

The Plattsmouth Journal

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The way to make an enemy out of a friend is to talk to him as only a friend should.

If the wolf visited some doors we could mention, his hide would soon be hanging on the fence to dry.

It seems pretty well agreed the peak of the depression is passed, and that we are now climbing into a better "ole."

"I never knew what happiness was until after I married," stated a screen idol. People shouldn't brood over the past.

Mr. Garner doesn't enjoy being photographed so much. But think of the long rest you'll get, Jack, if you're elected.

A magistrate holds the view that our car-bands should be driven out of the country. Personally, we should make them walk.

As we understand, a bargain sale is one at which a female economist ruins a \$20 street dress to grab herself a house dress for 98 cents.

A prompt solution of our industrial overproduction could be effected by importing some of those Russian workers to run the factories.

Jesse James is considered a piker when compared with Al Capone, and Al himself appears at a disadvantage when compared with Insull.

The first lesson for some drivers should be a course in calisthenics, to give them muscle enough to enable them to lift their left hands to signa their turns.

Still another revolt is threatened in Chile, it seems. These countries are adopting film-studio methods; if they don't like the look of a revolution they shoot it again.

It is still insisted by Japan that it is not interested in annexing Manchuria. Nor is Washington, as far as we know, any longer concerned over the Louisiana purchase.

Several Hollywood stars have been given police protection, kidnapping threats having been made. Some of them appear to be more in danger from love affairs than from kidnappers, but they are brave and don't ask any protection.

Georgia woman has lived to the age of 101 without seeing any automobiles. And if she sees them in time she may live still longer.

Let Russia continue to her destiny with Karl Marx. We have our own Groucho, Chico, Harpo, and the fourth who is carried along as a spare.

"The first thing a lion-tamer has to learn," says a circus-owner, "is to keep on the right side of the animals." We ourselves instinctively choose the outside.

We see by the paper that Notre Dame's first string this year includes Jaskwich, Brancheau, Lukats, Koken, Sheeketski, and Melinkovich. There's the real melting-pot.

Rackets cost the United States more than the war did, according to the estimate of G. L. Hofstetter. And the chance of getting any of the money back is equally faint.

Campaign interchanges between rival candidates, writes a political commentator, are less acrimonious than they used to be. Instead of giving tit for tat, we suppose, they are now content to just give tut for tut.

A law is proposed to make it illegal for gangsters to carry guns. The effect of this would, of course, be immediate and salutary; gangsters would immediately quit being gangsters and become honest citizens and then everybody could carry a gun.

The government is going to convert some of the bootleg liquor it has collected in speakeasy raids into anti-freeze solution. Of course, you don't have to use it if you're in an expensive car and you don't care to take the sort of chances you ordinarily would take with your stomach.

Did the boy stand on the burning dock because his feet were cold? What tune did Nero fiddle while Rome burned? Why are blackberries red when they are green? Just how much straw does strawberries contain? If Ponce de Leon had found the fountain of youth would he still be here? If the queen had assisted Columbus in this day and age would people have gossiped about the queen? If a modern would pull a trick like King David would ninety-nine years satisfy a jury?

PUBLIC DEBT CHANGE CAUSED BY DEFICIT

The treasury department has announced that its October financing will include an offer of 450 million dollars in 4 1/2-year notes, bearing interest at 3 per cent. This issue will increase the total interest-bearing debt to about \$20,800,000,000, compared with \$15,922,000,000 on June 30, 1930, when the federal government last succeeded in balancing its budget. In a little more than two years nearly five billion dollars has been added to the public debt, the results achieved during six previous years by resolute efforts to reduce it having been canceled.

This great increase has been due, of course, primarily to continuing deficits in the fiscal operations of the government. In addition, there has been large borrowing by the treasury (not shown in its statements of income and expenditure) to provide funds for the Reconstruction Finance corporation and other emergency agencies for relief. In consequence of this borrowing, certain striking changes have occurred in the classification of the national debt, as well as in its size. The following table shows the amounts outstanding in different forms of indebtedness in June, 1930, and at the present time. Figures represent millions of dollars:

	June 1930	Sept. 1932
Liberty bonds	\$ 8,202	\$ 8,202
Treasury bonds	3,137	5,259
Other bonds	773	797
Treasury notes	2,390	3,031
Certificates	1,264	2,395
Treasury bill	156	648

Total \$15,922 \$20,331
Since 1930 the amount outstanding in Liberty bonds has been fractionally reduced. Treasury bonds, bearing interest at rates varying from 3 to 4 1/2 per cent, have increased substantially in consequence of three issues sold in 1931. Comparatively little change has occurred in other bonds. But treasury notes, certificates and bill all show large increases. These are the short-term issues with which the government has done most of its borrowing during the last two years. In consequence of the policy it has pursued, the percentage of the national debt represented by notes, certificates and bills has increased from 23.9 per cent in 1930 to 29.9 per cent in 1932. This method of borrowing has lowered interest-rates. But it has increased the amount of indebtedness in frequent need of refunding and has tended to concentrate a far larger part of it in the hands of the banks rather than of the general public.—New York Times.

Roosevelt is cheered by Smith's return. Hoover is cheered by his return to the old home state. Now, if the rest of us can be cheered by prosperity's return, everything will be lovely.

The American Federation of Labor is so sure that business is improving that it has started a movement for higher wages.

A TRUTHFUL POLITICIAN

Once, while democratic leader in the house of representatives, the late Senator John Sharp Williams delivered a speech complaining that the overwhelming republican majority was abusing its power and robbing the helpless democrats even of their constitutional rights. A new press correspondent, impressed by the pathetic eloquence of the speech but with some reservations as to its entire accuracy, sought the old man out, after the day's session was over, in his office deep in the bowls of the old Capitol building, which was the best that democrats could hope for in those days.

It was terrible, suggested the correspondent to Mr. Williams, to think that republicans could be guilty of such things as he had just been describing, but what would Mr. Williams himself be doing if instead of being minority leader he were leader of the majority? A gleam came into the old man's sunken eyes: "My well known and amazing sense of devotion to the truth," he began with an elaborate irony as impossible of reflection in the printed word as was his southern accent, "compels me to state, sir, that in the delightful circumstances which you have described I should probably be committing similar outrages on the helpless republicans."—Springfield Republican.

AN APPEAL WHICH IS MADE TOO LATE

Much emphasis is being placed upon the argument made by republican campaign orators that the nation cannot afford to change leadership at this time. The appeal comes about two years late, for as a matter of fact, a weary electorate in many states of the union did change leadership in the legislative branch of the federal government two years ago.

It is a change which will be made even more definite in the November election, for without reference to the presidency, there is a general recognition the democratic party will increase its majority very greatly in the lower house of congress and will unquestionably secure control of the United States senate. Every sign points to an augmented democratic majority in the lower house. In many of the republican states where there has been a wide defection of voters normally affiliating with the party, the resentment against economic conditions is so great as to mean republican congressmen running for reelection will be engulfed. A very clear demonstration took place in Maine in September, when out of the three seats, all heretofore held by the republicans, the democrats captured two. In the south, where a present officeholder has been defeated, it simply means he will be replaced by another democrat who beat him in the primaries.

The situation is not new in American politics, although heretofore the shift in legislative leadership came at the close of the term, rather than in the beginning. Woodrow Wilson was given a hostile congress in 1918, with the result that the two

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But be sure and get Kruschen Salts—imitations are numerous and you must safeguard your health. I-4
closing years of his administration resulted in a bitter feud between the republican lawmakers and the democratic president. Before Wilson, Bill Taft met the same crisis the two closing years of his administration, the democrats obtaining control of the legislative branch of the government. Then before Taft, Grover Cleveland had the same difficulty.

In the short session beginning last December, with the democrats in control of the lower house, Mr. Hoover had their complete co-operation in putting through his program of reconstruction—so much so, in fact, that he was able to do much better with an opposition party in getting results than he had been when congress was overwhelmingly republican.

But it is a dangerous crisis which is precipitated when one political party is put in control of the legislative body and another has charge of the executive department. It means a hopeless, futile deadlock during two precious years and, possibly, throughout the entire period, were Mr. Hoover to be re-elected. So we say that the admonition not to change leadership is a bit tardy, as has been the case so frequently in the instance of the party in power. There isn't much doubt as to what would happen under Mr. Hoover. There would be an interminable conflict as a result of the shift in leadership made two years ago—a change which it will be admitted freely is to be accentuated in the November election.—Lincoln Star.

A BLOW THAT HOOVER DEALT

Why did the price of nearly everything, commodities and securities alike, fall, fall sharply, and keep right on falling after President Hoover had delivered his long heralded Des Moines speech?

That speech, it was proclaimed, was to be the turning point of the campaign. It would win back the disaffected republicans and put Mr. Hoover in the running. Immediately after it was delivered a faithful press, and the even more faithful members of the cabinet, declared with one voice it had had just that effect. It had wrought a miracle. Republicans were coming back to the party in droves and battalions and bringing regiments of democrats along with them. The way was cleared. Once more Mr. Hoover was leading his party to victory.

In a very few days that exultant chorus dwindled rapidly from fortissimo to pianissimo. Today there is not a faintest note of it that the keenest ear can detect. And why?

It is because, according to a consensus of opinion in the financial and business world at home and abroad, Mr. Hoover himself, in that speech, "pulled the prize boner" of the campaign.

He shouted calamity too loudly. He aroused suspicion as to our country's currency and its financial stability. He disclosed the amazing secret that, at a time when the United States had more than a half the gold in the world, it had come within a hair's breadth of being forced off the gold standard.

And the members of a subsiding fear were stirred into flame anew. A reviving stock market crawled back in its hole. Stocks and bonds went down. And the American dollar went down in Europe, with a fresh wave of liquidation of American securities.

"Pertinax," the world famous editor of L'Echo de Paris, an impartial observer, tells the story in a few paragraphs. In a copyrighted cable to the Baltimore Sun he says:

"Most competent authorities here openly declare that President Hoover's speech at Des Moines in referring to the past danger of America going off the gold standard was responsible for the recent sale of American securities and dollar currency on the exchange market."
"While getting rid of American securities and currency, French, British, and American holders themselves were influenced by various lines of

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thought that deserve to be scrutinized. According to some, President Hoover's revelation meant that American currency does not rest upon such solid foundations as was commonly believed.
"In the judgment of others, Hoover had given signal proof that he could not be relied upon. Last February, at a time when on his own showing the dollar was imperiled, he indulged in all kinds of reassuring statements, it is pointed out.

"Others maintained that the danger never existed to the degree mentioned by Hoover, but that the sight of the president giving an unduly pessimistic description of the monetary situation eight months ago for the purpose of convincing the world that he had worked wonders, even at the price of making the people doubt the strength of dollar currency, did not encourage anyone to trust his financial and economic leadership."

This cold comment upon an American president, coming from so eminent an authority, naturally is not pleasing. If it were confined to "Pertinax" alone it might be dismissed as coming from a foreign source. "What have we to do with abroad?"

But unfortunately it is only the echo of what is being said at home. The alarming statement was promptly attacked as unfounded by such a recognized authority as Senator Glass, and by various of his associates of both parties in congress. It was deplored by financial end economic leaders and students as unjustified, unwise, and distinctly harmful. How harmful, the response of the market has revealed. How long the chill haze of suspicion thus broadcasted will endure only time can tell.

What is now recognized is that Mr. Hoover, because of that unguarded utterance, has suffered sadly in prestige in the house of his best friends—the financial and business interests. The deplorable fact is that, alone of the participants in this campaign, the president of the United States himself, in the zeal of his advocacy of his own candidacy, has aimed a severe, though unintended, blow at reviving confidence.

Nor can it fail to be noted that there has been no such lack of restraint, not to say no such recklessness, on the part of Governor Roosevelt. Though he leads an attacking host, though he is an "out" seeking to get "in," he has very carefully refrained from speaking a single sentence calculated to pour oil on the flames of our national adversity. He has sought to reassure the people, rather than to alarm them. He has conducted a constructive campaign, and held aloft the banner of hope and courage and confidence.

Unquestionably, we believe, that is one reason, and a very important one, why the country is turning to Roosevelt for leadership during the next four years.—World-Herald.

ATTENTION!

Program and plate supper, Wednesday, October 26th, eight o'clock, Jean school, District 3. Everybody welcome.

FRANCES WILES, 017-2tw-1td Teacher.

The Journal will appreciate your phoning in news items. Call No. 6. Thanks!

ORDER OF HEARING and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska, State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. To all persons interested in the estate of William G. Rauth, deceased: On reading the petition of Theresa Rauth, Administratrix, praying a final settlement and allowance of her account filed in this Court on the 13th day of October, 1932, and for assignment of the residue of said estate; determination of heirship, and for her discharge as Administratrix thereof.

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 12th day of November, A. D. 1932, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.
In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court this 13th day of October, A. D. 1932.
A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. In the County Court, Fee Book 9, at page 319.

In the matter of the estate of John Wynn, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1932, and on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day, to examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 11th day of November, A. D. 1932, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 11th day of November, 1932.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 14th day of October, 1932.

A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. In the County Court, Fee Book 9, page 320.

In the matter of the estate of David Murray, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1932, and on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day to examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 11th day of November, A. D. 1932, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 11th day of November, 1932.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 14th day of October, 1932.

A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

NOTICE OF HEARING

Estate of Peter J. Becker, deceased, in the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, To all persons interested in said estate, creditors and heirs take notice, that Louietta Martin and Charles L. Martin, have filed their petition alleging that Peter J. Becker died intestate in Cass County, Nebraska, on or about March 27th, 1875, being a resident and inhabitant of Cass County, Nebraska, and died seized of the following described real estate, to-wit: The west half (W 1/2) of the northeast quarter (NE 1/4) of section six (6), township eleven (11), north of range fourteen (14), east of the 6th P. M., in Cass County, Nebraska, leaving as his sole and only heirs at law the following named persons, to-wit: Livona Becker, widow, and the following named children: Mary Allison, formerly Becker, George Becker, Jacob Becker, Abe Becker, Peter Becker, and Thaddeus S. Becker.

That the interests of the petitioners herein in the above described real estate is that of subsequent purchasers, and praying for a determination of the time of the death of said Peter J. Becker and of his heirs, the degree of kinship and the right of descent of the real property belonging to the said deceased, in the State of Nebraska.

It is ordered that the same stand for hearing the 4th day of November, A. D. 1932, before the court at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. Dated at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, this 10th day of October, A. D. 1932.
A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

In the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska. In the matter of the Application of N. D. Talcott, Administrator of the Estate of William D. Coleman, Deceased, for License to Sell Real Estate to Pay Debts.

Now, on this 13th day of October, 1932, came N. D. Talcott, Administrator of the estate of William D. Coleman, deceased, and presents his petition for license to sell the real estate of the deceased party in order to pay the claims filed and allowed against said estate, and the expenses of administering said estate. It appearing from said petition that there is an insufficient amount of personal property in the hands of the Administrator to pay the claims presented and allowed by the County Court and the expenses of the administration of said estate; and that it is necessary to sell the whole of the real estate of the deceased in order to pay the aforesaid claims and the costs of administration.

It is therefore Considered, Ordered and Adjudged that all persons interested in the estate of William D. Coleman, deceased, appear before me, James T. Begley, Judge of the District Court, at the District Court room in the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, on the 29th day of November, 1932, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any there be, why such license should not be granted to N. D. Talcott, Administrator of the estate of William D. Coleman, deceased, to sell all of the real estate of said deceased, so as to pay claims presented and allowed with the costs of administration and of this proceedings.

It is further Considered, Ordered and Adjudged, that notice be given to all persons interested by publication of this Order to Show Cause for four successive weeks in the Plattsmouth Journal, a legal newspaper published and of general circulation in the County of Cass, Nebraska. By the Court. JAMES T. BEGLEY, District Judge.

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