

GALICIA WILL BE RUSS PROVINCE

Grand Duke Nicholas Issues Order Providing for Military Administration of Country.

DETAILS OF LEMBERG CAPTURE

General Staff at Petrograd Issues Statement Concerning Fighting in Galicia—Enemy Thoroughly Defeated.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company says dispatches from Vienna announce that following its success at Lemberg the Russian center has suddenly begun a movement northward against the flank of the armies under the Austrian generals, Aufenbaur and Dankel, who have been successfully operating against Lublin and Zlamohac.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Rome says a message received there from Petrograd states that the Russians have completely routed the Austrians near Tomaszow and that two generals are among the Austrian dead.

PETROGARD, Sept. 5.—Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, has issued a general order providing for the military administration of all foreign territory as fast as it is occupied by the Russian troops.

The order calls for the creation of a special province consisting of the territory occupied in Austria-Hungary and the placing of it under the administration of the commander of the armies operating in the theater of war in the southwest.

The Russian general staff today issued the following account of the fighting, which led to the capture of Lemberg, capital of Galicia:

"In the offensive against the Lublin-Kholm front the main Austrian forces deployed on the Zavichost, Tanoff, Bielgoray, Tomachoff and Belzina. The second Austrian army composed of third, eleventh and twelfth corps and five divisions of cavalry gathered in the region east of Lemberg to cover this operation.

"When the Russian troops were taking the offensive the Austrian concentration had not been completed and topographical considerations compelled the enemy to reinforce the army still more with the troops of the seventh, thirteenth and fourteenth corps, thus making a total of twelve divisions of several brigades of the landsturm.

"Our troops in the Lonthk, Dubno and Proskuroff districts crossed the frontier on August 20, and marched on Lemberg for the purpose of thwarting the Austrian covering movement, and acting against the flank of their offensive was hampered by the numerous affluent of the Dniester river flowing across all the routes. Moreover, the enemy possessed on the Dniester river a series of fortifications destined to defend bridges from which they menaced the Russian left flank and communications with Russia.

"In the period between August 17 and September 3, the Russian left wing advanced 200 versts (about 147 miles), fighting all the time. The bulk of the hostile forces, entrenched in powerful positions at Kamenka and Galitch, offered battle and were thoroughly defeated in a desperate struggle.

"On September 2, when the Russians were drawing up their cannon shot of Lemberg, the surrounding forts did not stop this advance. The same day Lemberg was closely surrounded by Russian troops and was captured with enormous quantities of war materials. All the buildings in town were packed with Austrian wounded, who had been abandoned in the enemy's headlong flight.

"Strategically important. Beside the political and military importance of Lemberg, as the center of Galicia, its capture is very important from a strategic point of view, as it constitutes a great railway junction, commanding the lines leading to the rear of the Austrian army, which is now halted in line with Onole, Gamostie and Bela.

"The capture of Lemberg will enable the Russian army to push forward with still greater intensity.

Bulgaria Neutral, is Assurance Given

PARIS, Sept. 5.—A Havas agency dispatch from Athens says that the Bulgarian minister to Greece has assured the government that Bulgaria has decided to maintain the strictest neutrality until the end of the war.

PEKING IGNORANT OF WHAT IS GOING ON IN TSING-TAU

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—A message to the State department tonight from John MacMurray, secretary of the American legation at Peking, said no word had been received there today from Tsing-Tau. Communication has been interrupted for several days, the message said, and Peking was in ignorance as to what was occurring at Kiao-Chow.

SCOTCH TO THE FRONT—Scotland's famous "Black Watch" off to take ship for fighting in France. This regiment has back of it two centuries or longer of strenuous effort in every war England has been engaged in during that time. Its marching tune, played on the pipes, "Dinna ye ken the Forty-second?" is almost as famous as the regiment.



ASQUITH APPEALS FOR FIGHTING MEN

British Premier Urges Every Able-bodied Man of Military Age to Join Colors.

NAVY ALREADY DOING ITS PART

English Warships, He Says, Have Hunted German Mercantile Marine from the High Seas.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Premier Asquith today made the first of a series of appeals for the increase of the British land forces.

At a meeting at Guild hall he described the empire as involved in a bloody arbitrament of might versus right, and urged every able-bodied Briton of military age to join the colors.

The navy, the premier indicated, was already doing its part. It had sealed up the fleet, he said, and was thirity for a test of strength in the open.

British warships, Mr. Asquith said, had hunted the German mercantile marine from the high seas and when the few German cruisers which still infested the distant ocean had been disposed of, as they would be very soon, the navy would have achieved for British and neutral commerce a security as complete as it had ever enjoyed in days of unbroken peace.

To Guard Shores. "We rely on the navy," he said, "with the most absolute confidence, to guard our shores against the possibility of invasion and to seal up the gigantic battlefields of the enemy in the inglorious situation of their own ports, whence from time to time they furtively steal forth to sow the sea with murderous mines which are more full of menace to neutral shipping than the British fleet; and while the British navy does all this it is thirity for a trial of strength in a fair and open fight, which is so prudently denied it."

"We now find ourselves involved with the whole strength of this empire in a bloody arbitrament of might versus right," the premier declared, "that has been entered into with clear judgment and a clear conscience. What would have been our place among the nations if we had been base enough or so paralyzed in our sense of honor and duty as to be false to our word and faithless to our friends? We should have been standing by with folded arms and with such countenance as we could command while this unprotected state, Belgium, was defending its vital liberties and making a heroic stand against overwhelming forces."

Heroism of Belgians. Continuing, Premier Asquith detailed the heroic efforts of the Belgian forces. He mentioned the siege of Liege and enumerated countless outrages on the part of what he termed "hungering adventurers." He declared that the greatest crime against civilization was the sacking of Louvain. "This shameful holocaust," the premier continued, "was performed by blind barbarian vengeance. Sooner than stand aside, we would see this country of ours blotted out from the pages of history."

The British prime minister declared that the invasion of Belgium was the first step in a greater policy to crush the freedom and autonomy of the free states of Europe.

Criminal Mistake. "It would be a criminal mistake to underestimate either the magnitude, the fighting qualities or the staying power of the forces arrayed against the allies," the premier went on. "It would be equally foolish and irresponsible to belittle our own forces, whether in resistance or attack."

He praised France and Russia, as two of the greatest powers who did not mean to separate themselves from Great Britain any more than Great Britain meant to separate itself from them. He declared that if Great Britain were to play a worthy part in this war it must enlarge the scale of its forces, increase its numbers and multiply many times its effective fighting power.

The premier made the declaration that his object was to impress on the people the imperious urgency of this supreme duty.

Germans to Americans

The Circular Given to Our Citizens as They Quit the Fatherland.

Following is a copy of a circular that is being handed to Americans leaving Germany: A FAREWELL WORD.

AMERICANS! Citizens of the United States!

In this earnest moment in which you are leaving the soil of Germany and Berlin, take with you from German citizens, from representatives of trade and industry, who take proud and enterprising friendly commercial relations with the United States, a hearty farewell coupled with the desire of a speedy return.

Together with this farewell we beg you to do us a favor. As our guests, whom we have always honored and protected, we ask you to take this paper with you as a memorial and to circulate the same among your authorities, press, friends and acquaintances.

For we are well aware that the enemies of Germany are at work to make you the instruments to lower Germany's people and army in the face of the whole world in order to deceive foreign nations as to Germany's policy and economical power. We ask you as free citizens face to face with free citizens, to circulate the real truth about Germany among your people as compared to the lies of our enemies.

We beg you to take the following main points to heart: 1. The German emperor and the German nation wanted peace. The cunning and breach of faith of our opponents have forced the sword into the hands of Germany.

2. After war has been forced on us the German nation, emperor and Reichstag have granted everything in the most brilliant unanimity for the war. No difference prevails in Germany any longer, no difference as to the smallest man downward, via with each other in words of voluntary aid and welfare.

3. In the field German arms have had splendid successes in the first days of mobilization. In the east the Russian enemy has been driven from the German frontier. In numerous small fights by our troops in conjunction with those of the Austrian-Hungarian-Hungarian monarchy. By successful coup de mains our navy has been successful in damaging and alarming our Russian opponent in its Baltic naval ports. The Russian port of Libau has been burnt down and in Russian Poland revolution has already begun. Russian mobilization is a long way from being accomplished. The troops are badly, poorly nourished, and many deserters yell their woe and horror.

In the west the German army has gained increasing victories over Belgium and France. In Belgium, where the population unfortunately numbered the most barbarous atrocities against peaceful Ger-

mans before the war broke out, comparatively weak German forces conquered the strong fortress of Liege a few days after the mobilization, inflicting severe damage in the enemy and opening up the way via Belgium to France.

Valuable victories have been obtained over France on the Alsatian frontier toward the strong French fortress of Belfort as well as in the direction of the fortress Lunville. At Muelhausen one and a half French army divisions were overthrown and driven back over the frontier with heavy losses.

The strong and effective German fleet is on the watch against the English fleet. England's risk is great in staking its reputation as the strongest naval power on one throw against the German fleet. Further, England runs the danger that its large colonies, such as India and Egypt, will seize a moment that has been long desired to revolt.

It is for the United States to utilize the present moment to frustrate by powerful initiative England's endeavor to keep down all nations, including America, in the trade and traffic of the world.

Citizens of the United States! Take the conviction with you to your homes that Germany will stake its last man and its last penny for victory. Germany must conquer and will conquer. Remember! That after a successful victory Germany will make new political and economical progress and that America, as a shrewd business-like state and as a friend of Germany, will participate in such progress.

Today we beg you earnestly to convey to your fellow-citizens that the German nation, as the safe refuge of civilization and culture, has always protected the loyal citizens of its enemies in every manner in contrast to Russia, France and Belgium. By circulating this short memorial among your fellow-citizens you are likewise ensuring that also in the future the United States will learn the truth about Germany's battles and victories. Your friends here will always do the best in their power to supply you with genuine news. We wish you a happy voyage toward your home, so appreciated by all Germans, and hope to see you again in a victorious and prosperous Germany.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GERMAN INDUSTRY. Berlin, August 15, 1914.

Raisuli, Moorish Bandit, Reported Dead

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Exchange Telegraph company's Tetuan, Morocco, correspondent says that Raisuli, the noted Moorish brigand and pretender to the throne of Morocco, has died in the country between Tetuan and Tangier.

Raisuli gained fame in 1904 when he captured Ion Perdicaris, an American near Tangier and demanded a ransom of \$50,000. Theodore Roosevelt, then president of the United States, then demanded of the sultan of Morocco "Perdicaris alive or Raisuli dead."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve prevented blood poison on Mr. G. W. Cloyd of Plunk, Mo. This soothing salve healed a dangerous wound. 25c. All druggists.—Advertisement.

Formal Opening of New High School

FREMONT, Neb., Sept. 5.—Special Telegram.—The new high school building here was formally opened to the public tonight and the exercises were largely attended by the people of the city and the surrounding country. The building was lighted from top to bottom, and during the two hours following 8 o'clock it was inspected from basement to roof. There was a program of music and speeches, and at the end the building was pronounced formally dedicated to the school district of the city of Fremont.

British Arrest a German Girl Spy

LONDON, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Dieppe says: "A German girl spy was arrested yesterday by English soldiers on the bridge over the Oise river at La Croix. In her possession were the plans of all the roads and bridges around Paris. She looked to be not more than 17 years old. "A German spy dressed in an English uniform was caught the same day and shot immediately by an English officer, because he made a gesture as if to take something out of his pocket instead of obeying an order to throw up his hands."

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Our Store WILL CLOSE MONDAY LABOR DAY At Noon

WE ANNOUNCE, beginning Tuesday, our first great annual Fall event—

HOMEFITTER'S WEEK

Sept. 8th to 12th Inclusive

A sale of everything needed for the home to make it attractive and comfortable during the Fall and Winter months.

Every section contributes extra attractions in the way of new goods and special values that will appeal to you.

See Windows and Monday Evening's Papers.

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THE NEW PACKARD "3-38" IS HERE

This latest Packard Six invites your patronage. The sum of these distinctive features can be found in no other car.

Twenty Packard Body Styles	Water-jacketed Packard Carburetor
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Packard-Bijur Electric Starter	Packard Radiator
Packard-Bijur Electric Lights	Packard One-Man Top
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Concealed Force Feed Oiling to Thirty-five Points	Packard Worm Bevel Driving Gears

The Bridge Builder's Factor of Safety

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO GIVE YOU A DEMONSTRATION

Deliveries of the Packard "5-48" commence October 1. Embodied in the "5-48" are all the essential features of the "3-38" with a bigger margin of surplus power.

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"THERE IS BUT ONE FAIR AND HONEST WAY" To Determine the MERIT of a Ready-to-take Medicine

The people, who have taken Peruna know what Peruna is. The people who have read about Peruna or heard about Peruna, have a more or less imperfect knowledge of it. The true test, the only fair and honest way, is to try it. Read the remarks below, made by people who know Peruna. If you are interested, send to us for the "Ils of Life," full of similar testimonials from honest men and women all over the United States.

Mrs. A. E. Stouffer, R. R. 1, Esbatha, Kan.: "Peruna has given me health and strength; it is the best medicine that was ever made for women. My friends say they never saw such a change in a woman. I talk to every one about Peruna. I cannot say too much for it."

Mr. Isaac Horrenga, Fremont, Mich., writes: "I was taken sick last spring, unable to work for three months and a half. My weight was reduced to 135 pounds. At last I was advised to use PERUNA. I have now gained my usual weight. PERUNA gave me a splendid appetite. I feel strong."

Miss Marie A. Leary, No. 323 36th St., Chicago, Illinois. "I was troubled with systemic catarrh for years. The catarrh had got through my system, head, throat, stomach and other internal organs. Tried many remedies. Did no good. Took Peruna at the suggestion of a friend. Was surprised at results. I am now perfectly well and strong. That weak, tired feeling has left me."

Mrs. Alvina Plamann, No. 2925 Elm St., Milwaukee, Wis. "I am now able to do my housework again, and have a good appetite. Peruna did it for me. We always keep Peruna in the house. We all use it. My husband and children. I thank you a thousand times for your advice."

