

Coat Sale Monday, 8:30 A. M.

\$6.75 For your choice of any \$6.75 Summer Coat in Our Stock

There are 193 coats left, including taffeta, poplin and moire; silk coats for afternoon and evening wear, balmacaan coats, serge coats, corduroy coats and many novelty ideas. These coats were formerly offered at from \$12.50 to \$62.50—

Monday . . . \$6.75

There are no reservations—every coat is included. On account of the low price we cannot alter or accept the return of these coats.

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The best of Fall Styles are found here in profusion. This is a Suit Season and we are prepared to satisfy any suit want.

The revival of broadcloth characterizes this season, and in addition many other attractive fabrics are shown. Our suit prices range from \$22.50 to \$95.00.

No charge for alterations.

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Odd Napkins in

1/2 Dozen Lots

\$3.50 20-inch Napkins, Monday, \$1.00 for 1/2 doz.

\$4.00 22-inch Napkins, Monday, \$1.38 for 1/2 doz.

Ready Made Roller Towels

50c Towels 35c

65c Towels 50c

Thompson Belden & Co.

HOWARD AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

MALINES BATTERED BY BIG SIEGE GUNS

Refugees Tell How Sixty Thousand Inhabitants Have Been Driven from the City.

OLD AND YOUNG ARE KILLED

City Shelled First on One Side and Then on Other Until Square and Half Houses Are in Ruins.

By PERCY J. PHILLIP.

(Copyright, 1914, Press Publishing Co.) GHEENT, Belgium, Aug. 28.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—I have just been talking to the latest refugees from Malines, who left there yesterday about 4 o'clock during a lull in the fighting. Out of 60,000 inhabitants, a business man among them told me, hardly 200 are left in the town. Many are dead and the rest have fled.

"It has been hell," he said. "Since Monday the town has been shelled first on one side, then the other. The cathedral, the square, and half of the houses are in ruins. Old people and young have been killed. Yesterday I found a quite old gentleman, 84, whom I had known for years, lying in one of the trenches by the roadside, utterly exhausted by his flight, with his face in a pool of water.

"Of his family of seven, who were friends of ours, not one is left that we know of. A shell struck their house on Tuesday morning and all were killed.

"The Germans seem to have brought up heavy siege guns for use at Antwerp and are using them at Malines. Their numbers are most accurately given at 30,000. The Belgian army retired just beyond Malines two days ago, but the German fire continues. They probably will advance and occupy the place today."

On Thursday the Germans, contrary to the laws of war, bombarded Malines, an open and undefended town.

"On Friday morning the town was partially occupied by German infantry which withdrew toward the south in the afternoon and the bombardment was renewed, four shells falling about each quarter of an hour.

"The enemy also bombarded the region about Heyst Opden Berg, a town seventeen miles southeast of Antwerp, an open locality not occupied by the military.

"The two operations had no less an object than to terrorize the civilian populations.

"The Germans have systematically bombarded the forts and gaps of Namur for forty-eight hours. The town itself suffered little. The enemy has itself the northeast portion of the place and is attacking the forts and gaps in that region. The Belgian division retired to the second line of defense which was bombarded violently. In turn the Belgian and French troops made numerous counter attacks.

"The Belgian division retired by way of the Sambre and the Meuse and movement was accomplished in good order. Our troops have rejoined the French lines.

"Reconnoissances made in the neighborhood of Antwerp gave favorable results and showed the country unoccupied. Our security, therefore, is complete."

GERMANS RUSHED FROM BELGIUM TO MEET RUSS HOSTS

(Continued from Page One.)

overrun by the Russian army and a great part of the region is already in Russian hands. The German forces, consisting of three army corps and several divisions, have been repeatedly defeated, losing heavily in men and guns.

Carry Troops East. LONDON, Aug. 29.—(2:15 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Evening News from Copenhagen says: "Ordinary railroad transportation in Germany has been suspended for the present because the railroads are engaged in carrying troops from the west front to the hard-pressed east front."

A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Paris says an official communication given out in the French capital confirms previous reports that the Russians have completely invested Koeningberg, in eastern Prussia.

Russians Defeated. BERLIN, Aug. 29.—(By Wireless to the Associated Press.)—News of the defeat of five Russian army corps to the south of Allenstein is made public here today. It is regarded as encouraging and as greatly relieving the situation in East Prussia. It is said to insure the flank of the German positions. Allenstein is about sixty miles south of Koeningberg.

The Associated Press has been informed from official Austrian sources that the battles which have been in progress for several days past are expected to be decisive. Austrian troops are pursuing the Russians from Krasnik, about twenty miles north of the Galician frontier, in the direction of Lublin. There is no invading army between the river Bug and the river Wieprz. (These rivers are affluents of the Vistula and embrace a territory located to the east of Warsaw.)

Austria Invades Russia. Austria, according to this same authority, has invaded Russia and has occupied the region in front of Zamose. Zamose is a strongly fortified town of Russian Poland on the Wieprz, forty-five miles southeast of Lublin.

The Austrians hold the regions to the west, north and southeast of Lemberg, Galicia, and have advanced toward the Dniester river against strong invading forces of the enemy.

Russian Story is Different. LONDON, Aug. 29.—(3:40 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says that reports are circulating there of the fall of Koeningberg, the strongly fortified seaport of the Germans in East Prussia.

The Russian advance in East Prussia gave rise to three days of prolonged and stubborn engagements in the vicinity of Soltau, Allenstein and Bischofsburg, where the enemy had concentrated the army corps which retreated from Gumbinnen and some fresh troops. Allenstein has been successfully occupied by the Russians.

The German losses were particularly heavy at Muehlen, between Osterode and Nordenburg, and the enemy is in full retreat.

On the Galician front the fighting had on Wednesday assumed the character of general engagements developing in the southern districts of Lublin and in eastern Galicia on the roads of Lemberg. The front of the battle extended for 200 miles. At first the fighting was more of the character of attack and counter attack, but gradually the Austrians were compelled to assume a defensive.

A Russian regiment in a hand-to-hand fight with the Eleventh Hungarian reserves, captured their colors and nearly annihilated the enemy.

Austrians Are Defeated. LONDON, Aug. 29.—(4:30 p. m.)—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Times, sent Saturday morning, says the Austrians made a bold offensive attack yesterday by trying to seize the left flank of the Russian position in Poland with the obvious intention of relieving the pressure

on the German forces in northeastern Prussia.

Two or three army corps advanced as far as Kielee, where they encountered a strong Russian force. A pitched battle was fought and resulted in the overthrow of the invaders, who suffered heavy losses. It was here that the Eleventh Hungarian reserves met their fate.

Danzig is in Panic. LONDON, Aug. 29.—(6:40 a. m.)—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says the German steamer Derkid has arrived there from Danzig, Germany. The captain told of a terrible panic there, owing to the fear of the Russian invasion. He said the inhabitants were in a desperate condition and that there had been fierce rioting. Foreigners and their possessions, he said, were ruthlessly misused.

TROOPS OF ALLIES HAVE EVACUATED CITY OF BOULOGNE

(Continued from Page One.)

the vicinity to proceed at once to Germany to assist in harvesting.

The news of this order is likely to swell greatly the number of Belgian refugees in southern Holland.

Unfortified Town Bombarded. The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram company at Antwerp sent the following official statement which has been issued there:

"On Thursday the Germans, contrary to the laws of war, bombarded Malines, an open and undefended town.

"On Friday morning the town was partially occupied by German infantry which withdrew toward the south in the afternoon and the bombardment was renewed, four shells falling about each quarter of an hour.

"The enemy also bombarded the region about Heyst Opden Berg, a town seventeen miles southeast of Antwerp, an open locality not occupied by the military.

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BURNING LOUVAIN SELF-DEFENSE ACT

(Continued from Page One.)

provocation and for providing people with arms."

German Protest. "The leaders of the German army," the dispatch continues, "protest against news spread by enemies about the cruelty of German warfare. German troops sometimes had to take severe measures when provoked by the people making traitorous attacks upon them or committing atrocities against the wounded. The responsibility for this method of warfare falls entirely upon the civil authorities of occupied territory, who give arms to civilians and stir them up to take part in the war. The German troops never harmed people or private property without cause. The German soldier is no incendiary or pillager, but fights only against the army of the enemy."

"The news published in foreign papers about German soldiers persecuting non-combatants are mean lies, showing lack of morality on the part of the author."

Another Case of Bubonic Plague

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 29.—The total number of plague cases discovered here since June 27 was increased to twenty-two today. Elmore H. Read, aged 39 years, is the latest victim.

HOARDING PROPERTY NOT CRIME IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—An opinion from the corporation counsel's office that individuals cannot be interfered with in hoarding their property or offering it for sale at exorbitant prices, practically put an end today to all hope of the mayor's committee and other organizations for obtaining some measure of relief from the high price of food through criminal prosecutions.

A comprehensive plan for the four free public markets to be opened September 1 was announced today. Its novel part is an arrangement made for the bringing in of produce on old trolley cars, especially run for the purpose at night.

British Officer Tells of Sinking of the Kaiser Wilhelm

LONDON, Aug. 29.—(6:30 p. m.)—The Evening News publishes a dispatch from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, giving an account of the sinking of the North German Lloyd transatlantic liner Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse off the coast of Africa by the British cruiser High Flyer, which was reported Thursday.

Lieutenant Deane, a British army officer, who was taken prisoner by the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse from the British steamer Galician on the high seas, is the authority of the Las Palmas correspondent and in an interview he gives a graphic account of how the great liner was destroyed.

Lieutenant Deane was not on board the German liner; he had been sent over to the collier Arucal, from which the liner was coaling. When it was seen that the Kaiser Wilhelm was doomed the German captain sent his sword, his dispatch box and a letter to his wife to the collier, his secretary being his messenger. Previous to doing this the captain of the liner had given the order to blow up the vessel himself, but his command rather than surrender.

When the High Flyer opened fire on the liner, Lieutenant Deane continues, the collier was still fastened to it by one hawser, and owing to some delay certain prisoners on board the liner did not get a chance to leave the ship. The Kaiser Wilhelm was bow on to the High Flyer and the British cruiser had some difficulty in finding its mark. It maneuvered to get broadside on and the ensuing cannonade lasted for forty minutes. All the shots from the Kaiser Wilhelm appeared to be falling short. From the collier it was seen that it had been hit three times and, on catching fire, it ceased replying to the shots from the British cruiser.

When the liner had been silenced the High Flyer also stopped firing. By this time the Arucal, which had separated from the liner, had gotten too far away to perceive anything more than that it was still burning.

The Germans kept on board the Kaiser Wilhelm only its officers, its gun crews and a few engineers. The remainder of its men were transferred to the collier.

The Collier Arucal brought also the crews of three British vessels, the Kalpara, the Nyanga, steamers of 474, 1,467 tons, respectively, and a fishing boat, which were transferred off Rio de Oro, from the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which had sunk these vessels before it was attacked by the High Flyer.

Secret Diplomacy is Blamed for Great Conflict in Europe

LONDON, Aug. 29.—(4:10 a. m.)—The Daily News in an editorial denouncing secret diplomacy, says:

"Can Europe ever again tolerate the appalling peril of secret diplomacy. Can we ever again play about on the deck with sails and compasses, making our little laws and imagining that we are self-governing, while down in the hold of our ship of state there is a powder magazine, the very existence of which we are not permitted to know."

"Secret diplomacy belongs to the traditions of autocratic and personal government; it has no place in a democratic world and the example of the United States must become the model of the civilized world on this vital matter if Europe is to be free from menace in the future."

Adriatic Comes Into New York with Guns on Deck, Lights Out

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—With six-inch guns mounted fore and aft, with every port hole blanketed and all lights extinguished, the White Star liner Adriatic crept into port in the darkness of early morning today. It had aboard 1,762 passengers, nearly all Americans who were in England at the outbreak of hostilities.

It is said that the vessel will go from here to Halifax to help Canadian volunteers across the sea.

Whether the Adriatic's armament brings it within the classification of an auxiliary cruiser and as such places it under the regulations covering war vessels of a nation at war, was a question which Collector Malone asked Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, his superior at Washington, to determine today.

WIFE OF AMES PROFESSOR DIES IN SHENANDOAH

SHENANDOAH, Va., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. Thomas Vance, the wife of Prof. Vance, who will teach psychology the coming year at the Iowa State college at Ames, died here this afternoon of blood poisoning. Mrs. Vance was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Lush

of this city. Her husband was called home from his summer work teaching at DeKalb, Ill., by the serious illness of his very dear mother.

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NECESSITY

Necessity is the mother of inventions. As much as necessity has compelled us to endure the dark age contrivance of unsanitary half tooth bridge work, Dr. Todd has seen the necessity of inventing a full tooth sanitary bridge work and now is manufacturing teeth. It is a necessity to make dental work cheaper and better. Investigate at the office 493 Brandeis Bldg.

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LOSSES OF BOTH SIDES APPALLING

Paris Official Communication Says Germans Appear to Have Slackened Their March.

LONGWY HAS SURRENDERED

Advices from St. Petersburg Reaching London Are to Effect that Russians Have Occupied Allenstein.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—An official communication issued by the war department tonight says: "The situation on our front, from the department of Somme, northwest France, to the Vosges, remains the same today as yesterday."

"The German forces appear to have slackened their march."

The apparent inaction of the armies, as indicated in the official statement, is explained by the frightful exhaustion of both sides, who for days have been fighting furiously. The losses of both armies are appalling, particularly those of the Germans. As an illustration of the casualties among the Germans, a prisoner relates that two German regiments, the One Hundred and Twelfth and One Hundred and Forty-second, lost so heavily that they were made into one, and of that only sixty men now remain.

French Take Offensive.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—An official statement issued by the French em-

bassy last night said: "Yesterday our troops took up the offensive in the Vosges, in the region between the Vosges mountains and Nancy, where fighting has been going on for a fortnight. The German losses were considerable."

Longwy, which was garrisoned by only one battalion, has surrendered after holding out for twenty-four days."

Russians Take Allenstein. The Russian embassy here last night received advices from St. Petersburg to the effect that the Russians had occupied Allenstein, east Prussia, sixty-five miles south of Koeningberg, after repulsing the Germans, who had brought up the reinforcements.

In Galicia, the advices said, the Russian advance continued and an Austrian regiment had been decimated.

ELEVEN GERMAN SHIPS ARE LOST

(Continued from Page One.)

The United States, today announced he had received no confirmation from his government of the destruction of German cruisers in the North sea by the British fleet, but he assumed the newspaper accounts were correct.

"I do not account it in any sense a great naval battle," he said. "It seems that the entire British fleet attacked and sunk a few German ships going outport duty."

The German ambassador denied reports of German cruelty and asserted that airships had attacked nothing but fortifications.

QUARTER MILLION FRENCHMEN ARISE

(Continued from Page One.)

themselves, and their artillery has been able to find the ranges over the zones the Germans traverse in the next fighting.

Reports that France has formed a new army of 200,000 to take the offensive against the German right has aroused much interest; they have not, however, been confirmed.

A telegram from Basel, Switzerland, declaring that five German and an Austrian army corps are marching on Belfort. France, has not been authenticated, nor has another report that the Germans have been obliged to withdraw a portion of their forces in the west to meet the Russian advance in the east.

The advance movement of the Muscovites in the eastern theater of the war seems uninterrupted. In eastern Prussia they have completely invested Koeningberg, while in Galicia they would appear to be drawing the net tighter around Lemberg.

Look Out for Black Trawler. The source of the floating mines which have sunk so many small craft in the North sea during the last few days seems to be indicated in a request to shipping to keep a lookout for a "trawler painted black with white numbers on its funnel," and when it is seen to notify the authorities immediately.

Fired by the news that the native Indian army is coming to participate in this war, the Basutos of South Africa have petitioned that in the event of an attempted invasion of South African territory, they be allowed to "cast a few stones at the enemy."

Several Liege Ports Stand. LONDON, Aug. 29.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Antwerp, says that the Belgian government declares officially that several of the forts at Liege are still resisting.

Censored War News Reveals One Fact

In the meagre reports from European keep pace with European demand, but Europe is arming and that food supplies are already becoming scarce. Prices here in America are rising to keep pace with European demands, but regardless of demand, the price will not advance on

Grape-Nuts

Enormous quantities of wheat and barley have been bought for making this delicious, nourishing food. And in spite of any advance in the price of grain, Grape-Nuts food will

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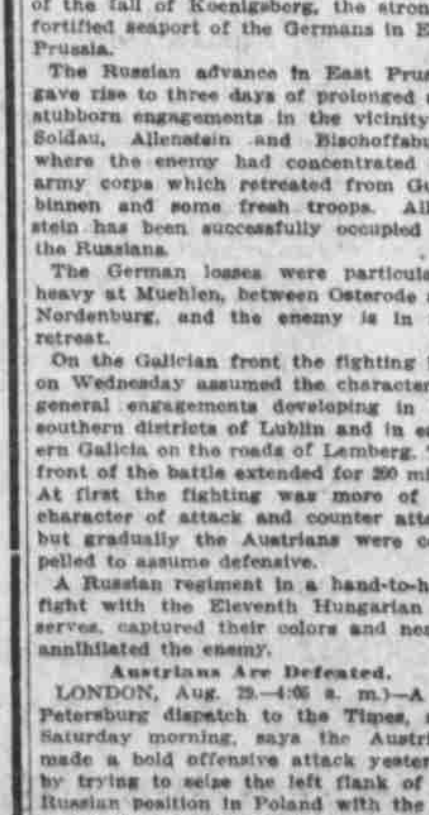
For many years Grape-Nuts packages have been tightly sealed in waxed paper—moisture and germ proof—the food always fresh and appetizing.

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