

SOUTHERN REPRESENTATION WILL BE RADICALLY REDUCED BY MIGRATION, THE OPINION OF BLEASE

KANSAS WARMLY WELCOMES WORKERS FOR RACIAL JUSTICE

Fourteenth Annual Conference of the National Advancement Association Opens Annual Session.

COOLIDGE SENDS MESSAGE

Mayor and County Counselor Deliver Addresses of Welcome—Many Notables Are Present—Mass Meeting.

Kansas City, Kansas, Sept. 7.—With delegates in attendance from nearly every state in the Union, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People opened its Fourteenth Annual Conference in Kansas City, Kansas, with a mass meeting on the night of Wednesday, August 29. Mayor W. W. Gordon and the Hon. J. L. Brady, County Counselor of Wyandotte County, delivered warm addresses of welcome and a message of greeting was read from President Calvin Coolidge in which the President termed the N. A. A. C. P. as "representative of one of the most useful and effective efforts in behalf of the colored people of the country." Others who spoke at the meeting were Bishop W. T. Vernon of the A. M. E. Church of South Africa, and Lester A. Walton, negro state correspondent of the New York World.

On the day before the meeting special cars rolled into the Kansas City Terminal, bringing delegates and visitors from all parts of the country and it was estimated fully 500 people had come to the conference from distant parts of the country, states as distant as Texas, California, and New Jersey being represented.

In his address of welcome Mayor Gordon asserted that colored people were entitled to the co-operation of whites and should have it. He said there had never been racial strife in Kansas City, Kansas, and said that relations were so cordial he had told the police department "to go fishing" during the conference. Mayor Gordon said:

"The destiny of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People lies within the co-operation of its membership because no organization of any kind, no State or Nation, can survive a wave of opposition unless those who compose the organization stand nobly by it and advocate its cause. In doing this, you must have the co-operation of the white race as well as of the colored race. This you are entitled to receive and I have no doubt that this co-operation will be gladly given you."

Bishop Vernon spoke of the injustices that were driving colored people northward from the southern states and Mr. Walton of the New York World, urged that the migrants be helped in every possible way to adjust themselves in their new environment. He urged the establishment of housing commissions, composed jointly of white and colored citizens.

White Southern Woman Speaks
At the second evening mass meeting, Mrs. Thos. W. Bickett, widow of the former governor of North Carolina and chairman of the woman's section of the Inter-Racial Committee, delivered an address of greeting from that body and told of the southern women's efforts to stamp out lynching and mob violence. She said committees were at work in every southern state, and in 800 counties, working for race betterment. She said:

"We are a long, long way from solving the race problem in the south, but we have made a hopeful beginning. As interested, thoughtful white men and women we are seeking through our civic and religious organizations to meet in the spirit of co-operation and leading men and women of the negro race in the community in which we live. We are becoming increasingly conscious of the fact that as those in authority our responsibility towards the Negro cannot be evaded and many of our people are going forward with a determination that no unfair advantage shall be taken of the Negro, but that he shall receive justice and fair treatment which is his due, and which we cannot withhold if we wish to retain

AN IMPORTANT EVENT AT HAMPTON INSTITUTE

Four Students Receive Degrees in Agriculture at Famous Seat of Learning.

Hampton, Va., Sept. 7.—An epoch making event took place in Ogden Hall, Hampton Institute, Thursday evening, August 30, when the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agricultural Education was conferred upon each member of the first class to graduate from the new agricultural college course. Five young men started this course, and of the five four remained to the end. These four represent the North, South, East and West—Harrison D. Jacobs from Massachusetts, Thomas E. Johnson, Jr. from Mississippi, Burke M. Mathias from Oklahoma, and D. Coaklen Jones from Georgia. These four young men already have excellent positions upon which they will enter at once. The first becomes a teacher of agriculture in the State Normal School at Elizabeth City, N. C., the second a teacher of vocational agriculture in a high school in Marion, Ark.; the third a teacher of agriculture in Langston University, Langston, Oklahoma; and the fourth will become a farm-demonstration agent under the Federal Government in Virginia.

For more than half a century Hampton Institute has been known as a secondary school, and when it was proposed to add courses of college grade some doubted whether such a thing would actually be done. The conferring of degrees has conclusively answered all such doubters. Hampton Institute has now taken its place among institutions of college grade.

THE THIRD PAN-AFRICAN CONGRESS MEETS IN NOVEMBER

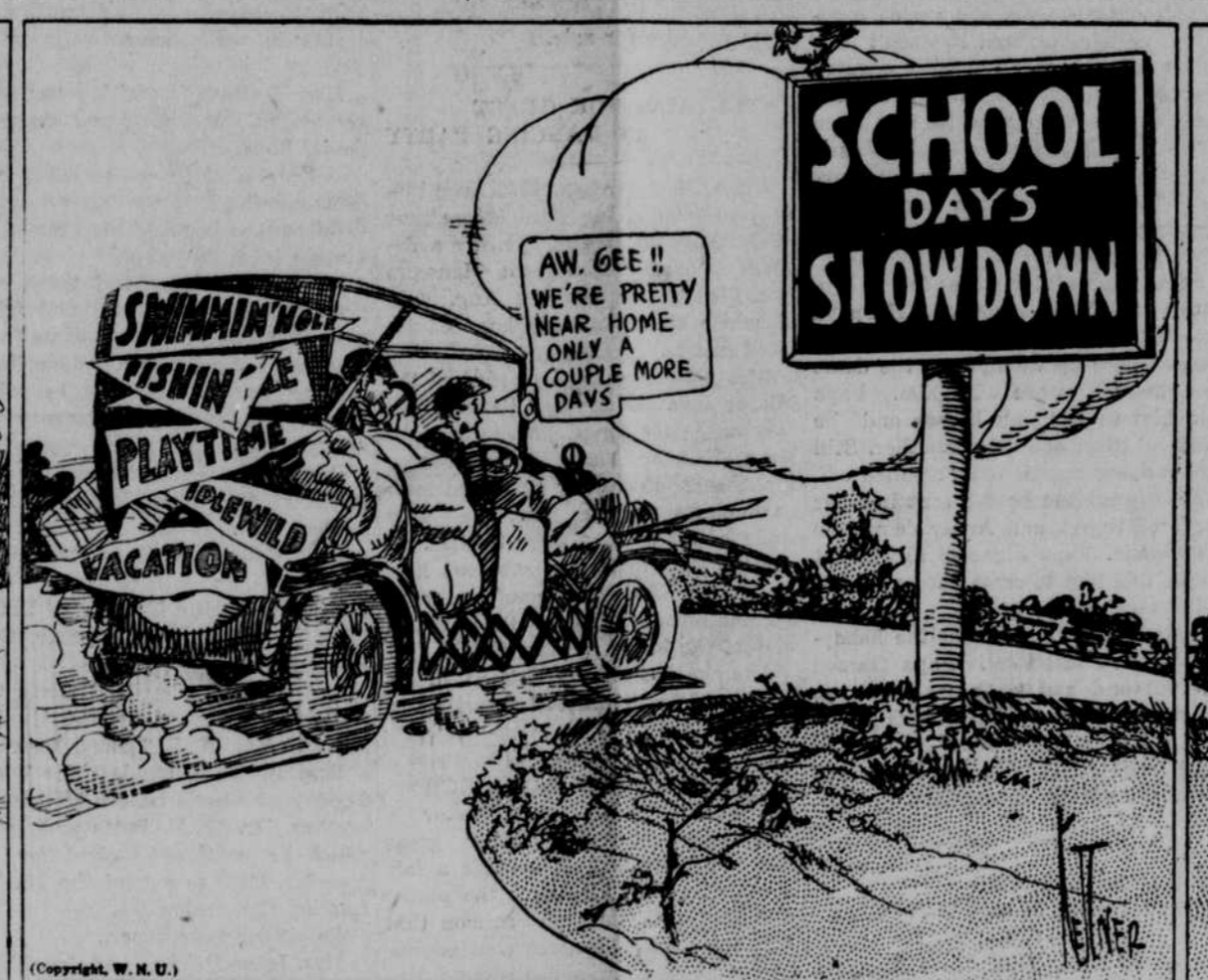
New York, Sept. 7.—The third Pan-African Congress will meet in London, England, and Lisbon, Portugal, next November. This announcement was made Friday by Dr. Du Bois, acting chairman of the executive committee of the Pan-African Association. The Pan-African Association is the permanent body formed in Paris in 1921 for the purpose of promoting a Pan-African Congress every two years and for other objects. The president is M. Gratiens Candace, the colored deputy in the French parliament representing the Island of Guadeloupe. M. Candace has been in print lately because of his success in forcing the French government to take a stand on American Negro prejudice.

The secretary of the association is M. Isaac Beton, a young teacher in the French public schools. M. Beton has been much discouraged at the apparent lack of response to his effort to rally the Negro race throughout the world to the support of the Pan-African Congress. The congress was originally announced for Lisbon in mid-September but it seemed impossible to arrange a meeting so early and Dr. Du Bois and his executive committee have therefore called a November meeting. It is hoped that a number of American Negroes, especially representatives of large organizations, will make the trip to London and Lisbon. They will get a chance to see the real Europe in winter and not simply at vacation time. There will be an opportunity to visit the beautiful winter resorts of southern France and Africa lies only an hour's sail from Portugal. Persons interested are invited to correspond immediately with Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois, 69 Fifth Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

ASK YOUR MERCHANT OR THOSE FROM WHOM YOU BUY WHY HE DOES NOT ADVERTISE IN YOUR NEWSPAPER.

our self respect."
The program of the N. A. A. C. P. Conference included a visit to the Federal Penitentiary on Saturday, Sept. 1, where the delegates and visitors were to talk with the imprisoned members of the 24th infantry, sentenced after the Houston Riot. Other speakers on the schedule included Governor Arthur M. Hyde of Missouri; Arthur B. Spingarn, Bishop John Hurst, T. A. McNeal, Kansas editor; Representative L. C. Dyer, T. G. Nutter of West Virginia; Mrs. Alice Dunbar Nelson of Delaware; Harvey L. Ingham, editor of the *Moines Register*; Dr. G. W. Lucas of New Orleans; James Weldon Johnson; George W. Gross of Denver and Dr. George E. Cannon.

The Returning Tourist



NATIVE AFRICANS JOIN NATIONALIST PARTY

Cape Town, S. A., Sept. 7.—Native Africans, meeting at Bloemfontein and calling themselves the African National Congress, passed resolutions declaring that Prime Minister Smuts had lost the confidence of the native population, "and that the time had come when the Bantu should consider the advisability of supporting a Republican form of government."

This declaration is considered of arresting significance by the colonial press, and indicates the success of the Nationalist Party propaganda among the colored people, following upon the resolution, the Nationalist leader, General Hertzog, addressed a meeting of colored people at Kimberley. He assured them that the Nationalists would accord them full justice and economic equality.

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE SENDS GREETINGS TO NEGRO ADVANCEMENT BODY

Calls Its Work "One of Most Useful and Effective Efforts" for Colored People

Kansas City, Kans., Sept. 7.—President Calvin Coolidge sent the following message of greeting to the Fourteenth Annual Conference of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, holding a race relations conference in Kansas City:
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
My Dear Mr. White:
Thank you for drawing my attention to the approaching Annual Conference of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. I have long regarded this gathering as representative of one of the most useful and effective efforts in behalf of the colored people of the country, and sincerely trust that its sessions this year may be as productive of beneficial results as they have been in the past.

Most sincerely yours,
(Signed) CALVIN COOLIDGE.
Mr. Walter White,
Assistant Secretary,
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People,
69 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

GOES TO LITTLE ROCK ON BUSINESS TRIP

George H. W. Bullock left Tuesday morning for Little Rock, Ark., to meet the officials of the Mosaic Templars of America on business connected with the Kaffir Chemical Laboratories, a race enterprise of this city, which manufactures Dento, a well-known tooth paste, Sultox and other products, in their building at Sixteenth and Cuming street, advantageously located property which is rapidly increasing in value.

Don't BORROW your neighbor's Monitor, become a subscriber yourself or buy one at the newsstand.

JOSEPH P. EVANS CASE CORRECTLY STATED FOR PUBLIC

Incomplete Press Reports and Inaccurate Accounts Shown to Be Quite Misleading—Interest Intense.

RULING MOST IMPORTANT

(Special to The Monitor, by Walter J. Singleton.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 3, 1923.—The intense interest which has been created in the case of Joseph P. Evans, former Grand Master of Masons for the State of Maryland against the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad Co., has led The Monitor to obtain through its Washington correspondent a complete story of the whole affair.

Evans was in Charleston, W. Va., on March 21, 1922, where he purchased a first class ticket over the C. & O. lines for Cincinnati, Ohio, on through train No. 3, leaving Charleston at noon. At Kentucky State line he was requested to leave the car in which he was riding with the whites and go into a car set aside for colored passengers by a secret rule of defendant requiring the separation of all white and colored passengers regardless of their destination. This car, No. 447, was a combination express and passenger car, and the car No. 651, in which he had been riding was a whole passenger car. Evans declined to be disturbed and at Ashland, Kentucky, was arrested by a special officer of the State of Kentucky for refusing to be segregated. He was taken before Judge Kennedy of the Ashland Municipal Court, who held a long conference with the local prosecuting attorney and the Kentucky counsel for the road, which resulted in his release. Judge Kennedy informing him that he had committed no offense for which he could be held. After returning to his home in Baltimore, Evans retained the Hon. W. Ashbie Hawkins to secure redress. Mr. Hawkins in turn associated with him Counselors Richard R. Horner and George H. Murray, the well known authority in matters relating to interstate commerce, who acted as chief counsel for Evans.

At the hearing which occupied the entire day of June 20, 1923, it was developed that the road had never filed its separate car regulation with the Interstate Commerce Commission, which counsel for Evans contended invalidated the rule and the fare. Evans also contends that one-half of an express car for colored passengers and a whole car for white passengers paying the same fare does not constitute equal accommodations in interstate commerce within the meaning of the Interstate Commerce Act. The road, through its Assistant General Solicitor, Mr. Sherlock Bronson,

NOTED COLORED RECTOR WAS PAGE WITH SLEMP

New York, Sept. 7.—The Rev. George T. Bragg, Jr., rector of the leading colored Episcopal Church in Baltimore, as a boy, was page in the Virginia legislature with C. Bascom Slemm, former Congressman from Virginia, and recently appointed secretary to the President. "The elder Slemm was at that time a member of the house," writes Dr. Bragg in the *New York Age*, "and he was a magnificent man. Bascom" was as fine a boy as one would desire to meet. It does not follow that a white Republican who does not agree with us in everything is necessarily a Negro hater. Let us be fair and give Mr. Slemm a trial. He may prove a better friend than expected."

RECOGNITION FROM FRATERNAL ORDER FOR LOCAL PHYSICIAN

Dr. and Mrs. D. W. Gooden returned Saturday morning from Denver, Col., and other Colorado points where they went for a brief visit after the meeting of the Grand Lodge of the United Brothers of Friendship and the Sisters of the Mysterious Ten which met at Jefferson City, Mo., August 19-21. Dr. Gooden was elected grand medical register of the order for this jurisdiction which embraces Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska. As this is a coveted position Dr. Gooden is receiving the congratulations of his friends upon the recognition.

takes the position that the rule, being one intended to promote order and decorum and not affecting the value of the services was not required to be filed and that the accommodations offered Evans in car No. 447 were superior to those in No. 651, in which he was riding. Other issues raised by Evans were that the rule is unreasonable and not in conformity with the actual sentiment of Kentucky, and that his unlawful arrest and detention subjected him to undue prejudice in violation of the Transportation Act.

The hearing, while spirited from a legal standpoint, was at all times amicable, the usual references to racial inferiority and other stock incidents of hearings of this kind were markedly absent. A striking feature of the testimony was that, of Conductor L. B. Miller, who testified that as much trouble is experienced with the whites as with the colored passengers in enforcing the rule of segregation. Exhaustive briefs have been filed by both sides and the next step will be the filing of the proposed report of Examiner Fuller, before whom the testimony was taken. The case will then go to the Commission on exceptions to the Examiners findings. The case is regarded in interstate commerce circles as a very sweeping and adroit attack on Jim Crow cars which, if upheld, will bring about a radical revision of carrier practices.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF ST. PHILIP THE DEACON

Bishop Shaylor Confirms Class of Five Candidates and Preaches Sermon

A large congregation was present Sunday morning at 11 o'clock when the Rt. Rev. Ernest V. Shaler, D. D., bishop of Nebraska, administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to a class of five, addressed them, and delivered an instructive sermon from I. S. Timothy, 2:15. The bishop stressed the fact that the Church is the pillar and ground of the truth. The address to the candidates on "The Christian Life" was most practical and peculiarly fitting. The confirmands were Dwight Robinson Rorsey, Mrs. Mary (Wood) Jackson, Virginia Jackson, Adele Jackson and Hattie Gaston.

Just before the 11 o'clock service the Sacrament of Holy Baptism was administered to Adele, Warren, Madree and Homer, children of Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Jackson, the sponsors being the parents, George H. Billock and Mrs. John Albert Williams.

The services next Sunday will be as follows: Holy communion 7:30 a. m.; matins, 8:30; Church school, 10; evening eucharist with sermon, 11; evening prayer and sermon, 8 o'clock.

POLITICAL POWER RAPIDLY PASSING FROM SOUTHLAND

Migration Northward Will Cause Radical Reduction in Congressional Representation and Prestige.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 7.—The Migratory Movement has cost the state of Georgia more than 32,000,000 in a single year!
The migratory movement has cost the south a decrease of almost 500,000 people in population.
The migratory movement has caused federal authorities to investigate more rapidly the stories of peonage and to urge a federal law to abolish lynching and the use of the mask.

But more potent, more powerful and more dreadful (to the white south) is the realization that with the departure of the Negro goes the political power of the South.
Speaking on this phase of the question, an entirely new angle is given it by Cole Blease, one-time Governor of South Carolina.

South's Power Doomed
"The Might of the Solid South is a Fading Glory."
Standing before an audience of five thousand white and colored citizens here, Cole Blease, one-time Governor of the State, at a conference for the discussion of inter-racial relations, threw a bomb shell into the calm contentment of the whites by telling them that the scepter of political power was about to depart from Judah. Taking the question up in detail, he told them how they had enjoyed representation in the lower house of Congress upon the basis of population. In a state where the two races were equal in number, like his own, the whites had all the representatives though the blacks furnished half of the population on which they were apportioned. With migration going on, and thousands and tens of thousands leaving, the 1930 census will find an entire shift of population, the South having less and the North having more people. The result will be less Southern Congressmen and more Northern.

Cole Blease, in all his terms of office, made nationally famous by his spectacular acts, such as the release of many hundreds of prisoners from the state penal institutions, never made such a sensation as this speech. Secure for half a century in political power, regardless of shifts of opinion elsewhere in the country, Southern democracy has wrapped its mantle of power about it and stood to be catered to. Its certainty of continued victory has made it the leader of even the National Democratic party. It has imposed its will upon the National party through its unity in caucus. And now, as related by Cole Blease, the boll weevil and the migration of the Negro have stripped off the robe and shown it to be just a big imposing shell, covered over with pretense and supported on the skeleton legs of shifting population.

DR. J. H. HUTTEN GOES TO CALIFORNIA BY AUTO

Dr. and Mrs. Jesse H. Hutten left by auto early Saturday morning for California where they expect to remain for a year. Dr. Hutten, who has been one of Omaha's most successful physicians, has been practicing here for the past twenty-five years without taking a vacation. He has decided to take a year's rest. The beautiful Hutten residence on North Thirty-third street has been rented by Mrs. Lizzie Buford who has sold her large and attractive home, 3610 Blondo street. Friday night a reception was tendered Dr. and Mrs. Hutten at St. Paul's Presbyterian church, of which Dr. Hutten is an elder, and many friends availed themselves of this opportunity of wishing them Godspeed upon their journey.
Mrs. Ruth Seay leaves this afternoon to resume her duties as teacher in the St. Joseph, Mo., high school.

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NEWSLETS

Three automobile loads of white men rode through a colored settlement at Savannah, Ga., firing into the houses, killing one man, seriously wounding another and slightly injuring several.

Having confessed participation in whipping Mrs. Myrtle Goolsby in July, 1922, Arthur Finley, constable at Broken Arrow, Okla., was sentenced to the penitentiary by the Tulsa court.

Colonel David P. Barrows, former president of the University of California, sailed for Africa to live a year among the Negroid Senegalese and Sudanese to study their characteristics and the governmental administration devised for their control. Revival of Mohammedism among the 80,000,000 natives of Sudan is given as the cause for their unrest.

Warsaw papers consider favorably the proposition of the French government to colonize the overflow of Polish population in Africa. The determination of the United States to restrict immigration into this country from foreign countries until its own labor is fully included and employed in its industries causes the Poles to seek other countries.

Ras Tafari, descendant of the indomitable Menelek and present King of Abyssinia, is a working monarch. Executing a recent road building program in that country, each man carries a stone from the Kubbana River to the highway under construction. Ras Tafari leads the procession of his subjects carrying the heaviest burden. W. S. George, of East Palestine, Ohio, has contributed \$50,000 to erect the first modern hospital in the kingdom.

When Secretary of the Treasury Mellon learned that his messenger, Richard Green, was critically ill, he called in the best specialists in Washington to attend him. Mr. Green entered the service of the government under President Grant. He is six feet in height and possesses rare courtesy and dignified bearing, which make him a general favorite in the department. He has been on the door of the highest officials of the Treasury for thirty years.

Arthur G. Froe, of West Virginia, Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia, called upon President Coolidge last week and enlisted his support for an appropriation of \$500,000 to build a suitable office for housing the priceless documents under Mr. Froe's charge.
Mr. Charles Waters of Pittsburgh, Pa., who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. E. P. Pryor, son-in-law and family, returned to his home Tuesday evening, delighted with his visit and very favorably impressed with Omaha.
Messrs. J. H. Broomfield and Harry Buford returned from an extensive motor trip through the east. They reported a most enjoyable and interesting trip.