

Slav Armies Invade Austria-Hungary EXTRA THE OMAHA DAILY BEE EARLY MAIL EDITION

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BELGIAN CONSUL ADMITS FALL OF TEN LIEGE FORTS

Only Two of the Fortifications that Surround City in Hands of Belgians, Says Pierre Mali.

THESE WILL BE ABANDONED

Garrison Will Retire in Good Order to Namur, Where French Will Join Them in Big Battle.

GERMANS NEARLY ISOLATED

Bridges and Tunnels in Their Rear Are Blown Up and Supplies Are Cut Off.

GERMANS DRIVEN BACKWARD

Belgian District Back of Meuse is Cleared of Kaiser's Men.

CZAR CONGRATULATES ALBERT

Emperor of Russia Felicitates King of Belgium on Bravery Displayed by His Troops at Liege.

BULLETIN

BRUSSELS. (Via London, 5:20 p. m.), Aug. 10.—The commander of the forts at Liege, according to an official announcement, reports that all the forts are intact. The soldiers manning them are in fine health and spirits and are amply supplied with provisions and munitions. There is no cause for alarm.

The population of Liege maintains its calm and the official view is that the situation is quite satisfactory.

All the approaches to Brussels are well guarded to prevent anything in the nature of a surprise from reconnoitering parties of German cavalry. Small bodies of Uhlans have been signaled in all directions. Generally they have lost their bearings and surrendered immediately on being challenged.

BULLETIN

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Pierre Mali, Belgian consul at New York, today said that according to his advices from Belgium only two of the forts at Liege remained standing today against the German invasion. These two, he said, would be abandoned and the Belgian soldiers would retreat in good order. They would proceed to Namur and join 100,000 French troops. Namur is strongly fortified, and the consul predicted a great battle there.

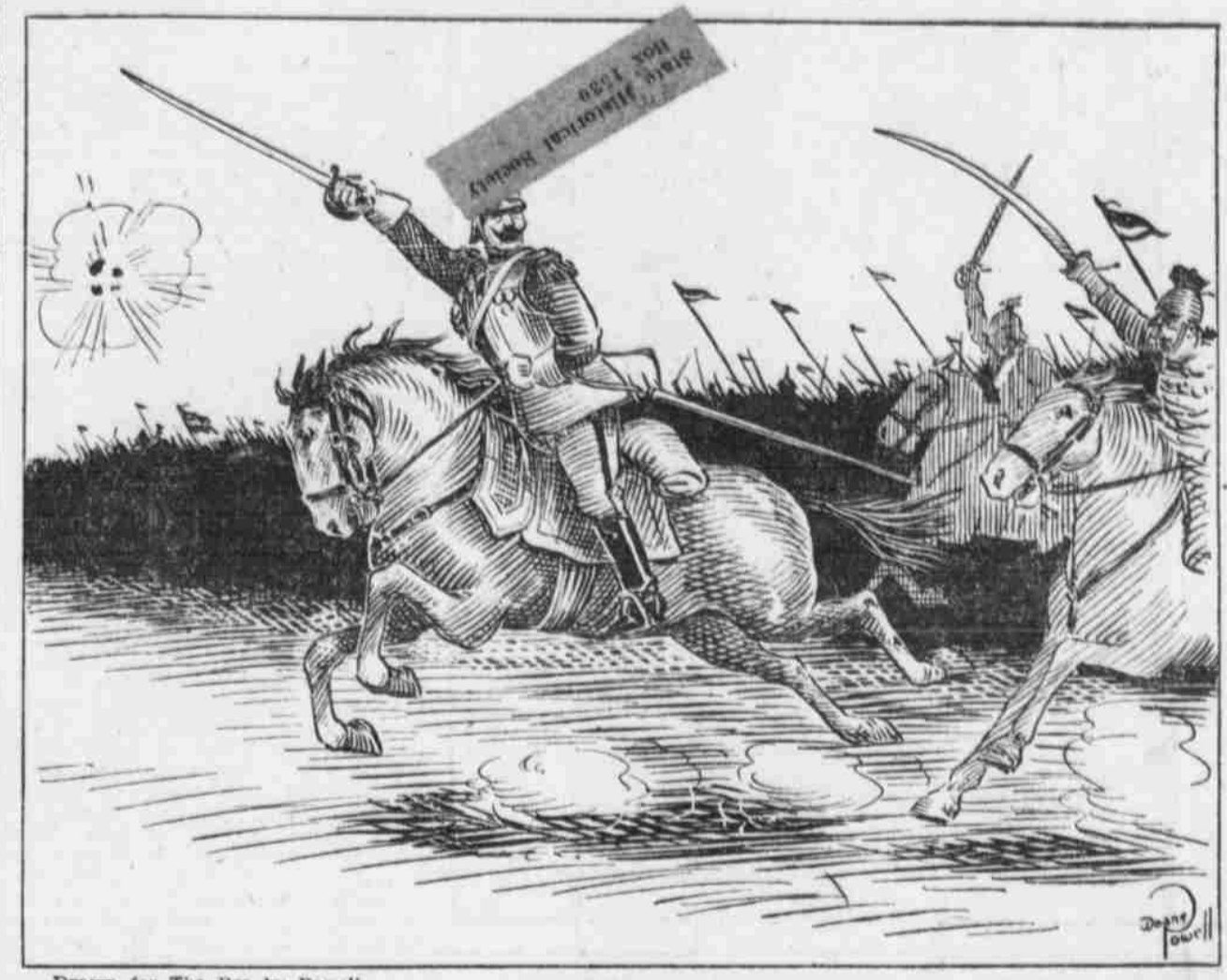
LONDON, Aug. 10 (1 p. m. Liege.)

Messages received here today in official quarters from the Belgian general staff assert that the occupation of the town of Liege by the German troops has not had the slightest influence on the strategic situation. It is declared that no long as the ring of forts around Liege remains intact, as still it is, the guns command the principal roads by which the Germans can advance. This, it is pointed out, makes it impossible for the Germans under present circumstances to receive supplies or ammunition.

Every line of railroad between Liege and the German frontier is alleged to have been destroyed and the Belgian troops are said to have blown up every bridge, culvert and tunnel. The Belgian general staff declares that it has received reports that the Germans, expecting to take Liege in a few hours, brought with them only sufficient food for a few days and little ammunition, their plan being to rush Liege and make it their base of operations.

(Continued on Page Two.)

The War Lord to the Front.



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

NINE MILLIONS FOR FULL GERMAN ARMY

Full Levy of Fighters Between Ages of Twenty and Fifty Will Make This Total.

EMPIRE STRIPPED FOR WAR

Only Youths and Aged to Care for Harvest—Light Penalties Provided for Widows, While Prices Rise Rapidly.

(Copyright 1914 Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Aug. 10.—(Special Telegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—H. W. Nevaon, special correspondent of the London Daily News, has just returned from Berlin. He says the conditions there are very bad.

"We ordinary people suffer here in London, but in Berlin it is infinitely worse. When the full levy of all men between twenty and fifty years is complete, it is estimated that 9,000,000 will be absent from their usual vocations. Prices are rushing upward at an astonishing rate. The government has tried to fix the price of rice, wheat flour and maize, but in spite of this food prices have doubled."

Light Penalties Provided.

"The government is arranging a slight pension for families of soldiers at the front, but it is so slight that it will be of little good to them. The farmers who are required to house soldiers in the field will be granted small sums for their board and lodging, but again the figures are so ridiculously small that they will not cover half what the men eat. 'The harvest conditions are the worst of all. Harvest was under way when the call to arms was sounded. Men had to leave grain standing in the shock in the fields and there it remains except where the women folks have been able to drag it to shelter, where it is liable to be commandeered any day."

"Students at school and colleges who are under the average age are volunteering to go to the fields, but they are inexperienced and their work will be but little better than a hindrance."

Baggage Mountain High.

"All railway stations are overflowing with lost baggage. When the mobilization orders came nearly all the well-to-do people of the empire were away on vacations and began at once the work of returning home. Baggage was checked and that was the last of it. At every station portmanteaus and trunks are piled in enormous mountains. At the Friedrichsage station the congestion is so great that the luggage overflows out into the square where it lies unprotected from rain or wind or theft. My suitcase was one of 7,000 which had been reported missing the day I wanted it."

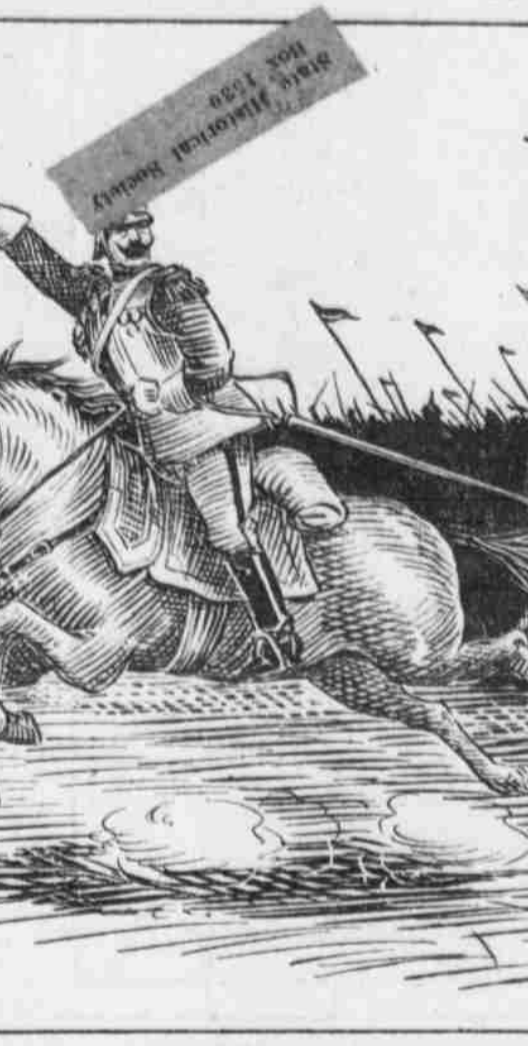
North Sea Closed to Fishing Fleets

LONDON, Aug. 10.—(4:35 p. m.)—The North sea was again closed to the fishing fleets today. The harbor master at Scarborough received a message from the admiralty instructing him to tell the masters of fishing vessels not to go out until further notice.

DUTCH STEAMER ALCOR IS SUNK IN GULF OF FINLAND

LONDON, Aug. 10.—(5:15 p. m.)—The Dutch steamer Alcor of 2,006 tons has been sunk and its crew landed at Helsinki. It was bound from Rotterdam for Cronstadt, Russia. There is nothing to show whether it struck a mine or was hit by a shell. One hundred and twenty Germans among the crew of the Red Star line steamer Lapland, anchored in the Solent were taken off the vessel this afternoon by a government tug and transported to Portsmouth. Fifty Belgians among the crew also left the steamer and are returning to Belgium. A French gunboat escorted into Falmouth at noon an Amsterdam liner which the warship had picked up at the entrance to the English channel.

The War Lord to the Front.



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

Cruiser Karlsruhe Tells of Fight with Four Other Cruisers

SAN JUAN, Aug. 10.—The German cruiser Karlsruhe took on board 300 tons of coal here yesterday and sailed at 3:00 in the evening for an unknown destination. As it left the harbor it put on full speed and all its lights were extinguished. Its captain reported that he was in all engagement last Friday night off the Bahamas, when the Karlsruhe was pursued by four English and French cruisers. When he first sighted the lights the captain thought it was a schooner until a shot was fired. He said he thought one of the cruisers was disabled, as the pursuit was abandoned and the other war vessels appeared to be assisting it.

Six Hundred German Spies Are Arrested in Belgium, Hundred Die

BRUSSELS, Via Paris, Aug. 10.—(4:35 p. m.)—Belgium has been covered with a network of German spies. Six hundred already have been arrested and 100 were shot today. Some of the Germans captured were wearing uniforms of gendarmes, civic guards, soldiers and officers of the Belgian army. Many of the spies captured were armed with bombs and revolvers and were riding in automobiles bearing false numbers. They also had in their possession telegrams and letters with the counterfeit signature of the Belgian minister of war.

Just before and after the fighting began signs were discovered on bridges, military works and aqueducts indicating that these structures should be blown up. Severe precautions have now been taken by the military authorities and no one is admitted at the railway stations without military permits. Automobiles are halted at every mile.

O'Conner Attacks British Censorship

LONDON, Aug. 10.—(4:20 p. m.)—T. P. O'Conner, the Irish nationalist, today in the House of Commons again opened fire on the press censorship established by the British government. He said that thousands of dollars spent by American newspapers had been wasted in consequence of the censorship and he suggested that trained newspaper men should be added to the staff of the censorship bureau. The Right Hon. Charles Hobhouse, speaking in behalf of the British post-office authorities, disclaimed any responsibility for the censorship over which he said the war office exercised full and sole control. He said if there was any delay in forwarding messages after they had passed the censor he was ready to do what he could in the matter.

COLLEGE WOMEN LOOK AFTER STRANDED TEACHERS

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The London residents' committee today paid out \$10,000 to tourists on orders from their home banks. In needy cases hotel bills were paid until transportation could be obtained. A bogus steamship ticket agent has appeared on the scene. One victim paid \$400 for a counterfeit ticket. The various committees formed for the relief of Americans having found that they were being victimized, today established a common headquarters, where a more thorough investigation can be made, with the object of eliminating impostors. A society of college women has been formed by Mrs. Walter H. Page, Mrs. David Starr Jordan, Mrs. Herbert C. Hoover and Mrs. Shepperd for the purpose of watching over the interests of stranded American school teachers.

GERMANS UNITE ON RUSSIAN FRONTIER

Scattered Forces Being Joined in Brigades Ready to Take the Field.

BORDER VILLAGES OCCUPIED

German Military Aeroplanes Fly Daily in Direction of Kovno, Capital of the Russian Province.

ST. PETERSBURG, Via London, Aug. 10.—(1:20 p. m.)—The regular troops of the German army who hitherto had been scattered in small detachments along the frontier, are now concentrating near the Russian border. In brigades, composed of two or three regiments each, all in readiness to take the field.

The positions in the border villages have been occupied by units of cavalry and infantry of the German army reserve. No serious encounters have occurred yet on the frontier but frequent skirmishes between outposts are reported, while German military aeroplanes fly daily in the direction of Kovno, capital of the Russian province of the same name which has an outlet on the Baltic.

Japan Requisitions More War Transports

TOKIO, Aug. 10.—The Japanese government today requisitioned several additional transports. The emperor is expected to interrupt his vacation and return to Tokyo from Nikko on Wednesday.

George W. Guthrie, American Ambassador, returned today from the summer resort of Miyashita and conferred with some of the other foreign ambassadors.

FRENCH BULLETS MAKE WORSE WOUNDS THAN FOES'

BELOFT, France, Aug. 10.—The French surgeons who have been caring for the wounded in the fighting in lower Alsace report that the French bullets appear to make more serious wounds than those of the German rifles.

ROME, Aug. 10.—American tourists marooned in Italy by the interruption of the steamship service since the outbreak of war are believed to number about 5,000. They are agitating for prompt measures for their repatriation. It is understood that arrangements are being made at Genoa for the departure of the steamer, Principe Udine, on Wednesday.

BRIDGE WRECKER SHOT TO DEATH NEAR OTTAWA

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 10.—Three persons were killed when a train plunged through a railway bridge near the Canadian military camp, Valcartier. The bridge was damaged during the night and a man whom the authorities suspect was implicated in the plot was shot to death as he was running away. A guard who saw the man hurrying off challenged him. When the man refused to halt, the guard fired.

MAURETANIA PASSENGERS ARRIVING IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A train carrying 155 passengers of the White Star liner Mauretania, which put into Halifax on Thursday while en route from Liverpool to New York, arrived here this morning. The Mauretania changed its course after being warned by the British cruiser Essex of the presence of German cruisers in American waters.

Scandinavia Seen through Nebraska Eyes

Prof. Joseph Alexis, of the University of Nebraska, is writing some interesting letters for The Bee while touring Scandinavia. See Editorial Page

FRENCH AND GERMAN ARMIES CLASH

BIG ARMIES ARE LINING UP FOR GENERAL BATTLE

French War Office Reports Numerous Skirmishes Along Entire German-French Frontier.

BOTH SIDES STRENGTHENED

German, Austrian and French Troops Moving to Reinforce Their Respective Positions.

FRENCH TAKE TWO PASSES

Indications that Alsace Will Be Scene of First General Engagement of Conflict.

GERMANS FLOOD SEILLE VALLEY

Water, However, Does Not Rise High Enough to Check French.

FRENCH NEAR NEU BREISACH

Large Force Reported in Hardt Forest, Several Miles West of City of Muthausen, Which Was Occupied Saturday.

BRUSSELS (Via Paris), Aug. 10.—(10:45 a. m.)—Information from the front confirms the report that the German troops have ceased their advance by the valley of the Ourthe. They are said to have retired on their reserves and to be throwing up defensive works. The German offensive movement to the north of Liege is developing.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—(1:05 a. m.)—A statement issued by the War department at a late hour last night says that numerous skirmishes are taking place along the entire front of the French army. One clash with the Germans was violent and the losses on both sides were serious.

The official communication adds that the German troops are receiving reinforcements and that the French also are being strengthened.

A battle began on Saturday evening on the ridges of the Vosges mountains. Aeroplanes took part. The French troops after a desperate encounter obtained possession of the mountain passes of Beaucourt and Saint Marie. Then on Sunday morning they moved on to the summit of the ridge.

Cruiser Rainbow Lying in Wait Off the Golden Gate

EUREKA, Cal., Aug. 10.—The steamer City of Topeka, which arrived here today from San Francisco, reported that it sighted the British protected cruiser Rainbow, assigned to the service of Canada, off Point Reyes, yesterday.

The captain of the Topeka believed the Rainbow was standing on and off the Golden Gate looking for German prizes. The length of time it will be able to do so, however, is not great, as it was allowed by the authorities of the port of San Francisco to take on but fifty tons of coal, sufficient to carry it with what it had, to the nearest home port.

NATIONS ACKNOWLEDGE OFFER OF U. S. CHIEF

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Secretary Bryan announced today that he had received acknowledgment of President Wilson's tender of good offices from Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain and Russia.

Port of Quebec is Officially Closed

QUEBEC, Aug. 10.—The Port of Quebec is now closed under orders from the federal authorities. No ship will be allowed to leave.

FRANCE BREAKS OFF ITS RELATIONS WITH AUSTRIA

PARIS, Via London, Aug. 10.—(6 p. m.)—It was officially announced tonight that France had broken off diplomatic relations with Austria-Hungary. The French ambassador at Vienna has left the Austrian capital and the Austro-Hungarian ambassador at Paris has asked for his passports.

DENIAL THAT NEUTRALITY VIOLATED AT LIMBURG

LONDON Aug. 10.—A despatch to the Morning Post from Amsterdam says that the Dutch legation at Brussels publishes a statement denying the report that German troops had violated Dutch neutrality at Limburg.

New Moves in Big War Game

Official reports from France give no definite details of the strength of the French in Alsace, near the Swiss frontier, where General Joffre is believed to be in command. Austrian troops have been hurried there to the aid of the Germans and an important battle is believed to be imminent.

Indications are that another forward movement of the main French force is in preparation near Metz, as official reports from Paris say the German troops have inundated the Seille valley between Metz and Nancy to hinder the French advance, but the quantity of water is understood to be insufficient to prevent the French forward movement.

Aside from the flanking movement through Belgium, by which the French assume the German army was trying to get to the rear of the great French fortresses on the frontier, indications were that a strong German advance is to be made on France by way of Luxembourg.

A German reconnoitering patrol penetrated forty-six miles into French territory.

The London Daily Telegraph's Brussels correspondent says that Germany is mobilizing 1,000,000 of the Lansturm, or final, reserve.

Numerous skirmishes are reported along the Franco-German front, none, however, very serious.

The French troops are reported in Paris to have seized a German aeroplane factory at Muelhausen. German troops occupy the town of Liege, but not of the surrounding forts, which were still holding out today, according to Belgian reports.

A lull in the fighting was announced from Brussels, which city expects that the next clash will occur when the allied forces have completed plans to take the offensive against the German troops.

Brussels reports the German cavalry retiring before the French advance.

The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau have evaded their British and French pursuers and have arrived in the Adriatic. An Austrian fleet was reported proceeding from Pola to succor them.

Paris reports that Austrian troops have fallen back before the Servians on the Bosnian frontier.

Montenegro artillery bombarded the Austrian fortifications at the port of Cattaro.

Austrian cruiser bombarded Antivari, Montenegro.

A small group of German soldiers who sought refuge on Dutch territory are to be detained at Altkamar, Holland, till the end of the war.

Ships reaching New York report hearing wireless messages that the North German Lloyd steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm had been captured by the British cruiser Essex in the North Atlantic.

The Belgian government is infused with spirit and vigor, and makes desperate efforts to reveal and frustrate the plans of the military authorities.

A German major was the first to cross the bridge entering Luxembourg. He found his way barred by a cabinet minister who turned his automobile across the bridge and taking a copy of the Berlin treaty from his pocket showed it to the major, who remarked:

"I am acquainted with it, but have orders which I must execute."

Immediately afterwards Marie Adelaide, grand duchess of Luxembourg, drove up in a motor car, which the chauffeur turned lengthwise across the bridge while the duchess exclaimed:

"The neutrality of Luxembourg must be respected. I shall telegraph Emperor William."

The German officer answered, "You had better be home quietly."

When the commander of the Luxembourg army reconstituted, the German officer, pointing a revolver toward the commander, retorted: "If these are not your methods they are ours. Clear out."

Soon work of military destruction began. Villas and farm houses were demolished, says the correspondent and thick trees cut down for strategic purposes. From Luxembourg to Rodange the fields are devastated and houses razed. Trenches have been dug and whoever casts a glance are arrested as spies.

(Continued on Page Two.)

SLAV ARMIES ARE MARCHING INTO DUALMONARCHY

Servian and Montenegrin Forces Have Begun Invasion of Southern Austria.

BELGRADE BOMBARDMENT ON

Eight Austrian Regiments Are Reported to Have Crossed Lake Constance.

BOUND FOR GERMAN PROVINCE

Thirty Thousand Men Are at Basel on Their Way to Alsace.

OFFICERS DRAW MOST FIRE

Their Distinctive Uniforms Put Wearers in Unusual Peril

INVASION OF LUXEMBURG

German Throwing Large Force into France Through Neutral Duchy—Forests and Villages Razed.

NISH, Servia, Aug. 10.—The Austrian bombardment of Belgrade has continued for the last four days. The heavy guns caused severe damage to private property, but were less effective yesterday when the firing was from a great distance.

The Servian army is being rapidly organized and has begun to take the offensive by penetrating Bosnia near Pribor and Visegrad.

The Montenegrin forces occupied Spizza, Pachtrovitz and Budua, on the Dalmatian coast and also carried by assault etika and lenokos, surrounding belgrids.

The German minister, before he left Paris, after receiving his passports, entrusted the care of German and Austrian subjects to the American consul.

ROME, Aug. 10.—(Via Paris, 5:30 a. m.)—Eight Austrian regiments are reported to have crossed Lake Constance, en route for Alsace.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—(6:10 a. m.)—The Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company forwards a dispatch from Basel, Switzerland, saying that the Austrian troops have arrived there, coming by way of Constance. They comprise 30,000 men of the Fourteenth corps, under command of the grand duke of Tuscany, which were withdrawn from Tyrol to prevent them being sent against the Servians.

They will reinforce the German troops encamped at Astein, where the Germans are massing on the hills and in the fortifications following the French success in Alsace.

During the fierce fighting of the last few days, says a dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Brussels, a large number of officers, as compared with privates, were disabled owing to their distinctive uniforms. A great many surgeons, in particular, fell.

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(Continued on Page Two.)

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair, slightly cooler.

Table with columns for hours and degrees. Includes 'COOLER' and 'Comparative Local Record'.

A True Story

The first dollar John Wansmaker ever took in as a merchant he reinvested in newspaper advertising. His business has expanded year by year, and after trials of every sort of medium he has found the newspaper to be the best result producer for the smallest cost. National advertisers are now realizing that what the newspapers will do for their retailer they will do for them. Both consumer and dealer are influenced when a nationally made article of standard merit is advertised in the newspapers.