

KNOW THE CONSTITUTION

THE AMENDMENTS TO THE U. S. CONSTITUTION

Article I
CONGRESS shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech or the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government for redress of grievances.

Article II
A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

Article III
No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner. Nor in war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Article IV
The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon cause supported by oath or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the person or thing to be seized.

Article V
No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person for the same offence be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall he be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

Article VI
In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime was committed, which districts shall have been previously ascertained by law, and be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

Article VII
In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed \$20, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall otherwise be re-examined in any other court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law.

Article VIII
Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted.

Article IX
The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Article X
The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

The foregoing amendments are known as the original ten amendments and were proposed during the first session of the first congress, held in New York City, March 4, 1789. They were declared in force December 15, 1791.

Article XI
The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States, by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

Article XII
The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President, and of the number of votes for each, which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate; the President of the Senate shall in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the person having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot,

the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and the majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

Article XIII
Neither slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Article XIV
1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at an election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male members of such state, being of 21 years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens 21 years of age in such state.

3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress or elector of President and Vice President, or holding any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of persons and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection and rebellion shall not be questioned. But neither the United States or any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

5. Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

Article XV
1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

2. The Congress shall have power to enforce the provisions of this article by appropriate legislation.

Article XVI
The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several states and without regard to any census or enumeration.

Article XVII
1. The Senate of the United States

shall be composed of two Senators from each state, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.

2. When vacancies happen in the representation of any state in the Senate, the executive authority of such state shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies; provided, that the Legislature of any state may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointment until the people fill the vacancies by election as the Legislature may direct.

3. This amendment shall not be construed to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

Article XVIII
1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

2. The Congress and the several states shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the Legislatures of the several states, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission thereof to the states by the Congress.

(The liquor prohibition amendment is in litigation in the courts. Official announcement of its adoption by 36 states was made by Secretary of State Lansing on January 29, 1919.)

Article XIX
1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex.

2. Congress shall have power by appropriate legislation to enforce the provisions of this article.

STATES WHICH RATIFIED

The following states ratified the Nineteenth Amendment to the constitution granting Women the suffrage in the order named with their political leaning:

1. Illinois (Rep) June 10, 1919
2. Wisconsin (Rep) June 10, 1919
3. Michigan (Rep) June 10, 1919
4. Kansas (Rep) June 16, 1919
5. New York (Rep) June 16, 1919
6. Ohio (Rep) June 16, 1919
7. Pennsylvania (R) June 24, 1919
8. Mass. (Rep) June 25, 1919
9. Texas (Dem) June 28, 1919
10. Iowa (Rep) July 2, 1919
11. Missouri (Dem) July 3, 1919
12. Arkansas (Dem) July 28, 1919
13. Montana (Rep) July 30, 1919
14. Nebraska (R) Aug. 2, 1919
15. Minn. (Rep) Sept. 8, 1919
16. New Hamp. (R) Sept. 10, 1919
17. Utah (Rep) Sept. 30, 1919
18. Cal. (Rep) Nov. 1, 1919
19. Maine (Rep) Nov. 5, 1919
20. N. Dakota (Rep) Dec. 1, 1919
21. S. Dakota (Rep) Dec. 4, 1919
22. Colo. (Rep) Dec. 12, 1919
23. R. Island (Rep) Jan. 6, 1920
24. Kentucky (D) Jan. 6, 1920
25. Oregon (Rep) Jan. 12, 1920
26. Indiana (Rep) Jan. 16, 1920
27. Wyoming (Rep) Jan. 27, 1920
28. Nevada (Rep) Feb. 7, 1920
29. New Jersey (R) Feb. 9, 1920
30. Idaho (Rep) Feb. 11, 1920
31. Arizona (Rep) Feb. 12, 1920
32. New Mexico (R) Feb. 19, 1920
33. Oklahoma (D) Feb. 28, 1920
34. West Virginia (R) March 10, 1920
35. Washington (Rep) March 22, 1920
36. Tenn. (Dem) Aug. 18, 1920
37. Vermont (Rep) Sept. 9, 1920

SIoux CITY, IOWA NOTES

Mr. Walter Williams is in Des Moines this week attending the Odd Fellows' Jubilee, representing Sioux City Lodge No. 6654.

Mr. Albert Williams and family have moved from 511 W. 14th St., to 515 Main St.

Mr. A. A. Walton of Chicago was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Rasburn Curtis of 510 1/2 Cook St., last Sunday.

The services of Malone A. M. E. church Sunday were well attended. Rev. P. M. Lewis called for a meeting of the official board to plan work for the year. Collection \$24.40.

Mrs. C. F. Williams of W. 7th St., is gradually improving after a very severe attack of heart trouble.

Sergt. D. P. Roberts is suffering with a very severe attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Susie Perry, the hairdresser has returned from an extended visit in Omaha.

The evening choir of Malone A. M. E. church, under the leadership of Mrs. Phyllis Boyd is rendering most excellent music. Miss Viola Fisher presides at the piano.

Mr. C. F. Williams the carpet man, 704 W. 7th St., saw one copy of The Monitor and was so pleased with the

general features of the paper that he at once subscribed.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Williams were called to St. Paul last Monday on account of the serious illness of Mr. Charles Allen, father of Mrs. Williams.

Word was received Monday that the home of Rev. Geo. O. Curtis, South Bend, Ind., father of Rasburn Curtis of this city was nearly burned to the ground last week. The loss was fully covered by insurance.

The Willing Workers will meet at the parsonage Thursday. Mrs. E. J. Curtis presiding.

Leave all news for The Monitor either at the Martin Hotel Shining Parlors, Mr. Walter Williams pro., or with Mrs. Susie Perry, the hairdresser, W. 7th St.

NATIONAL RACE CONGRESS CONVENES

(Continued from Page One.)

sponsored by Dr. C. H. Steptean, of Baltimore

Among speakers who delivered addresses during the week were W. J. Sinton, D. D. of Baltimore, Md. E. W. D. Jones, D. D. of Washington; W. Augustus Jones, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. C. Austin, D. D., of Pittsburgh; E. W. B. DuBois, of New York, editor of the Crisis; Dr. Ernest Lyons, of Baltimore, who spoke for Liberia; L. G. Jordan, D. D., of Philadelphia, secretary of the National Baptist Foreign Mission Board; J. T. Brown, Cairo, Ill., assistant editorial secretary of the Sunday School Publishing Board of the National Baptist convention; Miss Nannie H. Burroughs; Mrs. L. B. Fouse, of Lexington, Ky.; Mrs. Ora Stokes, of Richmond, Va.; Congressman Julius Kahn, of California; Mrs. Casely Mayford, Freetown, West Africa; F. D. Lee, Washington, National Memorial association.

Alabama was represented by the Rev. Dr. M. A. Talley, of Selma, who made a strong plea for his people. He wanted that the Congress should present something definite to the people in order that good could be accomplished. He said that it would take more than mere speeches and resolutions. "You must do something tangible. It will require money, brains and manhood." The address was full of pep and received special attention. Dr. J. T. Brown, of Cairo in his address said that the Negro had spent too much time waiting for God to come down here and do for the race what it should do for itself. The soloists were Misses Bessie F. Burrell and Alice L. M. Callis. "Ethiopia the Chief Corner-Stone," by Hermes Zimmerman, of Illinois was the hit solo of Miss Burrell.

The following officers were elected: Dr. W. H. Jernagin, president; Mrs. Ora Stokes of Richmond, Va., vice president; Dr. C. H. Steptean, Baltimore, secretary; Miss Catherine Beard, Washington, assistant secretary; H. J. Callis, Washington, executive secretary; W. H. Dean, Baltimore, treasurer; John R. Hawkins, Washington, treasurer defense fund; J. C. Austin, Pittsburgh, national organizer; J. J. Nickerson, Hinton, W. Va., sergeant-at-arms; C. D. Douglas, D. D. Boston, Mass., chaplain; W. H. Harrison, Chicago, national lecturer.



Announcement

\$10.00 Sensational Sale of Silk Dresses Friday

A. Bonoff 1409 Douglas

Results of Pressure on Eyeballs.
Pressure on the eyeball has a surprising effect on the functioning of various parts of the body. Among those who have confirmed this are A. and L. Binet, French investigators, who find that such animals as dogs and rabbits are affected, as well as men. The compression of the eye strikingly modifies the action of the heart, influences respiration, acts upon the blood vessels and even produces disturbance of the muscles. How such reflexes are brought about is not apparent.

Music Parlor NOW OPEN

Your favorite record played on request. Individual, Couple or Party booths.

SOL. LEWIS, Prop.
1824 No. 24th St.

VOTE FOR

Dan Swanson

Commissioner of Public Land and Buildings

Republican Candidate for Second Term

A competent officer and friend of the colored people.

BLUE SERGE SUITS

All wool, fast color, perfectly dependable, blue and gray serges that were \$60.00

Reduced to **\$45.00**

Every garment made to measure and guaranteed perfect in fit and style.

We clean, press and repair garments.

MacCarthy-Wilson Tailoring Co.

317 South 15th St.

R. C. RIDDLE, B. S., M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
CHRONIC DISEASES AND SURGERY A SPECIALTY

OMAHA OFFICE
Kaffir Bldg. 817 N. 16th St.
Telephone: Douglas 7841. Office Hours: 2 to 4 p. m.

SOUTH OMAHA
Office: Emergency Hospital. Residence 2701 Q. St.
Phone South 386. Office Hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 8 to 6 p. m.

Special Attention Given to Operative Cases.

CONSULTATION ABSOLUTELY FREE

NOTICE

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People

Has 100,000 members and 310 branches. They are working day and night for you. Why not help them? We will be glad to have you call at the office.

We have opened our office for you. We want you to get acquainted with the principles which the NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE stands for.

We have more than one thousand pieces of literature that we would like for you to read.

OFFICE—2314 North 24th Street
JESSIE HALE MOSS, President HENRY W. BLACK, Secretary
C. C. GALLOWAY, Chairman of Membership Committee

MEMBERSHIP

"Any person may become and remain a member of this Association with the consent of the Board of Directors by accepting membership in writing and by paying annually in advance a fee of at least one dollar.

"Any person paying two dollars and fifty cents or more shall be entitled to receive the CRISIS without further charge during the year of such membership."—By-Laws.

Application for Membership

TO THE SECRETARY
Omaha Branch, 2314 North 24th St. _____ 1920

Please enroll me as a member of the NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE. I pledge an annual fee of _____ dollars. (\$_____)

Name _____

Address _____

Make Checks Payable to P. H. JENKINS, Treasurer

Mrs. Mary Allen
Poro System
SHAMPOO and
FACE MASSAGE
1010 S. 13th St. Dong. 7243



Perfect Feet

Selz Liberty Bell Shoes for boys and girls develop perfect feet. They save children from the lifelong foot troubles most adults have as a result of incorrect shoes in childhood.

They are orthopedically correct. They support and protect every part of the pliable growing foot. No weak arches, no crowded toes or twisted bones in Selz Liberty Bell Shoes.

They are all leather. They wear surprisingly.

For Active Boys and Lively Girls

Friedman Bros.

Family Shoe Store
1504 North 24th Street
Specializing in Selz Shoes

Goodell & Co.

Dealers in All Kinds of
COAL AND FEED
2520 Lake St. Web. 3007