

RUSSIANS ENTER TRANSYLVANIA

Austrian Army is Reported to Have Hastily Evacuated the Whole of Bukovina.

TEUTONS ARE CAUGHT IN TRAP

PARIS, Jan. 9.—(The Russians have entered Transylvania, telegraphs from the Petrograd correspondent of the Matin. "The Austrians have hastily evacuated the whole of Bukovina," he added, "leaving open new roads for the Russian troops into the Hungarian provinces, particularly in the direction of the city of Maramoros-Siget, capital of the county of Maramaros, at the foot of the Carpathians, 215 miles northeast of Budapest.

GENEVA, Jan. 9.—(Via Paris.)—The Austrians have been caught in a trap skillfully set by Generala Ruzsky and Ivanoff, according to advices from a Hungarian source received here without first passing through the hands of the Austrian censor.

In conformity with the Russian plan, the advices say, the Austrian columns, pushing toward Nida river, found themselves stopped by dangerous marshy ground. At the same time the Russians attacking Cracow suddenly abandoned their original plan, but resumed their attack in a totally unexpected manner.

With the Russian army occupying the most important position of the Carpathians from the side of Bohemia the Austrian army can advance no further towards Warsaw for the only roads across the marshes are mined and strongly held by the Russians. On the other hand the Austrians are obliged to defend Cracow and because of the Russian maneuvers can only meet the Russians along the line from Wellczka to Bohemia, under the most unfavorable conditions.

The Austrian commander, being unable to discern whether the Russians intended to occupy Hungary or attack Cracow, or both, lost five or six days and it is now too late, the advices say, to carry out the movements of troops necessary to oppose the Russian maneuvers.

General Staff Statement.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 9.—An official communication given out by the general staff tonight says:

On the left bank of the Vistula front, at the villages of Borkin, Metairie and Moghly, the fighting has assumed a character more and more desperate. The Germans, notwithstanding the great losses they have sustained continue obstinate attacks at different points.

"In many places the enemy succeeded in occupying provisionally certain of our advanced trenches, but our vigorous counter attacks, followed ordinarily by bayonet charges, compelled the Germans to let go their hold. Thus, in the region of Metairie and Moghly, on January 7, we drove away the enemy, who rushed our advanced trenches, capturing seven officers and more than 100 men.

"In Bukovina we occupied on January 6 Kimpolung (in Bukovina near the Hungarian border) after an advance and fighting lasting eight days. Our troops during this fighting covered more than 120 verstas (about eighty miles) and finally crossed the mountain chain at the frontier between Bukovina and Hungary. During these operations we captured more than 1,000 Austrians and also took rich spoils of war.

"On the Black sea on January 3 our torpedo boats discovered a Turkish cruiser of the Medallid type, followed by a transport, sailing east and approaching Sinope, on the north coast of Asia Minor. Seeing themselves pursued, the Turkish vessels turned west in flight, but we followed and sank the transport. The cruiser escaped."

Stock Broker Kills Himself Because of Failure of His Firm

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—O. P. Stringer, Jr., junior member of the Stock exchange firm of Stringer & Co., shot himself and died instantly in his office shortly before the suspension of the firm was announced today on the floor of the Stock exchange.

The firm of Stringer & Co. was organized May 1, 1911, it consisted of O. P. Stringer, Sr., and his son of the same name. The younger Stringer recently had reached the age of 22 and been admitted as full partner. He was married. A few minutes before opening of the exchange today, Stringer, Jr., left his own office and entered that of the Guan Ajuato Development company, in which the firm of Stringer & Co. had an interest. When the exchange opened the failure was announced. Not long afterward the body of Mr. Stringer, was found.

To the amazement of those within the last few days was attributed the failure of the firm by C. A. Decker, its counsel. Mr. Decker said that Stringer & Co. had been "badly caught on the short side" of the market and had failed for about \$100,000.

Cummins Offers a Substitute for Wilson Ship Bill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A substitute for the administration ship purchase bill, authorizing the president to acquire vessels suitable for naval auxiliaries at a cost not exceeding \$20,000,000, for which Panama bonds would be sold, was introduced today by Senator Cummins. All such ships would be under the secretary of the navy instead of shipping corporation, as the administration bill proposes, and in times of peace those not needed by the navy force would be leased to those engaged in foreign commerce.

Sharp Battle in German Kamerun

PARIS, Jan. 9.—French troops from the Congo, who have been occupying Eden, in German Kamerun, have been attacked in force by a mixed detachment of German and native soldiers. The Germans were repulsed, leaving on the field seventy-four dead and wounded, one machine gun and fifty rifles.

This information is contained in an official telegram received by the French colonial office. The French losses in the engagement are described as trivial. The date of the fighting is not given.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" To get the genuine, call for full name, Imitative Bromo Quinine. Look for signature of E. W. Grove. Cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

Rain Interferes With Fight on Lys, is German Report

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—(By Wireless to London.)—The following official communication was given out today at army headquarters:

"On the western front there have been heavy rains, which seemed more like cloudbursts than anything else. Thunder was heard all day yesterday. The Lys at several places has overflowed its banks. "Several attacks of the enemy to the northeast of Souissons were beaten off, with severe loss to the French. A French attack also near Perthes, north of Châlons, was repulsed with severe loss to the enemy.

"In the eastern section of the Aronne our troops successfully stormed French positions and took 1,200 prisoners and some mine throwers and bronze mortars. A Lorraine battalion and the Hessian Landwehr particularly distinguished themselves in this fight. One of our advanced trenches, which we at the time were not occupying, near Flirey, was occupied by the French and at once was being shelled. All of the French occupants were killed.

"Both west and south of Senheim (Cernay) there is nothing to report. The French have been driven out of Burnhaupt-le-Haut and the trenches there into their old positions.

"Some 100 prisoners fell into our hands here.

"On the eastern front bad weather continues. The number of prisoners taken on January 7 by us was 2,000. Also seven machine guns were captured."

Paraguay Uprising is Crushed After a Few Hours' Fighting

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Details of the recently revolutionary outbreak at Asuncion, Paraguay, where rebels captured the president and held him a prisoner for twelve hours, were before state department officials today, in a delayed cablegram from American Minister Mooney. The law was summarized by the state department as follows:

"The advices state that the outbreak occurred at daylight on January 7; that the president was placed in captivity and that he was held for twelve hours. It is stated that at 5 o'clock in the evening of the second, the revolution was suppressed. All during the day there was shooting of muskets and a vigorous cannonading. It is reported that there were not more than seventy-five killed and wounded. The national theater was badly shattered and considerable damage done to private property.

"The Jaristas and Civicos, two political parties hostile to the administration are reported to have precipitated the outbreak. The officer who was temporarily in command of the artillery forces in the city of Asuncion took sides with the revolutionists. The leaders of the revolutionary disturbances were given refuge in the legation of Brazil and Uruguay.

"Telegraphing communication was interrupted at the time of the outbreak. The service is controlled by the government and it is said that at the time of the trouble of January 2 news was withheld from the public."

Americans Relieve Starving Children in Belgian Convent

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Herbert Clark Hoover, chairman of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, has received from the commission's representative in the Belgian province of Brabant, a pathetic account of the relief from imminent starvation of the inmates of the convent of the Soeurs Chateaux, near Louvain, comprising sixty-five nuns and 600 homeless children.

"For weeks the sisters had sheltered and fed the children and it was not until the supplies of the convent were almost exhausted that they sent an appeal to the commission for help.

"On receipt of the request for aid food was dispatched immediately to the convent. The delegate who accompanied the food was received by the mother superior in a tattered habit. The nuns greeted the American flag with tears in their eyes.

"Children in rags and with bare legs crowded about, asking if it were true that food was coming," the report says.

"Many of the larger children, with pale and sad faces, showed plainly the terrible experiences through which they had passed."

Redfield Presents Medals to Heroes of Volturno Rescue

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce, presented today to Captain Paul H. Krollbohm a watch, and thirty-nine officers and seamen of the Red Star line steamship Kronland medals awarded to them by congress for their rescue of eighty-nine survivors of the steamship Volturno, burned in mid-Atlantic on October 9 and 10, 1912. Each medal bore a draped figure pointing to a burning steamer.

LOST POSITION A REAL HAPPENING

Recently a young man lost his position—He could not learn why until a friend told him it was on account of his

DR. TAFT
DENTAL PARLORS
1517 Douglas Street.

ONE WEAK SPOT IN RESERVE SYSTEM

Dawes Says it Permits Same Money to Be Used for Foundation of Credits in Two Cities.

EXAMPLE OF JACKSON'S TIME

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—That the federal reserve bank law invests too vast a power in the hands of one man, the secretary of the treasury, and thus presents a element of danger which should be dealt with by congress, was the assertion made here today by Charles G. Dawes, former controller of currency, at a special meeting of Chicago financiers and business men.

"The speaker said that the utility of the reserve bank system in an emergency rests ultimately with the secretary of the treasury alone.

"The federal reserve banks," said Dawes, "are great credit-creating devices, using, as a foundation, money belonging to other banks and already in use by them as a foundation for existing credits. They have not as yet, to any extent, expanded their credits, but if they did and then for some reason were compelled suddenly to contract them, business disaster must ensue.

"The liquidation of the second bank of the United States, which resulted in the panic of 1837, is an historical illustration of this fact. The federal reserve law, as it stands at present, contains such provisions as are certain to involve it in political attack similar to that waged by Andrew Jackson against the second bank of the United States, and now is the time, before the reserves have issued large credits upon whose existence the prosperity of the country will become dependent, to criticize and amend the law."

"The speaker declared that developments might arise by which 'an Andrew Jackson of the future will again lay prostrate the commercial edifice of a great nation.'"

Offense to Speak French to Germans

BASEL, Switzerland (Via Paris), Jan. 9.—German martial law is described by Alsatians in Basel as "weighing heavily" upon their countrymen at home.

"They declare that the speaking of French is classified as an offense under the orders issued by the commanding generals of the Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Twenty-first German army corps, who cite the imperial laws of 1878 and 1882 to support their contention. The testimony of the children and servants is taken before courts-martial as proof of guilt of talking French.

"Personal feeling between pro-French and pro-German Alsatians is running high, visiting Alsatians declare. The local courts have great respect, recently to husbands and wives unable to live harmoniously because of their opposing national sympathies.

GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY SAVED TWO CHILDREN IN ONE FAMILY

About one year ago two of my children suffered badly from weak kidneys. They would have severe spells of dizziness and were all run down in health. I was just about discouraged. I tried several remedies and finally a doctor, but they did not seem to improve. I knew of a friend who was taking Swamp-Root for kidney trouble with good results and I decided to get some for the children. I had noticed that there was some improvement after they had taken two large bottles and continued to give it to them until they had taken one-half dozen bottles and were well on the road to recovery. I think Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root has done more for my children than any other medicine. I have tried and recommend it to anyone having children that suffer as mine did.

Very truly yours,
R. W. LIBENBY,
Dothan, Ala.

Personally appeared before me, this 24 day of July, 1909, H. W. Libenby, who subscribed to the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and fact.

A. W. LIBENBY, Notary Public.

Preve What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Omaha Sunday Bee. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Pianos for Rent \$3.50 a Month

Free tuning, insurance, stool and scarf. Rent allowed on purchase price if you decide to buy.

Schmoller & Mueller Piano Company

1311-13 Farnam St. Douglas 1023.

Typewriters For Rent

any make you want \$1 and Up Per Month Central Typewriter Exchange Inc. 307-309 South 17th. Phone Doug. 4121.

COAL AT CUT PRICES ROSENBLATT'S

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

Tomorrow (Monday) is the Day of the Great Petticoat Sale

Your choice of any petticoat in our store in two lots—
\$1.49 and \$2.45
ONE DAY—MONDAY ONLY.

Every petticoat in our stock goes at these reduced prices, including crepe de chine, evening petticoats, jersey petticoats, Kayser's glove fitting petticoats and Klosfit petticoats.

The Values Run as High as \$10.50 Monday in two lots—

8:30 A. M.
\$1.49 and \$2.45
NO EXCHANGES NO APPROVALS

The Great Importance of the January Linen Sale

SALE OF FINE BLEACHED TABLE CLOTHS.

- \$2.50 Table Cloths...\$1.75
- \$2.75 Table Cloths...\$2.00
- \$3.50 Table Cloths...\$2.75
- \$5.00 Table Cloths...\$3.75
- \$6.00 Table Cloths...\$4.00
- \$7.50 Table Cloths...\$5.00
- \$10.00 Table Cloths...\$6.98
- \$15.00 Table Cloths...\$10.00
- \$20.00 Table Cloths...\$15.00
- \$25.00 Table Cloths...\$17.50

JANUARY SALE HAND EMBROIDERED BED SPREADS.

- \$20.00 Hand Embroidered Spreads, \$10.00.
- \$15.00 Hand Embroidered Spreads, \$7.50.
- \$10.00 Hand Embroidered Spreads, \$5.00.
- \$8.75 Hand Embroidered Spreads, \$4.38.

JANUARY SALE FANCY LINEN 1/2 PRICE

These include Hand Embroidered Scarves, Center Pieces and Doilies, in Lace and Madeira Embroidery, at just HALF PRICE.

READY MADE ROLLER TOWELS.

- 100 dozen 50c Roller Towels, 35c each.
- 100 dozen 65c Roller Towels, 50c each.

WASH CLOTHS

- 8 1/2c Wash Cloths...3c
- 5c Wash Cloths...2c

The same wonderful values prevail this year as formerly despite existing conditions, and we urge every woman in Omaha and vicinity to take advantage of what is probably their last opportunity to replenish their stocks with really fine linens at reduced prices.

Extra Special

- \$10.00 3/4 John S. Brown & Son's Napkins, \$5 dozen
- \$4.75 7/8 John S. Brown & Son's Napkins, \$2.89 doz.
- 200 dozen 12 1/2c Huck Towels...5c each

BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK BY THE YARD

- \$1.25 Damask, \$1.00 a yd.
- \$1.50 Damask, \$1.10 a yd.
- \$1.75 Damask, \$1.25 a yd.
- \$2.00 Damask, \$1.50 a yd.

SALE OF FINE BLEACHED TABLE NAPKINS.

- \$1.75 Napkins...\$1.39 doz.
- \$2.25 Napkins...\$1.75 doz.
- \$3.50 Napkins...\$2.50 doz.
- \$4.75 Napkins...\$2.75 doz.
- \$5.00 Napkins...\$3.75 doz.
- \$7.50 Napkins...\$5.00 doz.
- \$10 Napkins...\$7.50 doz.
- \$15 Napkins...\$10.00 doz.

HUCK TOWELS.

- 45c Huck Towels...25c
- 50c Huck Towels...39c
- 75c Huck Towels...50c
- 1.00 Huck Towels...65c
- 1.50 Huck Towels...\$1.00

TURKISH TOWELS

- 45c Turkish Towels...25c
- 50c Turkish Towels...39c
- 85c Turkish Towels...50c
- 1.00 Turkish Towels...69c

The January Sale of Muslin Underwear Commences Monday

An event always appreciated by Omaha women because of the high quality of the undermuslin and the low prices.

Gowns, Skirts, Chemises, two and three-piece combinations, corset covers and drawers. Both women's and children's garments are included, every one from regular stock at prices lower than any ever before offered.

- Gowns, high neck long sleeves or slipover style, plain or trimmed. Regular \$1.00 Gowns...69c
- \$1.25-\$1.35 Gowns...89c
- \$1.65 Gowns...\$1.19
- \$1.75 Gowns...\$1.29
- \$2.25-2.35 Gowns...\$1.59
- \$2.75 Gowns...\$1.98
- \$3.50 Gowns...\$2.29
- \$4.00-\$4.25 Gowns...\$2.98
- \$5.75-\$5.85 Gowns...\$3.69
- \$8.50-\$10 Gowns...\$5.98
- Chemise and Combination Corset Cover and Short Skirt or Corset Covers and Drawers: \$1.00 values...79c
- \$1.25-\$1.35 values...98c
- \$2.25-\$2.35 values...\$1.59
- \$3.50-\$3.75 values...\$2.69
- \$7.00 values...\$4.98
- \$9.75 values...\$5.98
- White Skirts, lace and embroidery trimmed: \$2.35 Skirts...\$1.69
- \$3.50 Skirts...\$2.49
- \$4.50 Skirts...\$3.19
- \$5.25 Skirts...\$3.69
- \$6.00 and \$6.25 skirts...\$4.39
- \$8.00 and \$9.00 skirts...\$5.98



French, hand-made gowns, skirts, chemise, corset covers and drawers at greatly reduced prices. One matched set, gown and combination hand embroidered, cluny lace trimmed, regular price, \$17.00, for... \$12.50

SOROSIS SHOES Sorosis Shoe Sale

An Important January Event

Same quality at these reductions as when you pay the regular price.

500 pairs of suede, patent leather, tan, cloth top patents, dull kid, and dull calf.

Regular Prices, \$3.50 to \$4.50
All Go At One Price, \$2.95
Also, six styles from our regular stock, \$5 values, for... \$3.95

Yours truly,
A. E. LITTLE & CO.,
Makers of Sorosis Shoes.

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WINTER UNDERWEAR MUCH REDUCED IN PRICE.

Women's Wool Vests and Pants, regular prices, 85c and \$1.00, special, 65c.
Women's Fine Ribbed Mercerized Union Suits, regular \$3.00, special, \$1.65.
Heavy Cotton Union Suits, Sterling make, regular \$3.00, special, \$2.25.
Mercerized Cotton Union Suits, Sterling Make, regular \$3.50, special...\$2.50
UNDERWEAR SECTION—THIRD FLOOR.



January Sale of Sheets, Pillow Cases, Blankets, Comforts and Muslins

Basement

Special value in sheets and pillow cases for Monday:

- \$1.00 values, 72x90, seamless sheets, 79c each.
- \$1.10 values, 81x90, seamless sheets, 83c each.
- \$1.20 values, 81x90, seamless sheets, 89c each.
- \$1.30 values, 90x99, seamless sheets, 98c each.
- 28c values, 45x36 pillow cases, 21c each.
- 26c values, 42x36 pillow cases, 20c each.

The Suit Sale Monday

Your choice of any suit in stock for 1/2 price; Broadcloths, Serges, Gabardines, Velvets, included:

- \$75.00 Suits...\$27.50
- \$50.00 Suits...\$25.00
- \$25.00 Suits...\$12.50