

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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It takes more than a diamond to make a winner.

Listen young man: You cannot make good by making excuses.

The return of long skirts is tough luck for the bloomer manufacturers.

As the paths of glory lead but to the grave, so, too often, do the paths of concrete.

We might get even with those annoying Russians by depressing the car market.

"America is wet only in spots," says Henry Ford. But, Oh, boy, the frequency of those spots!

The fellow who is always giving you a piece of his mind is usually a chap who has no mind to spare.

A run on a bank is more serious than a run in a silk stocking—but you can't make a flapper believe it.

Prohibition has killed respect for law, said the man to his friend as he drove down the avenue at fifty per.

What millions of Americans want is not the return of the saloon, but its lunch counter in some free and easy form.

The way things are going it wouldn't be surprising if even Mr. Volstead came out for the repeal of the Volstead act.

The Florida Times-Union prints a story of a lawyer who shot himself because of overwork, but fails to tell who he was working.

A complete case of intoxication is when a man wraps himself around a pint of bad booze and then wraps his auto around a telephone pole.

Senator Fess says that prohibition is not at this time a major issue. We would like to know what the Senator thinks a major issue looks like.

A candidate for the United States Senate in West Virginia filed an affidavit that he spent only fourteen cents on his campaign. The people ought to appreciate his fine sense of values.

The professor of an eastern college says that the art of conversation has been lost. This is due, perhaps, to our predilection for whispering campaigns.

Manhattan Island was sold by Indians to the Dutch for six quarts of rum and a few handful of beads. In view of the way that stock market on the lower end of Manhattan Island has been acting recently maybe the Indians made a rather good trade after all.

One heavy shower that a bride-elect doesn't mind the least bit is a linen shower.

If your little children love to play with fire, give them a cigar lighter and be on the safe side.

When your clothes come back from the washlady badly scorched, that's just the irony of fate.

Nobody yet has invented a political party in power that was strengthened by an economic depression.

An American firm is opening a chain of 5-and-10 cent stores in Berlin. They ought to flourish in Scotland.

Little credence is given the theory that the Mound Builders used those things for a form of prehistoric miniature golf.

A. W. C. T. U. meeting out in Colorado ended in a riot. Naughty, naughty, sisters! You should be temperate in things.

We have our doubts about women being able to bear more pain than men, but we confess they bare more skin than the men do.

President Hoover's speech at Cleveland, summed up in a sentence, reads: "This has been my story all along, and I'm going to stick to it."

"Ample credit will bring back business," said President Hoover in an address at Cleveland. Clip this out and send it to your banker.

So little attention is being paid to channel swimming this year that even the old people don't advertise which brand of grease the girls use.

The platform builder is bothered to know whether to go to work in a one-piece bathing suit, or to provide himself with umbrella and galoshes.

"There is a notable trend toward buying raw materials," says Secretary Lamont. Yes, most of the liquor is awful raw, and getting worse all the time.

If everybody paid cash for everything they bought there would be an awful slump in the paper output and the postal receipts would drop 50 per cent.

President Hoover has named a commission on home building and home ownership. The first and most important job is to find out the cost of the garage.

A Florida preacher says "you never see a hog chewing tobacco." No, parson, it's cheaper to feed them on corn, even though the drouth caused a feedstuff shortage.

THE FIGHT FOR SAFETY

A generation ago the daily get-together of farmers and townspeople around the stove in the country grocery store was one of the most typically American meetings that could be imagined.

Modern America, which has slowly drawn away from that informal gathering, has devised a new meeting which is quite as typical, although not quite so picturesque—the "safety meeting" of the factory hands.

Not long ago this sort of meeting was generally looked on as the work of faddists; a useless wasting of the time of men who might better be working. In recent years, however, the importance of the safety meeting has become generally recognized; and the fact that 7,000 safety workers from all parts of the country is now in session at Pittsburgh testifies to the strides that the safety campaign has made.

It is hardly exaggerating to say that this movement for safety in industry is one of the most important movements of the day. It represents one of the few organized efforts that mankind is making to understand the nature of this mechanical age of ours.

We have called innumerable machines into being, and we have to live with them for better or for worse; but we have devoted remarkably little time to the job of finding out just how we can get along with them without getting hurt.

In the old days there was little need for a safety movement. The factory hand worked in a small shop and generally used his own tools if he was not more than ordinarily clumsy—in which case he would not have his job at all—he hardly had a chance of hurting himself.

Today, though, it is different. The worker is surrounded by a multitude of whirrigigs that can grind the life out of him if he is not careful. A moment's inattention can cripple him for life; a bit of carelessness can kill him. The effort to keep from being hurt has to be organized—and it is to the credit of American industry that it has been organized.

Indeed, the same sort of thing, to a lesser extent, is true outside of the factory as well as in. Mechanized traffic kills 30,000 men, women, and children a year. We have to be watchful, even on our more casual errands. Carelessness has become fearfully expensive.

All of this has demonstrated pretty clearly that the machine is not an unmixing blessing. It has been a tremendous boon, in some respects, but it has also raised many new problems. The safety movement is a sincere intelligent attempt to meet some of the worst of the problems that the machine has raised. That is why it deserves country-wide support.

A Chicago burglar administered ether to his victim and then robbed him of \$5,000 worth of jewelry and \$650 in cash—a painless extraction, so to speak.

Most folks are unwilling to cast their bread upon the waters without positive assurance that it will come back nicely buttered and covered with jam.

If long skirts are really to become the vogue designers ought to put transparent panels in the sides to keep five dollar silk hosiery from being a total loss.

One reason why we are opposed to naval disarmament and dismantling of battleships is that there will be no one for Clara Bow to meet when the fleet comes in.

Willie Hearst is tickled to death over the publicity that followed his expulsion from France. And, since France is also highly pleased, nobody has a complaint coming.

Further restrictions on immigration may be enacted at the next session of Congress. That's right. We ought not admit more than one hundred desperate foreign gangsters each month.

A smart Frenchwoman has had the initials of her four successive husbands painted on her fingernails. An objection to the adoption of this fashion by Hollywood is that no woman has more than 10 fingers.

A large number of German citizens voted against the republic and the government. Our campaigns, too, are for or against the party in power and the policy of administration, which we call principle, but they are talkies.

The nature of the fresh charges preferred against Bishop James Cannon, Jr., are a profound secret. Perhaps they are based on the fact that he went and got himself married after he had promised not to gamble any more.

HYDE'S SOVIET WHEAT SCARE

From the Chicago Tribune
It would not be remarkable if the average man were perplexed by the Russian wheat operations on the Chicago Board of Trade in the light which the United States Government has chosen to throw upon them.

As the facts merely upon inquiry, the Board of Trade seems to clear itself to the satisfaction of any reasonable and unexcited mind. It was not the means by which the Communists were about to overthrow the American economic order in a few weeks of brisk trading. The board appears not only to have had the advantage of the Government in knowing the procedure but in having the specific facts. Its responsible committees and its officials held their composure, which may have been difficult considering the incitement to bad temper or hilarity, and have responded willingly to Government requests both for information and for action.

The episode now seems to yield some fairly clear conclusions.

The United States Government, Secretary Hyde speaking, made the most extravagant characterization of the Russian wheat sales. This was calculated to use a prejudice against the Board of Trade and a prevailing antipathy for the Russian Reds to put the Government in a more favorable position with American agriculture as to wheat prices. A responsible government has the confidence of citizens on the assumption that its statements and its actions reflect a matured judgment upon carefully gathered and carefully considered facts.

Particularly when the United States Government accuses another Government of deliberate hostility in a specific case that accusation presupposes that the Government is precisely informed. Upon such a presumption the citizens are prepared to support it. The fact that there is no diplomatic relation between the United States and Russia made it possible for Mr. Hyde to state his case without responsibility abroad. If he had accused any friendly nation of that act he would have been in a predicament. It was the acknowledgment of a state of hostility approximate to war.

Confidence in Government attitude on any question would be stronger if an administration did not take advantage of the fact that there was no international responsibility attached in a particular incident. That should not excuse irresponsibility in what it tells the people of its own country. In this case the Government endorsed an inflammatory rumor which it cannot substantiate. It did not have correct information, but proceeded as if it did have—a serious fault, an imposition upon the credulity of the people. It was the snap judgment of the man in the street.

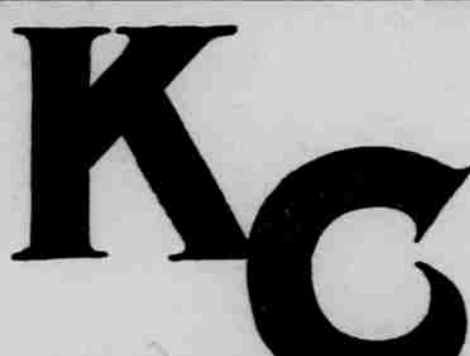
It was an attempt to fix upon the Board of Trade the responsibility, as agent or instrument, of compliance with a malevolent and destructive foreign attempt to make the condition of the American farmer worse.

One condition which should have made the Government cautious was that any eccentricity or international misbehavior or hostility on the part of the Reds is, in theory, credible. It is Communist policy to attack in just that fashion. The windy pronouncements of Stalin and his associates contain such threats. If the serf labor of the Soviets could be added to the intelligence of capitalism to break the markets of other countries by swamping them, this would be done. It is a part of the Red program, but that should have been an additional reason for prudent and not irascible conduct on the part of the American Government.

The alarmist statements of the administration not only held the Board of Trade responsible as an instrument in a destructive scheme but they must have given the Reds the impression that the United States is a push-over, a frantic giant looking under the bed and fearful of what might be in a closet. Apparently the thing in distress is the Communist hulk, but the American Government presented it as a successful terror.

From time to time the Government silences or chastises an expert in its service for giving his opinions to the public, which would be the better for knowing them. It could be suggested that the Cabinet mature the ideas of any excitable members before they get out with the stamp of Government authority on them. It is conceded that the only protection the same world has from Soviet hostility is Soviet incapacity, but that is no excuse for irrational alarms, agitating the public mind because they have Government sanction.

The New York Stock Exchange did not find the Government attaching any responsibility to it for the



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disturbing political consequences of the crash of last year, but it is habitual to seek for an offender in the Midwest. Eastern finance and industry are vestrymen; Midwestern are little devils. The Board of Trade has barred foreign Government operations and has endeavored to explain, that the Cabine may understand, just what was taking place when the Russians were hedging.

Mr. Hyde evidently did not know what was going on in the Board of Trade or in Russia. If Mr. Stimson knew what was going on in Russia he did not give Mr. Hyde the advantage of his information. The one department should have been informed, the other could have been corrected, a war scare would not have issued and the Government would not have sold its reliability and credibility short.

MORE BONNET MUSIC

Republican spokesmen should get together on this matter of party responsibility for business depression. Senator Fess and Representative Wood and even Secretary Stimson have been telling us for months that commodity prices are declining all over the world for causes which are quite beyond the party's control. But just as we were on the point of conviction along came Representative John Q. Tilson, eastern director of the Republican congressional campaign, with the good word that the price drop was caused by the Grundy tariff, and now we don't know where we are.

Shoes and stockings and sugar are selling very cheaply, says Mr. Tilson, and wheat, too, although Mr. Tilson failed to mention it has fallen to the lowest point it has touched in nearly a quarter of a century. And this, in spite of a tariff of 42 cents a bushel. Or was it because of the tariff?

We had understood Mr. Hyde to say that the Russians did it. We thought, in our simple way, that the tariff was passed for the purpose of raising prices. But Mr. Tilson's jubilation over the declining price level would seem to indicate that such was not the case. And just how the Grundy bill was operated to bring down prices in England and in Germany.

THE CANNED SOUP MAN

A tremendous change in the kitchen habits of the American housewife was wrought by John John Thompson Dorrance, founder and president of the Campbell Soup Co., and sole owner of its \$159,000,000 worth of stock, who died the other day. It was he who originated the canned soup industry, conceiving the idea while a graduate student in the University of Göttingen. When he returned to the United States he joined his uncle's fruit firm, the Joseph Campbell Fruit & Preserve Co., from whose canneries there issued for the first time in 1889 condensed canned soup, the product of a 26-year-old employe who went to work for \$7.50 a week.

The consequences of his work are so much a part of our everyday lives that we are apt to overlook them. Newlywed wives who work by day and put supper together in 15 minutes in clothes closet sized kitchenettes owe him a great debt. Soups which once took on wash day are now ready to serve in no time at all. Local restrictions passed with the canning process. Sea food soups came into the hinterland.

An automobile manufacturer recently held a contest to select a name for a new car to be placed on the market, and received 7,481,397 suggestions. The prize offered was a new auto. This proves that the greatest game in our country is trying to get something for nothing.

RALLY MEETING OF W. F. M. S.

From Friday's Daily.—
A very enthusiastic meeting of the Methodist W. F. M. S. took place yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. E. H. Wescott.

The business session was in charge of the vice president, Miss Mapes, who conducted the election, at which the following officers were chosen: President, Miss Emma De Hart; vice president, Miss Margaret Mapes; corresponding secretary, Mrs. R. B. Hayes; recording secretary, Mrs. W. I. Howland; treasurer, Mrs. Harry Lightbody.

The devotional topic was a brief discussion of Bible references which reminded us that prayer is our door to God's temple. This was given by several members and concluded by a hymn sung by all present.

Mrs. Ralph Anderson then gave the lesson, "Upward Together" in a very entertaining and helpful way.

Reports of the recent district convention of the Foreign Missionary Society at Omaha, were then given by Mesdames Howland, Barkus, Hayes and C. E. Wescott. These reports gave the results of last year's work and also a forward look for the coming year.

The officers of the society then served delicious refreshments and this brought to a close a very helpful meeting.

The members were especially pleased to have with them Mrs. Troy, our new pastor's wife, and several other guests.

ORDER OF HEARING
and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
To all persons interested in the estate of Fannie McQuinn, deceased:
On reading the petition of Lewis B. Mouser, Administrator de bonis non, praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this Court on the 25th day of September, 1930, and for final settlement of said estate and his discharge as said Administrator de bonis non;
It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1930, at 9 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court, this 25th day of September, A. D. 1930.
A. H. DUXBURY,
County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING
and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
To all persons interested in the estate of David C. Morgan, deceased:
On reading the petition of Kate Oliver Morgan, Administrator, praying a final settlement and allowance of her account filed in this Court on the 26th day of September, 1930, and for final settlement of said estate and her discharge as said Administrator;
It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1930, at 9 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1930.
A. H. DUXBURY,
County Judge.

LEGAL NOTICE

In the matter of the Application of Carl D. Ganz, Administrator C. T. A. De Bonis Non, for License to Sell Real Estate.
Notice of Sale.
Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a license to sell real estate and Order of Sale issued by the Honorable James T. Begley, Judge of the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, on the 24th day of September, 1930, that I, Carl D. Ganz, Administrator C. T. A. De Bonis Non of the estate of Sarah Thingan, deceased, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, that is to say 10% of bid on date of sale and the balance when said sale is confirmed by the Court, at the west front door of the Bank of Murdock, in Murdock, Cass county, Nebraska, at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 17th day of October, 1930, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), and the south half (S½) of Lot six (6) in Block three (3), in the Village of Murdock, Cass county, Nebraska. Said sale to be and remain open for one hour.
Dated this 24th day of September, 1930.
CARL D. GANZ,
Administrator C. T. A. De Bonis Non of the Estate of Sarah Thingan, Deceased.

s29-3w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
In the matter of the estate of Joseph F. Tubbs, deceased.
To the creditors of said estate:
You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county on October 24, 1930, and January 26, 1931, at 10 o'clock a. m., each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 24th day of October, A. D. 1930 and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 24th day of October, 1930.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 26th day of September, 1930.
A. H. DUXBURY,
County Judge.

(Seal) s29-3w

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
In the matter of the estate of Gertrude L. Morgan, deceased.
Notice of Administration.
All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that a petition has been filed in said Court alleging that said deceased died leaving no last will and testament and praying for administration upon her estate and for such other and further orders and proceedings in the premises as may be required by the statutes in such cases made and provided to the end that said estate and all things pertaining thereto may be finally settled and determined, and that a hearing will be had on said petition before said Court, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1930, and that if they fail to appear at said Court on said 24th day of October, 1930, at 9 o'clock a. m., to contest the said petition, the Court may grant the same and grant administration of said estate to Kate O. Morgan, or some other suitable person and proceed to a settlement thereof.

(Seal) s29-3w
A. H. DUXBURY,
County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass ss.
By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day at the south front door of the court house, in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said County, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate to-wit:
Beginning at a point, 50 feet north of the northeast corner of Block 6 in the Village of Union, in Cass county, Nebraska, running thence northerly 125 feet along the street line, thence westerly at right angles 315 feet, thence southerly at right angles 125 feet, thence easterly along the line of B. Street at right angles 315 feet to the point of beginning in the Village of Union, in Cass county, Nebraska—The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Ellen Pearsley Norris et al, defendants, to satisfy a Judgment of said Court recovered by Art O. Pearsley and Mattie Becker, assignees of Daniel G. Golds, plaintiffs, against said defendants, Plattsmouth, Nebraska, September 15, A. D. 1930.

BERT REED,
Sheriff of Cass County, Nebraska.

s18-5w.

NOTICE OF REPRIZE'S SALE

Pursuant to an order of the District Court of Saunders county, Nebraska, made and entered on the 18th day of September, 1930, in an action pending therein, in which Sedwick R. Parks and wife, Gladys Parks; Carl H. Parks and wife, Millie Parks, are plaintiffs, and Lulu Cadwell, a widow; Addie Rager and husband, Bert Rager; Pearl Richardson and husband, C. D. Richardson; Mattie Hewitt and husband, Irvin Hewitt; Daisy Kline and husband, Leonard Kline; Grace Parks, single, incompetent; Carl H. Parks, as guardian; and Edwin Pricke, are defendants, ordering and directing the undersigned Referee in said cause to sell each piece of the following described real estate, separately, to-wit:
The East One-Hundred Twenty Acres (E 120 A.) of the North West Quarter (NW¼) of Section Twenty-four (24), Township Twelve (12), Range Nine (9), Cass County, Nebraska.
The East One-Hundred Twenty Acres (E 120 A.) of the North West Quarter (NW¼) of Section Thirteen (13), Township Twelve (12), Range Nine (9), Cass County, Nebraska.
Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of October, 1930, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the south front door of the court house, in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, the undersigned Referee will sell each piece of the above described real estate, separately, at public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash. Said sale to be held open for one hour.
Dated this 23rd day of September, 1930.
J. B. PARKS,
Referee.

J. C. BRYANT,
Plaintiff's Attorney. s25-5w.



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