; stable in
atters. Tat-
makes a great
its the stable
apples, carrots,
extremely fond
the horse of her
cing in the name
l Phil are on good
er sometimes throws
d manifests jealousy
ress, after giving him an
ot, gives one to Phil. One
nt into the stable while Tat-
s in the hands of the groom. He
s begging for an apple, and she de-
ferred the gift until the groom had fin-
ished his work and the horse had return-
ed to his stall. Meantime she gave an
apple to Phil.

When Tatters had gone to his stall she offered him an apple, but he refused to take it, and turned his head from her in disgust. For half an hour she coaxed him, but to no purpose. Then the groom tried to induce him to take it, and then another groom made the same effort, but all in vain. Take the apple he would not, nor would he recognize his mistress in any way.

His ears drooped and he had the appearance of a child in the sulks, just as you as a horse can possibly have it. rt was broken, not so much be- n apple had been given to an- orse, but because it had been fore himself had received one. next day he seemed to have his grievance, and you may be is owner has been careful not n since in the same way.—ndard-Union.

Rumanian Custom.

ntty custom, similar to that observed in England, Scotland and the United States on St. Valentine's Day, the 14th of February, is in vogue in Roumania on the 1st of March. This is the day indicated in the state and church calendar as the official date for the beginning of spring.

The masculine portion of the population is not favored with valentines as in this country, but the daughter, friend, sweetheart or bride may be quite sure of receiving her token of affectionate remembrance on that day. These little gifts are called martisoires, and are made of bronze, silver or some cheaper material in the shape of hearts, stars and medallions. These little amulets bear the date March 1, accompanied by that of the year, and any motto or inscription which may occur to the giver as appropriate.

The recipient of the martisoire wears it, held by a small chain, on her arm or hung around her neck until in her walks abroad she sees a rose in bloom or hears the song of the nightingale. Then she takes it off and hangs it on the next green bush to which she comes as an offering to Mother Nature, for whom all Roumanians have a great love.

Whether these little medals are allowed to hang on the bushes and swing in the breezes all summer, or whether after a certain time they are stealthily gathered by a martisoire collector, to be melted for another season's use, is not stated by the German paper which tells of this pretty, if rather sentimental, custom.

A Two Hundred Dollar Speech.

A certain well known German physician of the south side was the victim of his own "previousness" the other day. He had successfully treated a wealthy lady's daughter for diphtheria, and the lady was extremely grateful for it. When the child was thoroughly well mother and daughter appeared at the physician's office. The little girl shyly handed the physician a neat little knit purse, while the lady went on to say: "For having saved my child, doctor, I want to present you with this purse."

"But," said the physician, after an embarrassing pause, "I have sent you a bill for $300."

The lady flushed, then said quietly: "Let me have the purse, please."

She took two $100 bills out of it and returned it to him with the remark: "There are $200 in there now, so your bill is paid," and left the room.

Now the doctor is cursing his clumsy tongue for the bad break it made. That little speech cost him $200.—St. Louis Republic.

Father and Son.

A fine young fellow was disinherited by his father, a well to do grazier and cattle dealer, for marrying a domestic servant in the village. The father not only cut him out of his will, but turned him out of the house and dismissed him from his employment. The young man took service in the county police, and was shortly appointed to his own village. But in a year or two he inherited a snug fortune from a brother of his father's, with whom the latter had a deadly feud, and the old grazier was so put out at his son's good fortune that he cut his throat. Almost the last work the son had to do before leaving the police force to enjoy his legacy was to attend the inquest of his father officially.—London Tit-Bits.

A Repulsive Custom.

The Russians of the old school still preserve the ancient Slavonian custom which makes it binding upon every guest at a dinner party, on rising from table, to go and kiss the hand of his hostess, she kissing his forehead in return; and I have myself seen the soft white hand of one of the most beautiful women in St. Petersburg literally covered with streaks of soup from half a dozen pairs of greasy mustaches in succession. — David Ker in New York Epoch.

This Pulley Weighs Seventy Tons.

A Willimantic linen mill has a pulley that is said to be the second largest one in the world. Its weight is seventy tons, and its diameter twenty-eight feet. Three belts pass about the pulley, one of which is 49½ ifches wide, and the two others are twenty-four inches. The wheel makes sixty revolutions a minute. The shaft on which the pulley is hung weighs twenty-seven tons.—New York Sun.

BEAR

Be still, sad heart;
Put on thy mask amid the crowded street,
And let thy smile felicitous and sweet,
With feigned calm these curious faces greet,
Who careth for thy smart?

Be strong, my heart;
Though wondrous sad, thou owest the world a
smile.
To see it happy should thy grief beguile;
Loves, hopes and joys surround thee all
while
Wherein thou bearest a part.

Be brave, my heart;
Each season's sweeping hath its s
To night alone the silver stars
And right grows ever mighti ong
In deed and act.

Be patient, hea
Blessings come sweet t e'er were
blest,
And brief the days, a at best,
Till rayless, deep, fre rest
Eternal peace impart.
—J. R. Parker in Detroit Free Press.

Fish That Shoot Flies.

There is a curious fish of the Indian ocean, to which, although it has long been known to naturalists, attention has recently been called on account of some new observations of its peculiarities. It is flat and chubby, not unlike the ordinary sunfish, and seldom exceeds seven or eight inches in length.

It is furnished with a short snout or muzzle, which, as we shall see, serves very much the purpose of a sportsman's gun. It is fond of insects, and its method of capturing them has suggested its name of the archer.

Swimming close beneath the surface it watches the brilliant flies flitting above, and, having selected one to its fancy, suddenly thrusts its muzzle out, and with almost unerring marksmanship discharges several drops of water at its victim.

Confused by the watery projectiles, and with its wings entangled and rendered temporarily useless, the insect falls upon the surface of the sea, and is immediately seized by its voracious enemy. The fish is said to be able to bring down a fly in this manner from a height of two or three feet.

Some of the inhabitants of Java keep these little fish in captivity for the sake of watching them practice their archery upon flies and ants suspended above them.—Youth's Companion.

Disillusions.

During his days of youthful enthusiasm every man promises himself a career of perfect happiness—of stainless respectability—of matchless honor. We flatter ourselves that the world will reform itself for our sake. We anticipate a faultless partner in our future bride, and cheat ourselves with the expectation that the even current of destinies will flow over sands of gold. Alas! the first self deception we are compelled to resign becomes a bitter trial to our fortitude, but, one after another, we see these cherished visions fade away—we inure ourselves to the degree of mediocrity which is our allotted portion—and finally learn to be contented with such scraps as the charity of fortune throws in our way.—New York Ledger.

Scallops in an Aquarium.

Nothing is prettier than to watch pectens in an aquarium. They have a fluttering motion and move up and down in the water. Provided with an adductor muscle of great power, they can rapidly open and close their valves and take in or throw out water. As Mr. Hugh M. Smith writes, "The sight of a school of scallops moving in unison through the water is a very striking one." Fishermen know that the scallop moves, for it often happens that where there were scallops one day on a bank there are none to be found the next. Probably changes of position are made for food or temperature.—New York Times.

A Victim of the Common House Fly.

It is said that the late Father Damien attributed the leprosy which brought about his death to inoculation by flies which flew from leprous patients to a wound on his head. It must be remembered that though cases doubtless occur in which infectious diseases are conveyed by flies, these insects do an immense amount of useful service by the scavengering which they so assiduously perform.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Remarkable Egyptian Custom.

The Egyptians had a very remarkable ordinance to prevent persons from borrowing imprudently. An Egyptian was not permitted to borrow without giving to his creditors in pledge the body of his father. It was deemed both an impiety and an infamy not to redeem so sacred a pledge. A person who died without discharging that duty was deprived of the customary honors paid to the dead.—Yankee Blade.

Silk Dye.

A favorite method with silk manufacturers of imparting a pale straw color to pieces of silk is to steep them in a very weak solution of hydrochloric (muriatic) acid. This cannot be practiced with success by the housewife, as the process is a somewhat delicate one.—New York Recorder.

The big Cinereous owl of the far north is the biggest of all our owl tribe. In contrast is the little Pigmy owl of the west, which is hardly larger than a big sparrow. So small is it that it is a marvel that it ever dares to stick its talons into a mouse, for fear of being run away with.

No bath should be taken while the patient is weary from labor or excitement. Rest is then indicated. But if the tired feeling is due to chronic or long continued conditions, the bath is not thereby contraindicated.

H. E. Wells, of Imlay City, Mich., who enlisted in a Michigan regiment and was captured during the war, has not shaved since he left Andersonville prison. His beard is now 5 feet 9 inches in length.

Jules Verne has a son, Michel, who is developing a talent for writing stories very much in his father's highly imaginative style.

BURLINGTON ... R. R.

OF D... TRAINS

		GOING WEST.
No.	...P. M	No 1,.....3 30 a. m.
	...0 a. m	No 3,.....5 25 p. m
	...44 p. m	No 5,.....9 25 a. m.
	...45 a. m	No. 7,.....* 45 a. m.
	...14 a. m	No. 9,.....8 28 p. m.
	5 20 a. m	No. 11,.....5 35 p. m.
		a. 13,.....11 00 a. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

TIME CARD.

No. 304 Accommodation leaves..... 10 05 a. m.
No. 305 " arrives..... 4 00 p. m.
Trains daily except Sunday.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS Gauntlet Lodge No. 47. Meets every Wednesday evening at their hall in Farmer's & Craig block. All visiting knights are cordially invited to attend. C. C. Marshall, C. C.; Ed. Dovey, K. R. S.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION Waterman block Main Street. Rooms open from 8:30 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. For men only. Gospel meeting every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A. O. U. W., 8. Meets first and third Friday evenings of each month at G. A. R. Hall in Rockwood block. Frank Vermilyea, M. W. D. P. Emersole, Recorder.

A. O. U. W. No. 34. Meets second and fourth Friday evenings in the month at G. A. R. hall in Rockwood block. E. J. Morgan, M. W. F. P. Brown, Recorder.

ROYAL ARCANUM—Cass Council No. 1021. Meet at the K. of P. hall in the Farmer & Craig block over Bennett & Tutt's, visiting brethren invited. Henry Herold, Regent; Thos. Walling, Secretary.

CASS LODGE, No. 146, I. O. O. F. meets every Tuesday night at their hall in Fitzgerald block. All Odd Fellows are cordially invited to attend when visiting in the city. J. Cory, N. G. S. W. Bridge, Secretary.

PLACES OF WORSHIP.

CATHOLIC.—St. Paul's Church, Oak, between Fifth and Sixth. Father Carney, Pastor. Services: Mass at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Sunday School at 2:30, with benediction.

CHRISTIAN.—Corner Locust and Eighth Sts. Services morning and evening. Elder J. K. Reed, pastor. Sunday School 10 A. M.

EPISCOPAL.—St. Luke's Church, corner Third and Vine. Rev. H. B. Burgess, pastor. Services: 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M.

GERMAN METHODIST.—Corner Sixth St. and Granite. Rev. Hirt, Pastor. Services: 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School 10:30 A. M.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Services in new church, corner Sixth and Granite sts. Rev. J. T. Baird, pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30; Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
The Y. P. S. C. E. of this church meets every Sabbath evening at 7:15 in the basement of the church. All are invited to attend these meetings.

FIRST METHODIST.—Sixth St., betwen Main and Pearl. Rev. J. D. M. Buckner, pastor. Services: 11 A. M., 8:00 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

GERMAN PRESBYTERIAN.—Corner Main and Ninth. Rev. Witte, pastor. Services usual hours. Sunday school 9:30 A. M.

SWEDISH CONGREGATIONAL.—Granite, between Fifth and Sixth.

COLORED BAPTIST.—Mt. Olive, Oak, between Tenth and Eleventh. Rev. A. Roswell, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—Rooms in Waterman block, Main street. Gospel meeting, for men only, every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rooms open week days from 8:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.

SOUTH PARK TABERNACLE.—Rev. J. M. Wood, Pastor. Services: Sunday School, 10 a. m.; Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; prayer meeting Tuesday night; choir practice Friday night. All are welcome.

We have sold Ely's Cream Balm about three years, and have recommended its use in more than a hundred special cases of catarrh. The unanimous answer to our inquiries is, "It's the best remedy that I have ever used." Our experience is, that where parties continued its use, it never fails to cure.—J. H. Montgomery, & Co., Druggists, Decorah, Iowa.

When I began using Ely's Cream Balm my catarrh was so bad I had headache the whole time and discharged a large amount of filthy matter. That has almost entirely disappeared and have not had headache since.—J. Sommers, Stephney, Conn.

Window glass at Brown & Barrett's tf

Some of the most startling, interesting discoveries of the life and customs of buried Egypt are now being made through extensive excavations. These discoveries are exciting a great interest. Many discoveries are, however, being made in our country that are remarkable, among which we may mention that of Haller's Pain Paralyzer which effects entire relief, and in many cases a complete cure of that terrible disease rheumatism, and which also relieves pain of all kinds. For sale by all druggists.

Ed Neil, who has been sentenced to hang next Friday, now being confined in the Omaha jail, is making a strenuous effort to induce Gov. Thayer to commute the sentence to life imprisonment. The governor called upon the condemned man yesterday and is thoroughly investigating the case. He will probably give his decision on Tuesday.

Ed A. Galloway of Blair, Neb., will preach at the Christian church to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m. Everybody invited to attend.

Go to Brown & Barrett's and get a window glass and stop up that hole in your house. tf

Willis & Son, who have been doing carpenter work on the court house, leave this morning for Atlantic, Ia., where they will make an estimate on a proposed Odd Fellows building.

That Hacking Cough can so quickly cured by Shiloh's cure. We guarantee it. For Sale by E. G. Fricke and O. H. Snyder. 1

Hair chains, rings, crosses and hair work of all kinds to order.
MRS. A. KNEE.
tf 1726 Locust St.

Capt. W. A. Abbett, who has long been with Messrs. Precival and Hatton, Real Estate and Insurance Brokers, Des Moines, Iowa and is one of the best known and most respected business men in that city says: "I can testify to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Having used it in my family for the past eight years, I can safely say it has no equal for either colds or croup." 50 cent bottles for sale by F. G. Fricke & Co., Druggists.

Wonderful.

E. W. Sawyer, of Rochester, Wis., a prominent dealer in general merchandise, and who runs several peddling wagons, had one of his horses badly cut and burned with a lariat. The wound refused to heal. The horse became lame and stiff notwithstanding careful attention and the application of remedies. A friend handed Sawyer some of Haller's Barb Wire Linement, the most wonderful thing ever saw to heal such wounds. He applied it only three times and the sore was completed healed. Equally good for all sores, cuts, bruises, and wounds. For sale by all druggist