

WORLD'S DAILY NEWS

CAREFULLY COLLECTED AND CONCISELY STATED.

MANY ARABS KILLED

RETURN TO BATTLE REPEATEDLY AFTER BEING ROUTED.

French Forces Win Brilliant Victory Over Troops of the New Sultan, Plunging into Battle Immediately After Finishing Long March.

News has reached Tangier of a ten-hour engagement in a ravine near Settat Wednesday between a French column under the command of Gen. d'Armada and a column commanded by Mulai Rachid, one of the chiefs of Mulai Halid's forces.

In the later hours of the fighting Mulai Rachid's column was suddenly reinforced by the powerful Chaouia tribe which figured in the massacres at Casablanca and which had arrived in the mountains at the very moment when Mulai Rachid was about to retreat.

Under the combined charge of the now confident Moors the French not only threw their ground, but steadily threw back the enemy, driving them eventually in mad haste to the hills.

After destroying the camp of the enemy at Settat Gen. d'Armada pushed forward and occupied Kasbah Berrohid.

NO VOTE FOR WOMEN.

Sweden to Put Franchise Plan on the Shelf.

The formal opening of the first Swedish parliament under the reign of King Gustave took place in Stockholm Thursday with simple ceremonies.

King Gustave, who was present, in a speech from the throne, referring to the heavy responsibility devolving upon him with the death of King Oscar, promised to work in wholehearted zeal for the prosperity and progress of the fatherland and always to try and fulfill his duty.

Continuing, his majesty announced the suffrage bill adopted at the last session of the riksdag would be re-submitted to the present house for final approval, but said there was no intention of giving the franchise to women for the present.

JAP CABINET CRISIS.

Not to Entail Changes in Foreign Policies.

A mistaken idea prevails abroad in relation to the Japanese cabinet crisis, according to dispatches from Washington and London to the effect that an opposition victory might entail a change in Japan's foreign policies.

Nominates Postmasters.

The president Thursday nominated Jaul J. Sours to be postmaster at Denver, Colo., and Motley H. Flint to be postmaster at Los Angeles, Cal.

Authorizes Burlington Bridge.

The senate Thursday passed a bill to authorize the city of Burlington, Ia., to construct a bridge over the Mississippi river.

Sioux City Live Stock Market.

Thursday's quotations on the Sioux City live stock market follow: Beeves, \$5.00 to \$5.50. Top hogs, \$4.40.

Triple Illinois Tragedy.

Harvey Lickner killed his wife and 16-month-old son at their home near Tuscola, Ill., and cut his own throat with a razor. He had shown signs of insanity recently.

Hearings on Statehood Bill.

Hearings on the bill providing for the admission of New Mexico as a separate state will be begun before the house committee on territories Jan. 25.

THE NAVIGATION CONGRESS.

To Be Held at Sioux City January 22 and 23, 1907.

The preparations being made for the Missouri River Navigation congress, which is to meet in its first annual convention at Sioux City, January 22 and 23, promise to make that gathering a notable one.

While all of this organization and agitation is largely preliminary, it is important that the various waterways which have solid claims to consideration should secure a proper place in the general perspective, which congress will have before it when it finally takes the subject in hand.

Announcements of the navigation congress have been prepared by the executive committee. These are being mailed broadcast all over the territory which will be affected by the proposed opening of the inland navigation channels.

PRESIDENT AT FAULT.

Reichstag Speaker Blames Roosevelt for Crisis.

In the course of an interpellation in the reichstag at Berlin Tuesday referring to the high rate of discount charged by the Imperial bank, Count von Kanitz, conservative, suggested that President Roosevelt's threats against the trusts were responsible for the critical financial situation existing today throughout the entire world.

These threats, the count said, constituted the real cause of the present financial condition. He added that the opponents of the trusts must recognize that interference with the financial activity of the United States, which is based on the operations of the trusts, means interference with the entire economic situation in America.

RECEIVER FOR FRISCO BANK.

Court Takes Charge of Insolvent Santa Deposit Trust Company.

A receiver for the insolvent California State Deposit and Trust company, of San Francisco, which failed last November owing about \$9,000,000 to 12,800 depositors and of which institution two officials and one director are in the county jail charged with embezzlement, were appointed by Presiding Judge J. H. Coffey, of the superior court, Wednesday.

Federal Troops in Raid.

A mob of thirty soldiers from Fort Leavenworth, enraged by their suspicions concerning the death of a comrade whose body was found in a burning building in the tenderloin Sunday morning, and by assaults on others of their comrades, raided the "Gem," a resort at Leavenworth, Kan., driving out the inmates and demolishing the building.

Big Fire in St. Louis.

A five-story factory building, occupied by the Carruthers-Jones shoe company and other firms at 2440 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo., was destroyed by fire Tuesday morning. The loss is \$100,000.

For Homestead Entrymen.

The bill granting leaves of absence during December, January, February and March to homestead entrymen was passed by the senate Tuesday.

Steamer is Wrecked.

The British steamer Tolesby, bound from Galveston for Havre, went ashore during a heavy snow storm Monday night at Freshwater point, Cape Race, N. F. It is thought the vessel will be a total loss. The crew is safe.

Quarterly Dividend Deferred.

Directors of the Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry company, of New York, voted to defer action on the quarterly dividend. The previous dividend had been 19 per cent.

OUT FOR BIGGER FINE.

Sims Would Tap Oil Octopus for \$80,000,000.

Armed with instructions and data against the Standard Oil company, from which he demands \$80,000,000 in fines, United States District Attorney Sims, of Chicago, returned from Washington Wednesday to prosecute the cases. He had passed a week in the capital conferring with Attorney General Bonapare on the best way to secure conviction of the company, which already is under a \$29,240,000 fine for rebating. Attorney Sims announced that he would try the 4,000 remaining counts against the Standard Oil company as soon as they are reached on the court docket, beginning early next week.

The company is liable to a fine of \$20,000 on each of the 4,000 counts pending. No effort will be made to call any of the cases until Attorney John S. Miller, who is in the Walsh trial, is at liberty. This will be next week.

It is believed Judge Landis will hear the case, although in view of his \$29,240,000 fine the Rockefeller corporation may be expected to fight bitterly for another jurist to try the case. It is recalled that in his famous \$29,240,000 decision the Indiana judge hinted strongly that he did not consider the big oil trust entitled to either sympathy or consideration.

The basis for the new suits against the Standard Oil consists of two batches of indictments, one of more than 2,000 counts accusing the oil combine of accepting rebates from the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad and the other of more than 1,400 counts involving the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad.

MAY DISARM THE JAPS.

Said Conditions Are Becoming Intolerable in Vancouver.

The city council of Vancouver, B. C., passed a resolution asking the opinion of the city solicitor on the council's power to disarm the Japanese. Alderman McMillan declared that an intolerable condition now prevails in Vancouver. He believed that there was a regularly organized armed guard within Vancouver's Japanese town. Citizens, he declared, were being stopped by Japanese and in other cases peaceful citizens were halted on the streets and searched. The changing of guards by the Japanese from time to time, he declared, indicated the perfection of the system. The councilmen asserted that armed rings and cliques induce the recurrence of riots.

MILWAUKEE IN THE FIGHT.

Will Enter the Fight for the Trans-Pacific Trade.

It is reported that the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is to enter active competition with the Harriman and Hill lines for trans-Pacific trade. J. H. Hilland, third vice president, in charge of the traffic on the Milwaukee, it has developed, will sail from San Francisco for Japan on June 30. The Pacific coast extension of the Milwaukee will be completed to Seattle, Wash., during 1909, and the road then will be in a position to handle traffic through from Chicago. It is understood the Milwaukee management prefers a traffic alliance with some existing steamship company, but if it cannot be arranged the road is prepared to build and own steamers and establish its own line.

MURDERED HIM FOR \$150.

Negro Who Killed Sidney Herndon Is Arrested.

On information furnished the police Claude Brooks, alias "Slim," a negro, was arrested at Carrollton, Mo., charged with the murder of Sidney Herndon, who was found dead in his apartments at Kansas City, Mo., Monday morning. Brooks was brought to Kansas City and confessed the crime.

KILL BROTHER'S SLAYER.

Dr. Beauchamp, of Oklahoma, Shot Down by Two Texans.

Dr. F. D. Beauchamp, who killed Charles Thomas, of Chico, Tex., on a train at Hobart a year ago, was shot and killed at Lawton, Okla., Wednesday by two brothers of his victim, John Thomas, of Lawton, and William Thomas, of Chico, Tex., as he was boarding a train. Beauchamp killed Charles Thomas after discovering that he was in a liaison with Mrs. Beauchamp.

Abolish Capital Punishment.

The prince regent of Bavaria, who recently pardoned two murderers sentenced to death, has announced his intention not to sign any more death warrants.

Kills Wife and Himself.

In a fit of insanity Harvey Lackner, of Tuscola, Ill., gashed with an ax the head of his wife and that of his 7-month-old son and then killed himself. The woman died. The baby survived.

Treasury Buys Silver.

The treasury department Wednesday purchased 200,000 ounces of silver for delivery at New York and Philadelphia at 55.927 cents per fine ounce.

News of Nebraska

POST-GRADUATE FOR FARMERS.

Name Dr. A. T. Peters Gives to Meetings of Agricultural Societies.

Dr. A. T. Peters, head of the department of animal pathology at the state university, said in a recent interview: "We are making big preparations in Lincoln for the meeting of the various agricultural societies of the state there the week beginning Jan. 20," he said. "These meetings are becoming so popular that the crowd which attends completely swamps the hotels, lodging houses and restaurants. Last year we had 3,000 in attendance and indications are that this year the number will be exceeded.

It is a sort of postgraduate course for the farmers. The tuition is and there is always 'something doing' for the agriculturists. Also it has the pleasing characteristics of a county fair.

Prior to 1900 about twenty of the societies of the state held meetings at different times and places. Here is illustrated the old motto, 'United we stand, divided we fall.' The twenty societies held meetings at the most perfect manner. They were poorly attended and then only by those who came from a sense of duty.

In 1900 I suggested to Chancellor Andrews that we make an effort to amalgamate the societies. We did so and the success has been remarkable. It is a bigger affair and there is always something going on to interest the farmer. There are the swine breeders, the stock breeders, the poultry fanciers, the dry farmers, the butter people and all the rest.

COURT AT GRAND ISLAND.

John Wilson of Scotia Sentenced for Sending Obscene Matter in Mail.

At a session of the United States district court at Grand Island Monday morning John Wilson of Scotia, Greeley county, was arraigned on the charge of depositing a letter of an indecent and lascivious nature in the United States mails. The letter was addressed to a young woman of Scotia. The defendant pleaded guilty and was sentenced to sixty days in the Lancaster county jail at hard labor, there being the absence of any hard labor conditions in the Hall county jail; to pay a fine of \$200 and the costs of the prosecution. Judge T. C. Munger presided and there were present District Attorney Goss, District Clerk White, Circuit Clerk Thummel, Marshal Warner and Deputy Clerk Allan. In the circuit court the injunction of the Union Pacific restraining Robert Murray, of Silver Creek, from interfering with the Union Pacific right of way was made perpetual. The case of Brass against the Union Pacific was dismissed at the instance of the plaintiff at plaintiff's cost. In Holden against the Union Pacific leave was granted to withdraw a necessary a jury term might be held in the interim, in the absence of which the court was adjourned to the next regular session for the division.

MAN OF 70 ON LONG WALK.

Given Lodging for Night at Fremont on Way to Wyoming.

George King, an old man who said he was 70 years old and looked as though he might be older, was an applicant for lodging at the police station at Fremont Friday night. He said he was on his way afoot to Wyoming where he had acquaintances. The would give him a chance to do what little work he was able to do in payment of his board. He was entirely without money. The officers saw that he had a good breakfast and a little change before he started west. He is confident of making the trip all right.

Boy Accidentally Shot.

Scott, 13-year-old son of C. H. Kimmel, a rancher living in the Rosebud reservation, accidentally shot himself with a revolver Saturday morning. The bullet entered the boy's abdomen and inflicted a dangerous wound.

Boy Accidentally Shot.

Harry Fix, the 17-year-old son of Philip Fix, living four miles northwest of Clatonia, was killed Sunday while out hunting by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. He was found dead in a haystack by his father.

Want Sugar Beets.

The American Beet Sugar company is working the territory tributary to Sutherland for contracts with the farmers to grow beets the coming season. It is expected that a good acreage will be planted this year.

Dawson Man Commits Suicide.

Thomas Malone, who formerly lived near Dawson, shot himself with suicidal intent Sunday evening and died a few hours after.

Short Weight in Butter.

County Attorney Rawls, of Plattsmouth, has served notice on several merchants that complaints have come to him that they have been selling prints of butter for pounds that did not weigh that amount, and cautioned them that the practice must cease or prosecutions would follow.

Educators at Beatrice.

The Southwestern Nebraska Educational association will hold its annual meeting in Beatrice the last week in April.

PERU PEOPLE GET A SURPRISE.

Letters Alleged to Be Forged Contain Charges Against Postmaster.

A postoffice inspector surprised the people of Peru by calling on a number of prominent citizens to inquire concerning the management of the postoffice. He explained that charges had been filed against the postmaster, Mrs. Fay Whitfield, and by him sent to make an investigation. Everybody was surprised and wondered as to the cause of the investigation. It was ascertained later that the charges had been made in letters containing the signatures of people who are not now living in Peru, and that no one could be found who would admit that they knew anything at all concerning the charges contained in them. The letters making charges against Mrs. Whitfield had been sent to Congressman Pollard, and by him turned over to the postoffice inspector at Washington. Congressman Pollard is said to be greatly displeased with the methods used in this attack on the postmistress, and especially the efforts to influence him and the department by sending letters alleged to be forged. The people of Peru now insist on an investigation as to who wrote these letters to Congress, man Pollard, and feel assured that the government officials will not rest until the parties who have violated the national statutes have been brought to justice.

FORMER NEBRASKAN ARRESTED.

Charged with Embezzlement by an Elgin, Neb., Merchant.

The sequel to a case of bankruptcy came recently when Willet Keith, a young man who went to Aberdeen, S. D., about a year ago from Elgin, Neb., was arrested on the charge of embezzlement. The charge is preferred by John Davenport, a merchant of Elgin, and formerly a deputy sheriff at Sioux City, Ia., who went to Aberdeen with Sheriff Miller, of Antelope county, last year, and worked for Davenport, and the latter charges him with embezzling \$2,000. Soon after his arrival in Aberdeen Keith and his brother, who lives there and is well respected, opened a pretentious dry goods establishment, which lasted only a few months. The firm went into bankruptcy, and considerable sympathy was felt for the young men. Willet Keith's arrest created something of a sensation.

OMAHA LEADS IN BUILDING.

Spends \$4,536,643 in New Structures During the Year.

"Omaha put it all over every other city anywhere near her size in the United States last year," said Assistant City Building Inspector Grotte Monday. Mr. Grotte is an ardent sportsman, which explains the graphic figure which he uses. He referred to Omaha's record last year, when he declared that the city had produced figures to substantiate his claim regarding Omaha as a champion city for great growth. The figures show that Omaha constructed almost twice as many buildings during 1907 as any other city near her size, and 30 per cent more than some cities nearly double her size.

OFFICIALS HOLD OVER.

Amendment to Hastings' Charter Held to Work that Effect.

The city administration of Hastings has announced that an election next spring will be called only for councilmen and members of the board of education. Under this order the mayor, clerk and treasurer will hold over until their successors are elected and qualified in the spring of 1909. The terms for which they are elected expire next spring, but they have declined, after consulting attorneys, that there is no legal authority for an election to fill their places.

To Banquet New Citizens.

The Commercial club of Nebraska City has been making arrangements for a "Welcome to Nebraska City" banquet to be held some time the latter part of January or early in February. This will be a welcome to all those who have come to that city during the past year and intend making their home there. A number of new enterprises have started there, the banquet promises to be a large affair.

Shotgun Tears Boy's Arm.

William Selby, a 14-year-old youth, while out hunting by the accidental discharge of a shotgun with which he was poking out a rabbit, had his right arm torn off at the elbow. The boy was taken to a surgeon's office and did not complain when the wound was dressed, but sat up and told how the accident occurred while the surgeon was at work.

Checker Tournament.

The annual state checker tournament of Nebraska will open in Lincoln Wednesday morning, Feb. 5. Some twenty persons have notified the secretary that they will be there and it is expected that as many more will be in attendance.

Farm House Burned.

The farm house of David Trout, of Cozad, burned recently. Fire was caused by a defective flue. The house was a total loss, but most of the contents were saved. There was no insurance on the building. Loss in the neighborhood of \$500.

David City Housing.

The property in David City is on the boom. Several houses have changed hands during the last week, ranging from \$2,500 up to \$5,000.

PLANS FOR ESTABLISHING POSTAL BANKS

How Bills of Carter and Hitchcock Differ from Madden-Snapp Measure.

DISPOSITION OF THE FUNDS.

Democrat Provides for Board of Investment—All Fix Deposit Limit at \$1,000.

Upon the indorsement by Postmaster General Meyer and later by President Roosevelt of the postal savings bank system for the United States, three separate and distinct plans have been proposed to Congress as the proper procedure for establishing and putting into operation such banks. In the House of Representatives Representatives Madden, of Chicago, and Snapp, of Joliet, Ill., have introduced similar measures. Representative Hitchcock, of Omaha, a Democrat, has introduced another House bill, and Senator Thomas, of Montana, is the father of a senate bill. The main differences in these bills lie in the protection afforded depositors and deposits and in the investment features of the funds of the postal savings banks.

All these bills place a limit on the interest-bearing deposits which can be made by any individual within any single calendar year and finally, The Madden-Snapp bill provides that \$300 may be deposited within one year and that no interest shall be paid to any depositor upon a deposit in excess of \$1,000. The Carter bill makes the limit of annual deposit \$500 and the final limit of interest-bearing deposit \$1,000, while the Hitchcock bill has a double-barreled provision which is more complex. It provides a limit of monthly deposit of \$100 and the final limit of any single deposit at \$1,000. In addition it provides that no interest shall be paid on more than \$500 to any depositor and that if any depositor deposit more than \$200 in any one year interest shall not be paid on new deposits in excess of that amount.

Both the Madden-Snapp and Carter bills provide an interest rate of 2 per cent on deposits, while the Hitchcock bill stipulates that the rate on \$200 or less shall be 2 1/2 per cent, and over that amount and up to \$500 the rate shall be fixed by a board of investment, composed of the Postmaster General, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Comptroller of the Currency.

In establishing postal savings bank adjuncts to post offices there is also a difference between the Madden-Snapp bill and the others. The Madden-Snapp measure gives the Postmaster General discretion in the selection of offices for postal savings bank purposes; the Hitchcock bill is mandatory in that money order post offices are to be branches of the postal savings bank system, while the Carter bill makes all first, second and third-class post offices branch postal savings banks and gives the Postmaster General some discretion as to further extension into the fourth-class post offices.

In administration the Madden-Snapp bill provides a general superintendent of postal savings banks, with such assistants and clerks as may be necessary, while the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to increase the auditor's force in the Post Office Department. The sum of \$50,000 is set aside to start the banks in operation. Both the Hitchcock and Carter bills stipulate that the head of the postal banks shall be an officer known to the Fifth Assistant Postmaster General, and ask \$100,000 to establish the banks.

Why More Boy Babies Die.

Dr. Francis Warner, senior physician of the London hospital, has drawn attention to a curious sex problem. Taking the births of 1905, he showed that 57 per cent were boys, yet the death rate of boys was so much higher than that of girls that 5-year-old children only 45 per cent were boys. Further statistics showed that 27 per cent of boys, as compared with only 22 per cent of girls, died in the first year. Dr. Warner attributed the preponderance of females in England, despite the more numerous birth of boys, to the fact that a much larger proportion of males had the same physical defect. A minute examination of thousands of children showed that 9 per cent of boys were physically defective, as compared with 7 per cent of girls, but taking the children's medical wards, where practically all were physically defective, the mortality of defective girls was higher than that of the boys. Hence he deduced that while the female sex apparently approaches closer to normality than the male, yet when abnormalities are found equally in both, the girls have less vitality, a fact which causes a more rapid breakdown under an added strain. It was also noted that while the male sex supplied a great majority of criminals, yet in murders complicated with lunacy women were in a great majority.

John E. Redmond, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, and William O'Brien, nationalist member of the parliament for Cork, are unable to reach an agreement for summoning a national convention on a new basis of representation, according to a cable from Dublin, Ireland. Clarence Darrow has so far recovered from his illness that he has been able to move from the California hospital in Los Angeles to private apartments. It is believed that all necessity of an operation has passed.



The Signal Corps of the War Department has made public specifications for the construction of a dirigible balloon to be used in a series of tests at Fort Myer next spring. The balloon for furnishing the balloon will be opened at the department on Jan. 15 next. The balloon is to consist of a gas bag of silk, to be covered with an aluminum preparation. The material for the bag and the hydrogen with which it will be inflated will be furnished by the government. The dimensions and shape of the bag will be left to the bidders, except that the length must not exceed 120 feet. It must be designed to carry two persons having a combined weight of 350 pounds; also at least 100 pounds of ballast. A speed of twenty miles an hour in still air is desired, and the scheme of ascending, descending and maintaining equilibrium must be based on shifting weights, movable planes or some method which will not necessitate balancing or changing of position by the aerostat. The balloon must have all the fittings necessary for successful and continuous flights. It will be accepted only after a trial flight to be held at Fort Myer next spring.

In a recent address at New York City Francis E. Leupp, commissioner of Indian affairs, took occasion to reply to some of the criticisms that have been made regarding the treatment of the Indians by his bureau. He outlined the present policy of the government as that of absorbing the Indian into the white man's civilization, thus reversing the old policy of assisting him in his ardent desire of keeping as separate from the white man as he possibly could. He expressed the opinion that the final solution of the problem would be reached by intermarriage. He described the success of the government in making the Indian work; even the Utes, he said, were now working on the railroads and helping to build up the country of which they were a part. The commissioner said it was true the white man had taken the land from the Indian, but he added that the reservations sooner or later reverted to the blanket. But their children start away ahead of where their parents dwelt that the schooling was by no means wasted.

An unusual view of the army lately presented in a complete over the decrease in strength of coast artillery regiments. The Ten Company, for instance, which numbered a hundred and one men in 1900, was able to get out only fourteen in the ranks in October. The explanation offered is that the men in the coast artillery receive training in some branch mechanics, and can get employment outside at good wages. One officer instructed his company in the art of telephone repairing, and made the company so efficient that the telephone company in the neighboring city offered the sixty and seventy dollars a month, in some cases bought the discharge of the men, so that they might begin work before their enlistment expired. If army can train its men as effectively as this, it ought to be a pretty good school.

If there are not forty-eight men on the flag within a year or two will not be for lack of effect on part of Arizona and New Mexico. A convention of delegates from a part of New Mexico adopted resolutions the other day demanding the mission of the territory as a condition of the Arizona and New Mexico. The governor of Arizona has replied that the statehood sentiment in the territory is stronger than ever before. Bills were introduced in the Senate the first working-day of the session, providing for the creation of two new States out of the territories. As the effort to pass a statehood bill has been abandoned, it is now necessary for the two territories to convince Congress that they are worthy to be admitted to the Union.

According to Tevemas V. Power, formerly grand master of the Knights of Labor and now connected with the government Bureau of Immigration, the extensive railroad building in Italy, as a result of the presidential election and scare headlines in the newspapers, has caused the present epidemic of emigration from the United States. "No need be felt because of the ebullience," he says. "There is more to do in this country than there was before; there is a second chance for men and women to do it, and the months of the next year will see a return of aliens, who will be able to remunerative employment in this territory."

The War Department has passed a general order of the President, giving field officers to make one practice marches of three consecutive days of not less than thirty miles in his order the President may just as much the duty of army "to pursue such habits as will be a physical condition for the active service as to cultivate their mental and intellectual duties of their profession."