

WORK OF THE CLUB WOMEN

Successful Convention of Iowa Chapters of P. E. O. Sisterhood at Des Moines.

BIENNIAL BOARD ISSUES BULLETIN

Announcement of Hotel Rates and Convention Arrangements, with Other Information for Prospective Convention Visitors.

For the benefit of club women contemplating attending the biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs to be held at Boston, the local biennial board of Boston has issued the following bulletin, which it will be well to file for future reference:

The ninth biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs will be held in Boston during the week beginning June 2, 1908. The exact date of opening has not been fixed, but will soon be announced.

In securing Symphony hall for the convention the local biennial board feels that it has successfully taken the first step in its pleasant duty of local hospitality.

Symphony hall is located on Huntington avenue, convenient to electric and steam railroads and to many fine hotels, and is the home of the famous Boston Symphony orchestra. It is widely known as one of the finest auditoriums in the country. Its central location and the excellence of its accommodations make it by far the most desirable convention hall in the city.

Rooms suitable for committee use are so numerous that all the local committees will find ample accommodations in the building.

Checking hall, a few steps down the avenue from Symphony hall, will be used if necessary for over-flow meetings.

In this building the Emerson College of Oratory is housed. The rooms are well equipped and have been engaged by the Massachusetts State Federation and will be used as state headquarters for all visiting delegations. No vote of the board no charge will be made to state delegations for the use of these rooms during the biennial week.

States desiring such headquarters should apply at once to the Massachusetts Federation state secretary, stating the number of delegates to be accommodated.

Applications should be made to the chairman of the halls committee, Mrs. Roger Whitton, 20 Melville avenue, Dorchester, Mass.

The Women's club house, situated just below Chickering hall, has been generously offered to the biennial board, and its two larger halls will be used for conferences and for exhibits respectively.

The principal committees have been appointed. These committees will all be enlarged later, and the full committee articles will be announced in later bulletins.

The committee on hotels presents the following list of hotels in the convention district where visiting delegates may be accommodated:

- Westminster-Copley square. European plan; single room \$2, double \$3, bath extra \$2.50.
Nottingham-Copley square. European plan; single room \$1 and \$1.50, double \$2 and \$2.50, with bath \$2 and \$2.50.
Oxford-Copley square. European plan; \$1 a day and upwards, public bath.
Copley square. European plan; \$1.50 for one person, \$2 with bath; \$2.50 for two persons, \$5.00 with bath.
Lenox-Baxter and Boylston sts., near Copley square. European plan; single room \$2 to \$4, double \$3 to \$5 according to size, location, and bath.
Thorndike-Boylston and Church sts. European plan; single room \$1 up, double \$2 up.
Somerset-Commonwealth ave., near Massachusetts ave. European plan for transient; single room \$1, with bath \$1.50; double \$2, with bath \$2.50.
The Victoria hotel, which will not enclose rooms until near the time for the opening of the convention.

Writing to each other during the week of the biennial convention is also the week of commencement at Harvard and other New England colleges. It will be necessary for delegates to engage accommodations as early as possible.

All applications for accommodations should be sent to the chairman of the hotels committee, Mrs. ANNA W. HATLEY, 13 Richardson st., Newton, Mass.

These hotels are all within walking distance of the convention district.

MME YALE'S.

ALMOND BLOSSOM

Complexion Cream

GREATEST TOILET LUXURY MADE

Cleanses, softens, purifies, whitens and beautifies the skin. Soap and water only cleanse superficially.

Mme. Yale says: A little Almond Blossom Complexion Cream should be applied every time the face and hands are washed. It removes the dust, soot, grime, smut and smudge from the interstices of the skin and makes the surface smooth as velvet.

A daily necessity at home and abroad: a treatment when traveling by land and water. Protect the skin from cutting winds, burning rays of the sun and every injurious effect of the element. Prevents redness and chapping of the nose, or any part of the face, also chapping, chafing, cold sores, fever blisters and all irritation of the skin. It is the greatest known specific for burns; takes the fire out quicker than anything else, soothes, heals and prevents scars and blisters. Indispensable for use of infants and every natural beautifier. An exquisite after-shave. Excellent for massage purposes. Mme. Yale's Almond Blossom Complexion Cream is now sold in two sizes.

AT SPECIAL PRICES OF 45c and 89c

SCHAEFER'S CUT PRICE DRUG STORES

Omaha, Cor. 15th and Douglas Sts. and 15th and Chicago Sts.; South Omaha, W. Cor. 15th and N Sts.; Council Bluffs, 5th Ave and Main St.

BOSTON STORE DRUG DEPARTMENT

100 State St., Boston, Mass.

THEFT OF ENTIRE RAILWAY

Story of Remarkable Deed Told to Irish Railway Commission.

LINE IS TWELVE MILES IN LENGTH

Represented Investment of Nearly \$200,000 Capital Subscribed in Dublin-Rosevelt Populair in Ireland.

DUBLIN, May 18.—(Special.)—Even the most original and inventive of the purloiners of other people's property, whose careers illuminated the pages of "The Chronicle of News," had probably no conception of the theft of an entire railway. This has, however, actually been accomplished right here in Ireland. The story of how the derelict Bhr & Parsonstown railway was literally stolen "off the ground" was told by William Townsend Trench, deputy lieutenant of Portlanna, and as related in detail in the report of the commission on Irish railways to alternate merriment and indignation.

Twelve miles in length, the line was built in 1858 and worked by the Great Southern company, nearly \$200,000 capital being subscribed locally and by the Board of Works and the working company. The books, said Mr. Trench, had disappeared and nobody knew what had become of them. After the Great Southern gave it up mortgages took possession, but did not work the railway. Then the people began to steal the wire. The property was assessed for rates by the county authorities and the rates got into arrears because there was nobody who would pay them. The county collector seized some of the rails and tried to sell them in auction but nobody would buy them. A great deal of pilfering went on.

The chairman (Sir James Scudder) remarked: "This is most extraordinary—the people of this district saw this line gradually disappear and they took no action."

People Took a Bridge.

"Yes, they did, they took a bridge," replied Mr. Healy, at which there was plenty of laughter.

However, Mr. Trench explained: "Oh, no, the police prevented the bridge from being taken. The bridge spanned the River Breena, near Bhr, and after this looting of the railway a man came down with cranes and other appliances, intending to carry away the metal girders, but there was a police station at Riverstown, close by, and a sergeant of police took it upon himself and prevented him from carrying it away."

The story as told in detail was that the line was controlled by the Great Southern & Western company under a working agreement; the title was raised by local subscriptions and by loan from the Board of Works and the Great South & Western company. The line did not pay the railway company, and when their lease expired in 1875 it declined to renew it and commissioners exercised their rights over the line; for five years the line was worked by a staff of nine men whose houses were occupied by them; then people began to steal the wire. After a while the line commenced to disappear very rapidly.

"Do you mean to say," inquired Sir Charles Scudder, "that the shareholders took no action to bring the railway government or the public loan commissioners, or some public authority, or anybody, or were they all asleep?"

Shareholders Kept Out. "They thought there might be some liabilities for it," said Mr. Trench, the witness, "and that they would be liable themselves if they moved in the matter."

The court of criminal appeal bill does not in its present form extend to Ireland and many are the assertions that it ought to be looked after in connection with the present home rule legislation by Parliament. A question has been placed on the paper by an Ulster member, inquiring whether the bill is eventually to be extended to Ireland, and, more important still, the administration, are so different in England and Ireland that provisions calculated to secure fairness of trial and liberty of the subject in England, if it is argued, might be perverted into instruments of injustice in this country. To meet the objection, it is proposed to add to the bill the power of the judge of the proposed court to withdraw appeal not merely to reduce, but to enlarge sentences from which an appeal is taken. It may be confidently stated that there will be no little discussion. When the late Court Judge Webb in 1887 increased on appeal the sentences of removable magistrates under the criminal law act, Mr. Gladstone said, without fear of successful contradiction, in the House of Commons in April, 1888: "Not a single instance can the law officers of the crown produce of the enlargement of a criminal sentence on appeal, and 'will you stand by without protest when, for the first time within our knowledge, this remarkable practice has been introduced?'"

Irish Admirer of Roosevelt.

The Freeman's Journal of Dublin is a great admirer of President Roosevelt. In a recent editorial that publication declares:

"The greatest ruler the earth knows today is Theodore Roosevelt, the president of the United States of America. He does not return, but he rules. He is the chosen and the trusted head of the most powerful state on the globe. He possesses an authority far higher than arms or power of brain or birth could give the warrior kings of old."

"He wields the intelligence strength of a great man, honest and able and resolute on the road of duty, are always of surpassing interest."

"The pit and the marrow of his recent speech at Jamestown was the resolve fearlessly expressed to save the nation from the predatory class, whose anti-social power is immeasurably increased because of the very fact that they possess wealth. Abounding material property has generated the evil which he professed himself determined to suppress. 'At this moment,' he said, 'the greatest problem before us is how to exercise such control over the business of wealth, individual, but especially corporate, as to ensure its not being used against the interests of the public.' There have been many illustrations recently of the power of the evil which the president is preparing to grapple. A man named Lawson created a profound sensation by his exposure in a book called 'Speculated Finance' of the methods by which the public are plundered by the great trusts. His exposure was all the more remarkable because he had seen the corrupt system from within, because he had been himself one of the hoodlums, who had fallen out with the robber chiefs over the division of the plunder. There is a certain class of criminals who can only be brought to book by the evidence of accomplices. The horrors of the Mead trust in Chicago astounded the world, the scandal of the great railways where the interests of the many are made subservient to the greed of the few, have all tended to concentrate public attention on the deluge of the predatory class, whose anti-social being published in a great American magazine account of the operations of vast trusts in the direct promotion of drunkenness and vice too for description. These articles are too appalling to be believed. But an uneasy feeling is left that there is at least in them a substratum of truth. Against this terrible system President Roosevelt manfully declares war."

Internal Revenue Case.

Judgments have just been marked in default on the writ issued against Mr. D. F. Williams and Mr. Patrick Smith, by the inland revenue department suing in the name of the attorney general (Mr. Cherry, M. P.), to recover cumulative penalties to the amount of \$25,000 and costs for irregularities constituting breaches of the excise acts at the distillery trading under the name of D. E. Williams & Co., Tullamore.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

EDUCATION OF CATHOLICS

Question Whether They Shall Be Given Special Schools is Discussed.

GLASGOW, May 18.—(Special.)—The resolution of the Glasgow school board to establish special schools for Roman Catholics' physically defective children and also day industrial schools of the same denomination character is regarded as a startling innovation by many. The debate on the subject has been a rather lively discussion. There is a feeling that a census should be taken to enable the ratepayers to determine just how many children are affected. There is the authority of Miss Hannayne for saying that the Roman Catholics have been taking advantage of certain provisions already made by the school board for mentally and physically defective children, that the trust school, which includes both Catholic and Protestant boys, is working harmoniously. One of the great arguments is that even though the action taken by the school board may have been all right, still the public has not been taken into the confidence of the members of the school board as much as many of the Glasgow ratepayers would have liked.

Robert Duncan, member of Parliament for Govan, has, in raising the question of the pollution of the River Leven in the House of Commons, brought prominently before the people of Scotland a question of unusual importance. The question is not one which the corporation of Glasgow, much less the town council of Dumbarrow and others interested can afford to shelve any longer. The citizens have all right, still the public has not been taken into the confidence of the members of the school board as much as many of the Glasgow ratepayers would have liked.

Robert Duncan, member of Parliament for Govan, has, in raising the question of the pollution of the River Leven in the House of Commons, brought prominently before the people of Scotland a question of unusual importance. The question is not one which the corporation of Glasgow, much less the town council of Dumbarrow and others interested can afford to shelve any longer. The citizens have all right, still the public has not been taken into the confidence of the members of the school board as much as many of the Glasgow ratepayers would have liked.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

THEFT OF ENTIRE RAILWAY

Story of Remarkable Deed Told to Irish Railway Commission.

LINE IS TWELVE MILES IN LENGTH

Represented Investment of Nearly \$200,000 Capital Subscribed in Dublin-Rosevelt Populair in Ireland.

DUBLIN, May 18.—(Special.)—Even the most original and inventive of the purloiners of other people's property, whose careers illuminated the pages of "The Chronicle of News," had probably no conception of the theft of an entire railway. This has, however, actually been accomplished right here in Ireland. The story of how the derelict Bhr & Parsonstown railway was literally stolen "off the ground" was told by William Townsend Trench, deputy lieutenant of Portlanna, and as related in detail in the report of the commission on Irish railways to alternate merriment and indignation.

Twelve miles in length, the line was built in 1858 and worked by the Great Southern company, nearly \$200,000 capital being subscribed locally and by the Board of Works and the working company. The books, said Mr. Trench, had disappeared and nobody knew what had become of them. After the Great Southern gave it up mortgages took possession, but did not work the railway. Then the people began to steal the wire. The property was assessed for rates by the county authorities and the rates got into arrears because there was nobody who would pay them. The county collector seized some of the rails and tried to sell them in auction but nobody would buy them. A great deal of pilfering went on.

The chairman (Sir James Scudder) remarked: "This is most extraordinary—the people of this district saw this line gradually disappear and they took no action."

People Took a Bridge.

"Yes, they did, they took a bridge," replied Mr. Healy, at which there was plenty of laughter.

However, Mr. Trench explained: "Oh, no, the police prevented the bridge from being taken. The bridge spanned the River Breena, near Bhr, and after this looting of the railway a man came down with cranes and other appliances, intending to carry away the metal girders, but there was a police station at Riverstown, close by, and a sergeant of police took it upon himself and prevented him from carrying it away."

The story as told in detail was that the line was controlled by the Great Southern & Western company under a working agreement; the title was raised by local subscriptions and by loan from the Board of Works and the Great South & Western company. The line did not pay the railway company, and when their lease expired in 1875 it declined to renew it and commissioners exercised their rights over the line; for five years the line was worked by a staff of nine men whose houses were occupied by them; then people began to steal the wire. After a while the line commenced to disappear very rapidly.

"Do you mean to say," inquired Sir Charles Scudder, "that the shareholders took no action to bring the railway government or the public loan commissioners, or some public authority, or anybody, or were they all asleep?"

Shareholders Kept Out. "They thought there might be some liabilities for it," said Mr. Trench, the witness, "and that they would be liable themselves if they moved in the matter."

The court of criminal appeal bill does not in its present form extend to Ireland and many are the assertions that it ought to be looked after in connection with the present home rule legislation by Parliament. A question has been placed on the paper by an Ulster member, inquiring whether the bill is eventually to be extended to Ireland, and, more important still, the administration, are so different in England and Ireland that provisions calculated to secure fairness of trial and liberty of the subject in England, if it is argued, might be perverted into instruments of injustice in this country. To meet the objection, it is proposed to add to the bill the power of the judge of the proposed court to withdraw appeal not merely to reduce, but to enlarge sentences from which an appeal is taken. It may be confidently stated that there will be no little discussion. When the late Court Judge Webb in 1887 increased on appeal the sentences of removable magistrates under the criminal law act, Mr. Gladstone said, without fear of successful contradiction, in the House of Commons in April, 1888: "Not a single instance can the law officers of the crown produce of the enlargement of a criminal sentence on appeal, and 'will you stand by without protest when, for the first time within our knowledge, this remarkable practice has been introduced?'"

Irish Admirer of Roosevelt.

The Freeman's Journal of Dublin is a great admirer of President Roosevelt. In a recent editorial that publication declares:

"The greatest ruler the earth knows today is Theodore Roosevelt, the president of the United States of America. He does not return, but he rules. He is the chosen and the trusted head of the most powerful state on the globe. He possesses an authority far higher than arms or power of brain or birth could give the warrior kings of old."

"He wields the intelligence strength of a great man, honest and able and resolute on the road of duty, are always of surpassing interest."

"The pit and the marrow of his recent speech at Jamestown was the resolve fearlessly expressed to save the nation from the predatory class, whose anti-social power is immeasurably increased because of the very fact that they possess wealth. Abounding material property has generated the evil which he professed himself determined to suppress. 'At this moment,' he said, 'the greatest problem before us is how to exercise such control over the business of wealth, individual, but especially corporate, as to ensure its not being used against the interests of the public.' There have been many illustrations recently of the power of the evil which the president is preparing to grapple. A man named Lawson created a profound sensation by his exposure in a book called 'Speculated Finance' of the methods by which the public are plundered by the great trusts. His exposure was all the more remarkable because he had seen the corrupt system from within, because he had been himself one of the hoodlums, who had fallen out with the robber chiefs over the division of the plunder. There is a certain class of criminals who can only be brought to book by the evidence of accomplices. The horrors of the Mead trust in Chicago astounded the world, the scandal of the great railways where the interests of the many are made subservient to the greed of the few, have all tended to concentrate public attention on the deluge of the predatory class, whose anti-social being published in a great American magazine

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

It was recalled that a considerable stir was created by the publication of statements concerning the company in February last and that an effort was made to suppress the publication of all news concerning the matter by an appeal to the courts.

Let The Peoples Store Plan Your Home

will be lightened if you accept the invita as well as a responsible task. Your task The Planning of a home is an interesting, task which we extend to you. Our twenty years' experience in fitting out thousands of homes makes our advice of considerable worth. Our liberal credit system removes any financial worry—it permits you to pay as you can best afford, gives you many privileges which you cannot obtain elsewhere. Come tomorrow and let us figure with you.

3 ROOMS FURNISHED COMPLETE, \$71.50

Our three-room outfits do not merely consist of furniture and rugs, but include everything necessary to furnish a home complete. Our outfits include window shades, draperies, bedding of all kinds, all the necessary cooking utensils and kitchen furnishings, crockery, glassware, silverware, and, in fact, everything you will need with which to start housekeeping.

Buyers of our outfits are not obliged to go elsewhere to complete the furnishings of their home, as everything is included down to the smallest detail. We have now lowered the price to \$71.50 for three rooms. Terms: \$7.00 cash, \$5.00 monthly.

Iron Beds

(Exactly like cut.) Made of solid oak, have 8 roomy drawers and panel iron drawers, are neatly carved and the cabinet work is of the finest quality. Sale price, \$1.00 weekly. \$1 Cash, \$1.00 Weekly.

Chiffoniers

(Exactly like cut.) A very desirable bed, heavy seamless tubing, ornamental chills. Has 4 coats of baked enamel. Finished in cream and gold. 4-6 size only. Special price, \$1.00 weekly. \$1.00 Cash; \$2.00 Monthly.

Carpets and Draperies

Cottage Carpets, regular 45c grade, special, per yard, 25c. Ingrain Carpets, regular 50c grade, special, per yard, 39c. Majestic Brussels Rugs, handsome designs, made from the finest of wool, size 12x18-6, regular \$14.75, 9.98 sale price. Snow Flake Rugs, 8x10, \$5.00. 2x2 1/2 Axminster Rugs, \$1.75. 2x2 1/2 Smyrna Rugs, \$1.65.

Snow Flake Curtains, for summer use, per pair, \$1.50, special, 95c. Tapestry Portieres, striped effect, worth \$2.00, per pair, 1.19. Irish Point Lace Curtains, fine quality, \$3.50 grade, per pair, 1.69. Curtain Stretchers, special price, 98c.

Refrigerators

The Jersey Refrigerator, for which we are sole agents, is guaranteed not only by us, but by the manufacturer, to be absolutely reliable. It has a distinct mineral water filling, and is an actual ice saver. This week we offer a special refrigerator for \$6.50. 50c per week.

Buy a Direct Action Gas Range

An uncollected testimonial from one of the many users of the Direct Action Gas Range: "I have used the Direct Action Gas Range for many years, but never saw the equal of this one. I take pleasure in recommending the Direct Action Gas Range to all prospective buyers."

2224 Farnam St. Very respectfully, "Guaranteed to pay for itself in the saving of gas. The Direct Action Gas Range can be had ONLY at The Peoples Store. Daily demonstrations, main floor."

THE PEOPLES STORE

LEADERS OF LOW PRICES 16TH & FARNAM STREETS, OMAHA. THE PEOPLES FURNITURE AND CARPET CO., Established 1887.

Let The Peoples Store Plan Your Home

will be lightened if you accept the invita as well as a responsible task. Your task The Planning of a home is an interesting, task which we extend to you. Our twenty years' experience in fitting out thousands of homes makes our advice of considerable worth. Our liberal credit system removes any financial worry—it permits you to pay as you can best afford, gives you many privileges which you cannot obtain elsewhere. Come tomorrow and let us figure with you.

3 ROOMS FURNISHED COMPLETE, \$71.50

Our three-room outfits do not merely consist of furniture and rugs, but include everything necessary to furnish a home complete. Our outfits include window shades, draperies, bedding of all kinds, all the necessary cooking utensils and kitchen furnishings, crockery, glassware, silverware, and, in fact, everything you will need with which to start housekeeping.

Buyers of our outfits are not obliged to go elsewhere to complete the furnishings of their home, as everything is included down to the smallest detail. We have now lowered the price to \$71.50 for three rooms. Terms: \$7.00 cash, \$5.00 monthly.

Iron Beds

(Exactly like cut.) Made of solid oak, have 8 roomy drawers and panel iron drawers, are neatly carved and the cabinet work is of the finest quality. Sale price, \$1.00 weekly. \$1 Cash, \$1.00 Weekly.

Chiffoniers

(Exactly like cut.) A very desirable bed, heavy seamless tubing, ornamental chills. Has 4 coats of baked enamel. Finished in cream and gold. 4-6 size only. Special price, \$1.00 weekly. \$1.00 Cash; \$2.00 Monthly.

Carpets and Draperies

Cottage Carpets, regular 45c grade, special, per yard, 25c. Ingrain Carpets, regular 50c grade, special, per yard, 39c. Majestic Brussels Rugs, handsome designs, made from the finest of wool, size 12x18-6, regular \$14.75, 9.98 sale price. Snow Flake Rugs, 8x10, \$5.00. 2x2 1/2 Axminster Rugs, \$1.75. 2x2 1/2 Smyrna Rugs, \$1.65.

Snow Flake Curtains, for summer use, per pair, \$1.50, special, 95c. Tapestry Portieres, striped effect, worth \$2.00, per pair, 1.19. Irish Point Lace Curtains, fine quality, \$3.50 grade, per pair, 1.69. Curtain Stretchers, special price, 98c.

Refrigerators

The Jersey Refrigerator, for which we are sole agents, is guaranteed not only by us, but by the manufacturer, to be absolutely reliable. It has a distinct mineral water filling, and is an actual ice saver. This week we offer a special refrigerator for \$6.50. 50c per week.

Buy a Direct Action Gas Range

An uncollected testimonial from one of the many users of the Direct Action Gas Range: "I have used the Direct Action Gas Range for many years, but never saw the equal of this one. I take pleasure in recommending the Direct Action Gas Range to all prospective buyers."

2224 Farnam St. Very respectfully, "Guaranteed to pay for itself in the saving of gas. The Direct Action Gas Range can be had ONLY at The Peoples Store. Daily demonstrations, main floor."

THE PEOPLES STORE

LEADERS OF LOW PRICES 16TH & FARNAM STREETS, OMAHA. THE PEOPLES FURNITURE AND CARPET CO., Established 1887.

Let The Peoples Store Plan Your Home

will be lightened if you accept the invita as well as a responsible task. Your task The Planning of a home is an interesting, task which we extend to you. Our twenty years' experience in fitting out thousands of homes makes our advice of considerable worth. Our liberal credit system removes any financial worry—it permits you to pay as you can best afford, gives you many privileges which you cannot obtain elsewhere. Come tomorrow and let us figure with you.

3 ROOMS FURNISHED COMPLETE, \$71.50

Our three-room outfits do not merely consist of furniture and rugs, but include everything necessary to furnish a home complete. Our outfits include window shades, draperies, bedding of all kinds, all the necessary cooking utensils and kitchen furnishings, crockery, glassware, silverware, and, in fact, everything you will need with which to start housekeeping.

Buyers of our outfits are not obliged to go elsewhere to complete the furnishings of their home, as everything is included down to the smallest detail. We have now lowered the price to \$71.50 for three rooms. Terms: \$7.00 cash, \$5.00 monthly.

Iron Beds

(Exactly like cut.) Made of solid oak, have 8 roomy drawers and panel iron drawers, are neatly carved and the cabinet work is of the finest quality. Sale price, \$1.00 weekly. \$1 Cash, \$1.00 Weekly.

Chiffoniers

(Exactly like cut.) A very desirable bed, heavy seamless tubing, ornamental chills. Has 4 coats of baked enamel. Finished in cream and gold. 4-6 size only. Special price, \$1.00 weekly. \$1.00 Cash; \$2.00 Monthly.

Carpets and Draperies

C