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**McNairy's Meliorated Oil**



The Best Growing Hair Prepara-  
tion on the Market.

Keeps the Hair Straight, Soft  
and Silky.

Stops Hair From Falling Out.

**TRY THE MELIORATED  
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Mrs. B. Gant, 2515 N. 28th Ave.  
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St. Webster 6493.

Mrs. B. Buford, 2217 Howard.  
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Prices

Hair Grower.....50c a box  
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MISS NANNIE MCNAIRY,  
Manufacturer.

Box 403, Bonner Springs, Kas.  
Write for agency, inclosing  
postage for return mail.

**"WHAT DOES THE NEGRO  
WANT OR EXPECT?"**

(Continued from Page 1)

the establishment and maintenance of all classes of institutions. To give to the white youths the privileges and advantages of these institutions and deny them to Colored youths, naturally makes the Negro dissatisfied.

When the south provides the same class of technical, high school, college, university, and, too, military training out of state funds for Colored youths, as is done for the whites, then another barrier to our progress will be removed and a mutual feeling of helpfulness established.

**III. The Abolishment of the So-Called "Jim-Crow" Car System.**

Nothing has served to estrange the races in the south and create feeling of bitterness so much as the iniquitous "jim-crow" cars. Even though the statutes of the southern states call for separate but equal accommodations for white and Colored passengers, there is not a road in the south that lives up to the law. No difference whatever is made in the price of tickets; but all kinds of unfair and unjust differences are made as to accommodations and treatment. Negro passengers are often subjected to the most degrading and humiliating treatment imaginable. The privileges of sleeping cars and dining cars are thrown open to white passengers, but persistently denied to Colored passengers. Under the system of first and second-class fares a better distinction could be made and less friction and bad feeling engendered.

**IV. Discontinuance of Unjust Discriminatory Regulations and Segregation in the Various Departments of the Government.**

In a republic like ours a premium should be placed on efficiency and faithfulness to duty. This is not the case with us, as this rule or principle is ignored when it comes to Colored persons serving in the various governmental departments. They are subjected to humiliating conditions and discriminations; denied the benefits of promotion in line of efficient service. They have been refused assignment to work even after passing the required civil service examination, certified to and sent on for appointment, with the highest rating on the eligible list. In many cases Colored persons have been notified of appointment and, on written or telegraphic orders, come to Washington and reported for duty at a given salary named; and on appearing at said department or bureau have been turned away with the flimsy excuse that "some mistake had been made somewhere." The Negroes feel warranted in construing such acts as a breach of trust; the abrogation of a contract, or at least the violation of the code of ethics and a gentleman's agreement. And the result is an impairment of faith in the sense of honor and fairness on the part of the offenders.

**V. The Same Military Training for Colored Youths as for White.**

While we do not believe in anything like Prussian militarism, we do believe in preparedness against invasion and oppression from hostile enemies. This makes it necessary to maintain our army and navy. This means military training of a certain and well regulated standard provided for and given in government institutions or under the direction of the government. This should be applied to white and Colored youths alike. This is not the case now, as Colored youths are denied admittance to our war and naval colleges. A most singular method of reasoning—deny one the opportunity of a special training to fit him for certain duties and then charge him with being incapable of performance. But prejudice never stops to reason.

**VI. The Removal of an Imaginary Dead Line in Recognition of Fitness for Promotion in Military and Naval Service.**

It is not fair to the spirit of valor and patriotism to refuse or withhold promotions to higher ranks from Colored soldiers who have shown their valor on the battlefield, stood every test and proven their ability to train, lead and command others, by strict adherence to the rule of obedience and faithfulness to duty.

**VII. Removal of Peonage System in the South.**

In certain sections of the South Colored people are subjected to labor conditions very little removed from slavery. Advantage is taken of them and hardships are imposed to the point of suffering. They are in many cases powerless to prevent such or to defend themselves against it, and they feel that their only deliverance is to leave the South. This is against the natural tendency and wishes of many who love their native heath and the memories of loved ones.

**VIII. An Economic Wage Scale to Be Applied to White and Colored Alike.**

The Negro's record as a good workman is generally conceded. He is willing and anxious to engage in all kinds of labor, both skilled and unskilled. But there is too much difference made in the scale of wages applied to Colored persons as compared with the wages paid to white persons perform-

ing the same class of work. The cost of living is just as high for one as for the other and a proper recognition of this fact and an economic wage scale that has no color line will go a long way in helping to dignify labor.

**IX. Better Housing Conditions for Colored Employes in Industrial Plants.**

One of the things that contributes to the spirit of restlessness and dissatisfaction among Negroes is the utter disregard of the necessity of encouraging better home life for the laboring classes. This is particularly true of those who live in what is known as "quarters" on large plantations. The day has passed for the shack or one room shanty. The people want homes provided with some degree of comfort, convenience and, too, beauty. They are being taught the virtue of these things, to have aspirations for them, and the withholding of them simply makes them feel that there is no use—no hope.

**X. Better Sanitary Conditions in Certain Sections of Our Cities and Towns.**

It is a common complaint that in too many cases the municipal authorities pay very little attention to having proper sanitary facilities in sections where the majority of the residents are Colored people, thus fostering troubles and public nuisances which could be averted if more reasonable consideration were shown for the interests of all the people.

**XI. Reforms in the Penal Institutions of the South.**

We do not condone crime nor do we ask that it be winked at or excused, but we do expect a fair and impartial administration of the law. In too many cases young Colored boys and young girls, too, whose first offense is some petty misdemeanor, are sent to prison for long terms and placed with hardened criminals under such conditions as make it hard for them to reform; while for like offenses white youths are placed in some well regulated reformatory and given a chance to outlive the mistake and become useful citizens. In matters of this kind white and Colored should be treated alike, both from a humane standpoint and as a matter of justice.

**XII. A Fair and Impartial Trial by Jury Instead of Lynching.**

No people are safe in a community where mob violence is tolerated. Violators of law should be punished, but by due process of law. The lynching spirit has become so strong in some sections that it borders on a disregard for ALL law, order and decency. Innocent people are often the victims of the mob, and the peace and well-being of the entire community is seriously affected thereby.

**XIII. Recognition of the Negro's Right and Fitness to Sit on Juries.**

The jury system is one of fundamental principles of our government and the privilege to exercise this right should be extended to capable citizens without regard to race relationship.

**XIV. Fair Play.**

Just as the Negro has been among the first to give his best, his all on the altar of his country in every struggle for the defense of its flag, so he wants and expects equal opportunity to serve in the development of his country and the full enjoyment of the fruits thereof. This he regards as but a proper, liberal and reasonable interpretation of what is guaranteed to him by the constitution under which he lives and to uphold which he sacredly dedicates his all.

In submitting the above I do not know how well I have interpreted the feeling of the Negroes of this country and shall be interested to have comment and criticism from any source whatever. Of one thing I am assured: It is a hopeful sign when a white man, speaking for his people, will admit that there is an anxiety to know what can be done to better the existing conditions and bring about better feeling between the races. I have tried to give a frank and plain answer. The time is ripe for a free and open conference between the races. Let us get together and settle our differences and settle them right. Let every Negro organization get together and find some common platform as the basis on which we can stand and feel safe and justified in our claims as American citizens.

In this spirit the above fourteen articles are submitted.

JOHN R. HAWKINS,  
Financial Secretary A. M. E. Church,  
154 Fourteenth Street, N. W., Wash-  
ington, D. C.

**"THEM'S OUR SENTIMENTS, TOO"**

Just one thing will have a great deal to do with strengthening our belief in the world-wide democracy sincerity of the present administration, and that is the wiping out of the "jim crow" railroad cars. The government is in control of the railroads. Why can't this matter be well termed a war necessity and be relegated to the realms of oblivion?—Wichita Kansan.

**Machine Works With Peat Gas.**

Danish investors have perfected motors that are claimed to work well with peat gas as fuel instead of benzine or gasoline.

# Lincoln News

MRS. SARAH WALKER.

The J. V. B. club gave a dinner party last Wednesday evening at the home of Miss Corinne Letcher in honor of Miss Mabel Stillman. Covers were laid for eight guests and a very enjoyable evening was reported by all present.

A very large attendance was present at the entertainment given at Masonic hall by the Daughters of Bethel last Thursday evening.

A meeting for the election of officers of the N. A. A. C. P. will be held Friday evening November 22, 1918.

Miss Marian Hemphill of Denver, Colo., arrived in the city last week to spend the holidays as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ada Holmes.

Mr. L. B. McGhee was taken very ill last week, but is convalescing rapidly and hopes to be out in a few days.

Mr. J. D. Bowen left last week for a two weeks' visit in Denver, Colo., and Cheyenne, Wyo.

Mrs. Perry is reported to be very ill.

The L. L. S. Kensington club gave a supper at the home of Mrs. Melvia White Monday evening for the benefit of replenishing their treasury. A very large number were present and a delightful evening was witnessed by every one.

"It's time to think about an overcoat." Phone L7664. Y. B. Young, 219 North Tenth street.

## AFRICANS WRITING ABOUT AMERICAN NEGROES

Negro Progress in America.—The article entitled the Voice of the Black—A Study of the American Negro, by Hilton Radley, which was reproduced in the supplement to the African World, is worth the close attention of the Negroes at home. It is an inspiration to us. In the last fifty years American Negroes have made wonderful progress. Illeracy has decreased, thrift and wealth have increased, health has improved and there has been a notable advance in self-respect and self-expression. There are now a million Colored farmers, thirty thousand carpenters, fifty-five thousand railway hands, thirty-six thousand miners, twenty-eight thousand porters, thirty thousand clergymen, three thousand physicians, two hundred thousand mistresses of independent homes, and over two million children in schools.

Today, the writer goes on, the Negro is a recognized part of the American government; he holds 9,000 offices in the executive service of the nation besides furnishing several regiments in the army and a large number of sailors. In the state and municipal civil service he holds at least 10,000 other offices, and he furnishes over 500,000 of the voters which rule the union. The writer next went briefly over the Negro's record of service. In support of his claim for fuller social justice stands the record that in seven wars the Negro has fought for American liberty—3,000 Negroes fought for American independence under George Washington; 200,000 fought in the civil war; 10,000 fought in the Spanish-American war, and now among the troops of General Pershing in France the Colored soldier is in evidence, while his brothers at home are flocking to the color. Brilliant minds like those of Dunbar and Braithwaite, the poet; Miller and Ginkle, the essayists; Rosamond Johnson, the musician, Tanner, the painter, and Du Bois, author and reformer, have added prestige to the name of Negro in America. So much has been done by Negroes in a foreign land, among hostile neighbors and detractors of the race are still loud in damaging us. It behooves us, the Africans at home, to work as the American Negroes are working for the better things of life.

—Odebo—Lagos Standard-Southern Niger.

## Classified Advertising

RATES—1½ cents a word for single insertions; 1 cent a word for two or more insertions. No advertisement taken for less than 15 cents. Cash should accompany advertisement.

### FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

Neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 722 N. 16th st. Tel. Doug. 9027. J. L. Webster.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms—Strictly modern. With or without board, 1516 North 16th St. Tel. Web. 4983.

Two or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping in private home. Call Webster 4419. 1518 N. 24th st.

Furnished room for man and wife or women. Tel. Web. 1654. 2115 Clark street.

Furnished room, strictly modern, 911 Capitol avenue, Mrs. J. H. Broomfield. Douglas 2378.

FOR RENT—Two or three unfurnished rooms. Webster 4419. 1518 North 24th st.

Neatly furnished room in private home. Strictly modern. 2524 North Twenty-fifth street. 10-27

FURNISHED rooms; strictly modern; men preferred. 2204 N. 19th st. Tel. Web. 3308.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; strictly modern. Mrs. Anna Alexander, 1923 N. 27th st. Web. 2941.

FOR RENT—Right at 24th st. car line; two nice, large furnished rooms for couple; also a smaller room. 2317 Charles. Webster 4745.

A furnished room for rent. Mrs. E. M. Wright, 2620 Burdette st. Webster 5543.

## MORE WORK FOR THE RED CROSS WORKERS

Although peace has been declared, we have been assured that the war work of the Red Cross is far from being ended, especially that part of the activities that has to do with civilian relief.

The bureau of readjustment work is just beginning. It is only adequate and proper that we should drop the things that were connected with the winning of the war, and take up the job that reconstruction offers. For the readjustment of industrial and economical conditions will present many difficult problems to be solved.

The work of the Red Cross will not cease until the last man returns, which may be in two years, or possibly five years.

The Red Cross workers have done much toward the winning of the war and their work has been greatly appreciated.

The war has caused many agencies to co-operate with each other, thus utilizing the distracted forces which were scattered throughout the country, and they should continue to be utilized, so that common life might be enriched.

Fourteen members of the Ada Young Red Cross unit were present at the Masonic hall Thursday to assist in the work.

follower of Jesus Christ. I hope to be home soon. May God bless you and keep you. I have never forgotten your teachings and remember them more now than ever. Your loving son,  
CHARLES L. DAVID,  
Co. H., A. E. F., 805 Pioneer Inf.

### LODGE DIRECTORY

F. and A. A., York Rite, St. Luke's Lodge, No. 14, will meet the first and third Monday nights in the Knights of Pythias hall, Twenty-fourth and Charles streets. All members take notice. William Bridges, W. M.; J. E. Johnson, secretary; H. C. Watts, treasurer.

Gate City Lodge, No. 6674, G. U. O. of O. F., meets the first and third Monday of each month at Peterson's hall, Twenty-fourth and Burdette streets. W. H. Payne, N. G.; R. L. Woodard, P. S., 4912 South Twenty-sixth street. South 4459.

Omaha Lodge, No. 146, A. F. and A. M., Omaha, Neb. Meetings first and third Thursdays of every month. Lodge room, 2201 Cuming street. P. H. Jenkins, W. M.; W. H. Robinson, secretary.

Keystone Lodge, No. 4, K. of P., Omaha, Neb. Meetings first and third Thursdays of each month. H. A. Hazard, C. C.; J. H. Glover, K. of R. and S.

Weeping Willow Lodge, No. 9596, G. U. O. of O. F., meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month at U. B. F. hall, Twenty-fourth and Charles streets. R. S. Gaskins, N. G.; T. H. Gaskins, P. S.

International Order, No. 631, Colored Engineers and Portable Hoisting Engine-men meets at 2225½ Lake street first and third Wednesdays in each month. W. H. T. Ransom, president; J. H. Hendly, corresponding secretary; J. H. Moss, recording secretary; S. L. Bush, treasurer.

Faithful Lodge, No. 250, U. B. F., meets second and fourth Fridays in each month at Rescue hall. Visiting brethren welcome. Earl Jones, W. M.; James Tubbs, W. S.

Lodge rooms at Twenty-fourth and Charles streets vacant two nights each week. Persons wanting to rent same call Allen Jones, rental agent, Webster 1190.

FURNISHED rooms for rent. 2622 Grant st.

For Rent—Newly furnished rooms. 1518 North 24th street. Tel. Web. 4419.

FOR RENT OR FOR SALE—Six-room house, furnished. Call Webster 5639. 1809 North 23d st.

Furnished Rooms—Strictly modern furnished rooms for man and wife or for men. 2417 Caldwell. Mrs. G. Holmes.

Furnished rooms. Strictly modern. 2705 Douglas street. Harney 6829. Mrs. I. Falls.

A neat furnished room in modern home for man and wife, 3702 North Twenty-third street. Webster 3727 9-21

Neatly furnished rooms in private family. Strictly modern. Webster 1196. 9-21-4t

First class rooming house, steam heat, bath, electric light. On Dodge and 24th st. car line. Mrs. Ann Banks, 924 North 20th st. Doug. 4376.

Furnished Rooms—Neatly furnished rooms in a strictly modern home; one-half block off car line. Tel. Web. 4983. 1516 North 16th.

Furnished Rooms—Strictly modern furnished room for man and wife. Mrs. Hueston, 2805 Ohio.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. Call Webster 5639.

Furnished Rooms—Strictly modern. W. Harvell. Webster 4760.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, all modern. 2706 Parker st. Web. 1250.

First-class modern furnished rooms. Mrs. L. M. Bentley Webster, 1702 North Twenty-sixth street. Phone Webster 4769.

Neatly furnished rooms in a private home. Modern except heat. Men only. Webster 1760.

Neatly furnished rooms, 1842 North 27th St. Call Webster 2812.

Two furnished rooms, 2415 Indiana avenue. Tyler 3399-W.

For Rent—Modern furnished rooms. 2320 North 28th Ave. Phone Webster 2058.

## Golden Sheaf Tabernacle No. 19

Will Give a Dinner Wednesday, November 27, at

TABERNACLE HALL,

24th and Patrick Ave.

DINNER 25 CENTS

Tickets on sale by the committee and at the hall.

Also the drawing for the quilt will be held in the hall at 11 o'clock p. m., November 27.

Mrs. Delia Brown,  
Chairman Committee.

## "There is a reason why"

Let Mme. Smith Treat Your Hair

THE PORO SYSTEM

Special treatment given to men. The only hair dresser in Omaha who straightens men's hair without an iron.

Parlors 2512 Lake Street.  
Phone Webster 3024.

Our Thanksgiving Offer

## Free Turkey

A Big Live Corn Fed Turkey Free with Every Suit and Overcoat at \$20.00 and Up.

This sale starts Saturday, November 23, and ends Wednesday, November 27.

**PALACE CLOTHING CO.**  
14th and Douglas