Great Sale Table Cloths and Napkins Extra Special

$2.25, 2x2 Yards Table Cloths, Thursday, each $1.75
$3.00, 2x2 Yards Table Cloths, Thursday, each $2.25
$4.75, 2x2 Yards Table Cloths, Thursday, each $3.50
$1.75, Silver Bleached Napkins, Thursday, dozen $1.19
$3.50, Bleached Napkins, Thursday, dozen $2.48
$4.00, Bleached Napkins, Thursday, dozen $2.89

Annual Sale Linen Huck Towels

45c All Linen Huck Towels 25c each.

35c All Linen Guest Towels 25c each.

50c Fancy Guest Towels, 39c each.

$1.00 Huck Towels 75c each.

Summer Clearing Prices on Women's Gauze Underwear

20c Gauze Vests, now 12½c.

35c Lisle Vests, now 25c.

35c Gauze Union Suits, a good quality, now 25c.

Women's Silk Bloomers, colors, pink and white, $2.25 each.

Underwear Section, Third Floor.

Infants' Socks Reduced

Good Range of Styles, but sizes are broken:

50c Infants' Socks now 35c
35c Infants' Socks now 25c
25c Infants' Socks now 15c

New Seal Bags $1.25 Each

Black Crepe Seal Bags with gun metal, gilt and silver mountings, panier handle, fitted with coin purse and mirror. Special value at $1.25 each.

Thompson Belden & Co.
FOURTEENTH AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

ROYALTY ON THE MANEUVER FIELD—A remarkable group picture, showing (from left to right) the King of Greece, King of Saxony, the German Emperor and his chief-of-staff, Count Helmuth von Moltke.

GERMANS CHECK FRENCH ADVANCE

Soldiers of Republic Obliged to Evacuate Muelhausen and Take Positions Outside.

GREAT FIGHT IN BELGIUM NEAR

Teutons Occupy Tongres and Take Railway Station Twenty-Four Miles fro mLiege—Clash All Along the Line.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—(3:30 a. m.)—Two salient points emerge from the latest news of the great war. The first and most striking is what is described here as "the silent victory."

This applies to the fact that the North Sea, over which absolute silence has brooded so long, is now open to shipping without serious danger. The steamship services from Denmark to London and from Newcastle to Norway are being resumed, while the steamship services between the Hook of Holland and Harwich have suffered no interruption.

These facts, in the opinion of the authorities here, imply that the German fleet for the time being is safely held in check.

The second point is that the French have been obliged to evacuate Muelhausen and occupy new positions outside the town.

French Are Checked.

According to German reports this was the first important battle of the campaign and the French, who had 55,000 men, suffered a serious check.

In Belgium, the position shows little change. A great battle is expected somewhere on the line between Thionville and Liege between the Germans, the French and Belgians, and it is thought probable it will occur within a few days.

The Germans have occupied Tongres and are reported to have captured a railway station twenty-four miles from Liege. Outpost affairs of no great importance are reported at different points of the many nations engaged in the war, but, except in Belgium, no great battle is likely for some time to come, as the respective armies are still engaged behind these covering actions in the work of concentration on the frontiers.

On the national sphere there is no news except a report that the elusive German cruisers Goeben and Breslau have reached the Dardanelles, where, according to international law, they will be dismantled and interned until the war is ended. Should this news be confirmed it will be a great step towards the safety of British and French shipping in the Mediterranean.

In the political sphere are two items. According to the Cologne Gazette, Rumania has joined the triple alliance and will invade Servia. It is reported from Cettinge that Servian and Montenegrin armies have effected a junction at Blevlje (Tashlija), 157 miles from Novibazar, where they are awaiting the result of the revolutionary propaganda in Bosnia, which they hope will facilitate their occupation of that country.

$2.50 Sale of Summer Dresses, Suits and Coats—Values $8.00 to $35.00. Friday and Saturday. About 200 Garments; So Come Early.
THE HOUSE OF MENAGH
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TWO REGIMENTS GERMAN TROOPS ARE ANNIHILATED

(Continued from Page One.)

tier stating that an Austrian cavalry brigade has been exterminated on the Austro-Russian frontier.

The Austrian cavalrymen are said to have attacked the Cossacks, who were accompanied by artillery. They were unable to hold their own and tried to get back across the frontier, but rain had fallen and men and horses were caught in the marshy ground and shot down until not a man remained alive.

German Troops Located.

LONDON, Aug. 12 (7:05 p. m.)—The official press bureau of the British War office today says:

"Of the twenty-six German army corps the bulk has been located and it is evident that the mass of German troops is concentrated between Liege and Luxemburg.

"The number of German troops known to be on the western side of that country proves that in the eastern theater of war the Russo-German frontier, so far as Germany is concerned, is comparatively lightly guarded unless by reservists."

Prince George Wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—(6:25 p. m.)—A Central News dispatch from Nish, Servia, says Prince George of Servia was wounded while watching the Austrian bombardment of Belgrade today.

The prince was standing on the walls of the fortress when a fragment of shell struck him on the head and rendered him unconscious. The wound is said not to be dangerous.

BRUSSELS, Via London, Aug. 12.—(3:20 p. m.)—A letter received here from Liege says the German general staff is installed there in the convent of the Sacred Heart, which is strongly barricaded. The Germans, it adds, are accumulating quantities of flour in case they should find themselves invested instead of being the besiegers.

New Corps Invests Liege.

BRUSSELS, Via Paris, Aug. 12.—(7:55 p. m.)—The German army has moved north of Liege and is advancing into the heart of Belgium. It is difficult to determine its objective. There is a screen of cavalry in extraordinary force along the whole front of the allied armies. The new army corps is investing Liege. The French cavalry is engaged in sharp fighting. Both the Geramn and allied armies are feeling their way.

Montenegrin and Servian Armies Invading Bosnia

NISH, Servia, Aug. 12.—The Servian and Montenegrin armies which had effected a junction on the border of Herzegovina, now are operating together.

Servian artillery is engaged in the bombardment of Gorazhda on the river Drina, twenty-nine miles southeast of Sarayevo, the Bosnian capital. Seyvian troops already had captured the Bosnian town of Vardishta at the junction of the rivers Drina and Lim.

Some unimportant outpost encounters are reported on the Servian frontier at different points on the rivers Save and Danube.

The bombardment of Belgrade, the Servian capital, by the Austrian artillery continued today and heavy material damage was inflicted on the city.

Reports reaching here from Sofia state that the Bulgarian government is preparing for eventualities, but it is not known what it has in view.

Mrs. J. B. Harriman is Seriously Ill

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—A cable from London today announces the serious illness there of Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, who with her husband, is a war refugee from Paris. The message stated that Mrs. Harriman is suffering from ptomaine poisoning.

Mrs. Harriman is a member of the commission on industrial relations and one of the first women appointed to an important federal place by President Wilson.

ENGLAND IS SAFE FROM INVASION YET

Naval Expert Hurd Reassures His Countrymen by Analyzing the Probabilities.

WHAT CONFRONTS GERMANY

Kaiser Must First Conquer British Fleet and Then Solve Problem of Landing Troops on Hostile Shores.

(Copyright, 1914, Press Publishing Co.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.—(Special Cablegram to the New York World and Omaha Bee.)—Archibald Hurd, a naval expert, writing for the Daily Telegram, says:

"Whatever change has occurred in the last few days in the naval and military situation, certainly does not weaken the arguments as to the impossibility of an invasion of England.

What Must Be Achieved.

"An invasion across the North Sea must be preceded by a battle in the North Sea and a German victory. Only a sailor can appreciate the obstacles in the way of such an adventure, carried out in the face of a superior naval force. It involves the enemy handicapping its fleet with large numbers of transports crowded with soldiers.

"If small and of light draught, the transports could approach fairly close to the point of disembrakation, but such small vessels can carry only a few men. Should large transports be employed, large numbers of troops can be carried, but these vessels must keep well off shore during the process of disembarkation, owing to the depth of water they would draw.

Invaders Would Fail.

"With every port on the English coasts guarded by land and sea, it is difficult to perceive what object could be served by landing a few thousand German troops in a country which has over 200,000 under arms.

"Such an adventure would not cause more than a temporary panic in the district directly affected and this speedily would give place to a feeling of confidence that in a very short time the invaders would be shot down or captured.

Moral Effect of Raid.

"Nevertheless, it is possible that such raids might be attempted, because many Germans believe that if one or more of them were successfully carried out and troops landed on the British coast a feeling of panic would be thereby created in this country which would have an appreciable effect both here and on the continent."

Shipping Bill is Sent to Conference

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The shipping bill to grant American register to foreign built ships was sent to conference by the house today after senate amendments had been disagreed to. The house, in view of the importance of the bill, named Democratic Leader Underwood and Republican Leader Mann as conference managers in addition to the regular conferees.

NEW YORK CONTRACTORS FEAR LABOR FAMINE

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The falling off in steerage passages from abroad for the year up to last week as compared with a year ago was 200,069, which, according to steamship agents and contractors means a corresponding decrease in the supply for the labor market. Should the war continue any length of time the impression prevails that unskilled labor will be at a premium for some time to come.

Already the heads of corporations employing large forces of laborers, contractors and city officials engaged in public works are worried over the effects of the European war on the labor market. It is generally conceded that immigration for a year more will be seriously affected, working hardships on that class of laboring men in Europe who are most needed here for subway and other construction work.

These men are bound to suffer, it is said, because the war will close industries, and without wages the peasants cannot save the money necessary to pay their passage to the United States.

HARVESTER TRUST IS GIVEN NINETY DAYS TO DISSOLVE

(Continued from Page One.)

iron, steel and lumber from the Wisconsin Steel company and the Wisconsin Lumber company, subsidiaries, which were used to eliminate competition."

That the company used railroads under its control to obtain preference from connecting roads.

Origin of the Company.

The International Harvester company was organized in New Jersey in 1902. Prior to that time, the government declared, there were ten or twelve establishments competing in the manufacture and sale of harvesting implements.

The alleged trust was formed through the combination of the McCormick Harvesting Machine company of Illinois, the Deering company of Illinois, the Plano Manufacturing company of Illinois, Wadder, Bushnell & Glessner company of Ohio and the Milwaukee Harvester company.

The company was incorporated in New Jersey with a capital stock originally of $120,000,000. The control of the capital stock was placed in the hands of three voting trustees: Cyrus H. McCormick, Charles Deering and George W. Perkins, who issued stock trust certificates to the persons actually owning the stocks.

Corporation to Take Appeal.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—The Harvester case will be taken to the supreme court of the United States as soon as possible, according to a statement made here today by Cyrus H. McCormick, president of the International Harvester company. Mr. McCormick said:

"The adverse decision is a great disappointment. As I understood it is not based on actual wrongs done in the conduct of the business of the International Harvester company, but on the elimination of competition more than ten years ago between the companies whose properties were purchased by it.

"The adverse opinion acquits the company and its officers and directors of the charges of overcapitalization and unfair and oppressive policies and practices.

"It does not sustain the charge made in the petition of the government, but abandoned on the argument, that the company had charged excessive or unfair prices.

"Aside from its original organization and the facts connected with its purchase of competitive plants the opinion finds nothing to be condemned in the history of the company's growth or in the manner of developing and carrying on its business. The organization of the company and the purchase of its plants were acts done in the belief that the law was being violated, after consultation with competent counsel of the highest standing.

"The organization of the company is condemned by the majority of the court as a violation of the Sherman act, but the company is not found guilty of having violated the law in the conduct of its business or of having injured its customers or its competitors.

"The conclusion arrived at seems to be that the Harvester is a good but illegal trust. Its business has been conducted fairly and the economies secured by its organization have inured to the benefit of its customers, the farmers, but nevertheless a majority of the judges hold its existence is illegal.

"The decision is by a divided court and the case will not be ended until the supreme court has said the last word. We still hope that the great public benefits secured by the organization of the company and the methods adopted in carrying on its business will be made permanent by the final decision in the court of last resort. It may well be that that court will hold the view expressed in the dissenting opinion of Judge Sanborn."

Fifteenth Woman is Acquitted of Murder Charge in Chicago

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Mrs. Blanche Murphy, 39 years old, was found not guilty by a jury in the criminal court today of the murder of her husband, Patrick Murphy, who was found dead in their home, April 18, after the two had quarrelled. Mrs. Murphy is the fifteenth woman charged with murder who has been found not guilty in the last three years by juries in Cook county courts.

ITALY MAY JOIN TRIPLE ENTENTE

Indications to This End Multiply as the Warfare of Austria Progresses.

EXPLANATION OF ANTIVARI

Bombardment of Town Occupied by So Many Italians Causes Resentment—Rumor Scutari Is Occupied.

(Copyright, 1914, Press Publishing Co.)

ROME, Aug. 12.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—With the pinch of the war pressing daily more heavily upon the Italian people, the possibility that Italy will be drawn into the struggle on the side of the triple entente and against Austria and Germany is steadily increasing.

Although formal announcement has not yet been made of the fact, it is believed on good authority that the Italian government has demanded an explanation from Austria of the bombardment of Antivari.

Although Antivari is a Montenegrin town, it is inhabited largely by Italians, and the Austrian shells wrecked the establishment of the Puglia company there, over which the Italian flag floats and which is filled with Italian employes.

Stand on Adriatic.

The Tribuna, the recognized government organ, hints at a decided stand, saying that the Adriatic and Mediterranean need watching, and that Italians today must prove themselves neither French, English, nor Germans, but Italians.

The Tribuna also publishes a report from Brindisi that Montenegrin troops, invited by Albanians, have occupied Scutari. The Mussulmen Albanians are said to be tired of the attempts of Prince William of Wied to establish a government with an empty treasury. Reports from Durazzo indicate that the prince's situation is precarious. He has absolutely no money and the miseries of the entire country have increased the popular resentment against him.

Shortage of Coal.

Train service all over Italy is being curtailed to the last possible degree because of the scarcity of coal. The mayor of Rome has issued a list of the maximum prices which may be charged for food.

The Italian Red Cross has notified its suborganizations along the eastern shore of the kingdom to hold themselves in readiness to offer help after the expected naval battle in the Adriatic.

Bailey Threatens to Run for the Senate

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 12.—Former Senator Joseph W. Bailey today announced that he would enter the contest for the United States senatorship in 1916 if the democratic state convention, in session here, refuses to adopt his resolutions opposing nation-wide prohibition. Mr. Bailey made this statement when he learned of a plan of the majority to oppose the resolutions.

Mr. Bailey said he would make the race if necessary to get the issue before the people of Texas. Adoption of a platform and actions on resolutions were expected today.

Department Orders.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Iowa postmasters appointed: East Pleasant Plain, Jefferson county, Martha A. Croath, vice Agnes M. Stewart, resigned; Lindon, Dallas county, Fred Frazier, vice Otta Glenn, resigned.

Iowa postmasters reappointed: Argyle, Leo county, Annie S. Pelligerstofer; Belfast, Leo county, Henry Ridder; Cairo, Louisa county, Joseph B. Murray; Coppock, Henry county, Fred Dold; County Line, Jefferson count, Elmer D. Ashbough; Croton, Leo county, Viola A. Batten; Elrick, Louisa county, Burt J. Hoyers; Lowell, Henry county, Leroy T. Watton; Marsh, Louisa county, Louis Dold; Newport, Louisa county, Isaac H. Vaughn.

The following mail letter carriers in Iowa have been appointed: Algona, Leonard E. Stebbins; Grand Junction, Simeud H. Purinton; Guttenberg, Edward J. Stamm; Keswick, Thomas Stephenson; Ledyard, George P. Thompson; Rock Ridge, Leroy H. Lyon; Lytton, Wilder H. Eaton.

The postmaster general has allowed the postmaster at Norfolk, one additional letter carrier, August 15.

GREAT BATTLE IS IN PROGRESS NORTH OF LIEGE

(Continued from Page One.)

in order to mask the movement of the bulk of the army. The enemy's advance attacking force, he says, was completely annihilated and while admitting that the forts remain intact, explains this by saying:

"The emperor did not wish to sacrifice life unnecessarily, but so soon as the heavy artillery arrives the forts will be taken without the loss of a man."

General Von Stein admits that the capture of the forts is a difficult problem because of the unfavorable ground about them and further because the population of the town, including the women, shot at the German troops from behind, firing indiscriminately, hitting the surgeons and the wounded. The German commander concludes with the remark that "it must not be forgotten that the Belgian force is numerically superior to ours."

French View is Different.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—(11 a. m.)—The military position at Liege, Belgium, also along the Franco-German frontier where the opposing outposts are in touch, and in Alsace, where severe engagements between a French invading force and the German defenders recently were fought, is explained in a dispatch from the French foreign minister received here this morning. He says:

"Rumors regarding the loss of the forts at Liege by the Belgian troops are entirely false. Only small groups of German soldiers entered the town itself under cover of the darkness. All the encircling forts, twelve in number, are intact.

"Small, unimportant engagements have occurred along the whole line where the French and German armies are facing each other, from Belfort, opposite the southernmost part of Alsace, to Liege in Belgium. In these encounters the French cavalry has always maintained its superiority over the German mounted troops, while our artillery has been splendidly served.

"Our troops have kept the crests and passes of the Vosges mountains and they dominate the heights of Alsace.

"A line between Thann (twenty-two miles southwest of Kolmar, Alsace), and Altkirch, (the first position occupied by the French army after its invasion of Alsace), is held by our armies. This line runs slightly to the rear of Muelhausen.

"The French government indignantly denies that there was any violation of German territory by the French army before the declaration of war."

Belgians Reoccupy Landen.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 11, 10 p. m.—(Via London, Aug. 12, 6:55 a. m.)—An official report states that communication has been restored with Landen, a village in the province of Liege, seven miles southeast of Tirlemont. The Belgians blew up several bridges in their front in that vicinity, which gave rise to the report of an artillery engagement. No news has arrived showing that such an action took place.

A German aeroplane flew over Brussels today at a height of 2,000 feet. Civic guards fired several shots at the airship, but they fell short.

An earlier dispatch from Brussels said that German troops had seized the station at Landen, a short distance west of Liege and, after driving out the railway employes, burned the building.

Crude Oil Again Reduced.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 12.—Another cut in the purchase price of oil was announced by the oil purchasing agencies today, all grades being reduced 5 cents except Ragland. Pennsylvania crude is now $1.35; Mercer black, $1.12; New Castle, $1.12; Cabell, $1.15; Somerset, 90c; Ragland, 65c.

$2.50 Sale of Summer Dresses, Suits and Coats—Values $8.00 to $35.00. Friday and Saturday. About 200 Garments; So Come Early.
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6½% FIRST MORTGAGES FOR SALE ON NEW HOMES—AMOUNTS $300 TO $2,500 WRITE OR CALL AMERICAN SECURITY CO.

REB ARMY TO ENTER MEXICO

Arrangements Completed Between Carranza and Diplomats.

FEDERALS ARE MOVING OUT

Will Go to Isthmus of Tehuantepec to Await the Action of Recognition by the New Government.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 12.—Arrangements for the peaceful entry of the constitutionalist army into Mexico City were made today by the foreign diplomats, who yesterday went to Teoloyucan and conferred with General Carranza, the constitutionalist leader. This information was given out today at the Brazilian legation upon the return of the diplomats' special train from Teoloyucan. No date for the entry of the constitutionalists into the capital has been fixed.

Numerous troops and large quantities of ammunition and other war material are being quietly moved out of the capital over the Mexican railway by the federal army. Their destination has not been made public, but it is believed here that the movement is the forerunner of the general evacuation of the capital. One brigade of infantry already has gone and numerous troops of other branches of the service are leaving. It is rumored their destinattibn is the isthmus of Tehuantepec, where the old army will await action of the new government in the matter of recognition.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
prevented blood poison on Mr. G. W. Cloyd of Plunk, Mo. This soothing salve healed a dangerous wound. 25c. All druggists.—Advertisement.

SAVE $202
on this beautiful Art Style Upright Piano

$198 buys one during this After Stock Taking Sale. Actually Worth $400

Only a limited number so do not delay. Choice of mahogany, walnut or oak case.

Guaranteed for 25 years. Free Stool and Scarf. Terms $1.00 per week.

The success of the first week of this sale has demonstrated to us that the public is quick to realize the fact that bargains offered here are always genuine.

Come tomorrow and partake of these wonderful saving prices. An iron clad guarantee goes with every piano.

$250 Estey Piano....$110
$250 Newby & Evans Piano $90
$250 Smith & Barnes Piano $115
$275 Davis & Son Piano $145
$300 Kimball Piano..$135
$350 Wagner Piano..$175
$400 Steger & Son...$160
$300 Schmoller & Mueller Piano $150

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16 Pages of Maps—25 cents postpaid any address.
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AMUSEMENTS.

Grand Picnic
Hibbeler's Park
Sunday, Aug. 16, '14
44th and Leavenworth Sts.
Political Speakers Invited.
All Candidates Welcome
Dancing—FREE—Wrestling.

BASE BALL
Omaha vs. Sioux City
Aug. 11, 12, 13 and 14.
ROURKE PARK.
Friday, Aug. 14—Ladies' Day.
Games called 3 P. M.

LAKE MANAWA
Dancing, Boating and many other attractions. Free moving pictures every evening. Hold your picnics at Manawa.