

JOHN BARRY AT GAYETY

Is Famous for the Line, "I'll Kill 'Im!"—Another Superlatively Good Columbia Burlesk

Noah Webster defines the word "bon ton" as follows: "The style of persons in high life; good breeding; fashionable society; height of fashion." Advance reports have it that Jacobs and Jermon's big show coming to the popular Gayety theatre next week is all of these things. Its principal entertainers are high in the acting profession; they display more than ordinary good breeding in their work; they belong to the social elite of the stage and the show itself is the height of fashion and modern in every way.

John Barry, the featured comedian of the piece, comes of a family of thespian aristocrats, none being better known or more highly respected than the famous Barrys. Bernice LaBarr, the prima donna, descends from one of the best old Southern families of Tennessee; Lou Barry, is also of a splendid old American family, as are Sam Raynor, Louise Wright and Eddie Simmons, while Walter La Foye counts among his ancestors some of the old Bourbon stock of France.

So much for the breeding of the cast. As to the show itself—every line and situation in it has been written in the good taste and refinement. While the comedy is uproarious, it is still wholesome and refined, and the fifteen or more musical numbers are of the type that is popular in the drawing rooms of the best homes. The dancing is full of dash and grace, but at the same time entirely lacking in suggestiveness. And this carries us to Mr. Webster's final definition of the word—the "height of fashion" which refers to the scenes and costumes of the "Bon Tons". Here the producers have exerted the greatest care and good taste in equipping their production with an array of stage settings and gowns that are not only in the height of fashion but which even anticipate the coming modes.

As to the ladies of the ensembles—the chorus—they too, individually and collectively, show breeding and beauty, while at the same time displaying a pleasing ability in their interpretation of the many intricate dance steps and in the cultured singing of the many charming songs of the piece. Nor are they a disappointment as mannikins for the display of the gorgeous costumes.

So in every way the "Bon Tons" lives up to its definition in the dictionary. Its name is no misnomer.

Ladies' matinee at 2:15 daily all week. Sunday's matinee at 3:00.

HALLOWEEN SUPPER CHITTERLINGS SERVED

Meet us at the Halloween Chitterling supper to be given by Friendship Temple, S. M. T., Wednesday afternoon and night, October 31, at the U. B. F. hall, 2426 Grant street. 25 cents per plate. A beautiful woolen blanket awarded to person holding lucky number.—Adv.

LINCOLN NOTES
By W. W. Mosley.

Mrs. Maud Gates is reported able to be up and around home.

Miss Effie Vannel is home from Minneapolis and the north.

Mrs. Louisa Hollinger is reported confined to her bed with illness.

Mrs. Fanny Young attended the superintendent's and teachers' association meeting at Omaha last Thursday night.

The members of the Newman M. E. church had a very successful dinner at the church last Friday night.

Sunday was rally day at the Newman Methodist church. Rev. Mr. Carter preached morning and night. Special services were held in the afternoon. Rev. H. W. Botts of Mt. Zion Baptist church preached a fine sermon which every one enjoyed. The several churches and their pastors were in attendance. A neat sum of money is reported to have been raised.

About fifty members and friends of Mt. Zion Baptist church assembled at the church on last Thursday night under the guidance of Mrs. Irene Mosley and Mrs. Jennie Johnson. When all were in readiness, a committee of women retired to the parsonage, persuading the pastor, H. W. Botts, out, immediately blind folding and leading him into the church, where he was seated near a table laden with good things to eat. When the blind fold was dropped his eyes beheld the objects before him, surrounded by his members and friends. He being so completely surprised that he remained silent some minutes, when he gave vent to his feelings, and heartily thanked his friends for turning aside and coming forth in the mid-week, and for the purpose of showing their love for him by trying to make him happy. He thanked one and all for the laden table of goods.

At the Mt. Zion Sunday Rev. H. W. Botts preached two fine sermons to good sized audiences. The Sunday school and B. Y. P. U. had nice services and lessons were well explained. The Saturday night serving club gave a fine report. The church is progressing nicely and the working members are doing their best.

Rev. M. C. Knight interested his folks at the A. M. E. church last Sunday by his fine sermons. The Sunday school and A. C. E. society being well attended. The working members of the church are doing their best to keep up the interest in the church.

BETHEL A. M. E. CHURCH
(Rev. Frederick Divers, Pastor)

Sunday school was good last Sunday. There were a number of new pupils and new interest is manifest in the work.

Sunday morning Mme. Ludista Sims occupied the pulpit to the delight of a good congregation. In the afternoon service, which was specially to

the women, she preached again, this time to a larger congregation, and at the evening service which concluded the revival she preached to a "packed" house.

During this revival there were 40 persons added to the various churches, 25 of them coming to Bethel, and the church was built up in many other ways.

Our financial drive is on to meet our

EUROPE'S ARMIES
TOTAL 3,917,949

2,000,000 Fewer Men Under Arms Than in 1913.

RUSSIA LEADS WITH 928,000

Europe today is less of an armed camp by nearly 2,000,000 men than it was in 1913, the year before the World war, says the New York Times. In that year, according to the most reliable information, there were 4,639,200 men under arms in the active armies of Europe. These armies included reserves on active duty, but the total size of the European forces given for 1913 does not include organized reserves not on duty, neither does it take into consideration the unorganized reserves that in time of emergency enter into the military man-power of the nations of Europe.

The total number of men in the active armies of Europe on December 31, 1922, according to analysis of reliable reports received in Washington, was 3,917,949 men. This total is worked out on the same basis of comparison as that for 1913. It takes into consideration the forces known to be in the active armies and includes reserves only where they are on active duty. Comparison of these totals indicates that the active armies of Europe today contain 1,751,251 fewer men than these same armies totaled in 1913.

Cost Has Quadrupled. There is a popular impression that the armies of Europe are larger today than they were in the year preceding the outbreak of the war. It has even been charged that there are 2,000,000 more men under arms in Europe than was the case in 1913. There is nothing to sustain this assumption, say the experts in Washington whose business it is to have definite knowledge of the subject.

Another outstanding fact in the European military situation of today is that the cost of maintaining armies has gone up tremendously. The armies of 1922, although generally smaller than those of 1913, cost considerably more than those of the pre-war year, even in the United States. Official figures covering the military expenditures of the United States and certain other countries show that the 1922 expenditures are considerably in excess of those of 1913. The increase is largest in the Italian army, which now costs more than six times what it did ten years ago, despite the fact that its personnel is 50,000 less than in 1913.

Armies Come High. The British and French armies are costing about four times as much as they did a year ago. The military expenditures of Great Britain in 1913 amounted to \$28,220,000, as compared with \$115,870,500 in 1922, so that the ratio of 1922 expenditures to those of 1913 was 4.10 for Great Britain. The figures given for the British army include, so far as 1922 is concerned, only one-half of the expenditures for the British air service, which is not under regular army control.

Officially checked figures show that the military expenditures of France in 1913 aggregated \$87,224,376 francs, as compared with 4,190,000,000 francs in 1922. In other words, the French army cost 4.23 more in 1922 than it did in 1913, although the personnel was only 45,000 larger on December 31 last than in the year preceding the war.

Similarly, comparing the cost of the Italian army in its own coin of the realm, the government's military expenditures in 1913 aggregated 424,330,058 lire, while in 1922 it had risen to 2,607,043,000. Consequently, the Italian people are spending 6.14 times as much on their army as they did ten years ago, even though the personnel of their active force is 50,000 smaller.

Bolshevist Army Totals 928,000. The largest army in Europe in 1913 was that of Russia, when there were 1,290,000 soldiers on active duty. The flower of the Russian forces was blighted by the World war. Russia today, under Bolshevist dominance, is credited with an active army of 928,000 men, well trained and well armed. Some persons may think that the Bolshevist army of nearly a million is only a paper force. But this is far from the truth.

Leon Trotsky, the Russian minister of war, declared in his official report in December, 1920, that the strength of the Bolshevist army was 5,000,000 men. Experts do not doubt that such a force existed, although it was not so well armed or trained as the present smaller force. By the end of 1921 it had been reduced to 1,595,000 men, and a year later to 928,000. Authentic information says that the army is being reduced still further, although every effort is expended to make it more efficient.

France Has More Troops. It has been the reduction in Germany, Austria, Russia, Hungary, Bulgaria and Italy that has brought down the size of the armies of Europe today. The active armies of these six nations alone are about 1,600,000 smaller than at the beginning of the war. But about 500,000 more men are serving under the flags of Spain, Portugal, Serbia, Greece, Switzerland, Belgium, Rumania and Denmark at this moment than in 1913.

France, the size of whose army is a matter of much conjecture today, had, as a matter of fact, only 450,000 men in active service at the beginning of this year than she had when Germany invaded her in 1914. The active army of France on December 31, 1922, was 750,000 men, and her or-

ganized reserve on that day totaled 4,420,000 men. On this basis the total military man power of France, without taking into consideration unorganized reserves, was 5,170,000 in a population of only 39,200,750, compared with a German population of 60,000,000.

In any reference to the French military organization it should be pointed out that these totals do not include the splendidly organized and trained colonial forces which performed such great service in the war and which today, better organized than ever before, are still at the call of the mother country. Likewise the British total of 165,000 active does not begin to represent the measure of the British strength.

Europe's Armies of Today. The following table, based on the most dependable information obtainable in Washington, shows at a glance the European active man-power situation in 1913 and in 1922:

Country	1913	1922
Great Britain	184,500	165,000
France	705,700	750,000
Italy	300,000	250,000
Spain	128,000	215,949
Portugal	50,000	71,000
Switzerland	140,000	250,000
Germany	456,000	100,000
Austria	530,000	30,000
Hungary	230,000	25,000
Russia	1,200,000	928,000
Serbia	110,000	120,000
Greece	22,000	115,000
Belgium	42,800	120,000
Rumania	150,000	200,000
Bulgaria	59,200	14,000
Montenegro	30,000	20,000
Denmark	13,700	27,500
Sweden	15,000	19,500
Norway	25,000	30,000
Netherlands	120,000	120,000
Czechoslovakia	150,000	150,000
Estonia	25,000	25,000
Latvia	20,000	20,000
Poland	250,000	250,000
Total	4,669,200	3,917,949

In the table the active army of 165,000 credited to Great Britain for 1922 embraces only British troops in the United Kingdom and does not include any of the British troops in India nor the colonial, Dominion, native Indian or Egyptian units. No figures showing separate strength for Montenegro for 1922 are given because that nation, independent in 1913, has been merged with Serbia into the new Yugoslav nation. Czechoslovakia, Estonia, Latvia and Poland did not exist as separate nations in 1913, but as a result of the war have been carved out of Russia, Germany and Austria, and now maintain armies of their own.

War Cut Gaps in Armies. Fourteen European nations now require compulsory military service. These are Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, France, Greece, Italy, Yugoslavia, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland.

Although the World war cut great gaps in the military man power of Europe, it did not by any means wreck it to the extent generally assumed. In proof of this the following table as of December, 1922, tells the story at a glance:

Country	Total Man Power	Power in P. C.	Ratio
Albania	100,000	10.0	10.0
Austria	765,000	11.9	11.9
Belgium	1,131,500	15.1	15.1
Bulgaria	600,000	12.5	12.5
Czechoslovakia	1,795,000	13.0	13.0
Denmark	400,000	14.0	14.0
Estonia	175,000	13.4	13.4
Finland	500,000	14.8	14.8
France	5,170,000	13.1	13.1
Germany	4,250,000	10.9	10.9
Great Britain	5,700,000	11.8	11.8
Greece	450,000	13.4	13.4
Hungary	615,000	7.5	7.5
Italy	4,250,000	10.9	10.9
Jugoslavia	2,000,000	11.8	11.8
Latvia	200,000	14.2	14.2
Lithuania	195,000	4.5	4.5
Netherlands	820,000	12.1	12.1
Norway	405,000	15.2	15.2
Poland	2,000,000	7.5	7.5
Portugal	931,000	14.6	14.6
Rumania	1,300,000	7.7	7.7
Russia	5,630,750	4.2	4.2
Spain	3,067,000	14.7	14.7
Sweden	500,000	9.7	9.7
Switzerland	602,000	16.0	16.0

The regular army of the United States totals about 137,000 men, while the organized reserves total about 312,000 and the unorganized reserves more than 15,000,000. The man-power of America in per cent of population is 14.9.

ARMY NEEDS MEN—PERSHING

Instructs Commanders to Take Action to Fill Ranks.

General Pershing, in a letter issued from Washington to commanding generals of all corps areas, gives some figures on the expected losses in enlisted personnel during the next six months. "I wish to call your attention to the estimated losses that will occur in the enlisted personnel of the army during the next six months," said General Pershing. "They are as follows: August, 7,591; September, 6,955; October, 7,818; November, 8,983; December, 10,385; January, 11,562.

"The present actual strength of the army is about 113,000, and the recruiting service is obtaining about 4,000 men per month. Unless enlistments are materially increased the army will find itself next January reduced to a point which will seriously affect the proper training of our citizen soldiers.

"In addition to increased effort for the enlistment of new men in the service by the use of additional canvassers, etc., organization commanders must take energetic action to obtain the re-enlistment of men to be discharged."

Georgia Granite Offered for Harding. Sufficient Georgia granite to construct a tomb for the late President Harding has been offered the town of Marion, O., by Hollins N. Randolph, president of the Stone Mountain Confederate Memorial association.

payment Nov. 5th, and we are asking our friends to come to our aid during the next two weeks.

Baptismal service next Sunday morning.

ALLEN CHAPEL A. M. E. CHURCH

Twenty-fifth and R Streets, So. Side. Rev. O. J. Burckhardt, Pastor.

The Sunday school shows steady growth under the superintendency of W. L. Carter. The morning service was well attended. The pastor preached. Allen League met at 6:30 p. m. under the chairmanship of Rev. S. E. Gross and elected the following officers: S. E. Gross, president; W. L. Carter, vice-president; Miss O'Lea Redd, secretary; Mrs. Christine Martin, assistant; Miss Elsie Carter, treasurer. Next Sunday night the Senior choir will give a sacred concert. The usual services will be held throughout the day.

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FOR RENT—Nicely furnished modern rooms, one block from car line. Webster 3567.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room for couple or men. WE bster 3576.—8-31.

Help Wanted

WANTED—Colored men to qualify for sleeping car and train porters. Experience unnecessary, transportation furnished. Write T. McCaffrey, Supt., St. Louis, Mo.

Wanted—Wide awake boys to sell The Monitor every Saturday.

Miscellaneous

Madame A. C. Whitley, agent for the Madam South and Johnson hair system, wishes to announce to her many friends and patrons that she has moved to 2724 Miami street. Tel. Webster 3967.—Adv.

WILL CARE FOR CHILDREN during day. Webster 5660.

Many are showing their appreciation for the Monitor by sending in their subscriptions. Are you a subscriber? If not, why not? Is your subscription due? If so, please pay it promptly.

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FOR SALE—6-room modern house, half block from Twenty-fourth street car line. For information call Webster 2179, until 9 p. m.; after that Webster 1373.

Nebraska Civil Rights Bill

Chapter Thirteen of the Revised Statutes of Nebraska, Civil Rights. Enacted in 1893.

* Sec. 1. Civil rights of persons. All persons within this state shall be entitled to a full and equal enjoyment of the accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of inns, restaurants, public conveyances, barber shops, theatres and other places of amusement; subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable alike to every person.

Sec. 2. Penalty for Violation of Preceding Section. Any person who shall violate the foregoing section by denying to any person, except for reasons of law applicable to all persons, the full enjoyment of any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges enumerated in the foregoing section, or by aiding or inciting such denials, shall for each offense be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, and pay the costs of the prosecution.

"The original act was held valid as to citizens; barber shops can not discriminate against persons on account of color. Messenger vs State, 25 Nebr. page 677. N. W. 638."

"A restaurant keeper who refuses to serve a colored person with refreshments in a certain part of his restaurant, for no other reason than that he is colored, is civilly liable, though he offers to serve him by setting a table in amore private part of the house. Ferguson vs Gies, 82 Mich. 558; N. W. 718."

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