STORY OF STORMING OF LEMBERG TOLD

Superiority of Russian Artillery Forces Austrian Defenders to Give Way Before Them.

FLEE IN FACE OF BAYONETS

Slavs Sent Ahead to Absorb Shock, but Fire of Czar's Men Directed Into Ranks Designed to Force Others to Fight.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.—(Via London)—The Rech today prints the following details of the fall of Lemberg:

"The commencement of the fighting, which resulted in the capture of Lemberg, began August 29, when the Russians drove the enemy from Zloczow, forty-five miles east of Lemberg, and moved on to Golaya Gorka—a name which means 'the naked hill.'

"We spent the night on Naked hill and the actual storming of the town was begun at 2:30 o'clock in the morning. Then followed a four days' battle. A virtually continuous cannonading continued from dawn to darkness without cessation. Even in the darkness the weary fighters got little sleep. Whenever a single shot was heard the men dashed for their places and the battle boiled again with renewed fury.

"The enemy's counter attacks were delivered with great energy and a dense hail of lead and iron was poured over our ranks. The Russian advance was greatly impeded by the hilly nature of the ground and the great number of extinct craters, which formed splendid natural fortifications for the enemy, which held them doggedly. Out of these, however, the enemy was driven in succession.

Suffer from Thirst.

"We suffered much from thirst, for the stony country was devoid of springs. The days were oppressively hot and the nights bitterly cold.

"Both sides fought with great obstinacy, but the nearer we approached Lemberg, the harder the struggle became. However, it soon was evident that we were superior in artillery.

"At length the enemy was driven from all sides beneath the protection of the Lemberg forts. Our troops were very weary, but in high spirits. For two days the fight raged around the forts, but we were always confident of the prowess of our artillery. The big guns of both sides rained a terrific hail down on the armies, which suffered terrific losses.

"At last we noticed that the resistance of the forts was growing weaker. A charge at double quick was ordered and we carried the first line of works. It was evident from that point that many of the enemy's guns had been destroyed. Not enough of them had been left to continue an effective defense, but the enemy was undiscouraged and tried to make up with rifle fire what he lacked in artillery.

Enemy Breaks and Flees.

"Between the first and second lines our losses were heavier than before, but under bayonet charges the enemy broke and fled in panic.

"Our troops entered the town at the enemy's heels. We ran into the town, despite our fatigue, with thunderous cheering.

"An episode which had much to do with ending the enemy's dogged resistance occurred during the fighting between the first and second lines. The Austrians in the hope of checking the Russian effort to encircle the town had thrown out a heavy screen of Slav troops with a backing of Magyars who had been ordered to shoot down the Slavs from behind if they showed any hesitation.

"This circumstance became known to the Russian commander, who ordered a terrific artillery fire over the heads of the Slavs and into the ranks of the Magyars. This well directed fire set the whole line in panic."

Miss Zoe Ross Party Has Landed in Boston

W. A. Maurer yesterday was advised by wire that Mrs. Maurer and other members of the party chaperoned on a trip by Miss Zoe Ross through Europe had arrived in Boston. In the party is Mrs. John N. Baldwin, now a resident of Omaha. No details of the trip are given, although brief telegrams were sent by all of the members of the party.

Just prior to the outbreak of the European war the Council Bluffs party was planning to reach Berlin not later than July 15. The members were then touring Germany and had reached Munich a few days before the outbreak. They were marooned there, but at no time was there any apprehension for their safety and comfort felt by their friends.

British Airship Will Cruise Over London

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The admiralty announced tonight that one of the British naval airships would make short cruises over London in the next few days and at night. The public is warned not to shoot at the airship.

SINGLE TAX CANNOT BE ARGUED IN SEATTLE SCHOOLS

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 10.—The Seattle school board last night decided that single tax, a subject approved by the State Board of Education for debate in the public schools this year, was not a proper subject and it was excluded from the Seattle schools. The board also issued orders to teachers to avoid any expression concerning the war in Europe.

The Best Pain Killer.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve when applied to a cut, bruise, burn, scald, etc. Removes the pain. Get a box. 25c. All druggists. —Advertisement.

Iowa News Notes.

LOGAN—Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Berry of Logan have learned that their son, Fred Berry, now with the United States fleet in Asiatic waters has been tendered the command of the Admiral's ship and in addition, the government has also offered Fred Berry a post graduate course at Annapolis without expense to him.

LOGAN—Members of the Harris Grove Farmers' club left for Lincoln, Neb., to attend the club meeting planned to be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Longman. The regular program will doubtless be carried out today and the members of the club are planning to attend the state fair at Lincoln tomorrow. Mrs. Ellen J. Orr and son, Will Orr, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Divelbess of Harris Grove are members of the club that left here this morning. Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Selvey, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Gowens, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Weatherly and others near Missouri Valley are known to have planned to go.

Russian Minister of War Wires Direct of Triumph Over Austria

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PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.—To the Editors of the New York World and Omaha Bee: The Russians troops have repulsed all the attacks which the Austrians, with a constantly-increasing obstinacy, directed against our front between the Vistula and the Bug, to the south of Lublin, during the last nine days, and having inflicted upon the enemy tremendous losses, have now reached a situation as follows:

The Fifteenth Austrian division has been entirely captured, including three regimental standards, twenty-three guns, eighteen machine guns, two aeroplanes, 190 officers and more than 12,000 men of the ranks.

As far back as August 22, the center of the Austrian army was broken and the movement of German reinforcements along the left bank of the Vistula was stopped. The entire Forty-fifth Austrian regiment was captured.

Our offensive action still continues. The Austrian army retreats daily. Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, is now occupied by our forces, and no less than 240 guns, thirty locomotives, 150 freight cars filled with war material and several tens of thousands of prisoners have fallen into our hands.

Every other operation in which our forces have been concerned within the territory of Poland has had merely the aspect of an insignificant skirmish.

(Signed.) SOUKHOMLINOFF,
Minister of War, Russia.

WAR NEWS BRINGS RELIEF TO PARIS

Reports from Battle Front Such as Cheer the French Who Are Still in Capital.

CENSOR EVEN MORE RIGOROUS

As Fight Draws Away from City Less and Less of Real Information as to the Action is Given Out.

(Copyright, 1914, by Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, Sept. 10.—(Special Cablegram to the New York World and Omaha Bee.)—While battle news is favorable from the whole line, it is especially so in the case of the French line, where the elements of the advanced defense of Paris have been in action, but beyond the official bulletin it is impossible to learn more than "it is not going badly at all."

The censor waxes even more rigorous as the events are not within easy reach of Paris. Blank spaces are becoming frequent in the columns of the newspapers.

Newspaper Estimate of Loss.

The Echo de Paris, quoting a Copenhagen dispatch estimating the Germans have lost more than 100,000 killed already, says:

"Special garrisons have been formed in France as depots for reservists, re-engaged troops and volunteers, where they are drilled in readiness to be sent to the front to fill gaps caused by the casualties. These depots so far have only been drawn on for 2 per cent of their effective combatants, that is if France has 1,000,000 men in the fighting line, 20,000 have been put out of action, of which it may be estimated that 20 per cent are dead."

Effects of the Exodus.

The first results of the census now being taken in Paris to provide the military authorities with necessary information in case of siege, shows the number of households to be 887,267, representing 2,006,786 people as compared with 1,123,634 households and 2,833,361 people in 1911, showing the exodus represents 30 per cent of the population. It is expected fuller figures later will show the diminution to be greater than this.

Pierre Loti Wants to Fight.

Captain Julien Viaud, (Pierre Loti, the writer), has sent a letter to the minister of the navy asking for active employment. The writer begins:

"Recognising that the French navy is not likely to have a great role in the war, allow me to invoke the other name I bear and which everyone understands, although it is not in the maritime regulations. Will it not be a bad example in our dear country, where each is doing his duty so magnificently, if Pierre Loti does nothing? I am an officer somewhat exceptional by my double situation."

M. Loti expressed the hope he will be given a post, however humble, to bring him nearer the enemy, or even as a member of the ambulance service. He asks that he be enrolled in the marines defending Paris.

Why Percin Was Relieved.

Gustav Herevi prints the history of General Percin, which has given rise to many absurd rumors. General Percin was appointed on the first day of mobilization as a major for the first military district with headquarters at Lille. He was not governor of Lille, nor in control of the infantry division which met mishap at Tournai. He was not connected with the evacuation of Lille, which was performed in perfect order under the general commanding the district and the governor.

As the district was then invaded, and General Percin's occupation was gone, he was appointed inspector of new artillery formations. Learning he was being slandered as a coward and traitor, General Percin demanded an official denial be published. On account of his letter, which was somewhat angrily worded, he was relieved of his last appointment.

COLLEGE PROFESSORS ABLE TO LEAVE WAR TERRITORY

GRINNELL, Ia., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Word has been received here that the members of the college faculty who have been in Europe are safely on their way to the United States and expect to be on hand for the opening of school September 14. President Main left Switzerland at the first rumor of war.

Miss Clara Millerd and Miss Bertha Shutts were at Interlaaken, Switzerland, when the war broke out and experienced great difficulty in reaching friends in London. They were finally able to leave and are now in Chicago. Prof. C. N. Smiley has been traveling in England and Scotland and was, consequently out of the war zone. For a time it was feared that the German authorities would detain Prof. and Mrs. Scheve, as the professor is a native of Germany, but he was able to prove his American citizenship.

Why Not Publish It?

When you want a fact to become generally known, the right way is to publish it. Mrs. Joseph Kallana, Peru, Ind., was troubled with belching, sour stomach and frequent headaches. She writes, "I feel it my duty to tell others what Chamberlain's Tablets have done for me. They have helped my digestion and regulated my bowels. Since using them I have been entirely well." For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

Wilson to Aid Railroads

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—President Wilson has acceded to the request of the railway executives who asked him to call the attention of the country to the pressing necessities for support of railroad credits.

ENGLAND ASYLUM FOR ALL

Preparations to House Refugees from War-Ridden Nations.

EAGERNESS TO CARE FOR THEM

Scotch and Welch Towns Are Especially Anxious to Entertain Them—Boats from Ostend Are Crowded.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Sixty thousand Belgian refugees are expected to arrive in England in the next ten days. The British government extended today a general invitation to all Belgians made homeless through the war to come to England and the volunteer war refugees committee organized by the duchess of Vendome has undertaken, with government supervision, to receive and care for these refugees.

Postmaster General Herbert L. Samuel was loudly cheered in the House of Commons when he referred to the fact that British hospitality had ben extended to the Belgians. He said the committee was in touch with 3,600 Belgians now on the way to England and that thousands of homeless persons at Malines, Louvain, Liege and elsewhere in Belgium, who could not be cared for by their own government must seek temporary refuge in the British isles. Lord Hugh Cecil, chairman of the executive committee of the war refugees' committee, and Lady Lugard in active charge of the care of the fugitives, already have arranged for the organization of committees in fifty-two towns and cities where the refugees will be sent from London. The committee also will care for the refugees from Russia, France and other allied countries.

Scotch and Welsh towns are especially anxious to entertain the Belgians and the committee believes it can make provision for a million refugees if necessary. Sanitary conditions and lack of food in the Belgian territory fought over and a probable attack on Antwerp doubtless will make it necessary for hundreds of thousands of women and children to leave that country.

The British government is providing special boats to Ostend to transport the people as rapidly as they gather there. Women and children are given the preference, but many men unfit for military service also will be transferred to British territory and later will return to Belgium.

Noordam Taken by a British Cruiser; Reservists Aboard

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The Holland-American line steamer Noordam, bound for Rotterdam from New York with German reservists and a general cargo destined for Germany, has been captured in the Atlantic and brought into Queestown by a British cruiser.

When the steamer Noordam sailed from New York September 1, it was stated that the 300 men on board were Belgian, French and English reservists, who were returning to their homes to join their armies. The Noordam also carried a large amount of mail and a cargo of general merchandise. Its destination was Rotterdam.

DES MOINES CONFERENCE IN SESSION AT ATLANTIC

ATLANTIC, Ia., Sept. 10.—Special Telegram.)—The Des Moines conference of the Methodist Episcopal church is now in session in this city for the third time in its history.

The total value of the church property in the conference is $2,500,000, according to information furnished today. Interest of the morning meeting today centered about the reports of district superintendents. Dr. E. W. McDade of Atlantic district made a favorable report, as did Rev. R. E. Shaw of the Boone district, Rev. A. A. Thompson of the Chariton district, S. L. Baxter of the Council Bluffs district and A. Z. Collins of the Creston district.

A purse of gold was presented to Dr. Collins by the ministers of the Creston district in commemoration of his six years of faithful service.

Communion services were conducted by Bishop Charles W. Smith. In silence the conference arose and stood as the names of its departed members who have died during the year were read. The names read were C. C. Prenta Thorn, W. E. Howe, S. M. Matheny, A. L. Curtis and Felix Vinson.

Rev. Fred Harris, prominent in the conference and pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church in this city over twenty-five years, is present at the session. It was shown today that of Atlantic's population of over 5,000, 550 are members of the Methodist church. This evening automobiles conveyed the ministers and their wives in a trip about the city.

TOO MUCH INSPIRATION IN THESE TWO "NEWSIES"

John O'Brien, who says his home is in Ireland, and Jacob Stevens, who claims the broad and expansive confines of Germany as the place of his nativity, "partook" rather copiously yesterday, and after emulating many of the great financiers by selling newspapers on the street, were lodged in cells at the station.

O'Brien bought the entire lots from several newsies and was shouting the last war screams at the time he was pinched.

O'Brien and Stevens were discharged after a night in jail.

Sues Over Husband's Death.

WATERLOO, Ia., Sept. 10.—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Harry J. Jennings today filed suit for $15,000 damages for the death of her husband, which occurred in July, after being struck by an automobile owned and driven by G. A. Foote of Parkersburg, from whom the widow now demands damages.

RUSSIAN HOST AT WORK IN BELGIUM

One Hundred and Fifty Thousand of Czar's Men Engaged in Western Europe Battles.

MENACE THE GERMAN RETREAT

Passage Through England Admitted and Purpose of the Movement Outlined as Being to Cut Kaiser's Line in Rear.

(Copyright, 1914, by Press Publishing Co.)

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(Special Cablegram to the New York World and Omaha Bee.)—For several days there have been stories around England that a large force of Russian troops had been brought to different ports in this country and Scotland and trans-shipped to the continent. Creditable witnesses who have seen the men in Leith, Liverpool, Avonmouth and Southampton, describe their appearance and uniforms.

When the report had been two or three days current the press bureau published a statement denying that Russian troops had passed or were passing through this country, but nevertheless the rumor persisted.

Semi-Officially Admitted.

Today I was informed by a professional man, who had just come from the Admiralty, where he has a relative, who had admitted that 150,000 Russian troops had been landed at Ostend. The Admiralty officials added that the fact would probably be officially announced soon. It might seem incredible that this great movement of troops could be carried out without becoming generally known. But the power of concealment possessed and exercised by the European governments during this war has been found to be so astonishing that such a feat of mystification is by no means impossible.

Mission of the Russians.

If these Russians have been landed in Belgium, their work will be to cut the communications of the Germans. By all accounts these communications are not well guarded, all the German forces being rushed forward to carry out the dash to Paris which, it was promised, would be effected by September 2.

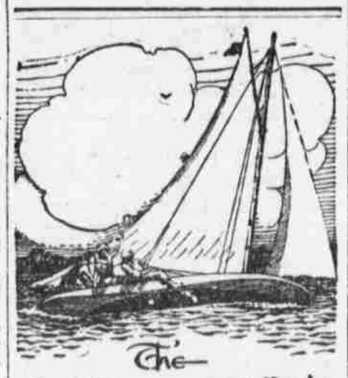
The Russian force probably would be able to exercise a decisive influence on that forward movement, and with its long-drawn-out line of communications, the German retreat would be a dangerous, perhaps fatal, business.

SALUTE TO STAR SPANGLED BANNER SATURDAY NOON

In recognition of the writing of "The Star Spangled Banner," twenty-one guns will be fired at all United States army posts Saturday at noon. The ceremony at Fort Crook will be brief because of the troops being away.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOSTON	Leonia	
BOSTON	Numidian	
NAPLES	Stampalia	
LIVERPOOL	Olympic	
LONDON	Andania	
LIVERPOOL	Pannonia	
HAVRE	Chicago	
NEW YORK		Philadelphia



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SPECIAL TRAINS IN CANADA CARRYING TROOPS TO COAST

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., Sept 10.—(Special.)—A Webster City man, writing from Medicine Hat, Canada, says that the great European war has hit business in Canada almost as hard a blow as has been dealt England. Owing to the fact that this letter divulges information that has not been permitted to come out through press dispatches, the name of the writer is withheld.

The letter says in part: "The war has certainly killed this country. All industries are closed and all building has stopped. The government is straining every nerve to raise money for England to carry on the war. Men are leaving every day and those who remain are loafing, for there is no work.

"It is going to be difficult for many to live here through the coming winter. Business of every nature except the flouring mills is at a standstill.

"This country belongs to England and England has called for money, men and provisions. Forty thousand Australians are passing through Canada from Vancouver to Montreal and thence to England, this route being safer for the soldiers. I understand 50,000 soldiers from India will come the same way. Four and five special trains are running daily through here, bound for the Atlantic coast with troops for England."

Railroads Given More Time.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The effective date of the Interstate Commerce commission's orders in the intermountain rate case was again postponed today from October 1 to November 15, to give the railroads more time to adjust their tariffs.

OIL STOCK FOR SALE

In established company—to drill important test wells that can easily force an advance in value of twenty times. Only small allotment offered. Do not delay, but take a chance with from $30.00 to $2,500.00 and become a loyal stockholder in our independent army now over twelve thousand (12,000) strong, that will in time build up the only great competitor of the oil trust in the United States.

Oil Letter No. 1. To the Investing Public of the United States:

It is a conceded fact that the producing and refining oil business will make more money in panic times than any other industry because oil is cash. Our company can invest now (?) (?) where it can easily increase twenty times. The company now has three refineries. Over two hundred and fifty miles of pipe line. Over sixty distributing stations. One hundred and ten oil and gas wells. About twenty thousand acres of oil and gas leases and tank cars and tank wagons and oil trade established that will furnish market for four thousand barrels per day and can be quickly increased to ten thousand barrels per day. Combined properties and good will and trade name valued by company at about four million ($4,000,000) dollars.

This does not include a lease honorably secured from the Osage Indian Council for four hundred and thirty-six thousand (436,000) acres, which the stockholders have thus far been cheated out of by the "invisible government influence" of our cunning competitor. A bill is now pending in Congress to validate this great lease—which is admitted to be the richest plum in the entire oil world.

A UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT EXEMPTED PIPE LINE.

The Uncle Sam Oil Company has fought its way through persecution to prosperity after an eight-year battle with the Oil Trust invisible government and has just won one of the greatest victories ever recorded by decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States a few weeks ago—when the pipe lines of our rich competitor were decreed by the highest and most powerful court in the land as common carriers—while the pipe lines of the Uncle Sam Oil Company were exempted so that we can pump our own crude oil from our own wells to our own refineries without molestation by Oil Trust officials striking at us through government commissions. I am not going into details, but as the promoter and now president of the Uncle Sam Oil Company I have become intimately acquainted with the oil and gas fields of Kansas and Oklahoma.

The Oil Trust has resorted to the old tricks in this field. It run up the price of crude as a bait to get Americans to come in and organize small companies and prospect and pioneer all over Kansas and Oklahoma. Now when the trust desires to buy up the best producing properties or get the flush production at a song, the trust is taking advantage of the depressed business conditions in the United States and the foreign war conditions to practically steal millions of barrels of crude oil and grab the cream of the producing properties.

Our company is the only big company in a position now where with a little new capital to take advantage of this situation can become a big power and make big money. As the managing officer since the organization of the Uncle Sam Oil Company I have always opposed attempting to raise new capital only from the independent public. It is an easy matter for the trust to annoy any big bank or trust company that would look with favor on financing that great independent refinery.

The Uncle Sam Oil Company is controlled by a Board of Directors of twenty-one (21) large stockholders. One of these directors is from New York, one from Ohio, one from Indiana, one from Pennsylvania, one from Illinois, three from Missouri, two from Nebraska, two from Oklahoma, one from Iowa, one from North Dakota, one from Wisconsin, six from Kansas. There is a voting trust provision written in our charter that keeps the oil monopoly from getting control of the Uncle Sam Oil Company. So for eight years every despicable persecution has been attempted to kill the Uncle Sam Oil Company—reaching from cabinet official to the meanest and littlest sneak in the Indian reservations. But every attack by this gang on The Uncle Sam Oil Company has resulted in victory and in the end a boost for the final grand success of our company. It would take several pages to detail the startling facts of this giant effort against a criminal monopoly that has continually gained ground until now it threatens the supremacy of the oil and gas trade in ten big, rich states in the Central West.

This notice will only appear in a few important papers, as it will not take long to place all this allotment of stock which should be accepted during the next week or ten days.

As president of this company I made a three days' trip through the oil fields last month and after a conference with our leading scouts in Osage, Pawnee, Creek and Tulsa Counties the company has selected three important locations where test wells will be quickly drilled as soon as a part o f this allotment is placed. One of these locations will be in Creek County in the middle of one block of Uncle Sam leases of about four thousand (4,000) acres. There is a sub-anticlinal through the center of this block of leases. A great gusher at this location would be no surprise. You may wonder why the stock is offered at so low a price. The truth is that over three-fourths of our stock has been issued to the present stockholders at practically a stock dividend, and the loyal stockholders in this company own this stock on a basis a little less than the price quoted herein to you.

We have casing and derricks now on hand for two deep wells. At a construction cost of about fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars The Uncle Sam Oil Company can drill three deep test wells. One of these wells will be in Pawnee County, where a 500 to 1,500-barrel well on the start would be no surprise. The other two will be in Creek County. The oil in these deep wells is high grade and very valuable for gasoline, and we already have a market where we can sell all we can produce. The Uncle Sam Oil Company needs about twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars to extend its pipe lines to these new field and about that much more to acquire some adjoining leases and drill several test wells thereon.

STOCK CAN EASILY ADVANCE 20 TIMES.

To the northwest of our big block of leases in Creek County is the famous Cushing oil field, which is now producing over one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000) barrels per day from the same Bartlesville sand that has been located on the east and south of our leases. Some of these Cushing wells have started as high as four thousand (4,000) barrels per day. We might open just such a well on our leases, which are in the same county. Three remittances of $2,500.00 each will at once force the drill to work at this important location in Creek County and also in Pawnee County.

When you join the Uncle Sam Oil Company you join an army of red-blooded Americans that bow their knee only to their God—and do not believe that the Oil Trust is especially entrusted to grab all the oil and all the gas in the Middle West and then be permitted to rob the poor and everybody else by extortionate prices on life necessities. Our company is fighting to force the validation of our Osage lease of 430,000 acres, with a provision in the lease to authorize the Utility Commissions of the various states where the oil and gas from these government Indian leases is sold to fix the price charged to the consumer. Such government restrictions are practical and right, and we insist that it be in our leases and also be inserted in the rest of the three million (3,000,000) acres of government Indian lands that are under the direct control of the Washington government and can be so leased if Congress will vote for the real rights of all the people against the greedy grabbers that seek to rob the public by secretly acquiring government franchises, which big newspapers are blackmailed into ignoring or lose their high priced Oil Trust ads.

As the promoter and now president of The Uncle Sam Oil Company I can in good conscience advise any honest investor to secure this stock, for I know what others have paid. I know what it is worth. I know the book value now on a reasonable basis is about four times this offer to you. One big well developing a new, rich pool would bring the company sufficient funds to go ahead on a big basis. Other companies have struck it rich and so will The Uncle Sam Oil Company. One or two big wells would give the Uncle Sam Oil Company an income from oil when manufactured and sold through our refineries of from $3,000 to $4,000 per day, while half that amount would soon drill additional wells and complete our main trunk pipe line to Kansas City, Kansas, where our company has a fifteen-acre refining site with a refining and grease plant that can soon be put in operation at a combined and profitable capacity of from 4,000 to 6,000 barrels per day after the main pipe line is completed. As a practical oil and refinery man, in the business since the first wells were drilled in Kansas over ten years ago, I know what I am talking about in this announcement, and I know that with sufficient capital the big fight of the Uncle Sam Oil Company can be won all along the line—and the company made a blessing to the stockholders, the Indian tribes and the general public as it was from the start intended to be.

I have seen many small concerns organized and crushed out, but The Uncle Sam Oil Company is too big and too much of a public benefactor to be checked. There are enough real red-blooded American investors that will join with our twelve thousand stockholders and in time make The Uncle Sam Oil Company the controlling power for right in the Middle West oil and gas fields. The stock is non-assessable and there is a provision in each certificate that bars the transfer to an oil trust crook. Only responsible and patriotic investors are wanted as stockholders. If you wish to join with us to help extend our pipe lines and drill these important test wells, make your check or draft payable to The Uncle Sam Oil Company and forward same attached to the following price list with "X" opposite the amount of stock you desire. Weekly reports of field operations will be sent you as quick as you become a stockholder. You can secure the stock by remitting at once, **subject to advance without notice,** on the following basis:

SPECIAL ALLOTMENT OFFER

10,000 shares	$ 50.00	100,000 shares	$ 500.00
20,000 shares	100.00	200,000 shares	1,000.00
25,000 shares	125.00	300,000 shares	1,500.00
50,000 shares	250.00	500,000 shares	2,500.00

Write plainly in your letter who you want stock issued to.

Address THE UNCLE SAM OIL CO.
Kansas City, Kansas.

Respectfully submitted by H. H. TUCKER, Jr., President.

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