

GROWING,
THANK YOU!

THE MONITOR

A NATIONAL WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF COLORED AMERICANS.

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LIFTING.
LIFT, TOO!

SELF-DETERMINATION AGAIN THE CRY OF THE PHILIPPINES

(Special to The Monitor.)

Washington, July 3.—"It is for the best interest of both the United States and the Philippines that the independence of the latter country be recognized and established at this time."

This was the keynote of the request of the Philippine mission for an immediate and final solution of the Philippine problem made before a joint meeting of the Philippine committee of the senate and the insular affairs committee of the house which was called specially to receive the memorial and arguments of the representatives of the Philippine government and the Filipino people.

Manuel L. Quezon, president of the Philippine senate and chairman of the Philippine mission, presented the memorial, and declared that the Filipino people would be "sorely disappointed" if independence was not granted soon. He declared that the Filipino people had no fear that Japan had designs upon the islands, and were perfectly willing to accept independence either with or without a guarantee of protection by the United States, as the latter might think best.

Francis Burton Harrison, for six years governor general of the Philippines urged that congress carry out its promise of independence. He said that the people in his opinion were fully able to maintain a stable government. He declared the Filipino officials were as intelligent and trustworthy as any men he had ever met anywhere in the world.

"Such a step," declared the petition, "will insure the maintenance of a firm and lasting friendship between the two peoples, and will foster the free development of their commercial relations in the future; it will place on a high level the honor of America by the fulfillment of her repeated promises to grant freedom to the Filipino people, and thus perpetuate in the hearts of the Filipinos the sentiments of gratitude and affection which they now entertain towards the American people."

"It is confidently hoped and believed that congress will not suffer this opportunity to pass by at a time when the whole world is so anxious to establish international relations upon newer and more solid foundations of universal justice and liberty. America has constituted herself as the champion of the rights of humanity in the present war, and due in a great measure to her heroic efforts and generous aid, the world has been saved from the thrall of greed and oppression, and the rights of small and weak nations to exist in like manner as the great nations, vindicated."

"The recognition of the independence of the Philippines at this time will constitute an object lesson to the whole world in respect of the lofty and altruistic aims which have prompted America to take part in the great war, for it will furnish a practical application of the doctrine proclaimed by her of giving to all peoples the right of self-determination."

WINSTON-SALEM LOSES A PROMINENT CITIZEN

(By Associated Negro Press.)
Winston-Salem, N. C., July 3.—Prof. S. A. Smith, principal of Depot school, this city, died last week. Prof. Smith was a resident here more than twenty years, and was a graduate of Shaw university. He was highly esteemed by both races.

ALBON L. HOLSEY REPORTED TO SUCCEED EMMET J. SCOTT AS EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF TUSEKEGEE

Tuskegee, Ala., July 3.—When Mr. Emmett J. Scott was called to Washington to become the Special Assistant to the Secretary of War, his assistant at Tuskegee, Mr. Albon L. Holsey, became the Acting Secretary and later the Secretary to the Principal. It is understood here that since Mr. Scott has resigned to become Secretary-Treasurer of Howard University, Mr. Holsey is to continue in his present relations to the Principal.

The duties of the Principal's Executive Secretary are many and varied. He is necessarily required to handle many complex and confidential matters as well as to direct and supervise the work of ten or more stenographers and clerks who constitute the working staff of the Principal's Office. In his annual report to the Trustees, Dr. Moton says of Mr. Holsey:

"I wish to speak of the faithful, painstaking service of Mr. Albon L. Holsey, who during Mr. Scott's absence in Washington, has acted as Secretary of the school, and later as Secretary to the Principal. But for his excellent oversight and supervision, the work of the Principal's Office, as well as many other phases of the school's life, might not have gone so smoothly."

As associate editor of The Tuskegee Student, Mr. Holsey has edited this publication since Mr. Scott went to Washington and will continue in that capacity. He is also Assistant Secretary of The National Negro Business League and is the Tuskegee correspondent of many daily and weekly newspapers.

Mr. Holsey was born at Athens, Georgia, graduated from the Knox Institute of that city and later was a student at Atlanta University.

PROMINENT RACE MAN "CROSSES THE BAR"

(By Associated Negro Press.)
Columbus, O., July 3.—Prof. John H. Jackson, of this city, formerly principal of the Kentucky Normal and Industrial school, died at the age of 68. Prof. Jackson was the first race graduate of Berea, in Kentucky, and was known nationally as an educator and public spirited citizen.

He leaves a wife, Ida Joyce Jackson, treasurer of the National Federation of Colored Women's clubs, and considerable property. For a while Prof. Jackson was secretary of the Columbus Spring Street branch Y. M. C. A. and had been a delegate to republican national conventions several times.

DOCTOR CHRIS BAKER DIES

(By Associated Negro Press.)
Richmond, Va., July 3.—"Doctor" Chris Baker, for more than fifty years connected with the Medical college of Virginia, died recently, after a long illness. Baker had charge of the anatomical department. He was known and respected by every man who attended the college.

SHIRT FACTORY TO OPEN IN YORK, PA.

(By Associated Negro Press.)
York, Pa., July 3.—Through the efforts of Dr. George W. Bowles, a large New York firm will soon open a shirt factory in this city to employ Colored girls.



FONTENELLE PARK

Where the City Will Hold Its Monster Fourth of July Celebration

"THE GROUNDS OF THE NEGRO'S HOPE"

(By Associated Negro Press.)
Beloit, Wis., July 3.—Painting a vivid word picture of the "Grounds of the Negro's Hope," Dr. P. O'Connell, noted preacher, held spell-bound a perspiring audience in Beloit college chapel.

Between every perspiration drop there was a laugh and between every laugh a sudden rapt attention to the speaker's forceful praise of the progress his race has made.

"Of all the soldiers who answered the call to have democracy," Dr. O'Connell declared, "the Negroes stand at the top." The Negro stands at least among the chief of those who went to the rescue of civilization. They were heroes, their every death-dealing instrument known to man was in their midst. Now you and I must be heroes here.

"The Negro race, which has suffered more than any race, is distinguished by an invincible hope. This hope is not a dream of sensual things, but a desire for all the privileges of doing and being all that becomes a man. It is the hope for freedom to earn a living, freedom to vote, freedom to be treated civilly as a man, freedom to unite with fellow citizens in building up his community, freedom to make the supreme sacrifice for the good of mankind and the freedom to glorify God.

"The Negro's hope springs first out of his natural constitution which he brought from sunny Africa; second from consciousness of power; third, from what the white man has done for him; and fourth, in the providence of God who doesn't mean that the Negro should be an underling all of his life."

"There is one mistake the white makes," he said, "which is thinking he is the only 'pebble on the beach.' The war has shown that the white folks of America could not impregnate Europe with their attitude toward the Negro. Not everybody feels toward the Negro as the Americans do. All southern Europe is human toward the Negro. He feels human among them all on the Mediterranean. The great majority of the human race, instead of despising the Negro, is deeply interested in him. He is a favorite in France.

"The Negro has been carried into every country. He has been married to people of all races. The Negro is at the bottom of humanity and is making the world akin."

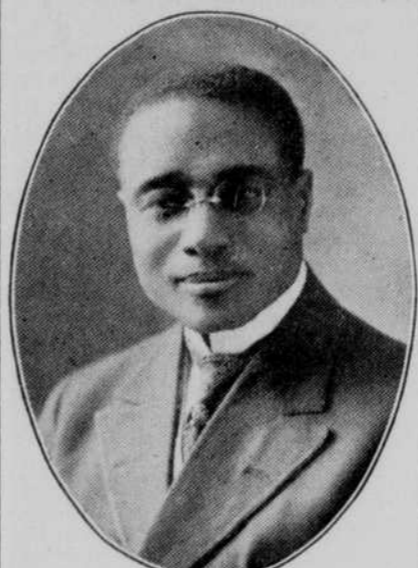
NEW YORK WANTS CITY MAGISTRATE

(By Associated Negro Press.)
New York, July 3.—Mayor Hylan has been asked to give recognition to the Negroes of this city by appointing James D. Carr a city magistrate. Mr. Carr was formerly an assistant district attorney and for some years has been a deputy assistant corporation counsel, caring for cases in the municipal courts. Mayor Hylan, being engaged, directed his secretary to give every consideration to the delegation visiting his office. The mayor promises to give the request his most careful consideration.

600 DELEGATES ATTEND N. A. A. C. P. CONFERENCE

(By Associated Negro Press.)
Cleveland, O., July 3.—The sessions of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, in the tenth annual conference were attended by more than 600 delegates from every section of the country, and a number of foreign countries.

The Spingarn medal this year was awarded to Archibald H. Grimke, of Washington, D. C., lawyer, author and former United States consul to Santo Domingo. Mr. Grimke is president of the Washington branch of the N. A. A. C. P., which is one of the strongest in the association.



JUDGE WILLIAM HARRISON,
Formerly of Oklahoma City, Okla.,
Now of Chicago, Ill.

Judge Harrison spoke at the Calvary Baptist church (white), July 1, 1919, under the auspices of the Pilgrim Rest Baptist church (Colored), whose pastor is Rev. William M. Franklin. The judge spoke upon the subject, "The Hour Has Come," and from the time he uttered the first sentence to the close of the last sentence he was an intelligent, constructive, instructive and convincing message, sustaining his nation-wide reputation as one of the most eloquent, logical, scholarly, forceful and convincing speaker on the American platform. The judge delivered an address that Omaha will never forget. Some of the things he said:

"The white dailies of our country should be fair and publish the doings of the best Negro as well as the misconduct of the worst Negro. The best white man and the best Negro must work side by side in giving the world real democracy. The Negro is an American citizen and has fought the battles of his country in every pivotal battle of the nation's existence. The hour has come for the nations of the world to treat all of their citizens and subjects precisely and exactly alike. The battles of the world must be fought out and settled in the hearts of men.

"Philosophy, science, diplomacy, constitutional lawyers, statesmen, etc., have failed to bring peace to the world because they failed to get the fundamentals of peace which are to be found in the Book of Deuteronomy and the New Testament."

GOV. CATTS OF FLORIDA RECEIVES DELEGATION FROM NEGRO UPLIFT ASSOCIATION

(By Associated Negro Press.)

Miami, Fla., July 3.—Attorney R. E. S. Toomey, legal advisor and state organizer of the Negro Uplift Association, who recently headed a delegation that visited the state capital and presented to the president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives a memorial urging that no color line be drawn in the making up of lists for jury service, addressed a letter to Governor Catts in which he deplored the lack of consideration given the memorial by the state executive. To this letter Governor Catts made reply that he had nothing to do with the disposition of the memorial by the senate or the house, but that he will endeavor to safeguard the interests of all people in Florida on a just basis.

"The Negro Uplift Association of Florida," wrote the colored attorney to the governor, "is not unmindful of the courteous reception and hearing accorded to its delegation (which recently waited on you) by your excellency, the president of the senate and the speaker of the house. It still regrets and deplors the lack of consideration given the memorial placed in your hands by the members of both houses.

"Feeling, however, confidence in your effort to have all officers keep the law and in your purpose to secure for all Floridians a square deal, we respectfully ask that you impress upon the sheriffs of each county the duty of including in their jury list all qualified citizens and requesting them to eliminate no such citizen because of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

"Trusting that the governor of the great state of Florida will see his way clear to grant this request and act in accordance on behalf of nearly one-half of the population of the state of Florida."

GORMAN, TEXAS, VOTES TO ADMIT COLORED CITIZENS

(By Associated Negro Press.)

Gorman, Tex., July 3.—Colored people are to be admitted to this town, according to unanimous vote of the Chamber of Commerce. The city council and Chamber of Commerce will adjust the problems of living conditions, schools, social justice and other questions that may arise. Gorman is a rapidly growing oil town, and developments are so fast that the town and territory need all the first class citizens obtainable. Already several hundred have come.

PECULIARITIES OF SPEECH

(By Associated Negro Press.)

Richmond, Va., July 3.—The Virginians have some peculiarities of speech not heard among their descendants in the southwest, and on the South Carolina coast, especially in Charleston, there is a peculiar accent. This is heard, too, to some extent in Savannah. The Negroes of the coast region thereabout speak the so-called gullah dialect, not like that spoken by any other Negroes anywhere in the south.

PIONEER ORGANIZATION OF COLORED RAILWAY WORKERS PLAN PROGRAM

(By Associated Negro Press.)

Washington, D. C., July 3.—International officers and field organizers of the pioneer organization of Colored railroad men convene at their headquarters here to plan further action as to the policy to pursue in securing the Negro railway workers of the country in their jobs and rights and to have proper enforcement of the present laws of the R. R. administration. International President R. L. Mays, will be in conference with First Vice President Benjamin J. Davis of McGehee, Ark., representing switchmen and brakemen; First Assistant Vice President T. C. Jefferson of Savannah, Ga., firemen; R. B. Holmes, southeastern general chairman of Colored trainmen; Fifth Vice President J. A. Ross of New York, Pullman porters; Field Organizer A. E. Stormm, Philadelphia; dining car men, Third Vice President Tony Davis, Meadville, Pa.; shop crafts and deputy field organizers, Alex Jones, Florence, N. C.; Walter Jones, Sanford, Fla.; I. L. Benjamin, Richmond, Va. The presidents of a score of eastern locals will also be in attendance. These men represent the Railroad Men's International Industrial Association, chartered five years ago by the state of Illinois. The one outstanding feature of the war period in Negro labor circles is the series of successful fights made by this association for Colored railroad employees.

By a masterful plea their president first won "Equal Pay for Equal Service" from the federal wage commission and Director General McAdoo. Later interpolation No. 13 and succeeded in securing the issuance of supplement No. 12 beat the roads in their plea for a review and a different ruling, resulting in many Colored head-end men receiving as much as a thousand dollars in back pay. All increases to Pullman and dining car men resulted from the efforts instituted by this association, and the association is, in fact, a federation of all crafts of Colored R. R. workers, under the leadership of a capable vice president, elected from the particular craft. While the association now has many thousand members in 39 different states, the object of the present conference is to reform the lines for a supreme effort to combine the many independent organizations of Colored men, whose recent formation will only divide the strength of the Colored railway men.

Congressman M. B. Madden of Illinois will be presented with a memorandum outlining the Negro railway workers views on legislation which may come before congress affecting government control of railroads.

Attorney W. L. Houston, former grand master of the Odd Fellows, and for 29 years a practitioner in the district courts, is the permanent Washington representative. Hon. Jas. E. White, law partner of Col. Franklin Dennison, and S. A. T. Watkins of the K. of P. is the general counsel at Chicago. Mr. White recently appeared before the U. S. supreme court here for Georgia Templars and tried the Colored Mason's case in Texas.

A DEMAND FOR EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK

(By Associated Negro Press.)

St. Petersburg, Fla., July 3.—Labor conditions in this place continue disturbed, and there is much talk now of a strike, and the race laborers have caught the contagion. The union workmen here are asking increase in pay, and are talking strike unless they get what they ask for, and the contractors are refusing to pay more money to anyone.

There is much talk of a general strike by the Colored laborers of all classes. Pamphlets have been circulated among them urging that they demand equal rights with the white people, and it is claimed that the K. of P. society is behind the movement which resulted in so many Colored men qualifying as voters by paying poll taxes. The lodge practically ordered the members to pay up, and qualify as voters.

\$90,000 RACE SANITARIUM

(By Associated Negro Press.)

Milledgeville, Ga., July 3.—A new building for Colored patients has just been completed and turned over to the trustees of the Georgia State Sanitarium. The building will accommodate 400 and cost \$90,000.

For Monitor office call Doug. 3224.

Mr. Advertiser:

The Monitor is read in practically every Colored family in Omaha, Council Bluffs and Lincoln.

It has also a wide circulation in Nebraska and other states.

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