

HOUSE FAILS TO PASS ALIEN BILL OVER VETO BY 5

Friends of Immigration Measure Unable to Override Wilson's Disapproval of the Literary Test.

TWO MEMBERS VOTE PRESENT

Two Hundred Sixty-One in Favor of Proposed Law and Hundred and Thirty-Six Against.

JUST FIVE MORE NECESSARY

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The attempt to pass the immigration bill over the veto of the president, failed in the house late today, the vote being 261 in favor of overriding the veto and 136 against it.

How Nebraska Voted. Representatives Barton, Kinkaid and Stephens of Nebraska, voted to override the president's veto, while Lobeck, McGuire and Sloan, voted to sustain the president.

This is just about the position these men occupied two years ago, but with this difference, Judge Kinkaid two years ago voted against passing the bill over the veto of the president. Today he saw a new light.

Roumania Buys Ammunition in Italy

ROME, Feb. 4.—The Roumanian government has placed orders in Italy for a large quantity of ammunition, delivery to be made during April.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—There is no sign that Roumania will break its neutrality yet, says the Bucharest correspondent of the Times, although military preparations continue.

BIG ROBBERY PLOT IS UNCOVERED ON BORDER

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Feb. 4.—The arrest of one man and issuance of warrants for eight others, federal officers today declared would uncover a widespread plot of robbery that was intended to stretch from the Gulf of Mexico to Arizona along the Mexican border.

GERMAN AIRMAN FLIES OVER SWITZERLAND

BASEL, Switzerland, Feb. 3. (Via Paris, 5:30 p. m.)—Reports received here say that a German aeroplane today flew twice in succession over the town of Bonfol, Switzerland, about 15 miles south of Aitkirch, Alsace.

MARY ELIZABETH BRADEN, ENGLISH NOVELIST, IS DEAD

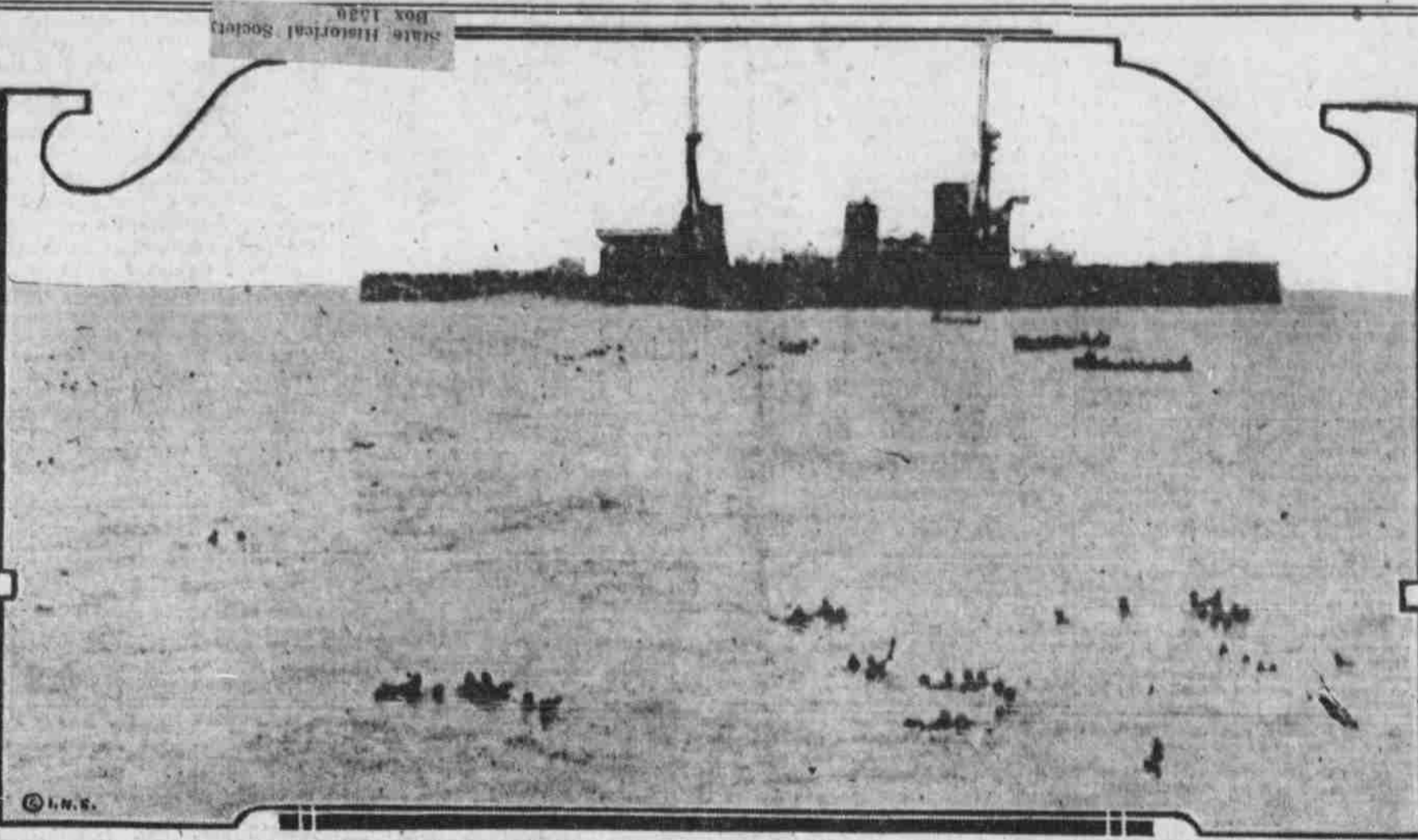
LONDON, Feb. 4.—Mary Elizabeth Braden, the English novelist, died today at her residence at Richmond-on-Thames, after a fortnight's illness. She was born in London in 1837.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity: Cloudy; colder.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday. Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. 27 6 a. m. 27 7 a. m. 27 8 a. m. 27 9 a. m. 27 10 a. m. 27 11 a. m. 27 12 m. 27 1 p. m. 27 2 p. m. 27 3 p. m. 27 4 p. m. 27 5 p. m. 27 6 p. m. 27 7 p. m. 27

NAVAL FIGHT OFF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS—Final scene in the battle between the German and British fleets. This photo was made from the crow's nest of H. M. S. Invincible. The captain of the German flagship refused to surrender. The rescue boats are setting out from the British dreadnaught to pick up survivors, who are seen swimming in the sea. The victors saved 160 lives.



ANOTHER BLIZZARD ON WAY EASTWARD

Heavy Snow, with Moderate Temperature, Sweeps from Northwest, Blocking Traffic.

DUE IN OMAHA THIS MORNING

Fanned by a fifty-mile gale the worst blizzard of the year swept into Nebraska from the northwest yesterday. Wire communication and train service were completely demoralized in its path.

Worst in Many Years. Burlington railroad officials in Lincoln described the storm as the worst experienced for many years, covering northwestern and central Nebraska.

RAILROADS FEAR FLOODS MAY COME

Heavy Rainfall and Melting Snow Fill the Omaha Officials with Apprehension.

ARE TAKING PRECAUTIONS NOW

The weather conditions throughout the west are causing the operating officials of the railroads centering in Omaha considerable anxiety and precautions are already being taken to prevent possible damage by floods.

Other Trains Stalled

Two other trains on the Palmer branch of the Burlington are tied up, with slight prospects of getting out for twenty-four hours.

STURGIS, S. D., Feb. 4.—(Special Telegram.)—After a heavy thaw caused by chinook winds yesterday, a terrific blizzard has been raging here all day today, with no signs of abatement.

DESCENDANT OF WILLIAM PENN KILLED IN BATTLE

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Viscount Northland, son of the earl of Ranfurly, a descendant of William Penn, the founder of Pennsylvania, has died from wounds sustained at Ladbroke. Viscount Northland was born in 182. He served for several years with the Coldstream guards.

Kaiser's Fourth Son Has Broken Thigh

AMSTERDAM (Via London), Feb. 4.—Prince August Wilhelm, fourth son of Emperor William, is recovering from a double-splintered fracture of the lower part of the thigh, and several broken bones in his left leg, the Lokal Anzeiger states.

LETITIA ROCK, Ark., Feb. 4.—A bill to allow horse racing in Arkansas, under control of a state commission, and to permit the Pari-Mutuel system of betting was passed by the house and sent to the senate.

GERMANS CAPTURE THREE FRENCH TRENCHES, ONE BEHIND THE OTHER

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—(By Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The headquarters staff of the German army today gave an announcement on the progress of the war, which read as follows:

"Yesterday saw nothing more than artillery engagements on the front from the North Sea as far as Rheims. Further French attacks near Perthes were repulsed, with losses to the enemy."

"German forces yesterday delivered attacks at points north and northwest of Massiges and to the northwest of St. Menchould. They stormed three lines of French trenches, one behind the other, and occupied the principal French positions for a distance of two kilometers (one and one-half miles). All the French counter attacks, which were continued during the night, were repulsed. We took prisoner seven officers and 600 soldiers and captured nine machine guns, nine other guns of smaller caliber and much war material."

"In the middle Vosges there occurred yesterday the first encounter of German troops mounted on skis with French chassiers. The outcome was successful for us."

"In East Prussia Russian attacks against the German position south of the Memel river were driven back."

"In Poland, north of the Vistula there have been skirmishes between small detachments of German and Russian cavalrymen. At a point south of Sochaczew the Russians delivered repeated night attacks on our positions. They were forced to retire with heavy losses. The German advance in the vicinity of Bolimow is progressing and this in spite of the violent Russian counter attacks. The number of prisoners we are taking is increasing."

"In the Carpathian mountains German and Austrian and Hungarian soldiers have been fighting shoulder to shoulder for some days past. We and our allies have been several times successful in this snow-covered mountainous country."

HORN GIVEN THIRTY DAYS AS A VANDAL

German Officer Pleads Guilty Before Maine Court to Destroying Property.

WILL BEGIN HIS TERM TODAY

VANCEBORO, Me., Feb. 4.—Werner Horn was today sentenced to thirty days in the county jail on conviction of having damaged property in this town by the explosion of dynamite under the international railway bridge.

Horn will be taken to the jail at Machias tomorrow morning. He was arraigned before Justice-George H. Smith, who earlier in the day had issued a warrant for his arrest.

Horn pleaded guilty. He was not represented by counsel and did not make application for bail.

Papers at State Department. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Great Britain's request for the extradition of Werner Horn, the German charged with dynamiting the Canadian Pacific bridge over the St. Croix river, rested in the State department where officials began a study of the papers.

Unusual Case. While officials consistently declined to discuss it, it will be some time and only after most careful investigation before the case is put on its course.

Officials pointed out it was a most unusual and complicated case and one of the most interesting legal questions that had arisen since the outbreak of the war.

When the evidence is received by mail the application for extradition and evidence will be sent to the local magistrate in Maine where Horn is held on charges preferred by the state. The secretary of state finally, however, has discretionary power and if he has reason to believe that a prisoner may be tried for a political offense he withholds extradition.

Whether Horn's act was a violation of American neutrality was discussed among officials as that question might raise another complication in the proceedings.

AN INVESTMENT of \$5,000 carries with it position of secretary and treasurer, growing Omaha corporation.

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LAUDED ECONOMY THROWN TO WINDS

House Members Disregard All Ideas of Saving and Crowd Measures Without End Into Grist.

SOME WOULD BEGIN SIFTING

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 4.—(Special.)—Economy is a good thing—when someone else practices it. This is evidently the theory on which some members of the house are proceeding, only they do not complete the sentence save in a whisper.

Early in the session much was heard about saving money, shortening the session, holding business-like deliberations and having just one legislature in the history of the state proceed on an efficiency basis.

Now this is all a dream. The great flood of bills shoved over last night spells overtime in the session, means cluttering of the files and impeding the ways of necessary business by a host of unimportant matters.

The Total Mounts High. When the time came last night for the end of introduction of bills, the senate had put over just 236 bills, as against 47 at the last session. In the house 748 bills were introduced, as against 871 at the last session.

When it came to the scramble economy was forgotten and 276 bills were placed on file on the last day, the jam being so great that an evening session had to be called when 102 bills were forced into the already crowded hopper.

It is estimated that it costs on an average of \$9 per bill to have them printed. On the same percentage that the senate cut down its bill introducing this would have made the house about 500 bills or its file. This would mean that about 250 bills were put across, which had the real economy of the senate been practiced would not have gone in. These bills cost the state probably \$2,000 to print alone.

What it Costs. Taking the estimate of a legislative official for it that \$9 would be an average cost per bill for printing the bills, the senate bills have cost the state for the session \$2,064, while the house bills have cost the taxpayers \$6,732.

After loading up the files the house immediately proposed a sifting committee, but it was thought a little too early for this and the matter went over.

Assassination is Pretext, Not Cause of Outbreak of War

LONDON, Feb. 4.—"Until the revelations were made in the ministerial statement before the Italian Parliament the other day we had no knowledge that Austria-Hungary contemplated hostile action against Serbia in 1914," Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, told the House of Commons today. The fact that hostile action against Serbia was contemplated in 1913 shows that the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, which occurred in 1914, was not the cause, though it was made the pretext of the war.

Bryan Will Make Eight Speeches in Indiana Capital

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 4.—Eight speeches were before Secretary of State William J. Bryan when he arrived today for a two-day visit. Mr. Bryan will be the guest of Governor and Mrs. Ralston and will have luncheon Friday at the home of United States Senator John W. Kern.

The final and probably most important speech of the trip will be made Friday night at the Transportation Association club banquet, where he will talk on "The Railroads' Relations to the Business World." Secretary Bryan will leave for Washington late tomorrow night.

JAPANESE CRUISER NOW BREAKING UP

Asama, Which Took Part in Togo's Fight in War with Russia, Wrecked.

FIVE HUNDRED MEN ON BOARD

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Rear Admiral Howard, commander of the Pacific fleet, reported to the Navy department from his flagship, San Diego, that the Japanese cruiser Asama, with 500 men, was wrecked about 350 miles south of Port Barotome and was breaking up.

No further details were given in Admiral Howard's dispatch and nothing was said of the fate of the crew. The Asama, a sister ship of the Tokiwa, is 442 feet over all, with a beam of sixty-seven feet and capable of making twenty-one and a half knots. It has 18,000 horsepower and is armored with Harvey nickel steel. It was built in Elswick, England, in 1898, and carries four eight-inch guns, fourteen six-inch guns and twelve three-inch guns, four torpedo tubes below the water and one above. Its complement is 500 officers and men.

As the San Diego was at the city of San Diego, Cal., today, naval officials assumed that the admiral's message was sent from there on information received from an American vessel off Misenada.

Three Ships Near

At least three American warships are in the Asama's vicinity and under wireless orders from Rear Admiral Howard undoubtedly are acting by this time to help the Japanese cruiser. The collier Nanahau was at LaPaz on January 30; the gunboat Yorktown was at the same place the same day and the Cruiser Maryland was at Mazatlan. All those places are easily within range of the Asama's wireless if it had opportunity to use it and it is not unlikely that its (Continued on Page Three, Col. Three.)

Berlin Says British Ships Have Orders to Fly German Flag

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—(By Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—There has been published in Germany recently what purports to be a secret order issued by the British admiralty to British merchant ships instructing them to make use of neutral flags and German papers. Today, including the Kreuz Zeitung, the Vossische Zeitung and the Tageblatt all are referring to this alleged order. A characteristic comment is found in the Kreuz Zeitung, which says:

"What is this command but an admission by the English that we are unable longer to protect our flag." Furthermore, it is a gross violation of international law and one of its consequences inevitably will be that neutral flags can no longer protect neutral shipping for the reason it will be impossible for German naval officers to tell whether it is borne rightfully or not. Consequently German submarines will have to direct their torpedoes also at neutral ships, if neutral powers do not see to it that this misuse of their flags, ordered by the British admiralty, does not take place."

Great Britain Will Continue to Bar American Sugar

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Prohibition of the sale of American sugar in this country was brought up in the House of Commons today by Sir James Dalziel, who desired to know why a neutral country should be debarred from sending sugar here, to the embarrassment of British manufacturers. The home secretary, Reginald McKenna, replied that sugar exported from America would be replaced with supplies obtained from an enemy of Great Britain.

"No, not in this case," Sir James retorted. "I have documentary proof of it," Mr. McKenna said.

O'Brien Testifies in Suit Against the Glucose Trust

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 4.—An alleged promise that independent candy manufacturers "would be treated fairly" if they bought their glucose from the Corn Products Refining company, was reported by David J. O'Brien of Omaha, with the taking of testimony here today in the government suit to dissolve the company.

O'Brien said that five years ago he was one of a group of independent manufacturers who requested E. T. Bedford, president of the Corn Products Refining company, to raise the price of candy so independents could compete. Mr. O'Brien said Mr. Bedford did not give a definite answer.

One German Town Refuses American Christmas Gifts

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 4.—(Via London.)—According to the Lokal Anzeiger, the war committee at Zwickau, Saxony, has adopted a resolution to decline the Christmas gifts of the American people on the ground that the American neutrality in the war is merely hypocritical, since supplies of arms and ammunition are being sent to Germany's enemies.

KAISER DECLARES ENGLISH WATERS ARE A WAR ZONE

Those Around Great Britain and Ireland, Including Channel, Proclaimed Such After February 18.

ALL FOE SHIPS THERE DOOMED

Neutral Vessels in This Territory Also in Danger, Manifesto Asserts.

PERIL REGIONS ARE ANNOUNCED

The Day's War News

GERMAN ATTACKS have been resumed in several sections of the western battlefield and according to today's official communication from Berlin one of these movements in the Argonne has resulted in a victory of importance. Three lines of trenches were stormed, and the statement is made that the principal French positions for more than a mile were taken.

GERMANY notified the United States that American vessels should avoid the north and west coasts of France. The State department at Washington believes that this action is intended as a warning against mines rather than as equivalent to the declaration of a blockade.

BELGIAN TROOPS still defending the little strip of their country not in possession of the Germans since more are bearing the brunt of fighting in the west. Unofficial Amsterdam reports state the Germans again are attacking along the Yser.

STRUGGLE IN THE EAST is increasing in severity as the Austro-German attack develops. Heavy fighting is in progress along practically the whole front, except in Bukovina. An official statement from Petrograd today reports a number of important victories for the Russians.

RUSSIAN AVIATORS bombarded three German submarine bases, another official report says. The said is described as successful, although no details are given.

SURRENDER of Lieutenant Colonel Kemp, the South African rebel leader, is expected at Pretoria to bring an end to the uprising.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—(By Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The German admiralty today issued the following communication:

"The waters around Great Britain and Ireland, including the whole of the English channel, are declared a war zone from and after February 18, 1915.

"Every enemy ship found in this war zone will be destroyed, even if it is impossible to avert dangers which threaten the crew and passengers."

Neutral Ships in Peril. "Also, neutral ships in the war zone are in danger, as in consequence of the misuse of neutral flags ordered by the British government on January 31, and in view of the hazards of naval warfare, it cannot be always avoided that attacks meant for enemy ships endanger neutral ships."

"Shipping northward, around the Shetland islands, in the eastern basin of the North Sea and in a strip of at least thirty nautical miles in breadth along the Dutch coast, is endangered in the same way."

Notice Extends the War Zone. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, notified the State department today that American vessels should avoid the north and west coasts of France.

The State department does not regard the notice as a formal declaration of blockade by Germany of the French coast. It is said that the mere presence of German submarines or the planting of German mines would not constitute a blockade which, according to long established principles of the State department, requires the maintenance of a fleet of (Continued on Page Three, Col. Three.)

We Know of a Man

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He is also making monthly payments on a good house, and while he is sacrificing pleasure and a good time, that man is going to be rich some day.

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