

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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WITH THEM THAT LOVE GOD

Know therefore that the Lord thy God, he is God, the faithful God, which keepeth covenant and mercy with them that love him and keep his commandments.—Deuteronomy vii, 9.

A man and wife are one even tho they sound like a dozen.

Very few people like lettuce and yet it has a good heart.

The best thing about most things is that they don't matter.

Cheer up. About \$13,000,000 less gum was chewed last year.

What this country needs is for prices to be reduced 100 per cent.

The only thing around the house that never gets in the way is the yard.

The only reliable first sign of spring is when we see the last sign of winter.

Dempsey's manager says he may fight three times this year. Sure, and it may freeze next July.

It is hard to see how France can be short of money when one thinks of how much Rene Viviani and Emile Coue have picked up in this country lately.

Veritable mortifications are those which are endured in secret. Vanity plays such a part in martyrdom of pedestal that it afford a secret gratification.

Bishop Candler says Europe is "too poor to fight, and too mean to quit." At that, we think Europeans have more provocation than any other set of people.

Your wife and employer don't want you to keep late hours. Wives and employers know best. Anyway, wives and employers run this modern world.

Doctors claim to have isolated the influenza germ and not a few of our townspeople are positively convinced that it was their bad luck to run into the place where they parked.

An improvement in the country's postal service is boasted in Washington. Nobody will have any protest to offer if our mail deliveries can get to be as regular as our jail deliveries.

You can just bet that the woman window washer in New York clung to the ledge of that fifteen story window for four hours until help arrived. She wasn't dressed for the street.

One of our senators is accused of writing in the word "laughter" in revising one of his speeches for the congressional record. Well, it wasn't his fault if the other senators couldn't see the joke.

And now a United States senate committee is engaged in an investigation of the oil industry. Not that anything will be done about the oil industry. Not that anything will be done about the oil industry, but we'd doubtless hear a lot of interesting stuff.

It used to be that knocking out the world's champion pugilist placed one beligerently in the center of the ring. Now it seems merely to establish one in the center of the stage. And the saddest of it is that the world's best scrappers are just about the world's poorest actors.

Arduous physical labor affords relief from mental anguish. Leisure augments the ills of the mind and the heart. Fortunate are those whom necessity compels to fix their thoughts and their activities on something outside themselves. When retrospection takes the form of self pity it is a vice.

President Harding is said to be desirous of transferring Dr. Work to the cabinet vacancy in the interior department and making Senator Harry New into a postmaster general. Having a doctor at Work on Uncle Sam's interior would be in accord with modern specifications—especially with a New face at the postoffice window.

All France has gotten out of the Ruhr is coal mines.

An actress is suing for divorce and custody of her reputation.

The world owes you a living but you must show it what for.

Women are taking up sports. Be very careful if you are a sport.

The early bird may get the worm but the early bud gets the frost.

An Illinois minister has married 3,001 couples and is still at large.

Motormeters are nice things. Frequently they are all that is missing.

What in the world would this world do if all the people did like you?

According to the movies all westerners either ride bucking horses or are villains.

In Rome, girls out of jobs are asking for husbands, which is one way of finding work.

Rest assured that even if Turkey does fight England it will not cut off our Turkish baths.

A giant cobra in New York zoo has shed its skin. They will skin anybody in that town.

A Georgetown (Del.) boy stole to go to Florida. These bathing girl pictures should be suppressed.

A Mount Clemens (Mich.) aviator fell four miles and was uninjured, but it is a dangerous habit.

You can tell a horse's age by looking at its teeth, but can guess a woman's years better by her tongue.

The difference between a night gown and an evening dress is two yards in favor of the night gown.

Also we have observed that a professional gambler needn't ever starve as long as his wife takes in sewing.

Census shows that the United States has 63,424,900 hogs which leaves only one-third of us who are not.

As a general thing, when a man is worrying himself sick it is a sign that he isn't working himself to death.

Sometimes we are ready to believe that the ground hog isn't the only public character that is afraid of his shadow.

How much better off the world would be if everybody had to go to school again and we or you could be the principal.

When the average man picks up the newspaper he scattered over the floor he thinks he is a great help around the house.

When a man has a really musical ear, jazz doesn't make him want to dance as much as it makes him want to kick something.

Enough literature is extra to choke the Atlantic, yet most of us are shamefully ignorant, and some of us, we fear, are proud of it.

It is also possible that France may know more about her next door neighbors than Senator Borah does, having lived near them longer.

The disposition of a whole generation of muckrakers have been hopelessly soured by the vents of the last eight years. They began with the discovery that nothing old in the way of government is true; and they have now found that nothing new is good. Perhaps they have rediscovered an old truth, that life itself is tolerable only on condition that one does not examine it too closely.

Testimony in an Illinois divorce case showed that the husband spent \$25 for a fancy fishing rod, but made a noise like a hyena when the wife wanted a new bonnet. She had to beg for a week to get \$3 to buy her annual hat. The judge gave the wife a decree. The woman was entitled to her fishing tackle as well as the husband and \$3 will not buy very much of a hat in a millinery shop in these times. Nowadays the court are holding that marriage is a fifty-fifty proposition.

We must evidently revise the notion that the Chinaman in his native haunts subsists chiefly on rice. According to our consul at Antung his favorite food is wheat flour, corn coming second and rice a poor third. Is this the first step in de-orienting the Far East?

A WARNING

A reasonable warning is issued by the United States government savings system against those beguiling scoundrels who offer new stamps for old in the form of all manner of "get-rich-quick" adventures. Though it seems but yesterday that the frauds of a Ponzi were laid bare, and the losses of his multitudes of dupes held up as an example to the credulous, the Washington authorities find it needful again to sound a note of caution.

They declare in the course of a communication to the press: "Just as the people are getting cash for the government war securities now falling due, an extraordinary effort is being made by swindlers and fake stock promoters to get their money away from them. Reports have begun to appear that these human vultures are preying upon the public in the hope of getting part of the six hundred and twenty-five million dollars which the government is paying out on the matured 1918 war savings stamps. The bogus oil wells and gold mines are again in evidence. Beautifully engraved stock certificates are being put out with glittering tales of quick wealth. Many devices for trapping the unwary and taking their money from them are in evidence. On this account it is time to issue another warning in the interest of people with hard earned savings to invest."

There are so many sound profitable forms of investment, so many savings banks that are wholly dependable, so many securities as solid as Stone Mountain, that no one is under the remotest necessity of taking a foolish venture. Before entrusting one's income earnings to any sort of bland scheme who promises a fortune over night, one should at least consult a reputable banker or bond dealer. A moment of caution may thus save years of regret.

HUMILITY

Humility may well be called the queen of the Christian graces. To know our sinfulness and weakness, and to feel our need of Christ is the essence of humility, and the very beginning of saving religion. It is the grace that was the distinguishing trait to the truly great in all the ages. Abraham and Moses and Job and David and Daniel and Paul were all eminently humble men.

More important still, it is grace within the reach of every true Christian. All may not have money to give away. All may not have the time or opportunity to win souls for Jesus Christ. All may not have the grace the tact and knowledge to do good in the world, but all men and women can be humble.

The root of humility is knowledge. The man who knows God and his own heart, who knows Jesus and his holiness, who knows Jesus and the price at which he was redeemed—such a man can never be proud or haughty. He will count himself, like Moses, unworthy of the least of all God's mercies. He will say to himself like Job, "I am vile," or, like Paul, "I am chief of sinners." Ignorance, sheer ignorance, ignorance of self, of God, and of Christ, is the real secret of pride. From that miserable self ignorance, may we pray daily to be delivered. He is a wise man who knows himself and he who knows himself will never find nothing within to make him proud.

OUR CROP OF WIDOWS

The census shows America has over three and a half million widows. You'd have lost money if you had been betting on the total without knowing it.

How many of those widows and their children were left amply provided for when the man of the house passed on?

Most husbands and fathers do a fairly good job, at providing for their families, on this side of the grave. Few of them carry enough insurance, probably because death seems far off until a few hours or days before the last heartbeats.

Testimony in an Illinois divorce case showed that the husband spent \$25 for a fancy fishing rod, but made a noise like a hyena when the wife wanted a new bonnet. She had to beg for a week to get \$3 to buy her annual hat. The judge gave the wife a decree. The woman was entitled to her fishing tackle as well as the husband and \$3 will not buy very much of a hat in a millinery shop in these times. Nowadays the court are holding that marriage is a fifty-fifty proposition.

We must evidently revise the notion that the Chinaman in his native haunts subsists chiefly on rice. According to our consul at Antung his favorite food is wheat flour, corn coming second and rice a poor third. Is this the first step in de-orienting the Far East?

COST OF GOVERNMENT

The total cost of governing the people of the United States is hardly eight and one-half billion dollars a year.

On the basis of forty million workers, whose gross income is \$60,000,000,000 a year, this means that the burden of government on every man and woman in business or professional life, including the 2,000,000 persons who are on the public payrolls in nation, states, counties, cities and other municipalities, would be about \$220 annually. If they should contribute labor instead of dollars, every worker would give as his share more than seven weeks' labor every year. Every week every one of us would work approximately one day without pay as our contribution to the cost of preserving life, liberty and pursuit of happiness under our intricate and far-flung system of government.

This estimate is based upon such official records as are available for the year 1921. The number of public servants in the United States is not less than 2,000,000. In other words, we have working for us today in civil life and in the national defense, full time employes to the number of all the military forces we sent abroad during the world war. In the lists are more than 50,000 town and city firemen, \$2,000 policemen, 115,000 guards, watchmen and doorkeepers, 107,000 common laborers, 12,000 detectives and 10,000 sheriffs, 56,000 city and county inspectors of various kinds, 32,000 postmasters, 225,000 sailors, marines and soldiers, 2,300 life savers and so on down to snake doctors and star gazers.

The census of 1920 gives the total number of workers within the United States as 41,614,248. One out of every 20, therefore, is on the public payroll. If the railroads of the country were to marshal their forces, they would fail to match the army of men and women holding remunerative government positions. All the coal mines and all the automobile plants in the country combined fall short of the man power of government. All the hired men on all the farms in the United States barely equal in number our public payroll attaches.

As to the cost of the various forms of government activity, following is the summary for the calendar year 1921:

Cost of maintaining the federal government	4,666,671,594
Cost maintaining 48 state governments	1,008,540,232
Cost of maintaining 253 municipal governments in cities of more than 30,000 inhabitants	1,638,296,052
Cost of maintaining the municipal governments of all towns and cities of from 2,500 to 30,000 population	431,287,059
Cost of maintaining municipal governments in 12,905 incorporated communities of less than 2,500 population	123,147,687
Cost of maintaining county governments in the 48 states	952,068,972
Total cost of American government in 1921	\$8,460,011,587

By this method of computation the total cost of American government in 1921 was within hailing distance of eight and one-half billion dollars. That sum is beyond human imagination; no man can visualize it in bulk or power any more than he can conceive of space. But there are comparisons through which a sense of the magnitude of this sum can readily be obtained.

Assume, for instance, that all this money had to be paid out in gold. If we were to ferret out all the gold above ground in the world today the sum would be but little more than sufficient for one year's payments.

The national income of the United States recently has been estimated by leading economists at from sixty to sixty-five billions of dollars annually. The government's own investigation dates so far back as to be of little value, but lends some credence to these estimates. Assuming that sixty billions is approximately correct, the cost of government is about 14 per cent—more than one-eighth—of our national income.

We have forty million workers, or thereabouts. If the cost of government were to be equally distributed among them, the burden on every man and woman in business or professional life, including the two million government workers, would be about \$220 a year. On the basis of five persons to one family, the cost of government is about \$400 per family per year.

Or figuring it still another way. Our forty million workers enjoy an estimated gross income of sixty billion dollars. Of that they contribute about 14 per cent for the maintenance of the government. If they should contribute labor instead of dollars (and they do, of course, pay

in labor) every worker would give as his share more than seven weeks' labor every year. Every week every one of us would work approximately one day without pay as our share of government upkeep and our contribution to the cost of government.

A German grand opera company just arrived in this country on a shipping board liner had to give a note for \$15,000 to cover the fares of its members. That shows Uncle Sam is both gentle with Germans and encouraging to art. Nothing is easier for opera singers to utter, yet it is perhaps the highest note they ever reached.

Blank books at Journal office.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by James Robertson, Clerk of the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 5th day of March, 1923, at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The south half of the north-west quarter of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) in Township eleven (11) North, in Range fourteen (14) east of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska.

Subject to a mortgage of \$4,000.00 in favor of John M. Leyda, now on said premises and interest.

The same having been levied upon and taken as the property of Robert D. Shrader et al, defendants, to satisfy a judgment and decree of said court recovered by John M. Leyda, plaintiff against said defendants, and to satisfy further judgment and decree of said court, recovered by John F. Wolff, defendant, against said defendants, and also to satisfy a further judgment recovered by Robert Wolff against said defendant, Robert Shrader.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, January 27th, 1923.

C. D. QUINTON, Sheriff, Cass County, Nebraska.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

To all persons interested in the estate of William Chalfant, deceased: On reading the petition of Diana Chalfant praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 2nd day of February, 1923, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of William Chalfant, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate, and the administration of said estate be granted to Diana Chalfant as executrix;

It is hereby ordered that you, and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this Order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this 2nd day of February, A. D. 1923.

ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.

In the County Court. In the matter of the estate of Lee C. Sharp, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1923, and on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., of each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 1st day of February, A. D. 1923, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 1st day of February, 1923.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 29th day of January, 1923.

ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.

In the County Court. In the matter of the estate of William M. Currys, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth in said county, on the 28th day of May, 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m. each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1923, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 22nd day of January, 1923.

LEGISLATIVE HIGH SPOTS

The lower house refuses to kill or advance S. F. 91, a bill providing for an increase of salary for Warden Fenton of the state penitentiary from \$2,500 to \$3,000. Praise of economy met with a Warden pleased as efficient officer.

H. R. 452, amending the compensation law advanced in the house committee of the whole.

Houss also advanced H. R. 351, prohibiting the sale of automobile tires known as "seconds" unless so recommended, and also H. R. 95, requiring railroad companies to provide sheds for cattle the same as for hogs when directed to do so by the railway commission.

Joint house and senate committee created for learning exact financial condition of state held meeting Saturday for purpose of organizing.

H. R. 273, banking bill, is special order for house for 10 a. m. Tuesday.

H. R. 334, county seat removal bill, is special order in the house committee of the whole at 2 p. m. Wednesday.

Open hearing to be held in house chamber at 7:30 p. m. Monday on H. R. 119, emergency bill appropriating \$75,000 for eradication of tuberculosis.

WHITE LEGHORN COCKRELS

From heavy layers at \$1.50 and \$2 each.

FRED FLEISCHMAN, Manley, Nebr.

Let me explain my long time land bank loan. Also money at five per cent.—Searl S. Davis, Plattsmouth State Bank Bldg. j25-8sw.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

To Amanda Leonora Speck-Ewing, Walter Powell Speck, Henry Frederick Speck, Alma Frieda Speck and Claus Speck and to all persons interested in the estate of Eda Hansena Speck, deceased:

On reading the petition of Claus Speck praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 5th day of February, 1923, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Eda Hansena Speck, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate, and the administration of said estate be granted to Claus Speck, as executor;

It is hereby ordered that you, and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this Order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand, and seal of said court, this 5th day of February, A. D. 1923.

ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

By virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, and in pursuance of a decree of said court, in an action therein, indexed at Appearance Docket —, Number —, Execution Docket —, Number —, wherein Merchants National Bank of Omaha, Nebraska, is plaintiff and Pollock Parmele, Louise Parmele, his wife, Charles C. Parmele, a widower, Will Jean, Marie Jean, his wife, Bank of Nehawka, a corporation, Gustave Philip Raschke, a single man, are defendants, I will at ten o'clock a. m. on the 19th day of February, 1923, at the south front door of the Court House of Cass county, Nebraska, in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The west half of the southwest quarter (SW 1/2 SE 1/4) of Section thirty-four (34) in Township thirteen, (13) North Range twelve, (12) east of the 6th P. M., the east half of the southwest quarter (SE 1/2 SW 1/4) of Section thirty-four, (34) in Township thirteen, (13) North Range twelve, (12) east of the 6th P. M.; a strip of ground eight (8) rods wide off the east side of the northwest quarter (NW 1/4) of the southwest quarter (SW 1/4) of Section thirty-four, (34) in Township thirteen, (13) North Range twelve, (12) east of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court, this 22nd day of January, 1923.

ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEPENDANT

To Maude Warden, Defendant:

You are hereby notified that The Farmers Investment Company, a corporation of Lincoln, Nebraska, has filed an action against you in the District Court of Cass county, the object and prayer of which is to recover from you a judgment in the amount of \$9,537.33, as damages for defrauding and conspiring to defraud The Farmers Investment Company in a transaction whereby you conveyed to The Farmers Investment Company all of Section 25, Township 11, Range 52 in Lincoln county, Colorado, and received from The Farmers Investment Company therefor securities and obligations greatly in excess of the value of said land and in excess of the value of said land by the amount of \$9,537.33.

You are further notified that the plaintiff in said action has caused to be attached the E 1/2 of the SE 1/4 of Section 32 and the N 1/2 of the SW 1/4 of Section 33, all in Township 11, Range 9, Cass county, Nebraska, as property belonging to you and is attempting to secure judgment in the amount herein named against you as a non-resident by reason of said attachment proceeding.

You are further notified that you are required to answer this petition by the 2nd day of April, 1923, or suffer judgment against you in the amount of \$9,537.33 together with interest thereon at the rate of 7% from the 15th day of December, 1921, together with costs of this suit.

Dated this 15th day of February, 1923.

THE FARMERS INVESTMENT COMPANY, Plaintiff.

CHARLES JACOBSEN & SON'S

POLAND CHINA

Bred Sow and Gilt Sale

Sale to be held under cover at the farm, half mile north of Eagle, Neb.

Saturday, February 24

starting at 1:00 o'clock sharp. Free lunch served at noon. Bring cups.

50 Head—Immured

These sows and gilts represent some of the best blood lines of the breed such as Big Timm, Blue Valley Wonder, Big Bob, The Yankee, Big Bone Sampson. The individuals themselves are the choice selections of our herd although the herd is young and this is our first sale, we feel that we are offering to the public a number of Poland China matrons that possess the breed type that have the quality, will grow to the size and carry the individuality that has so long been noted of the Poland China breed.

These sows and gilts are bred for March and April farrow. The tried sows are bred to Progressors Model, the 1922 senior and grand champion of Cass county. Most of the gilts are sired by him. Number of the gilts are bred to Favorite by Long Clan, the junior champion of Cass county. Remainder of the gilts are bred to a son of the Nebraska 1922 grand champion. Plan to attend this sale whether you expect to buy or not. We want you with us. Write for a catalogue.

Terms of Sale

Eight months' time on bankable note bearing 8 per cent interest.

Chas. Jacobsen & Son,

Owners. FORKE BROS. & VENNEN, Aucts. BANK OF EAGLE, Clerk.

You will find nearly every magazine published on sale at the Journal office.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PETITION FOR SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNT

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. To all persons interested in the estate of William M. Tucker, deceased:

On reading the petition of J. W. Magnus praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this Court on the 19th day of February, 1923, and for his discharge and assignment of said estate:

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county for one week prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 19th day of February, A. D. 1923.

ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEPENDANT

To Maude Warden, Defendant: