

TREVES



View of Treves.

It is an odd coincidence that the most modern occurrence in Prussia—its occupation by American troops—should begin with its oldest city, observes a writer in the Kansas City Times. Treves, or Trier, as the Germans call it, into which the Yanks marched recently, is older than history, which begins for it half a century before the birth of Christ. Then, as the capital of the Celtic Treviri, one of the most powerful Belgian tribes, it was captured by the Romans under Julius Caesar. It was made a Roman colony under the name of Augusta Trevirorum and was strongly fortified. By 14 B. C. it had become the most important northern outpost of the Roman empire. It was an imperial residence early in the Christian era and the administrative center from which Gaul, Britain and Spain were ruled. The poet Ausonius described it as "home beyond the Alps." Constantine the Great lived there about twenty-five years. He and his successors beautified it with public works and magnificent private villas dotted the hillsides all around. Some of the finest Roman relics north of the Alps remain to this day in Treves.



American Troops in Treves.

From the earliest times Treves, because of its strategic position and the rich country surrounding it, was an object of warfare. The Franks particularly desired it and they made many expeditions against it. They continued their attacks after the Roman occupation. Three times they sacked it and held it for short periods. About the middle of the fifth century they gained permanent possession and made it their capital. The Frankish kings gradually transferred their power to Metz, however, and Treves became the seat of a powerful religious empire. Treves had a bishop at a very early date. Four great saints of the fourth century are connected with the city. It was the scene of the first banishment of St. Athanasius; St. Ambrose was born there; St. Jerome first became seriously interested in religion while studying there, and St. Martin of Tours went there in 385 to plead with the tyrant Maximus for the lives of the heretic Priscillian and his followers. The great bishop, St. Nicetus, built a splendid castle for himself at Treves in the sixth century. The see became an archbishopric soon after the beginning of the ninth century and its temporal power was founded in 898, when Radbod acquired the rights of the counts of Treves. Throughout the middle ages the city abounded in religious foundations, and was a great seat of monastic learning. Changed Hands Many Times. With the transfer of the Frankish capital to Metz began a long era of changes for Treves. The city passed to Lorraine in 843 and to the east Frankish kingdom in 870. It was sacked by the Normans in 881 after it had become a permanent part of what is now Prussia. It became a free city toward the close of the sixteenth century. The French held it briefly three times in the seventeenth century and

in 1794 captured it again and abolished the archbishopric. The congress of Vienna in 1814-1815 gave it back to Prussia. It figured several times in the war just closed, being bombarded by allied aerial forces. The modern city of Treves occupies almost the exact site of the ancient town. It nestles picturesquely in the valley of the Moselle river and is surrounded by hills covered with the vineyards from which comes the famous Moselle wine. The newer section contains broad streets and modern buildings. The streets in the old part are narrow and crooked. The Porta Nigra, an enormous fortified gateway, was built by the Romans. In the southeastern part of the city is the palace of the Roman kings, now a picturesque mass of ruins. In the southwestern section are the Roman baths, a vast and impressive ruin, and a short distance away is a Roman amphitheater built in Emperor Trajan's time. Famous Church and Relics. One of the most interesting buildings is the cathedral, one of the oldest churches in Europe. It stands on the site of a church used in the time of Constantine. It bears the marks of repeated restorations as the result of wars and the ravages of time. Among the holy relics it contains are an alleged nail from the cross and the famous seamless "Holy Coat," said to have been worn by the Savior. Both are held in great veneration and are declared to have figured in many miraculous healings. A provincial museum contains many antiquities and a number of rare books are in the municipal library, including the illuminated Codex Egberti, dating from the close

of the tenth century, and the Faust and Gutenberg Bible of 1450. The manufacturing interests of the city include tanneries, iron foundries, dye works, furniture and piano factories and glass painting works. An extensive trade in wine, fruit and wood was carried on before the war. There are many lead, copper and tin mines in the vicinity. The population before 1914 was about 65,000. Got the Wrong Leg. This little story without a claimant has come up from Florida: An elderly Hoosier who has been spending some time in Florida has been giving his leisure to fishing. There is a fine lake near where he has been sojourning, and every day he was seen in silent meditation, for he is a thinker, casting his line into the clear water, apparently with success. This Hoosier is known for his kindness and consideration of the feelings of others. One day while absorbed in his fishing an alligator slipped up to him, snapped off one of his legs, and was making off with it. "Here!" cried the fisherman, "come back. You've made a mistake. You've taken the wrong leg!" And so he had. The fisherman wore an artificial leg, and this it was that the alligator had taken.—Indianapolis News.

HER ONE PRECIOUS MEMORY

It Was Not Dread of Influenza That Led Spinster to Dwell on Kissing Episode.

The spinster waited two or three hours to be admitted to the presence of the man who visited their town once a month to retail good advice and his own proprietary medicine to the come-ons. At last she was admitted. "Yes, yes," said the brusque doctor. "I want to know if influenza can be transmitted by kissing?" "Beyond a doubt, madam." "Well, a man with a pronounced case of influenza kissed me." "So! How long ago was this?" "Well—let's see. I think it was about two months." "Why, madam! No harm can come to you now from the exposure. It is quite too late." "I knew it," she sighed, "but I just love to talk about it."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Satisfied.

The gray-haired stranger bent over the desk. "Are you the society editor?" he asked. "I am." "Are you the person who wrote up the account of last night's big reception?" "Yes; anything wrong with it?" "That's what I want to find out. Look here, I notice in speaking of my daughter you use the sentence: 'She swept about the room with an inherited grace that arrested every one's attention.' Now, what was your purpose in writing that?" "Why, it struck me as a first-class opportunity for a neat compliment to her esteemed parents; that's all." "You are sure that you didn't mean to insinuate that her father laid the foundation of his fortune by selling brooms?" "Certainly not." "Because I did, you know." "I didn't know it." "Then that's all right. Good day."—Dallas News.

Some Scholar.

Smith—Did you ever go to school, Sam? Sam—Sure I was to the academy and dere I learned such school fellows as George Gravey. Smith—Nonsense, Sam; you are referring to the study of geography. Sam—Dere was Matthew Mattix. Smith—You mean mathematics. Sam—And I knew Jimmy Nastyricks. Smith—You are referring to gymnastics, Sam. By the way, can you spell? Sam—Sure! I got as far as M-U-D. Smith—And that spells mud? Sam—I stuck dere.—Boy's Life.

WAYNE E. SAWTELL, Lawyer, Omaha National Bank Bldg.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION OF KAFFIR CHEMICAL LABORATORIES. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Madree Penn, Grace M. Jones, Eleanor C. Haynes, Fred C. Williams, John Albert Williams, Asa E. Fletcher and Larry N. Peoples, have associated themselves together for the purpose of forming and becoming a corporation under the laws of the state of Nebraska, and for that purpose have made, executed and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

The name of this corporation shall be Kaffir Chemical Laboratories. The principal office and place of transacting the business of said corporation shall be in the city of Omaha, Nebraska, but it shall be within the power of the board of directors to establish other places of business in the state of Nebraska and in other states in this United States and in all foreign countries. The time of commencement of said business shall be upon the filing of these articles with the county clerk of Douglas county, Nebraska, and its termination shall be the 1st day of October, 1929, unless sooner terminated or further prolonged by due process of law. The general nature of said business shall be the manufacturing and dealing in pharmaceuticals, chemicals, drug preparations, medicines and all other things incidental to and connected therewith. It may purchase, own and sell trade-marks, copyrights, patents and formulae and protect the same under the laws of the several states and of the United States and all foreign countries. It may purchase, own and sell stock in other corporations similar in nature. It may, purchase, own and sell stock in any corporation or corporations authorized to manufacture or distribute moving picture films or authorized to do a general printing, publishing or advertising business. This corporation may also engage in the business of manufacturing or distributing moving picture films and also the business of printing, publishing and advertising of whatsoever kind or nature. It shall have the power to establish schools of instruction and conduct the same, wherein shall be taught a general beauty culture, including cosmetology and the manufacturing of hair goods. It may purchase, own, encumber and sell all kinds of real and personal property necessary or convenient in the execution of the main business of the corporation, and may do all other things incidental to or connected with the business of a wholesale or retail manufacturing druggist as well as all other rights herein enumerated. The authorized capital stock shall be \$500,000.00 divided into shares of \$10.00 each which, when issued, shall be fully paid and non-assessable. \$200,000.00 of said capital stock shall be common stock with full voting rights, and may be paid for in cash, bankable notes or such property or services as the company may be able to use in the conduct of its business. \$300,000.00 of said stock shall be 7 per cent cumulative, preferred and voting and shall take priority over all other stock as to assets and dividends and no increased mortgage shall be hereafter placed on any of the property of the company without the written consent of the owners of no less than two-thirds of the outstanding preferred capital stock. Dividends shall be payable annually on the 1st day of June of each year, and, in the event of liquidation of said company, the preferred stock shall be paid at par, plus accumulated dividends before any payment is made upon any other class of stock. This stock may be paid for in cash, bankable notes, or such other property or services as the company may need or be able to use in the conduct of said business. It shall be redeemable at 10 per cent above par share plus any unpaid guaranteed dividends on thirty days' written notice given by the company on or after five years from date said stock is issued. No

preferred stock holder shall be eligible to hold the office of director or officer of said company. The annual stockholders' meetings shall be held at its office in Omaha on the first Monday in January of each year, at which time there shall be elected a board of directors consisting of not less than three nor more than nine directors, each of whom shall be a bona fide stockholder of said corporation. They shall have complete control over the management and conduct of the business of said corporation and shall hold their offices until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors are chosen and qualified. At all stockholders' meetings each stockholder shall be entitled to cast in person, or by proxy, one vote for each share of common stock issued to or held by him. Vacancies in the board of directors caused by death, resignation or otherwise, may be filled by the remaining directors. The first board of directors shall consist of the undersigned incorporators who shall hold office until the first annual meeting of the stockholders and until their successors are elected and qualified. Immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders the board of directors shall hold a meeting and from their number shall elect a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, who shall hold office for a period of one year and until their successor in office is duly elected and qualified. Provided, however, that the office of secretary and treasurer may be held by the same person. Board of directors may by by-laws prescribe the duties of such officers, fix the salary of the same, and adopt such by-laws as they may see fit not inconsistent herewith. The highest amount of indebtedness to which said corporation may subject itself shall not, at any one time, exceed in amount, two-thirds of the capital stock of said corporation. These articles of incorporation may be amended by a two-thirds vote of all stock represented at any annual or special meeting, called for that purpose by the board of directors provided that notice thereof shall have been mailed to each stockholder at his last known address at least ten days prior to the holding of such annual or special meeting. The capital stock of said corporation shall be paid for in such manner and at such times as may be provided for by the board of directors but no share of stock shall be issued until the same is fully paid, and any indebtedness due or owing to any stockholder of the corporation shall be a first lien upon all his shares of stock in the corporation, and dividends earned thereon and any transfer shall be subject to such lien. The shares of stock of said corporation shall be transferable on the books of said corporation, in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the board of directors, but any stockholder who is about to sell, dispose of or transfer his share or shares of stock, or any of them, in said corporation, must offer the same to the board of directors at the same price for which he is about to dispose of or sell said share or shares, and said board of directors may purchase such share or shares at such figures or price, said purchase to be for the benefit of the remaining stockholders. Should any stockholder dispose of, or transfer his share or shares of stock without first offering the same to the board of directors or should any stockholder dispose of or transfer his share or shares of stock at a price or figure less than the price or figure at which he offered to sell the same to the board of directors, then, and in that event, the board of directors may refuse to recognize such transfer or sale and may cancel or annul said stock upon tendering to the holder thereof the price paid by him for such stock. In witness whereof we have set our hands this 6th day of October, A. D. 1919.

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