

American Ambassadors in European War Zone



Left to Right: Ambassador Walter Pate (England), Ambassador James Gerard (Germany) and Ambassador Myron T. Herrick (France). American ambassadors abroad find themselves very busy these days. Not only are they confronted with the problem of getting American travelers back to the United States without endangering their lives, but they have also been requested to watch over the embassies of the warring nations in each others capitals.

Initial Autumn Exhibit of Fall Styles

The most famous designers have at last produced what are now to be the styles this Fall. Our buyer spent over a month in New York before sending us a single Fall style.

The result: Never in our history have we been able to show so complete a line of acceptable Fall styles as now. You will appreciate the suits for \$29.50, \$32.50, \$35.00, \$37.50, \$39.50, \$45.00, \$49.50, \$57.50 \$60.00 and \$65.00.

The Store for Shirt Waists

Always has something new and at a reasonable price.

Our Annual August Linen Sale

- Extra Special Napkins \$4.00 Fine Bleached Napkins at \$2.89 a dozen \$3.50 Fine Bleached Napkins at \$2.48 a dozen \$1.75 hemmed Silver Bleached Napkins \$1.19 a dozen

Sale Real Hand Embroidered Hemstitched Napkins All \$7.50 and \$8.00 Embroidered Tea Napkins \$6.75 a dozen All \$5.00 Embroidered Lanch Cloths, to match \$3.75 each

MONDAY MORNING

we will place on Special Sale a lot of Odd Fine Table Cloths, mostly large sizes, at just 1/2 price.

SALE ODD CLOTHS

- Three \$10.00 2 1/4 x 2 1/4 -yd. Cloths, Monday only at \$5.00 each One \$8.75 2x3-yd. Cloth, Monday only \$4.38 One \$12.00 2x3 1/2 -yd. Cloth, Monday only \$6.00 Four \$12.00 2x4-yd. Cloths, Monday only \$6.00 each Two \$20.00 2 1/2 x 3 -yd. Cloths, Monday only \$10.00 each Two \$25 2 1/2 x 3 1/2 -yd. Cloths, Monday only \$12.50 each One \$30.00 2 1/2 x 4 -yd. Cloth, Monday only \$15.00 One \$45 2 1/2 x 3 1/2 -yd. Cloth, Monday only \$22.50 Four \$12.00 2 1/4 x 2 1/4 -yard cloths, Monday only \$6.00 each One \$15.50 2x3-yard cloth, Monday only \$6.75

Long Washable Kid Gloves

12 and 16 button length white Washable Kid Gloves will give you better service than any other summer gloves. These goods are of the finest quality and are guaranteed washable. If you have not yet worn washable leather gloves, ask us to show you them. Prices \$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair.

WAR SALE OF SOROSIS SHOES

The acute situation in Europe has caused the cancellation of sailings of most of our Trans-Atlantic steamers and has left several large shipments of Sorosis Shoes for Paris, Berlin and Vienna and St. Petersburg on the wharves; also, many orders for other foreign ports were finished and ready to ship, and others in the process of manufacture.



SOROSIS SHOES

have been for many years the international shoe and thousands of pairs are shipped abroad every month.

For the reason the outlook is so serious and, because shipments will be indefinitely delayed, and also because these export shoes are reasonable goods, it has been decided to offer them for sale in this country.

We have been very fortunate in securing a large lot of these Sorosis Shoes and the co-operation of the manufacturers, who say, "Mark the prices low for quick clearance." You can always find nameless shoes of unknown origin at all sorts of so-called reductions, but a clearance sale of Sorosis Shoes, standard in both quality and price, is an entirely different proposition.

This sale includes Boots, Oxfords, regular Pumps, Colonial and Regent Pumps, in all leathers and fabrics.

\$4.00 to \$9.00 values. War Sale Prices \$2.95 \$3.15 \$3.85 \$4.75 \$4.95 \$5.75

Thompson Belden & Co. HOWARD AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

GERMAN TORPEDO FLOTILLA RAIDS SHIPS IN Humber.

(Continued from Page One.)

Accept Misfortune Quietly. The spirit in which the British people are taking the war has found expression in their acceptance of the cruiser Amphion with 130 men. In a lesser conflict it would have been mourned as a disaster. Today it is regarded as a regrettable but not unexpected incident.

The papers record the matter neither the largest headlines nor extended expressions of regret. A victory in the North sea which were circulated Thursday night raised false hopes which the admiralty promptly dispelled.

Last night there was another of the great gatherings before Buckingham palace, which have come to be nightly expressions of the loyalty and enthusiasm of the people. The oration before the Italian embassy organized by members of the West End clubs was followed by demonstrations throughout the West End by the younger men of the community. These took the form of rejoicing over the reported Belgian successes and continued into the early hours today. The greater number participating in many instances were Belgians and Frenchmen who carried the flags of their countries and cheered mightily. The business sections of the town display few flags and even soldiers march through the streets without attracting special notice. An on-looker said:

The temper which we are in cannot be expressed better than in the words of the great American, Abraham Lincoln, "with malice toward none, and with charity for all."

The Nation, which is the organ of the pacifists, says: "There is but one substantial hope of avoiding a second return of Europe to barbarism. That lies in setting up in each afflicted country a reign of modified socialism. This partial reorganization may be affected by the action of states and municipalities in regulating employment and food supplies."

Many German Spies Arrested. The authorities hold that there is certainly no malice being shown toward the 30,000 Germans who remain in England. The war office believes that the Germans have maintained for several years the largest and best organized system of espionage that any nation ever supported against another. Consequently the police have arrested a large number of Germans. About fifty were rounded up yesterday.

The police took possession of the residence at Marefield of Prince Munster of Doranburg, who left for Germany on the declaration of war. They also raided the German machinery works at Sanford and seized a number of rifles and some ammunition. Thirty-two Germans at the plant were arrested.

How street police station is housing a small armory of weapons which have been taken by the police from the homes of Germans.

GERMAN HOST TO AID HALTING ARMY

(Continued from Page One.)

steam tramway bridges on the Tongeren Bilzen line. Mighty Spectacle. "Eye-witnesses described to me as a mighty spectacle the orderly advance of the German army which rolled slowly along down the slope toward the river bringing a host of machine guns and motor wagons, the cavalry riding through the growing corn.

"On the flags appeared the date, '1871.' The troops are in neat green uniforms and magnificently equipped. A pitiful spectacle was provided by fifteen prisoners, apparently farmers, marching with bowed heads and hands bound behind their backs.

Three Hours to Pass. "Suddenly an aeroplane swooped from the clouds, flying low and sped away in the air direction of Liege. For three hours the troops passed west and south as far as the eye could see. They conversed laughingly with the Dutchmen on the other side of the frontier and asked newspapers, which were given them, but the moment a Dutchman stepped over the frontier 'present pistols' was given and he sprang back to safety.

"During the river Meuse fighting one German regiment fired on the rear of another killing twelve and wounding twenty men.

RIVAL AEROPLANES PATROL FRONTIER

(Continued from Page One.)

great circles until at last he was beyond the range and swept straight off to safety."

A dispatch to the Times from Brussels tells of the experience about Liege during the early fighting of two military aviators. "On Thursday morning," the aviators are quoted as saying, "we rose at 7 o'clock to a height from which we could see the German artillery, backed by constantly increasing forces of infantry, firing at the Belgian forts. Because of the high wind we could not get up above the clouds and our machines made an attractive target for the invaders, who immediately opened fire on us as we approached their position.

"We whirled about and started back for our own territory, when, to our dismay, the outer forts of Liege, not knowing who we were, also let go their shots at us.

"We went through a terrible ordeal. Shrapnel burst to the right and left of us and under us. The wings were pierced slightly several times.

"The concussion of the shells, bursting in the air, caused the plane to rock like a lifeboat in a heavy sea. We managed to alight safely in Wademme in our own country."

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Portugal Takes Side of England

(Continued from Page One.)

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LONDON, Aug. 8.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Lisbon says that at a meeting of Parliament today the declaration was made that Portugal would place itself unconditionally on the side of England, according to the terms of its ancient treaty. The declaration was received with enthusiastic cheering for France and England.

Premier Machado, in announcing the attitude of the government, said: "According to our alliance, we have duties which we in no way fail to realize."

Portuguese warships have been ordered to prepare for a cruise around the coast and foreign shipping in Portuguese ports has been notified to remove its wireless installation.

It is reported that the war office has ordered the mobilization of three military divisions.

Belgian Officials Describe Fighting in Vicinity of Liege

(Continued from Page One.)

PARIS, Aug. 8.—(1:30 p. m.)—An official account of the fighting at Liege, Belgium, issued today, says: "The German columns crossed the Belgian frontier during the night between August 3 and 4.

"German cavalry came into contact with the Belgians' advanced posts to the east of the forts at 3 p. m., August 4. "The plan of attack developed during the day of August 5. Each German column had a different objective, Forts Fleron, Barchon and Evigne constituting the northeastern section, being the first point while the second column attacked the southeastern section comprising Forts Bonnelles and Embourg.

"The first attack of the northeastern German columns was made on the left. It attacked Fort Fleron itself and the intervening space between Forts Fleron and Evigne and also the interval between Forts Fleron and Chandorfaine.

"The attack from the beginning was without dash. The artillery fire from the forts was heavy and well placed.

"The Belgian attack from the interval between the forts was energetic. The German offensive movement soon was checked and the engagement then became an artillery duel, the Belgian guns having a deadly effect on the German forces.

"A German column attacking Fort Barchon spread out into a fan-shaped formation to the extreme right and followed around the fort. It made for the city but the Belgian reserve brigade delivered a prompt counter attack and threw the Germans back in great disorder. Their losses were enormous.

"The German heavy artillery fire was concentrated against Fort Barchon but seemed badly directed. The heavy Belgian artillery dominated the German fire and destroyed two of their heavy guns."

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FRENCH TROOPS ARE HELPING IN LIEGE DEFENSE

(Continued from Page One.)

mandeering of large liners and the stoppage of the cross-channel passenger traffic that a British expeditionary force probably would soon depart. The possible destination of this expedition could not be ascertained and the report from Paris announcing that the landing of British troops had evoked enthusiasm carefully hid the place of their embarkation.

President Poincare also gave out the news, in his message to King Albert of Belgium, that French troops were "shedding their blood with the Belgians on the battlefield today."

The fighting around Liege, although regarded in military circles as important, is considered as merely an opening movement in the campaign, the plan of which has been kept well hidden by both German and French commanders-in-chief.

Three Corps Cut to Pieces.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 8.—(Via London, Aug. 6.)—The war office has issued an official statement saying that 125,000 Germans participated in the assault on the forts at Liege, but that they completely failed to make any impression on the fortifications. Three army corps engaged in the attack were cut up and rendered useless, it is declared.

"For many days," reads the statement, "our little army, by tenacity and courage, rendered highly valuable service to the French army, which for some days under forced march, has been hurrying to our assistance and now occupies a considerable portion of our defenses."

German Lack Enthusiasm. "Hundreds of German prisoners have been captured. These are chiefly cavalrymen. The spirit of the German soldier lacks enthusiasm. They appear to be fighting lethargically, while their officers endeavor to pass themselves off as Frenchmen."

The operations of the Germans were based on the hypothesis of rapid success. Consequently they were organized with little regard for provisioning the army. The Belgians retarded the advance for seventy-nine hours, with the result that their army was increased with troops destined to reinforce Liege.

The confidence of the Belgians has been increased by the suspension of hostilities requested by the Germans. King Albert in an order to the third division and the fifteenth mixed brigade, who assisted in the heroic defense of Liege, took occasion to salute them and the army in the name of the nation.

Battle in Luxembourg. LONDON, Aug. 8.—(7 a. m.)—According to late dispatches this morning quite an important engagement between French and Germans occurred in Belgian Luxembourg. The Eteric Beise of Brussels learns

from an official source that no decision has been reached on the question of an armistice at Liege, an engagement having begun elsewhere.

Another report states that an armistice of two hours only was granted the Germans in order that they might collect their wounded.

An official communication issued at Paris states that the troops in the fortress of Liege being sufficient, for the defense of the town, an active division mobilized at Liege, has joined the army in the field.

English military critics in London papers comment on the failure of the tactics of the German infantry exhibited in their frontal attacks on the Liege forts, in which they were repulsed. It is contended that the Germans learned nothing from recent wars and still adhere to methods adopted in the Franco-German war.

Big Movements Concealed. No hint has yet been given as to the position of the bulk of the twenty-four German army corps or of the twenty-one French army corps. It is known that several of the German corps are near the Russian frontier. The organization of other corps from the immense body of reserves must have occurred since the mobilization. These probably have taken the places in interior fortified cities of the soldiers of the active army, who are, it is assumed, now preparing to make their first dash at the enemy.

It is pointed out by military men that any decisive offensive movement by the German or French army, will involve several hundred thousands of men on each side, whose contact will throw into the shadow the fight at Liege.

Reports from many quarters record further captures of merchant vessels sailing under the German flag, while the presence of contact mines, even in neutral waters, was shown in today's wreck of a Norwegian steamer in the Zuides Zee, in the Netherlands.

What is happening in the African colonies of Germany, France, Belgium and Great Britain is not known, as news from those places appears to have been suppressed, probably owing to the occupation of the cables by government communication.

Poincare Praises Belgians. BRUSSELS, Via London, Aug. 8.—(11:30 a. m.)—President Poincare in informing King Albert of the decoration of the "Valent city of Liege" with the cross of the Legion of Honor, today said: "The government of the French republic wishes to honor the courageous defenders of Liege and the whole Belgian army with which, since this morning, the French army is shedding its blood on the battlefield."

According to reports received here from Liege several German regiments marched into battle under the Belgian flag, and wore Belgian cockades in order to deceive the defenders.

WIRELESS COMMUNICATION WITH GERMANY OPEN

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Theodore R. Lempke, manager of the wireless station at Tuckerton, N. J., announced today that the station has established direct communication with the wireless station at Hanover. He telegraphed Secretary Bryan to this effect and has offered to place the office at the State department.

Treasury Places Order for Silver

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The Treasury department today gave orders to the San Francisco mint to buy 200,000 ounces of silver at 55 cents an ounce. Officials hoped this action may relieve to some extent conditions in the silver market which has been much affected by the European war.

Everybody reads Bee Want Ads.

Health Depends on Condition of Kidneys

You cannot obtain life insurance unless the doctor makes an examination to determine the health of the kidneys. Outside of the few questions he may ask, this is considered one of the vital points upon which your physical condition is determined. Yet many people think that because they passed this test successfully, months or even years ago, there is nothing the matter with their kidneys today. A similar test might prove them to be in a diseased condition. The cause of backache, headache, swelling of the extremities, dizziness, etc., may be directly traced to improper kidney action. Persons suffering from diseases caused by failure of the kidneys to perform their office should take Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy at once. It gives strength to the system by building up the weakest in the body. Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy is an exceptional medicine and is worthy of your consideration. It is sold by all druggists in 50c and \$1.00 sizes. A free sample and other valuable information if you write Warner's Safe Remedies Co., Dept. 332, Rochester, N. Y.

Advertisement for Dr. Todd's New Sanitary Dentistry, featuring illustrations of teeth and a dental chair.

Advertisement for Dr. Mach & Mach, The Dentists, located at Third Floor Paxton Block, Corner 16th and Farnam Streets, Telephone Douglas 1085. Includes illustrations of dental work.