

PRICE, STAR SPRINTER, LOWERS THE STATE RECORD AT HIGH SCHOOL TRACK MEET

STATE RECORD IS BROKEN BY RACE ATHLETE IN MEET

Price, Star Sprinter of Technical High, Lowers State Record by Two and Four-fifths Seconds in the 440-Yard Dash.

BOYS MAKE A FINE SHOWING

Galloway and Thomas of Central High Winner of the Meet, Divide Honors With Price of Technical High.

Last Friday afternoon Ak-Sar-Ben field was the scene of one of the most brilliant track and field meets which lovers of sport have witnessed hereabout. It was the annual meet of the husky athletes from Central, Technical, South and Benson high schools. The day was ideal and a crowd of enthusiastic rooters, estimated at 6,000, cheered the contestants.

Central High emerged as the big winner in the meet, securing a total of 60½, out of a possible 113, with Technical second with 34½ points; South third with 13 and Benson last



PRICE, TECH'S STAR

Who Lowered Two State Records.

with 5. Three state records were broken in this meet, one tied and two dangerously threatened.

It is a fact worth noting that colored athletes scored heavily. Price of Tech lowered the state record in the 440-yard dash by two and four-fifths seconds, and tied with Beerkie, the fleet-footed white star of Central in lowering the state record in the 220-yard dash by one-tenth of a second. Galloway of Central was a close second to Beerkie, whom he vows he will beat next year, in the 100-yard dash and did fleet work in one-mile relay race, won by Central. Thomas won the gold medal in the discus throw.

Beerkie was the highest individual scorer making nineteen points. This Central athlete won first in the 100, the low hurdles, the high hurdles and tied for first in the 220.

Price of Technical was second with fourteen points. This fleet-footed trackster won the 440 and the half-mile events and tied for the honors in the 220. The most remarkable event was Price's winning of the 440-yard dash in 49 and 3-5 seconds and the 220-yard dash was one of the best races of the day. Price and Beerkie struggled for a lead throughout with Price holding a slight advantage until the end. It was a pretty and exciting race.

The Central relay team, composed of Beerkie, Galloway, Sautter and Maritzas clipped off the half in one minute, 36 and three-fifths seconds, lowering the record of 1911. Beerkie in the 100-yard dash tied the state record. Martin Thomas hurled the discus 103 feet and 4 inches, being several feet in advance of his nearest competitor.

SERVANTS REMEMBERED BY HENRY WATTERSON

Journalist Will Cash to Members of Wilson Family—Leaves Brave Words to Entire Country.

Louisville, Ky., May 11.—Col. Henry Watterson, great journalist, left an estate of \$228,000, according to his will, which has been probated. Little was given outside of the family, but he did remember the Colored help in this wise: \$2,000 to James Wilson; \$1,000 to Henry Watterson Wilson and \$500 to Victor Wilson.

But to the entire country, white and black alike he left these brave words: "There is nothing I want for me and my family, I am not willing to accord to the Negro and his family."

There is the solution of the Negro question in a nutshell.

EXTENDS SYMPATHY

Our sympathy is extended to W. W. Mosley, our diligent and faithful Lin-

coln correspondent, on the death of his mother. Left a widow many years ago, Mrs. Mosley reared a large family of children to useful and noble manhood and womanhood. Her consistent Christian example was an inspiration to all who knew her and a rich legacy to her children.

TWO THOUSAND ARE MADE HOMELESS BY FIRE

Norfolk, Va., May 11.—Two thousand persons are homeless here as a result of the million dollar fire which wiped out the Colored section of Berkeley last Thursday afternoon, leaving a mass of burned debris three quarters of a mile long and two city blocks wide.

McKELVIE FAVORS DYER BILL

"I am in thorough sympathy with the purposes of the Dyer Anti-Lynching Bill, and I hope it will become a law."—(Signed) Samuel R. McKelvie, Governor of Nebraska.

BULLOCK FEARING THE KLUXIES FLEES FROM CANADA

Has Sought Refuge in Foreign Country Which Is Known Only to Relatives.

Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, May 11.—Matthew Bullock has left his job at the Union Railway Station and sought refuge on another continent his close friends declared this week.

Belief of rumors that members of the Ku Klux Klan had pledged themselves to kidnap him and take him back to Norlina, N. C., to face charges of murder and inciting riot led Bullock to leave here.

Bullock evaded extradition to Norlina on two occasions, and then the vague rumors of Ku Klux Klan interest in his case reached him. The Rev. J. D. Howell, who led the campaigns for funds to fight Bullock's extradition, said these rumors had worried Bullock a great deal. He added today he had received word from Bullock of his safe arrival at the haven of refuge.

Mr. Howell refused to reveal Bullock's place of refuge. Funds for his journey, it was reported, were supplied from the defense chest, to which thousands of members of both races contributed.

THE ROYAL CIRCLE MAKES CLASS OF 198 CANDIDATES.

On last Wednesday night at St. John's Church Supreme Supervisor A. L. Richmond of The Supreme Royal Circle of Friends of The World, obligated a class of candidates consisting of 198, which brings the membership of The Royal Circle in Omaha to over 400 members in two months. This class was the largest ever obligated in this city at one time by any fraternity.

By request of members as well as numbers of citizens the campaign has been extended to May 29th, 1922, on which night at 8 p. m. at Pilgrims Baptist church on 25th and Hamilton streets, another class of candidates will be obligated. The campaign joining fee is \$3.50 without a doctor's certificate if candidate is in good health. The regular joining fee of \$5 with a doctor's certificate will go into effect after this meeting.

The Royal Circle now has SEVEN Local Circles in this city, and by the next class is expected to have TEN or more local bodies. The Royal Circle was endorsed unanimously by the Ministerial Alliance of the city on its last meeting, as several ministers of the Alliance have been members for a number of years in other cities; among them Rev. H. R. McMillan who passed away last week, having been a member of the Royal Circle for fifteen years, and to whom much of the credit for the success of the order in this city is given, as he did all he could to put the order before the people because he knew that it was doing more for our race than any other order. The local members take this opportunity of expressing their regret at losing such a staunch supporter and friend.

The Royal Circle pays to its members \$7.00 per week for sickness or accident, \$150.00 at death, erects a monument at the grave of each deceased member, gives them the advantages of a charity and loan department, Old Folks Home, School and Home for Orphans of the members, free hospital treatment, medical and surgical attention, room, nurse and board. After a membership of 90 days policy may be increased as high as \$1,000. Monthly dues \$1.25 and NO TAXES.

For information regard to the Order call Supervisor A. L. Richmond, Webster 3567, or come by Royal Circle Office, 1516½ North 24th. Royal Circle Hospitals and Dispensaries at Little Rock, Hot Springs, Memphis and Chicago.

MUSIC SHOP MOVES

The Massey-Cooper Song and Music

TYPES OF OMAHA HOMES



Beautiful Residence of
Mr. and Mrs. Luther J. Dillard
501 So. Twenty-fourth Ave.



Attractive Home of
Mr. and Mrs. James H. Smith
1920 No. Thirty-fourth St.

This week we again present to our readers types of the many beautiful homes owned by the colored citizens of Omaha. The percentage of home owners in this city is quite large and our group it not one whit behind others in this regard. The homes of a people are an index of the character of their occupants. Judged by this standard the impartial observer will readily admit that the colored citizens of Omaha are a valuable asset.

Shop, formerly the Pickford Song Shop, has moved into new quarters at 220 North 24th street. In these new and spacious quarters the company plans to greatly enlarge their business. They will carry a full line of phonographs, phonograph records, player piano rolls and sheet music, and also race newspapers and magazines.

MONITOR—SEVEN MANNING IS GRANTED NEW TRIAL

Atlanta, May 11.—The Georgia Supreme court, in a decision by Justice Hines, has reversed the lower court in the matter of Clyde Manning, the Negro jointly convicted with John S. Williams, of Jasper county murder farm, and sends Manning's case back to Newton Superior court for a new trial.

KANSAS CITY, KANSAS, BLOCKS KU KLUX KLAN

(Associated Negro Press.)
Kansas City, Mo., May 11.—An ordinance providing a fine of 100 for any person appearing in public in "a costume that conceals his identity" was enacted by the city commissioners of Kansas City, Kan. Mayor Burton called upon employees of the city who belong to the Ku Klux Klan to resign.

AS SHAKESPERIAN READER OSBORNE SCORES SUCCESS

Talented Wife of Former Omaha Pastor Greeted by Large Audience Which She Captivates With Her Reading.

INTERPRETS MASTERPIECES

Her Delineation of Great Dramatist's Leading Characters Sympathetic, Artistic, Natural and Pleasing.

(By Sarah B. H. Canty)

Handsome and faultlessly gowned in a beautiful and becoming clinging creation of black sequence over net with crimson corsage, and just a trifle stouter than when she was a resident of Omaha, Madame P. Earline Osborne, now of Kansas City, Mo., made a striking picture as she appeared before a large audience in St. John's A. M. E. church, of which her husband was at one time pastor, Monday night, as a Shakesperian reader. Her well-poised and splendid stage presence, her rich voice, under excellent control,

her clear enunciation, and her intelligent and sympathetic interpretation of the leading characters of the great dramatist which made up her program captivated her audience.

Madame Osborne's first number was the well-known quarrel scene between Brutus and Cassius from Julius Caesar. Her interpretation of these strikingly contrasting characters was excellent. The next number was the court scene in The Merchant of Venice. In this Shylock's varying emotions and Portia's plea for mercy were admirably portrayed. It was in her closing numbers from Macbeth, Macbeth's Decision and the Murder scene, that the reader most fully demonstrated her histrionic ability. While her whole program was good it was in this that she was at her best. Madame Osborne shows that to her natural love of dramatic reading she has added hard work at diligent study; which pave the pathway to success in any calling.

Madame Osborne was gracefully introduced by Mrs. James G. Jewell and was assisted by a well chosen array of local talent, each of whom made a substantial contribution to a well-arranged program. These were Miss Evelyn Battles, violinist; the Harmony Four, Messrs. Preston, White, Griffin and Sherwood; Mr.

Geo. F. Riley, baritone; and Mrs. Pearl Ray Reese, soprano. The recital was under the auspices of the Willing Workers of St. John's A. M. E. church, Mrs. A. Artisan, president.

HOWARD COMMENCEMENT COMES JUNE NINTH

Washington, D. C., May 11.—Commencement exercises of Howard university will be held Friday morning, June 9th, at eleven o'clock, followed by an alumni banquet in the afternoon.

PURCHASES A NEW CAR

Joe D. Lewis, the enterprising taxi man, has just purchased a handsome, seven-passenger Jordan limousine, which he has put into commission to serve his large and growing patronage.

WORTH MILLIONS IN OIL; DOESN'T KNOW IT

Friends of James Manuel Are Seeking Him All Over the United States.

Kansas City, Mo., May 11.—If anybody sees James Manuel destitute and friendless walking around the streets tell him he is worth \$2,000,000, even though he doesn't know it.

When he left Tampico, Mexico, years ago, he thought a strip of land he owned there was valueless.

Now, according to a letter received by R. A. Kope, lawyer, 433 Lee building, Manuel's property is in the heart of the greatest oil district in the world. It is worth \$2,250,000, according to a letter received by Kope from Joe Espino, a former friend of Manuel who is seeking the immigrant, in the hope that he may claim the fortune due him.

Espino has lost trace of his former friend. The last time he heard from him, Manuel was living in Kansas City.

Espino has forgotten the address. Kope is seeking the millionaire, in order that he may close details through which the fortune can be secured.

MASSACHUSETTS CITIZENS TO PETITION LODGE FOR ACTION ON DYER BILL

On Grant Centenary Night Ask Republican Leader of Senate to Make a Party Measure of Bill Promised in Platform.

Boston, Mass., May 11, 1922.—From the rostrum of historic Charles Street A. M. E. church on the Centenary Night of the birth of Ulysses S. Grant, union commander and president-friend of the Colored race and executor of the Constitution, April 27, 1822, the Greater Boston Branch of the National Equal Rights league launched a movement to promote a signed petition to U. S. Senator H. C. Lodge of Massachusetts in his capacity as republican leader of the senate to have the republican party espouse the Dyer Anti-Lynching bill, and thus secure action and get the bill out of committee.

Congressman Dyer in a recent speech to the Boston N. A. A. C. P., had declared the Colored people could do more for passage of the bill than those of any other state, because the senate leader is from Massachusetts and comes up for re-election this year. He repeated this to the national secretary of the league and Mr. Trotter framed the petition which is being circulated for signatures all over the state.

The League's resolve for the Dyer bill in the Massachusetts legislature brought a strong editorial for the bill in the Boston American and all the Hearst newspapers. This resolve is up for final action on Wednesday and will also spur Lodge to action.

AUDREY TRUEHEART NOW LEADS IN CONTEST

Who will win in the popularity contest? That depends. Contestants should get their friends to cut out the voting coupon, appearing in each issue of The Monitor, insert their favorite's name, sign their own name and send it in. The girl having the most votes at the end of the contest will receive a handsome and useful present from The Monitor. The following is the list to date:

- Audrey Trueheart, 1443 South 17th street, 23 votes.
- Cerelda Tucker, 2508 M. street, So. Side, 15 votes.
- Louvetta Busch, 5219 So. 29th street, 15 votes.
- Dorothy Williams, 1119 No. 21st street, 13 votes.
- Ireta Walker, 1926 So. 14th street, 9 votes.
- Otis Watson, 2925 Grant street, 5 votes.

FOR GOVERNOR

The Monitor's candidate for governor is Adam McMullin of Gage county. Get familiar with the name. Primaries are less than two months off.

OMAHA'S COLORED CITIZENS ACTIVE IN FIELD OF LABOR

Descendants of Builders of Pyramids and Skilled Artificers in Brass and Iron and Wood and Stone Coming Into Their Own

MANY TRADES REPRESENTED

Total Number of Our Local Group Who Are Engaged in Gainful Occupations is 5,469—Fifth Article in Special Series

(By H. J. Pinkett)

The Cheops of the Pyramids, the Alexandrian Library, the Walls and Hanging Gardens of Babylon, the cities that flourished in antiquity; the ships that carried the commerce of the ancient world; the products of gold, copper, brass, marble, stone and wood, were made possible by the skill and the labor of black hands.

Up to the middle of the twelfth century, black craftsmen equalled in skill any workmen in the world. At that time the African slave trade interfered, and the revival of the work by black men was not conspicuous until long after the establishment of chattel slavery in America. During this time, however, in the center of Africa there has been going on, in a small way, the manufacture of steel of a very fine quality, and much work in the other crafts, and recently some building.

In America, as early as 1630, colored men in small numbers were engaged in blacksmithing, painting and stone and brick masonry. Later wheelwrights, coopers, carpenters, cabinet makers, shoemakers, tanners, ginners, distillers, cigar makers, tailors, barbers, gardeners, firemen, stationary engineers, hostlers and teamsters were developed in large numbers. These men and women were products of the system of apprenticeships of the period.

It was the policy of the Slave Oligarchy to train colored men, for the most part, in these trades and occupations. The result was that during the latter years of chattel slavery eighty per cent of the work in the skilled trades in the south was performed by the colored people. They had, too, at this period in the south, colored foremen on many of the large plantations and colored women who were the housekeepers. In thousands of homes among the wealthy slave owners, these colored men and women were in complete charge. All servants in the house or its appurtenances were subject to their orders. Coachmen and footmen constituted another class in what they then called preferred occupations. And there was still a more favored class called "Body Servants" for the male members of the aristocracy, and maids for the female members.

The slave oligarchy was composed of two hundred thousand persons who actually owned slaves. They owned the land and its tillers. This, let us say, was in 1850. Cotton was KING. It was the cornerstone of national wealth. The slave owners of the south produced the cotton, the raw material, and New England with "free" labor manufactured clothing and other materials out of it. Thus the wealth of the north and the south depended upon cotton, and cotton was produced by the labor of black hands.

The non-slave holding whites of the south were outside the pale of the oligarchy and a much lower value was placed upon them than was placed upon the slaves. The three classes were catalogued as follows: Aristocrats, Slaves and "Poor White Trash." The bitterness engendered by this system explains many things which have happened in the south since slavery was shot to death in the War of the Rebellion. The things that are happening now are but other phases of an economic problem.

Slavery at least did this: It restored to black hands the skilled trades which they had not used for six centuries, and enabled them, under slavery, to do more than half the work done in these trades during the whole period of slavery in the south. Since slavery was abolished about eighty per cent of the work in the skilled trades have been performed by colored men, in the south. The percentage has decreased in the south in recent years because of the rise of trade unionism which denied apprenticeships to colored men in the various skilled trades. Trade schools, however, developed through this necessity, have in some measure supplied this need, and in the south, and since the war demand, in the north, there has been a noticeable increase in numbers in the skilled trades.

For many years in the steel mills of Steelton, Pa., and Pittsburg, Pa., and the ship yards at Philadelphia, (Continued on Page 2)

GIRLS!!! GIRLS!!!

The Monitor is interested in a question that has been brought up many times among the young people, and one that is very hard to answer satisfactorily, namely, who is the most popular young lady? We are going to try and answer it with your co-operation.

Have your friends vote for you using the coupon below. The list of contestants will be published each week with the number of votes they receive. No votes will be counted unless sent in on one of these coupons properly signed. There are no obligations attached to this, so get busy and have your friends cast their votes. The young lady receiving the greatest number of votes will receive a handsome present, absolutely free.

COUPON

THE MONITOR,
Box 1204,
Omaha, Nebr. 1922.

I wish to vote for Miss _____
_____ as the most popular young lady.

Name _____

Address _____

COUPON