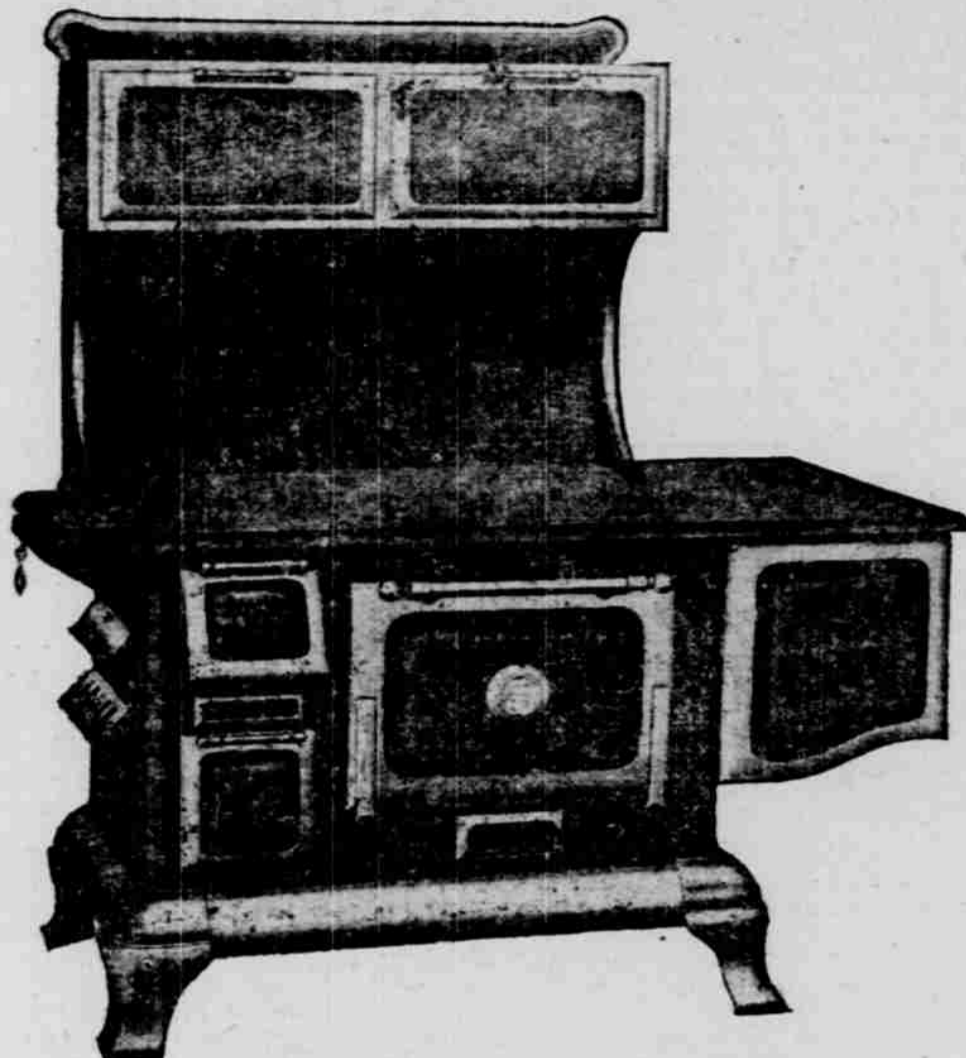


SET OF ELEGENT
This ALUMINUM WARE Free

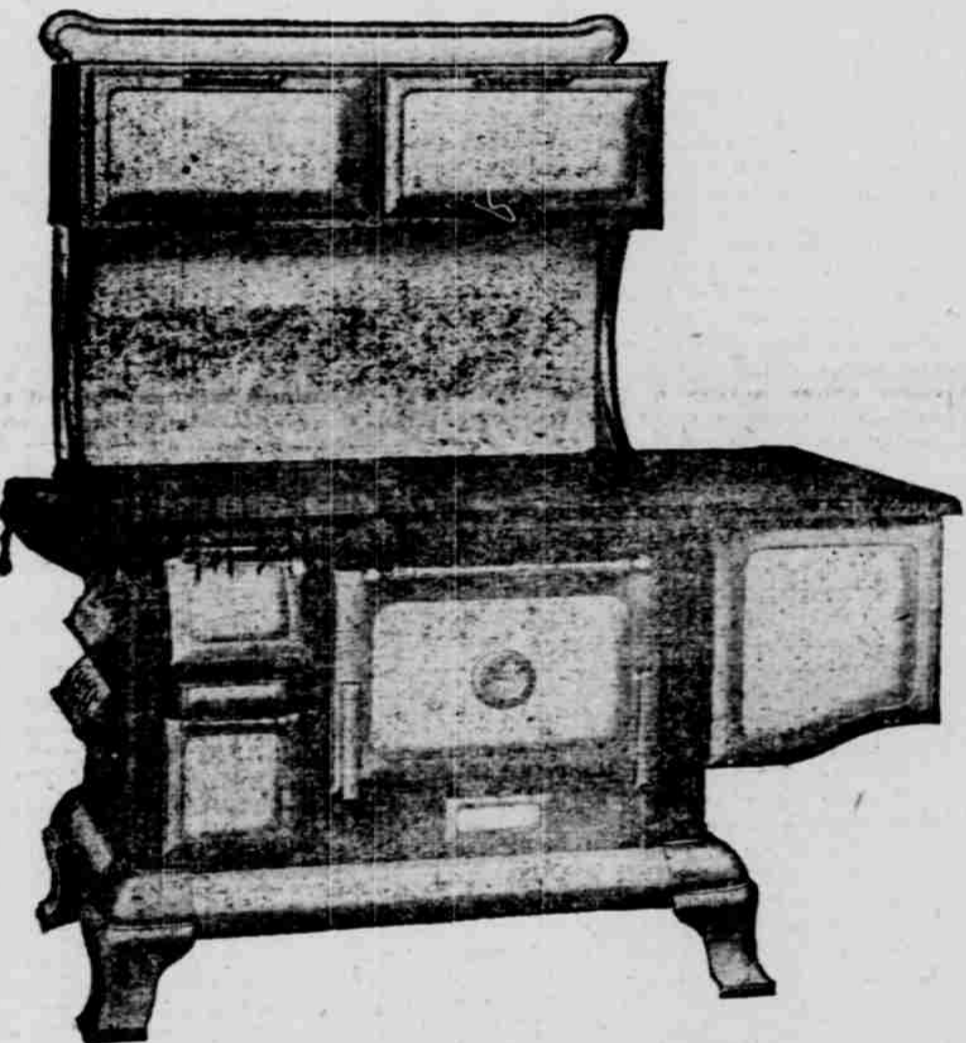
If You Buy a Copper-Clad Range Next Week!



THE COPPER-CLAD RANGE

The strikingly beautiful outlines of the Copper-Clad Range stops every woman. As she looks and admires, she finds that it is true beauty—the beauty of simple elegance and perfect proportions—of fine finish—the thoroughbred of the Range World.

Look for hinges on the above—two only on the oven door and they are long and smooth. There are six other doors, yet not a hinge in sight, not a catch, nor hook nor latch. Built like fine automobiles, the hinges are all inside.



THE COPPER-CLAD RANGE

With White Enamel Trimmings

"Copper Clad" means pure Sheet Copper is placed BETWEEN the sweaty asbestos and range body. To place it elsewhere would be like climbing on top of a roof to get out of the wet.



"Free" means that this ware does not cost Copper-Clad buyers a single penny. It is a reward for buying while the "Copper-Clad Crank" is here and is offered by him to justify you in attending this sale.

This ware is very substantial and just the kind that you would select if buying for your own use. The 7-in-1 convertible cooker takes the place of seven different vessels, as shown by figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. You can use this utensil in some form every day.

Free to every Copper-Clad buyer during this sale. Come—See the Asbestos Sweat.

COPPER-CLAD WEEK

This Week, February 26th to March 3rd

No matter whether you want a range now or next year or any other time, it will pay you to come and see the Copper-Clad Crank make the Asbestos Sweat.

He takes any piece of Asbestos, puts it between two iron plates—heats it—and shows you the sweat. You can roll it up in drops with your finger.

Every good range must be lined with asbestos to hold the heat around the oven and keep down fuel cost. Every time the

range cools off, the asbestos takes moisture out of the fresh air circulating through the range like a blotter takes up water. When you fire up, this moisture is driven by the heat to the outside against the cold range body and starts Sweat-Rust on the inside where you can't get at it, even though you know it rusts. Sweat-Rust ruins thousands and thousands of otherwise good ranges every year. When the range body is gone, the range is done for.

The Copper-Clad Idea Is "Pure Sheet Copper Between the Asbestos and Range Body"

Copper never rusts. It may tarnish but it will last centuries. There are Copper Domes that have been defying the elements for hundreds of years. So, when we say a "Copper-Clad can't rust out," we mean that the copper lining overcomes all internal rust. An oiled rag will keep the outside free from rust—and there are no fussy ornaments full of rivets and bolts to skin your

hands. The Copper-Clad wipes clean like a dish.

If these things are so—you should know it. Not by hearsay—but by the evidence of your own eyes. Remember, this "Copper Clad Crank" is here to tell—to show—to explain. He delights in it. You won't "bother" him by asking questions. He has oodles of time to answer and he is here to "Show You."

Bestor & Swatek

THE WINCHESTER STORE

WOMEN REQUIRED TO FILE AN INCOME TAX ACCOUNTING

Collector A. B. Allen Gives Out Statement as to Just What Classes Must Make Return.

Thousands of women are required to file an income tax return and pay a tax on their net income for the year 1922. No official estimate can be given of the number of such women, but statistics of income for the year 1920, recently issued, show that approximately 603,000 women filed returns for that year, claiming the \$1,000 exemption allowed a single person. The amount of net income reported by these women was \$1,284,955,727. In addition there were filed 132,181 returns by women claiming an exemption of \$2,000 as the head of a family, "a person who supports and maintains in one household one or more individuals closely related to him or her by blood, marriage or adoption." Net income reported by these women for the year 1920 amounted to \$388,364,530. Under the revenue act now in force the personal exemption allowed the head of a family is \$2,500 if the net income for 1922 was \$5,000 or less, and \$2,000 if the net income exceeded \$5,000.

The number of wives making separate returns from husbands for the year 1920 was 77,568 reporting net income of \$534,340,465. These figures show the income reported in

returns filed by women forms an important part of the aggregate income of the people of the United States.

A woman who was widowed during the year 1922, unless the head of a family, or remarried on or before December 31, 1922, may claim a personal exemption of only \$1,000. A divorcee, or wife who continuously and without necessity makes her home apart from her husband, is classed as a single person and entitled only to the \$1,000 personal exemption.

Whether a man and wife are "living apart," for the purposes of the income tax law, depends upon individual circumstances. A wife who supports an invalid husband in a sanitarium may claim the exemption allowed a married couple. The separation is one of necessity.

The revenue act does not prescribe the amount of the exemption allowed a married woman living with her husband. Married couples living together are granted an exemption of \$2,500 or \$2,000, depending upon whether their combined net income is \$5,000 or less, or more than \$5,000. Husband and wife may make separate returns, or they may make a joint return. In the event separate returns are made, either husband or wife may claim the exemption allowed married persons, or they may divide it between them in such proportion as they choose.

The period for filing income tax returns ends at midnight March 15.

It's false economy to think of doing without your home town newspaper. 15c a week delivers the Daily Journal at your door.

IRREGULARITIES CHARGED IN AWARD OF CAPITOL BIDS

Secretary George Johnson Alleges Material Bought for Structure at Prices Too High.

Lincoln, Feb. 23.—George Johnson, secretary, state capitol commission, submitted a report today in which he alleges irregularities in letting contracts for material being used to construct the new capitol building, and charges the architect, Bertram G. Goodhue, New York, has allowed mistakes to creep into plans and specifications.

These charges came to light when Johnson refused claims of the Struble Cut Stone company on grounds the firm is not meeting requirements of its contract in furnishing stone. "I find the architect, either deliberately or through lack of knowledge, is forcing the state to pay \$115,000 more for stone than we should pay," Johnson says in his report.

Stone for which payment is being withheld by Johnson has been used for the entire outside wall, already in place, and is intended for extensive constructive work in the building.

Can Be Bought Cheaper, Charge Regarding the stone, Johnson says, in his report: "I secured services of Prof. Mickey of the University of Ne-

braska and other authorities in examining stone supplied by the Struble company and that from other quarries and was assured by experts that, contrary to the assertion of the architect, stone from other quarries is not only fully as suitable, but may be procured at a less price."

Johnson, in his report, also calls attention to the fact Architect Goodhue has let a contract for columns to Sunderland Bros. of Omaha, at \$25,000.

"This contract was awarded without competitive bids," Johnson alleges.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Aids Nature

Medicines that aid nature are always most effectual. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It always the cough, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Thousands have testified to its good qualities. Try it when you have a cough or cold. Weyrich & Hadraba.

DRAWS DOWN FINE

From Saturday's Daily.

This morning in the court of Judge William Weber, the mill of justice which has become rather cobwebbed from the lack of use, was in operation and a fine of \$10 and costs was assessed against a young man named Rummerfeld who was charged with disturbing the peace by fighting.

Books for every member of the family at the Journal office.

DEMOCRATS FAIL TO ENDORSE FORD FOR PRESIDENT

Resolutions Committee of Michigan State Convention Decide Time Is "Inopportune."

Detroit, Feb. 23.—A proposal that Michigan democrats go on record as endorsing Henry Ford for president in 1924, failed of approval by the resolutions committee of the party's state convention here today. Deciding, as it did last year, that the time was "inopportune" for such action, the committee made no reference to the Detroit manufacturer in its report to the convention.

Passage of the resolution, it was conceded, in effect was a compromise between one convention faction that desired to endorse Ford and another which expressed the belief that the present time was inopportune for such endorsement. The resolution, as originally drawn, contained a presidential endorsement, but C. H. Kimmerle of Cassopolis, who introduced it, purposely omitted that part containing endorsement when he read it to the delegates.

Kimmerle acceded to the wishes of democratic leaders in making the omission.

Phone us the news. We want to publish everything of importance that happens in Cass county.

FARMERS ARE FOR HOLDING DOWN IMPROVEMENT TAX

Bill Providing that Levy Not to Exceed 25 Per Cent of Property Value Favored by Them.

Farmers of the lower house succeeded Friday in advancing to third reading H. R. 321, Harrington bill providing that assessments against private property for special improvements, shall be limited to twenty-five per cent of the assessed value of the property. The measure was generally opposed by members from the larger towns and cities.

The argument on the one hand is that under present conditions, assessment against property to pay the cost of new paving, often amounts to confiscation.

"If this is enacted into law," said Representative Densmore of Gage, "it will be practically impossible for a city, town or village to pave. Vacant lots assessed at \$100 could pay but \$25 which is far below the actual cost of paving. Two months after the improvement is in, the owner of the vacant lot may erect a \$5,000 or \$10,000 building."

Representative Wilson of Lancaster declared that such a law will seriously hamper and delay improvements on real estate. It will mean, he said, that prospective builders will wait until after the paving is in before they proceed with the contemplated improvement.

"It is a splendid bill," said Mr. Kemper, one of the farmer members. Mr. Harrington said that the purpose is to relieve property that cannot stand a proportionate share of the cost of an improvement. The balance of the cost which otherwise the property must pay, to be distributed over the district.

Mr. Densmore's motion to indefinitely postpone was defeated 25 to 41. The bill was advanced by a vote of 51 to 21.

Lancaster county rural paving is cared for in H. R. 35, by Representative Egger. As amended, this bill limits the assessment for paving against farm lands beyond two miles of Lincoln to ten per cent of the assessed value. Farmers of the county are expected to discuss the bill at a meeting to be held at the court house Saturday afternoon.

HIEROGLYPHICS ON SARCOPHAGUS UNTRANSLATED

University of Nebraska Museum Has Mummy Purchased by Rev. Rominger for \$3,500.

Lincoln, Feb. 22.—A well preserved Egyptian mummy, evidently one of the Pharaoh kings of the eighteenth or nineteenth century, or one of the royal family, lies in the museum of the University of Nebraska.

Not a great deal of attention has been paid to the mummy by those outside of the museum and no effort has been made to translate the Egyptian hieroglyphics covering the sarcophagus in which the body is inclosed.

But there is little doubt but that the mummy is that of one of the royalty of the times of the Pharaoh kings. The mummy was purchased by Rev. H. V. Rominger, former Nebraskan, when he was on a tour of Egypt in 1885.

He paid \$3,500 for it and used it for several years in his lecture tours in this country. Later it was donated to the University of Nebraska museum.

The mummy was obtained by the Rev. Rominger at Thebes, Egypt, (the present site of Luxor) and was taken from the valley of kings where the discovery of Pharaoh Tutankhamen's tomb was made. According to Rominger, the mummy during his lifetime was either a Pharaoh or of the family of a Pharaoh during the eighteenth or nineteenth dynasty.

Features Well Preserved

The covering placed over the body thousands of years ago is still intact except over a portion of the nose, which of these features remain apparently nearly as they were immediately after death except for the discoloration.

The sarcophagus in which the body is encased is made of wood about two inches thick, nailed together with wooden pins and is covered with the preservative in use in those days, over which is painted myriads of Egyptian hieroglyphics in colors which are apparently as bright as the day they were painted.

"The first Egyptologists that came to Nebraska will be asked to translate these hieroglyphics, which undoubtedly may lead to some identity of the mummy when he was on earth," declared Dr. E. H. Barbour, who is in charge of the museum.

"Everyone who has seen it declares it was no ordinary personage, but one of the higher-ups of his time," he added.

HAS NEW ALARM SYSTEM

The fine, up-to-date clothing store of Philip Thierolf is having installed one of the latest and most up-to-date burglar alarm systems that can be found in any establishment in the city which certainly will assist in protecting the store from the possible visitations of burglars. In places of business where it has been tried out it has been found very effective and has given the best of results. It is a feature that will make the Thierolf store one of the most modern in this part of the state.

Magazines at Journal office.

PUBLIC SALE!

As I am going to quit farming I will sell at Public Auction on what is known as the Hi Adams farm, five miles northwest of Nehawka on the Weeping Water road; five miles east of Weeping Water; seven miles southwest of Murray and nine miles southwest of Union, on—

Monday, March 5th

commencing at 10:00 o'clock a. m., with lunch served on the grounds at noon, the following described property, to-wit:

Nine Head of Horses

One team of mares, bay and brown, 7 and 8 years old, wt. 2,700; one team of geldings, bay and grey, 5 and 6 years old, wt. 2,750; bay mare, 8 years old, wt. 1,400; black mare, smooth mouth, wt. 1,300, in foal; one team mules, black and brown, 2 and 3 years old, wt. 1,900; one black gelding, 7 years old, wt. 1,500.

Twenty Head of Cattle

Holstein and Durhams, roan and red. One cow, 8 years old; two 6 years old; three 4 years old; two 3 years old, all giving milk. One bull, 2½ years old. Three yearling calves. Eight calves, 2 and 3 months old. Two of these cows are just fresh.

Hogs and Chickens

Twenty head of Duroc hogs, comprising ten head of bred gilts and ten head of shoats.

Six dozen pure blood White Leghorn chickens.

Farm Machinery, Etc.

Deering binder, 7-foot; McCormick mower, 6-foot; King drill, good as new; two P & O wide tread listers, good as new; P & O walking lister, good as new; Sterling stalk cutter, 2-row; Budlong disk harrow, 16x18; Budlong disk harrow, 14x16; P & O walking stirring plow; three section drag harrow; two-row corn checker and wire; 12-inch gang plow; Dewey sulky plow; 16-inch two Janesville 2-row go-devils; P & O riding cultivator, good as new; two Moline walking cultivators; an automatic hog feeder; galvanized water tank, 10-barrel size; truck wagon and rack; Newton grain wagon; one buggy; set of Concord harness, 2-inch; set 1½-inch harness, good as new; set 1¾-inch harness; set 1¾-inch harness; between eight and ten tons prairie and clover hay, 500 hedge posts and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of Sale

All sums of \$10 and under, cash. On sums over \$10 a credit of one month's time will be given on bankable notes bearing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

R. M. PRINCE, Owner.
Rex Young, Auctioneer.
D. C. West, Clerk.

FIGHT FOR RETURN OF ALIEN PROPERTY STARTED IN HOUSE

Advocates of Administration Bill Amendement Declare Retention Violation of the Law.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The house began considering the administration bill which would authorize return of the smaller trusts held by the alien property custodian and a fight to amend the measure, so as to effect the relinquishment of all the property seized during the war from enemy aliens was launched immediately by members who asserted its further retention was in violation of international law.

When adjournment was taken about half of the bill had been read, but not approved and a number of representatives were prepared to offer amendments when it was taken up again.

As reported from the commerce committee, the bill would authorize the return to their owners of all properties of the value of \$10,000 and under, and a like amount of trusts, whose value exceeded \$10,000. It also provided for the payment to original owners of the incomes from the various trusts. Fugitives from justice, including Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, would not benefit and patents in litigation would not be returned.

Proponents of the measure, led by Representatives Newton of Minnesota and Graham of Illinois, republican members of the commerce committee, argued that inasmuch as Germany, Austria and Hungary were failing to make suitable provision for the satisfaction of American claims growing out of the war, it would not be wise to recommend the return of property in value greater than stipulated in the bill. Each denied that confiscation was contemplated.

NORTH BEND MAN ELECTED HEAD OF TELEPHONE BODY

Lincoln, Feb. 22.—E. L. Kelley of North Bend was elected president of the Nebraska Telephone association at the closing session of the annual convention Thursday.

Other officers are: E. D. Warner, Scottsbluff, and J. W. Richmond, Wisner, vice presidents; A. W. Forbes, Stanton, secretary-treasurer. Directors were chosen as follows: Three years, George Becker, Pawnee City; L. B. Wilson, Omaha; R. E. Mattison, Lincoln; two years, Warren Pratt, Kearney, and M. D. Young, Franklin; one year, W. B. Walt, Comstock, and J. E. Grant, Sargeant.

Lost anything? Advertise it.