

Tel. Douglas 618 Reaches all Departments

Great Special Value

Regular \$2.00 All Silk Voiles, 43-in. choice colors, per yd. 69c

In other words we propose to make this special sale of handsome silk voiles of such great interest that everybody in Omaha will visit this department during this sale.

Women's Underwear for Warm Days
During the warm days you will need plenty of changes of light weight underwear.

Women's gause hose Union Suits, low neck, sleeveless, umbrella or tight knee, all sizes, \$1.00 each.

Women's gause cotton union suits, low neck, sleeveless, knee length, made with drop seat, all sizes, \$1.00 each.

Boys' fine striped shirts, high neck, short sleeves, drawers to match, knee length, all sizes \$0.50 each.

Main Floor. Dainty Parasols
Rich in daintiness and summer charm. There was a time when a parasol was considered a luxury on

THOMPSON BELDEN & CO. Howard, Cor. 16th St. Open Saturday Evenings.

men were asking if he thought the matter would be settled soon.

"I told them," he wrote, "that I heard nothing of a settlement or anything that would indicate a settlement; that the strike would last a long time yet and also that I believed the union would have to give up by next fall if we did not win by that time."

"Now that the convention is over I will again take personal charge of the relief work and will carry out the instructions I received from Mr. Carey (Pinkerton manager) about a week ago in regard to cutting down the relief, as much as possible so as to cause dissatisfaction and get the men against the union. I will put the blame for not giving the men more relief as much as I can on W. D. Hayward by saying that I carried out his instructions."

The next two reports read from operative No. 5 were detailed accounts of the proceedings at the Western Federation of Miners' convention, which he attended as delegate. There was nothing out of the ordinary in the proceedings and nothing of an inflammatory character.

Report from Victor. Mr. Darrow next read reports from Philander H. Bailey, known as "Operative No. 9." They were dated from Victor, Colo., during the Cripple Creek strike.

One of these letters was purely formal, detailing the proceeding of a union meeting. The letters developed nothing against the law and order as had been mentioned by the speakers or interviews with members of the union.

Following Bailey's reports came the report of an operative named Rainier in Cripple Creek. Rainier declared, under date of September 19, 1902, that the miners claimed to have all the best of it, unless there was a break in the Mine Owners' association the operative thought their claims were doubtful.

Rainier reported that he heard no radical talk or threats from the miners and that the miner acted as a committee of one to stop all disputes and disturbances. The operative expressed sympathy for the strikers.

That the Pinkertons invaded the fields of Colorado where the Mine Workers of America employed the miners, reports were read from No. 38—Robert M. Smith. The operative Smith attended was open to the public, but he reported at length the proceedings.

Told to Kill Union Men. Mr. Darrow next read two lengthy reports from Pinkerton operative J. N. Londoner, now assistant superintendent in the Denver office. The reports were from Victor, Colo., at the time of the Independence report explosion, June 6, 1904.

Londoner reported that he attended a meeting of the Independence district at the time and threats made against the union.

"I was made deputy as soon as I showed my face," Londoner wrote, "and was told to kill any union man or sympathizer who spoke to me."

The operative added that at the time of his writing there was a talk of taking the leaders of the union from the bull pen and hanging them. The citizens demanded the resignation of Sheriff Robertson. He declined. They got a rope and put a noose about his neck. He was given five minutes to decide. Robertson looked at the mob. He then sat down and wrote his resignation.

"Boys," he said, "I know you have got the drop on me and I know you'll hang me. I don't resign."

Londoner's reports next told of the speech made by C. L. Hamlin, secretary of the Mine Owners' association. Hamlin had spoken less than five minutes when the fire began.

Attempt to Kill Hamlin. "There is no doubt that an attempt was made to kill Hamlin," he added, "as one of the bullets grazed his head."

"The soldiers were called out and several were stationed on house tops. Without a demand to surrender they began to fire into Union hall and continued until a white flag was displayed.

"In Union hall several hundred rifles, three barrels of ammunition and a big supply of provisions were found. Altogether eighteen men were killed at Victor."

Under date of June 29, 1904, Londoner

Let the diet consist of foods that are nutritious. DR PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE CEREAL FOOD is made by a physician and chemist and leader of the world in pure food products. Its daily use helps to regulate the bowels. 10 cents a package. Sold by all Grocers.

WHAT TO DO ON THE FOURTH

Some "Don'ts" and Remedies for Those Who Do.

TETANUS GERM THRIVES ON FILTH

So Doctors Warn All Mamas to See that Johnny's Wound is Promptly and Thoroughly Cleaned Out.

The season for the small boy's sacrifice is at hand—the glorious Fourth. 'Tis a grand day. Nevertheless it is a day which the average small boy celebrates not wisely, but too well.

Now is the time for careful fathers and mothers to prepare for the carnage. In times of peace prepare for war. Proclamations and speeches are plentiful and ukases have been issued as they have been issued every year.

Now, if Johnny will be careful there need be no accidents. But if, by chance, he should burn himself or shoot his hand full of powder, let him make haste to the house and have it attended to. If he does so, he may live in the land many years.

If he does not he may be numbered with the slain. For lockjaw is a most insidious disease. Johnny will feel all right after the shot himself full of powder. And then a few days or weeks later the deadly tetanus germs will get in its awful work and produce its awful result.

Tetanus Thrives on Filth. The tetanus germ thrives on filth. If the wound is cleaned out after Johnny has shot himself and if it is kept clean until a physician can give it attention no bad results need follow.

If people would only observe a few little common sense rules there would be practically no fatal results from the Fourth of July celebration, said a leading Omaha physician. Then he gave the following as the best and simplest lotion to apply to burns.

Lime oil one part. Lime water one part. This mixture is of a bright yellow color and is known as carroll oil. It can be secured at any drug store.

Before the poultice is applied the wound or burn should be thoroughly washed in warm water to which carbolic acid has been added in the proportion of one teaspoonful of the acid to the quart of water.

As soon as the physician arrives he will attend to the wound if it needs further attention, though often the application of the carroll oil is sufficient to effect the cure.

"Keep the dirt out of the wound; that is the main thing to do," concluded the physician.

Here are a few "don'ts" for the Fourth. While some of them have a somewhat frivolous tone, all contain truths which behind timid young women, for their escorts may be prize fighters.

Don't attempt to drop a firecracker down a man's back. He may be a special policeman in disguise.

Don't refuse cannon crackers to the baby. He may have the makings of a Dewey or a Hobson in him.

Don't forget the sick man next door. Set off plenty of firecrackers below his window that he may know the American people have not forgotten the days of 1776.

Don't attempt to hold firecrackers in the hand. It is better to light them with a piece of punk while they are lying on the ground.

Be careful not to stand over a skyrocket while lighting it. In using a revolver with blank cartridges hold the weapon well out from the arm while firing it. Never point the revolver at anyone, even though it is loaded with blanks.

In shooting Roman candles be sure to send the balls up into the air. If the fuse goes out on a firecracker it is better to wait a few minutes than to take a chance on picking it up and having it explode in the hand.

In all cases use common sense. NEBRASKA FROM DAY TO DAY

Quaint and Curious Features of Life in a Rapidly Growing State.

It is impossible for a merchant to do a great primer business with a nonpareil ad—Oakdale Sentinel.

Reward Enough—After many a weary tramp to the river banks, Ed Perrenoud has been rewarded. One fine morning the tramp he last saw served as a volunteer in the war against Austria in 1848 and was secretary of Count Cavour at the congress of Paris in 1860.

John E. Colton. UNITED S. C. July 1.—John E. Colton, one of the best known traveling men in the south and father of William E. Colton of Jacksonville, Fla., the grand councillor of the United Commercial Travelers' association, died here last night.

Mrs. Carrie L. Lomax. MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 1.—Mrs. Carrie L. Lomax, one of the most noted women in Alabama, died last night. She was the widow of Colonel Tennent Lomax, who was killed at the battle of Seven Pines.

Mrs. Mary Fogarty. Mrs. Mary Fogarty, 77 years of age, died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. T. J. Tholan, of 222 Charles street, Saturday evening. The body was taken to Greeley center, Neb., Monday.

William Murphy. The body of William Murphy, who died in St. Joseph's hospital Sunday, was taken from Taggart's undertaking parlors Monday morning to Atkinson, Neb., the former home of the deceased.

Mrs. S. E. Barry. Mrs. S. E. Barry, 89 years of age, of Franklin, Neb., died at the Wise Memorial hospital Sunday. The body will be taken to her home.

Anna Alice Ladd. Anna Alice Ladd, daughter of H. S. Ladd of 22 North Twenty-second street, died Sunday morning at the age of 45 years. The body will be taken for burial to Rising City, Neb.

All goods sold at Huberman's jewelry store guaranteed as to price and quality.

BULLETIN NEBRASKA TELEPHONE COMPANY

Deadly Parallel No. 2. Bonds on a projected telephone plant have been offered at par and sweetened with from 50 to 100 per cent of common stock as a bonus.

The Nebraska Telephone Company now operates 47,000 telephones of which number 15,200 are located in Omaha, showing a growth during the last year of 30 per cent.

It has also made traffic arrangements with so-called independent companies which give it connections with 40,000 additional telephone stations. The company has earned and paid in dividends at the rate of 6 per cent per annum without a break for the past ten years.

By careful management has accumulated a surplus of \$500,000 to provide for storm damages and other emergencies.

For every dollar of capital the company can show actual plant value, which makes the stock a most conservative investment. Although the equipment is modern in every respect, the capitalization per telephone is extremely low, being less than \$100 per station (that is per telephone) including real estate, toll lines and property of all kinds.

This means that the fixed charges to be earned by each telephone are so low that ample provisions can be made for maintenance and reconstruction, this keeping the underlying property value at par.

The exact figures at the beginning of the year show that the total capital and debt was \$4,324,289.69, the total number of telephones was 44,517, so that by dividing the total capital and debt by the total number of telephone stations, the result showed a capitalization per telephone of \$97.14.

This figure in itself is proof positive to any telephone man that there is not a dollar of water in the Nebraska Telephone Company. Because it has no watered stock nor inflation of its capital, the Nebraska Telephone Company can give its subscribers the greatest possible value for their money in the way of service.

It is in a position to be a good public servant. The stock of the Nebraska Telephone Company is not speculative, but an investment; the business of the Nebraska Telephone Company is not a guess, but a science.

COMPLAINTS OF JAPANESE San Francisco Officials Say Licenses Are Not Granted to Any But Citizens.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—In response to an inquiry the Japanese consul today informed the Associated Press that no decision has yet been reached as to whether suit shall be brought in the courts to recover in behalf of the Japanese residents of San Francisco who suffered loss in wrecking on May 23 of a Japanese restaurant and bath house in Polson street by a mob.

The matter was described as being at the present time in statu quo. It was said by a representative of the consul general that the consulate is not now awaiting instructions from Tokyo, but is simply delaying action for further consideration of the incidents of the attack.

It was further said that the consulate was investigating the complaint of local Japanese that their trade is being discriminated against by the Board of Police Commissioners in refusing to grant them liquor licenses, junk licenses, intelligence office licenses and licenses for similar municipal privileges.

The reply of the board is that it is acting under an ordinance which forbids the issuance of liquor licenses to any save citizens of the country and persons who have declared their intention of becoming citizens and in accordance with the rule for the board that other licensees named shall not be granted to foreigners until American residents have more fully recovered from the business shock of last year's earthquake and fire.

The consulate looks with suspicion on this defense, but wishes to be understood as dissatisfied by officials of the embassy regarding any definite recommendation to the Tokyo government.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The fact that there is no apparent discrimination as a race against the Japanese, who made application in San Francisco to establish intelligence offices and who were refused this privilege, has been received with evident satisfaction by officials of the embassy here, and they say this being the case there is nothing for them to do nor have they any comment to make.

TOKIO, July 1.—The impression is growing here that the anti-Japanese feeling and demonstrations in San Francisco are the outcome of a deeply laid plan based upon racial hatred, and the recent developments apparently support this impression. The newspapers here which had special correspondents of American nationality in San Francisco have ceased to receive news from them. No explanation was offered for the discontinuance of news dispatches, but the impression here is that pressure was brought to bear upon the correspondents in San Francisco not to serve the Japanese papers.

The few newspapers which do report the news point will soon be reached. Although war is not dreamed of, the mutual feelings of good will and friendship will be seriously alienated if prompt measures are not taken to allay the general indignation here against the discrimination in San Francisco, which, according to Japanese contention, is a flagrant violation of treaty rights.

Apparently certain measures of retaliation are seriously being contemplated by influential men in political and business circles. Just what action will be taken has not yet developed, but a boycott against American goods, it is believed, will certainly be one of the steps taken.

To Norfolk Without Changing Cars Leave Chicago 10:35 a. m., reach Jamestown Exposition next evening over Pennsylvania Short Line via Columbus and N. & W. Ry. Daily through service after July 14. Write or call on Rowland, U. S. Bank Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Assembly Hall for Academy. STURGIS, S. D., July 1.—(Special.)—Arrangements have been made for the erection of an assembly hall at St. Martin's school grounds in Sturgis. The new building will be 50x100 feet with a basement to be used for a gymnasium and recreation rooms. The estimated cost is \$5,000 and work will be begun in August.

Carpenter Hanga Himself. PIERRE, S. D., (Special Telegram.)—W. A. Oatley, a carpenter working at Philip, seventy-five miles west, committed suicide by hanging last night. The authorities of Stanley county are investigating, but the cause of the act has not yet been learned.

GETTING READY Feeding Ahead of Hot Weather. "Not quite so much meat in springtime; use the cereals, as they heat the blood less." Seasonable advice from an old practitioner.

If one uses some care as to food, the hot weather will be passed as comfortably as any season. In fact, a person possessed of a perfectly balanced set of nerves can be happy and comfortable under most any conditions.

The trusted food for building up the nervous system to a perfect condition is Grape-Nuts. The makers are skilled in their art, and knowing that nature fills the brain and nerve centers with a soft gray matter, they use up more or less each day and must be replaced, for nervous prostration sets in, and also knowing that this gray matter is made by the combination of albumen and phosphate of cereals, they select the parts of the field grains that contain the needed nutritive elements, and mix into a delicious food, ready cooked, predigested, and of a fascinating flavor.

The use of Grape-Nuts quickly proves that it really does rebuild and strengthen the nervous system in a most certain manner. Sold by all first-class grocers and in daily use by hundreds of thousands of families all over the world. "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkg.

Tough Tenderfoot—Sargent has a number of "lightened bloods" who think what they do not know is a way of sport and devotion is not worth knifing. About a week ago a stranger from Boston, dressed in that town and those "smarts"

SHAFT OVER EMPTY GRAVE

Woodmen of the World Unveil Falkenberg Monument at Denver

OMAHA HEAD OFFICERS ATTEND Daughter of Dead Man Still Refuses Permission for Removal of Body of Father—Suit in Court.

DENVER, July 1.—Over a tenanted grave in Fairmount cemetery the Woodmen of the World yesterday afternoon unveiled a magnificent monument to the memory of the late head consul, F. A. Falkenberg, with full ritual and imposing pomp, while the daughter of the dead, Mrs. Falkenberg-Ferris, still had an application pending in the district court asking for a permanent injunction restraining the Woodmen from using the name of her father on their monument.

There was a good representation of the leading officials of the order at the ceremony. There were Sovereign Commander Joseph Colin Root of Omaha, who delivered the memorial address; George F. Woolley of Omaha, manager of the organization department of the Woodmen of the World; J. F. Fitzgerald of Kansas City, sovereign manager; Dr. C. D. Cloyd of Omaha, sovereign physician; Colonel J. W. Kaiser of Topeka, Kan., on the staff as the sovereign commander. All of the local officers, Head Consul I. I. Book and J. C. Lathaw of the head camp were there. Union companies from Omaha, Kansas City, Cheyenne, Colorado Springs, Fort Collins, Pueblo and Denver gave a semi-military appearance to the function.

"That beautiful stone will ever fulfill the ambition of Mrs. Ferris. It is desired that her father's body shall never be moved, and if she wins the suit for an injunction the stone of the order will serve only as a tribute and memorial and will not mark the grave of Falkenberg."

REGISTER AN EARTHQUAKE Evidence of Shock Greater Than That at Kingston at Maryland Observatory.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The coast and geological survey service reports that an earthquake was recorded at the Cheltenham, Md., observatory this morning, beginning at 8 o'clock, 14 minutes and 43 seconds, and lasting one hour. The principal disturbance was from 8:22 to 8:35 o'clock, the largest motion being in a north-south direction. The shock was comparatively greater than at Kingston, but not so great as the San Francisco earthquake.

A special bulletin issued by the weather bureau says that the seismographs at the weather bureau today recorded an earthquake of moderate intensity, which resembled in many respects the record of the Kingston earthquake made on January 14, 1907. The first preliminary tremors began earlier in the north and south component record at 8 o'clock, 14 minutes and 49 seconds, a. m., with a distinct second beginning of tremors after an interval of four minutes and forty-three seconds. A few minutes later several waves of noticeably long period were recorded from 8:22 to 8:28 a. m.

The motion of the ground in the east-west direction began at 8:24:59 and consisted of unusually minute and short period tremors. The beginning of the second preliminary tremors in the east-west was very gradual, at about 8:30:25, the maximum wave motion being recorded in the east-west component at about 8:35 to 8:37 a. m. From the general details of the record the

FORECAST OF THE WEATHER

Fair and Warmer in Nebraska and South Dakota Today—Warmer in Western Iowa Today.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Forecast of the weather for Tuesday and Wednesday: For Nebraska and South Dakota—Fair and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday, fair. For Iowa—Fair Tuesday, warmer in west portion; Wednesday, fair.

Local Record. OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, July 1.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

Maximum temperature..... 197, 198, 198, 194. Minimum temperature..... 65, 66, 62, 54. Mean temperature..... 74, 75, 73, 68. Precipitation..... .00, .30, .01, .00.

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal at Omaha since March 1, and comparison with the last two years:

Normal temperature..... 75. Deficiency for the day..... 1. Total rainfall since March 1..... .57 inches. Deficiency for the day..... .15 inch. Total rainfall since March 1..... 6.94 inches. Deficiency since March 1..... .64 inches. Deficiency for cor. period, 1906..... 1.48 inches. Deficiency for cor. period, 1905..... 5.43 inches.

Reports from stations at 7 P. M. Station and State. Tem. Max. Rain. of Weather. 7 p. m. Tem. Fall.

Blumark, clear..... 74 78 .00. Cheyenne, pt. cloudy..... 68 78 .00. Chicago, clear..... 72 84 .00. Denver, cloudy..... 70 80 .00. Davenport, cloudy..... 72 82 .00. Des Moines, cloudy..... 70 80 .00. Havre, clear..... 76 78 .00. Lincoln, clear..... 72 78 .00. Norfolk, clear..... 82 87 .00. North Platte, clear..... 80 80 .00. Omaha, pt. cloudy..... 75 84 .00. Rapid City, clear..... 74 78 .00. St. Paul, pt. cloudy..... 68 72 .00. Salt Lake City, clear..... 80 85 .00. Valentine, clear..... 72 72 .00. Williston, pt. cloudy..... 72 72 .00.

T indicates trace of precipitation. L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

BUSINESS VS. SPECULATION

July 2

Deadly Parallel No. 2.

Bonds on a projected telephone plant have been offered at par and sweetened with from 50 to 100 per cent of common stock as a bonus.

But this is not all, for, in addition to the stock issued as water to stimulate the sale of bonds, a greater amount of stock must be issued to carry the control of the company. This means that more than two dollars' worth of securities must be issued upon each dollar's worth of plant.

Having gone so far it is easy to go farther and create securities up to three or four times the cost of the plant.

The recent disasters which have come to so-called independent telephone companies, and notably the downfall of the United States Independent Telephone Company which was capitalized for \$50,000,000 and agreed to sell out the control for \$5,000,000, or ten cents on the dollar, have been caused by the inflation of the capitalization in order to offer large bonuses of watered stock to prospective investors.

In the case of the United States Telephone Company, the end was hastened by unfavorable money market and by 26 cent copper and a corresponding advance in the costs of construction.

The underwriting rights for several new independent companies which are being hawked about the country cannot prove anything but disastrous in the end if a plant built at the present high prices of material is loaded with a capitalization of two or three times its cost. It is announced that the proposed new telephone plant in Omaha will be bonded for \$1,500,000 and will issue \$1,500,000 of preferred stock, and it is further announced that 6,000 telephones in Omaha will pay interest on this \$3,000,000 of capitalization, provide a sinking fund and carry a net profit to surplus.

This means that each telephone will pay the fixed charges on \$500 of capitalization, and that an investor who puts \$100 into the scheme will have a fifth interest in the earnings of one telephone.

FULL SUIT AND EXTRA TROUSERS For the price of suit alone

WE HAVE the choicest fabrics—the best skilled tailors—most competent cutters—and tempting prices—to make good our boast—that Nicoll leads far—best tailoring at nominal cost.

Suit and Extra Trousers \$25 to \$45 SERGE SPECIAL!

Handsome line of Blue, Black or Gray Serge fabric, full suit and extra Trousers—this month \$25

Nicoll TAILOR WILLIAM JERREMS' SONS, 200-11 So. 15th Street.

DIAMONDS FRENZER 15 & DODGE

AMUSEMENTS. Base Ball Omaha vs. Lincoln VINTON ST. PARK June 29 and 30, July 1-2 Monday, July 1, Ladies day. Games Called 3:45 p. m.

WHERE TO EAT Pure, Wholesome Cooking

—AT— The CALUMET

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement or over a quarter of a century. Convenient for tourists.

PREPARED BY S. H. Lyon, D.D.S.

Wroth's BAR AND Parlor ... CHILI... 214 South Fourteenth Street. Chinese, Mexican, Italian Dishes a Specialty.

Chop Suey, Chili Con Carne, Spaghetti, Chinese Noodles, Chili Mac, Macaroni, Prompt and Polite Service—Open All Night. Orders Sent Out Given Special Attention. Ladies' Parlors Upstairs. Phone Douglas 4449