

## WORLD'S DAILY NEWS

CAREFULLY COLLECTED AND CONCISELY STATED

### THAW STILL INSANE

HELD DANGEROUS TO PUBLIC PEACE AND SAFETY.

Decision By Justice Mills—No Crumb of Comfort in 7,000-Word Opinion—Jerome's Victory is Complete—Ordered Recommitted.

Harry K. Thaw's latest attempt to gain his liberty met with defeat Thursday when Supreme Court Justice Isaac N. Mills dismissed the writ of habeas corpus and declared that the release of the petitioner would be "dangerous to public peace and safety."

The signing of an order sending Thaw back to Matteawan, a formality, took place Friday morning in Justice Mills' chambers at Mt. Vernon, N. Y. There is no crumb of comfort for Thaw in the 7,000-word opinion handed down by Justice Mills. All the contentions of his old adversary, District Attorney Jerome, are supported, and it is declared that Thaw is still insane, still suffering from persistent delusions and still as much a paranoiac as on the day he shot Stanford White.

The order for Thaw's recommitment will be presented to Justice Mills and Thaw's attorney will then have a chance to oppose it or strive for a modification.

Thaw received the news with an outward calmness which appeared, however, more forced than real.

The members of his family and his attorney seem stunned by the thoroughness of their defeat. Thaw declined to give out any extended statement, contenting himself with the assertion that he was not disheartened and would at once continue his fight for liberty.

### FIRE IN NEW JERSEY.

Is Started by Overturning a Pan of Grease.

Washington Park, a pleasure resort on the Delaware river, ten miles below Camden, N. J., burned Thursday.

About 4,000 persons were attending a picnic of the Baltimore and Ohio Veterans' association on the grounds.

The fire was started in the kitchen of the park restaurant by the overturning of a pan of grease. Miss Jane Dagan, a cook, was scalded and died shortly afterward. The fire quickly spread and the building was soon a mass of flames.

The fire continued to spread to the surrounding buildings, which are used for various amusement purposes.

### KILLS GIRL HE LOVED.

Chicago Man Angered Because Woman Did Not Love Him.

Angered because the woman of his choice failed to reciprocate his affection, Thomas Katsnes Thursday, in Chicago, boarded a crowded street car and shot and killed Victoria Kawalo, the girl he loved.

Katsnes then shot himself, inflicting a slight wound. Katsnes was formerly a restaurant keeper and his victim was employed as a waitress in his restaurant.

### To Be Head of Great Western.

It was officially announced in St. Paul, Minn., Thursday that Samuel L. Felton, president of the Chicago and Alton railway, will formally be chosen president of the Chicago Great Western railroad when the reorganization is completed.

### Jack Johnson is Arrested.

Jack Johnson, the heavyweight pugilist champion of the world, was arrested in Chicago for exceeding the automobile speed limit in Michigan avenue. He was released after depositing \$50 as security for his appearance in court.

### Slous City Live Stock Market.

Thursday's quotations on the Sioux City live stock market follow: Top beefs, \$6.80. Top hogs, \$7.55.

### Regent of Abyssinia.

In view of the precarious health of King Menelik, full powers of regency have been granted to Ras Tesama, the guardian of Prince Lidj Peassu, the heir presumptive to the throne.

### 100 Persons Injured.

More than 100 people were injured by the collapse of the roof of a building at Pachuca, Mex., Sunday. Among the number is Bezaros, the opera singer, who was seriously hurt.

## 7,000 VETERANS ON PARADE.

Annual Grand Army March at Salt Lake City.

Midsummer heat thinned the annual parade of the Grand Army of the Republic, the feature of the forty-third reunion at Salt Lake, Utah, Wednesday, and wrought still more suffering among the hundreds of children who participated in the formations of the living flag. So aggressive was the heat that the plan calling for the living flag in the procession was abandoned.

At least 100 children and 20 old soldiers were taken from the street. Many of the victims, young and old, recovered as soon as they were placed in the shade. Those treated at the emergency stations numbered about forty, fifteen of them Grand Army men and thirty children. There were no fatalities. Three relief stations attended by trained nurses insured prompt and capable aid for all sufferers. The hours of the parade were the hottest hours of the hottest days since the beginning of the encampment. At 11 o'clock, when the column got under way, the weather bureau thermometer registered 85 degrees. Notwithstanding the discomfort, the parade was a great success. The 5,000 and more old soldiers, walking four abreast, had the complete right of way. Fully 100,000 persons saw, or tried to see, the spectacle. The Nebraska delegations carried ears of yellow corn. The Minnemotons were bearers of sheaves of wheat, and the Green Mountain boys of Vermont wore sprigs of pine in their hat bands. Arkansas had the distinction of sending the smallest division—there were but four wearers of her badge. Illinois made the largest numerical showing.

## WILL TRY TO BREAK WILL.

Kansas City Saloonkeeper Left \$117,000 to Charities.

A suit to break the will of Charles Schattner, a wealthy saloonkeeper and politician, who died a few months ago at Kansas City, Mo., leaving \$117,000 to local charities and about \$25,000 to negro employes, has been filed by Eugene Schattner, a brother. The estate was valued at \$200,000.

Eugene Schattner alleges that his brother was addicted to the use of intoxicants, which impaired his mind and made him incapable of making a will when the instrument was drawn. He also alleges that Mary E. Yates, a negro housekeeper, to whom the will gave \$10,000, exerted undue influence over his brother. A negro porter and a negro nurse were also beneficiaries under the will.

## FLOODS IN MEXICO.

Scenes of Desolation Confront City of Monterey—14 Dead.

The Santa Carina river returned to its banks Wednesday leaving a scene of desolation and destruction in the southern part of Monterey, Mexico. Fourteen lives are known to have been lost and estimates place the number as high as fifty. The exact figures will never be known as the district known as San Luliste, where most of the damage occurred, is inhabited by the poorer classes mostly and many occupied houses, which were washed away. Over 6,000 houses have been washed away in this one district and precisely all those left standing are more or less damaged.

## CLAYDE LINER ADRIFT.

Breaks Tail Shaft and is Being Driven Ashore by Wind.

The steamship Arapahoe, of the Clyde line for Jacksonville and Savannah from New York, broke her tail shaft Wednesday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock and was reported by wireless message received at Beaufort, N. C., at 4:50 o'clock that she was adrift helplessly. The ship at the time she was off "C. Q. D." was twenty-one miles off the Diamond Shoals lightship. The wind was strong from the northeast and is driving the ship on shore. She is heavily loaded and has a number of passengers on board.

## Negro Admits Guilt.

"Doctor" Walton, alias Williams, a young negro who murdered Mrs. Hattie Durcan in Chicago August 4, was arrested Wednesday. He was taken from a barricaded room after a fight with the police. He confessed, according to the police, that he killed Mrs. Durcan, and that he killed a woman in Memphis, Tenn., several years ago.

## Shot Down in the Street.

Victim of a vendetta, Rafael Cascone, defended by Albert T. Patrick, and befriended by Harry K. Thaw, whom he came to know in the Tombs, died at a hospital where he had lingered since he was shot down on the street in New York Wednesday by a boy of 16 years.

## Census Supervisors.

The names of more than 300 supervisors of the thirteenth census to be appointed by President Taft will be made public next week by the president.

## Moors' Camps Shelled.

A captive balloon in the Spanish army Wednesday discovered two new camps of Moors, which were promptly shelled by the Spanish artillery. The Moors were driven out, carrying away their dead and wounded.

Five deaths and a total of forty-seven new cases of infantile paralysis have been reported to the health department at St. Paul, Minn., seven new cases being reported Wednesday.

## TEN PEOPLE BURNED.

Flames Destroy a Hotel at Vernon, British Columbia.

Ten lives were lost in a fire that destroyed the Okanagan hotel at Vernon, B. C., Tuesday. The flames were discovered about 2 o'clock a. m., and so suddenly did they sweep through the building that when the firemen arrived and scarcely had a stream of water been turned on the blaze before the entire building was a mass of flames. Most of the sixty guests escaped, but some were unable to get out of their rooms. The dead were all western people.

There were many heroic rescues. A man named Hickling lost his life in the attempt to save the life of one of the servants after he had saved the life of a daughter of Julius Sigalete, one of the proprietors.

The firemen abandoned attempts to save the hotel and after carrying many guests through the windows they turned their attention to the adjoining building, for the fire threatened the entire business portion of the town.

When daylight came the work of searching the ruins for the dead began and all the bodies were recovered. Several were seriously injured and were removed to hospital.

The loss on the hotel is \$25,000.

## IS A PECULIAR CASE.

Woman in Hospital and Companion Under Arrest.

Suffering from hysteria and what the police say are the effects of a drug, Mrs. Elizabeth Nosker, who before she collapsed on the Twenty-eighth street subway platform in New York early Wednesday, described herself as the wife of a Chicago business man, is unconscious in a New York hospital. William H. Lehlan, of Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, is being held a prisoner under a charge of disorderly conduct until Mrs. Nosker is able to appear in connection with the case. At the hospital it was said she would recover.

Lehlan's arrest followed a report to a policeman that a man was trying to drag a woman from a cab into a hotel near Twenty-eighth street and Madison avenue early Tuesday morning. When the officer appeared the woman broke away from the man and, according to the policeman, fell on her knees on the sidewalk crying: "Take me away! Save me from that man! For God's sake take me home!"

The officer accompanied her to the subway station, where she collapsed, suffering from what the ambulance surgeon declared was the effect of a drug. The man who had followed her there, and protested that he was her friend and that there was nothing the matter with her, was arrested. He gave his name as William S. Lehlan. When he was asked about the trouble he said:

"There is nothing in the case. I have known her since she was 15 years old. I used to live in Chicago and we were playmates. I am the best friend she has and she knows it."

## KILLED BY MASKED MEN.

A Well Known Kentucky Farmer is Assassinated.

John Simpson, a well known farmer of Scottsville, Ky., was called from his cabin Tuesday night by six masked men and shot to death.

It is said the killing was the outcome of a suit instituted by a Mrs. Douglas to recover the custody of her child, in which action, it is alleged, Simpson took a prominent part in her behalf.

## Heir to a Fortune.

Mrs. Joseph Anderson, whose Indian name is "Wompuccua," a poor washerwoman of Des Moines, Ia., Wednesday night was notified that she will receive from the government \$60,000 as her share of the distribution of \$20,000,000 due the Choctaw Indians from Uncle Sam.

## Greek Flag Hauled Down.

The Greek flag which was run up over the fortress and the Cretan military barracks at Canea, Island of Crete, on July 27, the day after the evacuation of the island by the international troops, was lowered Tuesday as a result of the protests of the four protecting powers.

## Summer Hotel Burns.

Forty guests had narrow escapes from death Tuesday when the Hotel Hessel, at Hessel, Mich., eighteen miles northeast of Mackinack Island, was burned to the ground. A number of them escaped in their night clothing and lost all of their belongings.

## Town Nearly Destroyed.

A disastrous fire swept through the business section of Monticello, the county seat of Sullivan county, N. Y., destroying fifty or more stores, the postoffice, a bank, the Palatine and Mansion hotels and driving hundreds of summer colonists into the street.

## Russian Cholera Plague.

During the twenty-four hours ended Tuesday there have been 41 new cases of cholera and twelve deaths from the disease at St. Petersburg.

## Col. Pope Succumbs.

Col. Albert A. Pope, the pioneer bicycle manufacturer of the United States and well known as one of the first advocates of the existing good roads system, died at his summer home in Cohasset, Mass., Tuesday.

## Drought is Alarming.

The drought throughout eastern Pennsylvania is becoming so severe that unless rain comes soon the crops will be ruined.

## NEBRASKA STATE NEWS

CORPORAL CRABTREE'S TRIAL.

Blaze at Dixon.

Fire in the Nebraska Town Causes a Loss of \$25,000.

Six buildings in the heart of Dixon, a bank, general store, warehouse, saloon, meat market and restaurant, were burned to the ground Saturday. The town has no waterworks and all the wells were pumped dry. The origin of the fire is unknown. It started in the rear end of the warehouse. There was insurance on the bank, store, saloon and meat market. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

The parties losing property in the fire are:

A. G. Rahn, banker, building and fixtures, \$1,500; J. Curley, store building, \$1,200; Lindahl Bros., general merchandise, \$5,500; E. O. Flaherty, building and stock, \$2,200; D. C. Carroll, saloon, \$2,000; Long & Son, \$2,500; W. P. Truax, \$1,500.

The owners of the burned buildings say they will rebuild at once.

## COMPLAINT FILED IN LINCOLN.

Anti-Saloon League Asks Governor to Proceed Against Dalmatian.

Application was made to Gov. Shallenberger Monday to request the attorney general to bring proceedings to oust Mayor Dahlman and the members of the police board of Lincoln for participating in the transfer of the license to revoke the license of a saloonkeeper who was convicted in police court of violating the 3 o'clock closing law. The application was signed by B. F. Pellman, president, and Harry Stone, secretary, of the anti-saloon league of Lincoln, and it was supported by an affidavit setting out the conviction of the saloonkeeper and the failure of the board to revoke his license.

## TABLE ROCK BOY KILLED.

Thrown from His Horse and Fatally Injured.

James Hruska, the 15-year-old son of the late James Hruska, met with an accident near Table Rock which resulted in his death. He had been assisting in threshing and started for home on horseback, riding in considerable haste to get up his cows before dark. His horse stepped into a gopher hole, stumbled and fell, whether on him or not can hardly be determined, as no one witnessed the accident. He was found a little later by the threshing crew, but was never able to explain how the accident happened.

## PREFERS DEATH.

Old Man Hangs Himself Rather Than Go to Poor House.

Rather than go to the poor house, where relatives had arranged to have him taken, Jacob Flowers, 70 years old and a pioneer of Seward, hung himself in the door of the coal shed at the home of his daughter, where he had been living.

Flowers' case is a sad one. He has a number of well to do relatives who have refused to support him. Since he became too decrepit to work he has been living with his daughter on funds furnished by the county. Recently his relatives decided to send him to the poor house. When he learned of their decision he grieved over it until he decided to end his life.

## NEGRO KILLED BY WOMAN.

Used Dagger on Man Who Had Beaten Her.

Tom Phillips, a negro who was living with Dessie Smith, a white woman and who passed as his wife, is dead. At their home in Omaha Saturday night he demanded that she give him some money. She refused and he did not have any, whereupon he knocked her down and beat her. She managed to get away and obtaining a small dagger, stabbed Phillips five times with fatal result. Twice the blade penetrated his heart. The woman was placed under arrest.

## Pullman Rates Reduced.

The state railway commission issued an order reducing Pullman rates in Nebraska. The minimum of \$2 was cut to \$1.50 and the maximum from \$3.50 to \$2.50. The rate of seats being 25 cents out and on up at a jump of 25 cents, 5 cents was the unit. An arbitrary rate of 25 cents was made between Omaha and Lincoln and from Lincoln on the rate is 5 cents additional for every ten miles.

## Gage Company Bond Issue.

The state railway commission has given permission to the Gage County Gas, Light and Power company to issue funding bonds to the amount of \$100,000. Under the new law enacted by the recent legislature it is necessary for corporations to secure permission from the railway commission before issuing stocks or bonds.

## Held for Bastardy.

Fay Woodford, of Sioux City, Ia., who was arrested at that place, was given a hearing in Beaufort on a complaint against him by Lizette Kobrowski, charging him with being the father of her child, born last April. The young man was bound over to the district court, and in default of \$500 he was lodged in the county jail.

## Kearney Man Caught in Crash.

While digging a sewer back of the city hall at Kearney the ground caved in on C. J. Burke, completely burying him. After several minutes' work he was taken out unconscious. Mr. Burke is an old-time resident and is at the head of the firm of C. J. Burke & Son. His recovery is doubtful.

## Lightning Plays Pranks.

During the heaviest electrical storm for years around Neligh, lightning struck and burned a barn for Mrs. Hathaway, a stack of alfalfa for F. D. Thompson and struck the residence of Columbus Penn.

## Right of Way Man.

The state railway commission has employed Joseph M. Shively as right of way man to the state engineer and he will have charge of the work of placing a value upon the right of way of railroads under the recently enacted physical valuation law.

## Reward for Phillips.

Gov. Shallenberger has offered a reward of \$200 for the apprehension of James Phillips, who is charged with having murdered Marsh Hamilton in Omaha.

## Cattle Destroying Crops.

Hooker county homesteaders have petitioned Gov. Shallenberger to come to their assistance and save their crops from cattle, which are being grazed without being herded.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

CHICAGO.

The sustained improvement in business is emphasized by a high aggregate of payments through the banks, smaller trading defaults, and widening demands upon productive capacity and transportation facilities.

Tariff revision as an accomplished fact removes some uncertainties and the way is made easier to decide upon new projects. Iron and steel conditions have entered upon a most encouraging outlook, and the success of that industry imparts strength to many other industrial branches.

Factory outputs began to approach the best previous records. The aggregate of new demands for finished products assures increasing employment of facilities and labor, although the subject of adequate profits may for a time cause some hesitancy in commitments. Movements of commodities are seen to be steadily expanding and high temperatures cause widespread supplementary buying in the leading retail lines here and at the interior.

An expected advance in some costs has brought increased activity in wholesale lines of general merchandise, the attendance of visiting merchants being far above the numbers usual at this season. Crop reports remain uniformly good, particularly as to corn, and this prospect of an unprecedented addition to the purchasing power is construed as favorable to capital investment and renewed enterprise in commercial channels. Freight movements both east and west now draw more exhaustively upon available equipment, and grain marketings are exceptionally large and promise to continue so for months.

Bank clearings, \$257,815,620, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1908 by 21.2 per cent.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number 22, against 29 last week, 21 in 1908 and 24 in 1907. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 number 6, against 4 last week, 4 in 1908 and 4 in 1907.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade.

## NEW YORK.

With the advent of August the new tariff has become an accomplished fact, the leading crops are assuming more tangible form with some tempering of earlier exuberant estimates of yield; high premiums on old supplies of farm products are disappearing and the usual fall buyers' excursions are bringing purchasers to leading markets. There is also noted this year what was absent for two preceding years—a growing scarcity of labor.

On the other hand, there are some features of the trade and the industrial situation not as yet clearly defined. High raw material cost makes for caution in placing orders in some lines of cotton goods and the advance in the prices of some lines of finished iron and steel is claimed to have discouraged some new business.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending with Aug. 5 were 184, against 225 last week, 205 in the like week of 1908, 157 in 1907, 137 in 1906 and 166 in 1905. Canadian failures for the week number 27, which compares with 34 last week and 19 in the corresponding week of 1908.—Bradstreet's.

## MARKET OF THE WEEK

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime \$4.00 to \$7.50; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.50 to \$5.15; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.25 to \$5.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.01 to \$1.02; corn, No. 2, 65c to 67c; oats, standard 39c to 40c; rye, No. 2, 73c to 74c; hay, timothy, \$8.00 to \$15.50; prairie, \$5.00 to \$14.00; butter, choice creamery, 22c to 25c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 23c; potatoes, new, per bushel, 50c to 55c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.10; hogs, \$4.00 to \$8.05; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, \$1.06 to \$1.07; corn, No. 2, 65c to 66c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 73c to 80c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$8.10; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.05 to \$1.06; corn, No. 2, 2 yellow, 73c to 75c; oats, No. 2, white 48c to 50c; rye, No. 1, 72c to 73c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.25 to \$1.26; corn, No. 3, 66c to 67c; oats, standard, 51c to 53c; rye, No. 1, 79c to 80c; barley, standard, 70c to 72c; pork, mess, \$20.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$6.30; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.35; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.50; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$7.50.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, good to choice heavy, \$3.50 to \$8.00; sheep, good to choice, \$2.50 to \$6.15; wheat, No. 2, \$1.08 to \$1.10; corn, No. 2, white, 74c to 75c; oats, No. 2, white, 53c to 54c.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$7.40; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.13 to \$1.14; corn, No. 2, 78c to 79c; oats, natural white, 49c to 51c; butter, creamery, 23c to 26c; eggs, western, 21c to 24c.

## THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



### 1492—Columbus embarked from Palos, on his first voyage of discovery.

1619—First legislative assembly in America met at Jamestown, Va.

1684—Treaty of peace concluded at Albany between the Colonists and the Five Nations.

1711—A British and Colonial fleet sailed from Boston for the conquest of Canada.

1773—The city of Guatemala laid in ruin by the earthquake and the eruption of a volcano.

1776—The Declaration of Independence was engraved and signed by the members of Congress.

1783—Rhode Island refused to give Congress the power to levy an import duty of 5 per cent.

1789—First issue of the Pittsburg Gazette, the first newspaper west of the Allegheny mountains.

1794—Fall of Robespierre and end of the Reign of Terror.

1795—Commissioners of the United States met the Indian chiefs at Western tribes at Greenville, Ohio, and concluded a treaty of peace.

1802—First issue of the Western Spy at Cincinnati.

1810—First Presbyterian congregation in Missouri was organized at Bellevue settlement, in Washington County.

1822—The New Orleans Prices Current appeared in New Orleans.

1834—Opening of new bridge across the Thames River in London.

1842—Abolition riots took place in Philadelphia.

1846—Congress passed a tariff bill reducing the duties on imported goods.

1850—Delegates from Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the New England States met at Portland, Me., to discuss the project of a railway from Halifax to Portland.

1854—Yellow fever became epidemic in New Orleans.

1856—Kansas rejected the Lecompton constitution for the second time.

1864—Federals made an unsuccessful assault upon Petersburg, Va.

1866—Race riots in New Orleans on the reassembling of the State convention. Gen. William T. Sherman, commissioned Lieutenant General.

1868—Proclamation by the Secretary of State that the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States had been ratified by three-fourths of the States.

1870—Benjamin Nathan, a wealthy Hebrew citizen of New York, found murdered in his home; the mystery of the crime was never solved.

1872—Cuban privateer Pioneer seized by the United States marshal at Newport, R. I.

1873—Large section of Portland, Ore., destroyed by fire.

1874—Kansas militia engaged in battle with Comanche Indians on the Canadian River. Gen. Custer's expedition reached the Black Hills.

1876—Colorado admitted to Statehood.

1883—Southern exposition opened in Louisville.

1884—The Imperial Federation of Great Britain and Her Colonies formed in London.

1894—War declared between China and Japan.

1895—Serious flood in Fort Scott, Kansas.

1898—Military expedition, under Gen. Brooke sailed from Newport News for Porto Rico. Spain accepted the American