

reception at the Missouri Republican club's headquarters. The program called for luncheon at 1 o'clock at the Midland hotel, with members of the entertainment committee and at 2:30 Mr. Taft is to become the guest of the Yale Alumni association at a smoker reception at the University club.

PRIMARYS IN OHIO TODAY

Only Opposition to Taft is in Cuyahoga and Knox Counties. COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 10.—Primarys for the selection of delegates to the republican state convention, which meets in this city on March 2, will be held tomorrow between the hours of 1 and 7 p. m.

In fifty-two of the eighty-eight counties in the state the primarys will be merely a formality, and no actual voting will be done. In these counties there is but one list of delegates in the field, and under a recent ruling of the republican state central committee it is not necessary to vote unless there are two contesting tickets. The one list of candidates will be certified as having been elected.

There will be voting in the remaining thirty-six counties because of local political conditions, and in only two of these will there be active opposition to the endorsement of William H. Taft for the presidency. These counties are Knox, where seven Foraker men are running as Independents, and Cuyahoga, where the Foraker people have a complete list of delegates.

FORAKER REPLIES IN SENATE

(Continued from First Page.)

some one who was willing to carry out his personal wishes in all matters. Mr. Foraker characterized the letter by Mr. Bryson as an able, frank, candid statement, with no beating about the bush in it. He said that he supposed Mr. Douglas had laid it before the president in the nomination.

Mr. Foraker gave the president entire credit for seeing the justice of such a course, in view of the manly reply made by Mr. Bryson to the criticism that he had made of him.

Mr. Foraker asserted he could establish to the entire satisfaction of any unbiased mind that there are a hundred such cases in Ohio. He said that it was no exaggeration, although the president's action could not be traced to any of them. He said they had been engineered by men who represented the president.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Leake of New Jersey Makes Fiery Attack on Mr. Bryan

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—A brief but fiery speech by Mr. Leake of New Jersey, in which he outlined his opposition to William J. Bryan as a candidate for the presidency, relieved somewhat the monotony of debate on the Indian appropriation bill in the house of representatives today. Mr. Leake charged Mr. Bryan with taking the big stick from the president, leaving the latter only a big slipper, and he further credited the "democrats" in the house with having usurped the right of free action of the delegates to the Denver convention by nominating Mr. Bryan in advance. His remarks were greeted with hisses from the democratic side of the house.

Considerable progress was made with the Indian appropriation bill, which was amended so that the commissioner of Indian affairs before he carries out the policy of abandoning nonreservation schools shall investigate the question fully and report to the house at its next session. Another amendment restored the appropriations for the Indian schools at Fort Lewis, Colo.; Carson City, Nev., and Mount Pleasant, Mich.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE

Mr. Aldrich Opens Debate on Bill for Emergency Currency

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, chairman of the committee on finance opened the debate in the senate today on the bill to provide emergency currency. He was listened to with great attention by democrats and republicans alike, while in the galleries there was a large audience. Among the auditors were J. P. Morgan, who remained through the delivery of the speech. During the day Senator Foraker made reply to the president's statements concerning the use of the appointing power for political purposes and had letters read showing the president's attitude in one case.

Mr. Foraker Defended the Course of the Secretary of the Treasury in Depositing Public Funds in New York Banks

The criminal code bill was again considered and at 4:30 p. m. the senate adjourned.

BIRMINGHAM GOES ON TRIAL

Iowa City Girl Will Testify in Case of Kidnaping of Lillian Wolf.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—William Birmingham and Irma Wolff were placed on trial here today for the kidnaping last fall of Lillian Wolf, an 8-year-old child, from the home of her parents in Chicago. The woman is said to have turned against Birmingham since their arrest and will claim that she was coerced into participating in the kidnaping.

Your Hot Pipes

When the heater man put hot pipes through the house in place of stoves he thought it was something new. But nature put hot pipes all through our bodies to keep us warm long, long ago.

Scott's Emulsion

sends heat and rich nourishment through the blood all over the body. It does its work through the blood. It gives vigor to the tissues and is a powerful flesh-producer.

TIMBER CENSUS PROPOSED

Congressman Draper of New York Introduces Bill for Count of Trees.

DATE IS SET FOR NEXT YEAR

With Only Sixteen Years' Supply of Hardwood Now Standing, Necessity for Careful Policy is Fully Apparent.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—(Special.)—The most serious problem confronting the American people today is, "How shall we conserve our remaining forests?"

President Cleveland, during his term of office, inaugurated the policy of withdrawing from entry tracts of timber lands in the public domain. That policy has since been carried out until today there are many millions of acres which are protected from spoliation and which are scientifically administered by the chief forester, Gifford Pinchot.

But all these reserves, or national forests, as they are now called, are in the public domain, and the forest which the enormous timber areas of Maine, New York, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota have either been already denuded or are held by private individuals, who are stripping them as rapidly as possible. About the only notable exception is the Adirondack reserve, which was established in the state of New York. Efforts are being made before congress at the present time to acquire title to the vast wood covered regions along the Appalachian mountains, extending from New Hampshire southwestward down through the southern states, and the prospect of their being brought under the protection of the chief forester is being actively pushed.

Although the lumber interest is one of the greatest in this country, it has never yet been found possible to obtain any statistical information whatever as to the timber areas still existing in the United States. From time to time paragraphs have been published designed to show the cut of lumber in particular regions and occasionally a statement appears in print to the effect that "at the present rate of progress in the lumber industry the timber supply will be exhausted in twenty, thirty or fifty years."

Draper Proposes a Census

Now comes Congressman Draper of New York with a bill to provide for a census of the standing timber of the country, and to this end an appropriation of \$50,000 is provided. The Draper measure meets with the cordial approval of Chief Forester Pinchot, as well as that of Director North of the census bureau.

Should the bill go through it will be the purpose of the director of the census to take this particular census a year ahead of the regular decennial enumeration of the population in each territory, so that the two may not conflict. With the aid of the chief forester the director of the census will endeavor under the Draper act to obtain all possible data concerning the forestry areas of the United States, together with the amount of standing timber in each territory, and to report on the condition of the timber supply as nearly as possible to show the annual cut of all grades of timber, whether for manufacturing or fuel purposes. It is believed these statistics when gathered will open the eyes of the public to the fact that many valuable tracts of timber are being cut for commercial value by the forest owners, and that the commercial value of the timber is being lost for all sorts of commercial purposes.

Pennsylvania Takes Lead

A recent bulletin issued by the chief forester estimates the standing hardwood timber at 406,909,000 feet and the annual consumption at 25,000,000 feet which means that the supply is sufficient to last fifteen years.

There has been from time to time a great deal of talk of reforesting the denuded areas of the east, but so far as is officially known in Washington at the present moment, Pennsylvania is the only state which has gone to work scientifically in this direction. It is probable that the outcome of the census taken as the result of the Draper bill, if it is passed, will be able to point out in an intelligent manner just how far the people of the denuded forest areas can go toward the restoration of their timber land and that he will also be able to point out which species of timber can be planted to the best advantage in the hope of achieving results of value within a generation. Already the department of agriculture has taken long strides toward the cultivation of woods heretofore comparatively unknown in the United States.

Alaska to Be Territory

Vigorous efforts are to be made during the present congress to give Alaska a full territorial form of government. That far off territory has long been regarded as a wilderness within the last decade, but it took forty years of hard work to secure even a delegate in congress to represent its interests. For the first time since the territory was purchased from Russia in the late sixties, Alaska has a seat on the floor of the house and senate, and the territory is now in the hands of the people of the United States. But Alaska is still governed by the congress of the United States and has absolutely no voice whatever in the conduct of its own affairs. For a long time it has been permitted to vote even on matters directly pertaining to the territory which he represents. There is no such thing as a legislature, and all laws enacted by more than 1,000 miles away have in ninety-nine cases out of 100 no knowledge whatever of existing conditions. Alaska wants a legislature, its white population is as thoroughly American as that of any state in the union, and it is not only a fact that the people of Alaska today are as American as those of New York, but it is a fact that the people of the most northern parts of the territory made a careful and intelligent study not only of the geologic and geographic formation, but also of the fauna and flora, and in fact posted himself thoroughly on the possibilities of the development of our territory as it is today better informed, from personal observation, con-

cerning Alaska than any other man in congress. I wish we had 100 other members as well posted as Mr. Sulzer, for under such conditions I feel certain that the very moderate demands of the territory for some form of self government would be considered by the house. As it is now even the Philippine islands are far more nearly a real territory of the United States than is Alaska.

Tale of the Willipus-Wallopus

John Wesley Gaines of Tennessee, the ubiquitous John Wesley of Congressional Record fame, debonaire and handsome, postmaster of the art of saying pretty things to the ladies at afternoon teas and the Beau Brummel of the democracy, coined a new word the other day in one of John Wesley's five word speeches, which bid fair to have great vogue. This word was "willipus-wallopus." It had horns when he uttered it. It had tentacles after he got through with its use. It was a word which took notice when the man from Tennessee uttered it. It sent cold shivers down the back of republicans and the democrats ducked under their desks. It was the "doggy-man" who will get you and John Wesley whose name in Gaines played upon the word to the ladies at afternoon teas and the conservation of the very efficient house stenographer, who took his remarks in shorthand. "Willipus-wallopus!" It was a new-fangled thing to the house. It had been face to face with trust combinations, "mainframes" and had been generally, but they had never realized what an awful thing a "willipus-wallopus" was and Mr. Gaines explained—not in the Record, but to a number of his newspaper friends—that a "willipus-wallopus" was something unmanly, unwarlike, and like a trust would do you if it could.

The origin of "willipus-wallopus" is lost in the mist of years. Mr. Gaines says it is a Tennessee mountain word, whereas Ollie James of Kentucky insists that it is a product of the blue grass country. John Wesley Gaines says that the origin of the word comes from a sporting gentleman by the name of Spear in his country, who, riding to hounds one day, came across one of the new-fangled road crushers now in general use. It was a steam roller and the paulin had been drawn over it and it undoubtedly looked formidable to the hunters returning from the chase. As they came down the road they saw this thing looming up in the distance. Coming closer the dogs began to bark and they saw. The horses took to the woods and the hunters their riders, and when the master hounds, Colonel Spear, came up, his horse shied and unseated his rider, and sitting by the side of the road and looking up at the thing, Colonel Spear said this is a "willipus-wallopus."

Buying Coal on Spec

As the result of a suggestion made last March by President Roosevelt, looking toward a more uniform basis in the purchase of fuel for government use, there has already been a saving of several thousand dollars through the delivery of a better quality of coal.

Big Slipper for Big Stick

New Jersey Democrat in House Says Bryan Has Robbed President of Shillalah.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Debate on the Indian appropriation bill under the "five minute" rule was resumed in the house today. At the close of the debate Mr. Leake of New Jersey, a democrat, was introduced into the proceedings when Mr. Leake, a democrat of New Jersey, denounced William Jennings Bryan and his methods. Several republicans and democrats objected because he was not speaking of the bill. By unanimous consent, however, the speaker allowed Mr. Leake to speak.

Mr. Leake said he had been surprised at the usurpation of the prerogatives of the delegates to the Denver convention next July. There were some men, he charged, who believed that this was the time, and the house of representatives the place to nominate a candidate, the democratic party, he said, "under the big stick and the big slipper." Mr. Leake said he had been surprised at the nomination of William J. Bryan, in his opinion, for the purpose of making this protest.

HERMANN READY FOR TRIALS

Bribery Grant Cases Will Be Pushed at Early Date in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—Francis J. Heney arrived in San Francisco from Portland this morning to resume the prosecution of the bribery grant cases. While denying the charges against him, Heney is acting as a special prosecutor for the government. Heney stated that he would probably try but one more of the cases still pending, that oflinger Hermann.

Minor Earthquakes Reported

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Two small earthquakes, probably at a great distance from here, it was announced today were recorded on the seismographs at the weather bureau during Saturday night and Sunday morning. Owing to the feeble intensity of the disturbance or its great distance from Washington, or to both of these causes, certain details characteristic of well defined records of distant earthquakes were lacking in the records of both shocks.

The man who uses his brain in planning and executing valuable ideas has practically no limit to his money-making success.

The daily waste of brain and nerve cells caused by mental activity must be promptly replaced by new material—proper food. This is a natural process.

Grape-Nuts has for years been the ideal food for the brain worker.

It is made of wheat and barley, including the natural "vital phosphates" of these grains, which form, with the albumen of the food, the natural material for brain cells. Try Grape-Nuts with cream or good milk for breakfast and supper—it's delicious as well as upbuilding. "There's a Reason." Read the little booklet "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

not only the consumer but also the dealer. It is an easy thing, under the specifications, for the coal dealer to prove absolutely the grade of his coal and get its true value in money.

"Many thousands of dollars worth of coal are being bought each year under the old, unsatisfactory plan, by purchasers who would consider it ridiculous if they were asked to give a contract for a building with no specifications and simply on the agreement that it should be of a certain size and well constructed. Neither would they buy gold, silver or even copper on such terms, when the mere information that they were mined at certain localities. All products of mines are now purchased to a great extent on the basis of their value as shown by chemical analysis. This is true of coal in only a small degree, but the number of contracts made on such terms is increasing every year. The purchase of coal on a specification is as advantageous as a definite understanding regarding the quality and other features of any product, or of a building operation or engineering project.

Analysis Makes Competition

"When the bidder is asked to specify the quality of the coal he proposes to furnish as determined by a chemical analysis, he is placed in a strictly competitive basis with other bidders. Such a procedure broadens the field for both the bidder and the purchaser. It makes the bidder's proposal when accepted, a contract that specifies an established standard of quality. This furnishes a basis for settling disputes regarding the quality of the coal delivered and the price to be paid if the fuel is either better or poorer than has been guaranteed. It is a simple matter to make a standard, as specified, there is a basis for cancellation of the contract.

"The value of a coal is indicated by the number of heat units it contains. This heating value is expressed in terms of British thermal units per pound of coal. The British thermal unit is the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one point of water one degree Fahrenheit. Of several coals having a similar composition, the one which has the least moisture and the least ash generate the most steam when burned under a boiler, and the amount of earthy matter and other impurities which will not burn. In commercial coal its proportion may range from 4 to 25 per cent. Coals containing a small percentage of ash are most valuable, not only because of their correspondingly higher heating value, but also because there is less resistance to the free and uniform distribution of air through the bed of coal."

PALES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO Ointment is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded, 6c.

DEWEY PRAISES MR. MORGAN

New York Senator Utters It While New York Financier Was Listening.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Senator Dewey today replied to a recent charge made in the senate by Senator Culberson of Texas that during the recent panic the secretary of the treasury favored New York city in depositing public money in national depositories.

GOVERNMENT AID TO BANKS

Members of Danish Folketing Approve Plan to Guarantee Its Deposits.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 10.—The members of the financial committee of the Folketing, excepting the social democrats, have approved the proposal that the government guarantee the liabilities of the "freeholders' bank and the Detailhandlers' bank, which are in difficulties.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP.

Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." Look for signature of E. W. Grove, Jr.

DEATH RECORD.

HARRY NELSON. FORT DODGE, Ia., Feb. 10.—(Special.)—A telegram was received here today telling of the death of Harry Nelson, a young soldier in the regular army who was honorably discharged by Secretary Taft in order that he could support his wife and child. He died in Cuba of typhoid fever just as he was about to start home.

Autograph of Washington.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 10.—A document bearing the signature of George Washington was stationed at the county court house. It is a certificate that Colonel Francis Barber, commander of the 1st and 2nd New Jersey regiments in the Revolutionary war, was killed February 11, 1782, and it is said to be an unusually good specimen of Washington's autograph.

Banker Commits Suicide.

CONNEERSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 10.—Francis T. Root, president of the First National bank, committed suicide today by shooting himself in the head. He had been serving several terms in the legislature and was identified with a number of business interests.

Plumbers Object to Reduction.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—About 500 union plumbers employed by members of the Master Plumbers' association went on strike today, because of reduction in wages.

Brooklyn Bank Resumes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The First National bank of Brooklyn, which closed on October 2 last, resumed business today. A deficiency of \$100,000 has been made good.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF

The most concentrated form of beef concentrate—gives you that and gives more satisfaction than any substitute.

16 CUPFULS OF BEEF BOUILLON IN A 2-OS JAR

GENUINE HAS SIGNATURE OF Liebig IN BLUE

Woderate Price

Calumet Baking Powder

AUTOS ENTER OLD SYNAGOGUE

Garage Will Occupy Quarters Vacated as Temple Israel.

BUSINESS PUSHES CHURCHES BACK

Constantly Expanding Commerce Compels Houses of Worship to Recede to the Residence Districts of Omaha.

While the site of an old Catholic cathedral is being converted into the home of a great plating company, the Jewish synagogue at Twenty-fourth and Harny streets probably will become an automobile garage, showing once more the demands of expanding business, which is crowding churches to the beautiful sites in the residence districts. The cathedral is being erected at Fortieth and Burt streets; the synagogue has a new home on Park avenue.

F. D. Wood bought the site of the synagogue almost a year ago and the deed has just been placed on record. Mr. Wood is figuring with an automobile company, which proposes to use the old building for a garage.

In the abstract of title some interesting history of the old synagogue site is to be found. Harrison Johnson filed on the Twenty-fourth and Harny streets a farm in April, 1857, and it was described as adjoining the townsite of Omaha; but the patent was never secured, the United States giving the patent to John H. Kellom, in 1861. Mr. Wood is the eighth owner of the property since it was purchased by William H. Kellom, who sold it to William H. Kellom in 1880. The congregation of Israel bought the site from M. Hellman in 1884, paying \$2,500 for it, while the synagogue was erected at a cost of \$4,200. Across the street William P. Kellogg secured a twenty-six acre tract from a man by the name of Chapman, and Mr. Kellogg, who was the war governor of Louisiana, gave Chapman a team gray horses for the tract. The site is now owned by Mr. Wood, who says he does not desire to wreck the old synagogue, but will convert it either into a garage or some other business property.

George Morton of Harrison and Morton has closed a deal with F. D. Wood for the twenty-five acres between Sixteenth and Twenty-fourth streets, north of Fort street on the Florence boulevard. The tract is a part of the Forbes subdivision, and a number of modern homes have been erected along the boulevard. Mr. Morton will plat the tract and place it on the market during the coming season.

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16 CUPFULS OF BEEF BOUILLON IN A 2-OS JAR

GENUINE HAS SIGNATURE OF Liebig IN BLUE

Woderate Price

Calumet Baking Powder

Miller, Stewart & Beaton 413-15-17 So. 16th St. Our Annual February Clearing Sale

with its many discounts offers opportunity not to be found elsewhere. Our Store contains thousands of dollars worth of the best styles and qualities of FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, LACE CURTAINS and DRAPERIES that money can buy.

Table listing various items and prices: \$1.50 Portieres .75c, \$1.75 Portieres .88c, \$2.00 Portieres \$1.00, \$2.75 Portieres \$1.38, \$3.00 Portieres \$1.50, \$4.00 Portieres \$2.00, \$4.50 Portieres \$2.25, \$6.00 Portieres \$3.00

Goods bought now can be laid away for future delivery. Every article included in this sale marked with a RED TICKET showing the clearance price.

LOOK FOR THE RED TICKETS.

"CLEANLINESS" is the watchword for health and vigor, comfort and beauty. Manly is learning not only the necessity but the luxury of cleanliness. APOLLO, which has wrought such changes in the home, announces her sister triumph—

HAND SAPOLIO FOR TOILET AND BATH. A special soap which energizes the whole body, starts the circulation and leaves exhilarating glow.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN.

PA ROURKE'S GASES BARK BEAUFORT'S ALL LEADING BRANDS CIGARS.

WHEN DOWN TOWN Eat your noonday lunch at the NEW BLEN GRAND CAFE.

Mr. Business Man NOON DAY LUNCH AT THE CALUMET Superior Cooking. Prompt Service.

BOYD'S THEATER. Tonight, Tuesday and Wednesday Matinee Wednesday EDMUND CARROLL in WALKER.

We Are King Bargain Matinee—2c and 5c. Thursday, Friday and Saturday Mary Shaw.

Auditorium Second Great Match Farmer Burns and War Eagle FRIDAY NIGHT FEBRUARY 14.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF. The most concentrated form of beef concentrate—gives you that and gives more satisfaction than any substitute.

Opheum. CRIGHTON PHONE DOUG 499.

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE. Matinee Daily, 8:15. Every Night 8:15. THE WEEK—Jesse Courtois & Co.

KRUG THEATER. Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c. The Spoilers. The Little Williams in "My Tom Boy Girl".