted down the galleries protested. On the floor of the House the deputies engaged in a struggle in which desks and chairs were overturned. Twice the chamber had to be cleared. The tumult was continued in the streets. Among other things the petitioners asked the abrogation of the law permitting religious associations to acquire landed property.

His First Hair Cut at 16.

Mary Sanford, 16 years old, residing near Franklin, Pa., had his hair cut for the first time in his life. The short locks weighed more than a pound. His parents, proud of the haircut, refused to allow it to be cut, but the boy is going to college next fall and finally decided for himself. Until he was 8 years old Harry wore his hair loose about his shoulders, but of late years he has braided it and let it hang down under his coat.

The Astor Fuel Machine.

The current number of the Scientific American contains an account of a new process invented by John Jacob Astor, the New York multimillionaire, for utilizing as fuel the peat deposits. The process involves the disintegration of the fiber of the peat so as to allow it to be thoroughly and uniformly heated. The machine is to be run by the gas derived directly from the peat. Colonel Astor says that he will experiment further.

Roosevelt Tires of Chase.

Frohm Nalvasha, East Africa, where the Roosevelt party has been hunting along Lake Nalvasha, comes the report that Col. Roosevelt has tired of the hunt and taken to his literary labors. The members were said to be shooting only rare specimens, as their collection had been completed. From Nalvasha the party will return to Nairobi and thence go to Kenya Province on August 5, with headquarters at Fort Hall. In a private letter, Mr. Roosevelt has complained of the reckless shooting of his son, Kermit, in hunting big game.

Stallion Hit Off Owner's Arm.

Attached by a stallion he was leading at Pottstown, Pa., Ephraim Weidner's left hand was bitten off by the brute, and he may die of consequent loss of blood. Weidner had been exercising the stallion and was about to tie the animal to a fence when it made a sudden bite at him and completely severed the arm at the wrist.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NEW TARIFF LAW.

CHIEF DECREASES.

	Old Rate.	New Rate.
Wool	15 p. c.	Free
Iron ore	40 cents a ton	15 cents a ton
Bituminous coal	67 cents a ton	45 cents a ton
Petroleum, crude or refined	Countervailing	Free
Lumber		
Bough	\$2 M ft.	\$1.25 M ft.
Finished	\$2 to \$4 M ft.	\$1.25 to \$2.75 M ft.
Timber, round, hewn, un-sawed	1 cent cubic ft.	½ cent cubic ft.
Wood pulp	1-12 cent lb.	Free
Printed paper	3-10 cent lb.	3-16 cent lb.
Leather, rough and sole	25 p. c.	15 p. c.
Boots and shoes	25 p. c.	15 p. c.
Same, after Oct. 1, 1909	25 p. c.	10 p. c.
Agricultural implements	20 p. c.	15 p. c.
Woods of art, 20 years old	20 p. c.	Free
Pig iron	\$4 a ton	\$2.50 a ton
Scrap iron and steel	\$4 a ton	\$1 a ton
Bar iron	6-10 cent lb.	3-10 cent lb.
Structural steel, unpunched	5-10 cent lb.	3-10 and 4-10 cent lb.
Sugar, refined		