

RUN FRENCH BACK ON VESSELS

Invaders Driven from Asiatic Side of Dardanelles to Their Transports.

REPORT IS FROM ATHENS

ATHENS, May 3.—(Via Wireless to London), May 3.—The French troops which landed on the Asia Minor side of the Dardanelles retired after a stubborn battle lasting two days.

Free of Invaders. It appears that the Turkish report that the Asiatic shore of the Dardanelles is free of the invaders was correct, the French having simply gone ashore there to make the landing of the British on the other side easier and, this accomplished, having been withdrawn, doubtless, to land at some other points. News of these operations is awaited with the greatest interest as, for the moment, they are considered among the most important of the war.

Turkish Statement. CONSTANTINOPLE (via London), May 2.—The following official communication was issued today: "The left wing of the enemy was attacked by us several times on the evening of May 1 from our positions near Gaba Tepeh, and driven back in a northerly direction toward Ari Bur Nu. "The enemy yesterday attempted an advance in order to avoid an effective flank fire by our artillery, but was driven back to his old positions by our bayonet attack.

Take Machine Guns. "During this operation we captured two machine guns and all the material and munitions landed by the enemy near Seddi Bahr. "By reason of our artillery fire the enemy is in an untenable position. "The enemy's ships have taken no further action against the straits. "An enemy aeroplane flying over the sea near Alexandretta was damaged by our fire and fell into the sea."

Mrs. Campbell Says Mrs. Lois Burkham is Her Daughter

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—The trial of the suit attempting to break the \$16,000,000 will of the late James Campbell, railroad financier, entered upon its third and probably last week in the circuit court here today. Judge Kinsey, at the last session, told the jury the case probably would be given to the jury Wednesday or Thursday.

Mrs. Florence A. Campbell testified today that in the early part of 1893, she expected to become a mother and was interested in pictures and "beautiful looks in the hope that she might thus influence the character of the child. Mrs. Campbell testified that Lois Campbell Burkham was born to her in the Grand Union hotel, New York, on March 17, between 8 and 9 p. m. Her husband and her aunt, Mrs. Mary Gilroy, were present, she said. Mrs. Campbell denied having told Baltimore Fairfax, a negro laundress, that Lois was not her child. A. J. Lubke, a newspaper reporter, testified that Mrs. Edith Blair, who testified a few days ago that her stepdaughter was the mother of Lois Campbell Burkham and that the stepdaughter now is the wife of an English duke, told him that her stepdaughter was dead. This testimony was introduced by attorneys for Mrs. Campbell on rebuttal of testimony given by Mrs. Blair in behalf of those who are seeking to have the Campbell will set aside.

John R. Lawson is Guilty of Murder in First Degree

WENDELL, Col., May 1.—The jury at 1:30 this afternoon returned a verdict pronouncing John R. Lawson guilty of murder in the first degree, fixing penalty at life imprisonment for the killing of John Nimmo, a deputy sheriff, October battle with strikers, October 25, 1912. John Richards, a juror, suddenly became ill. A physician was summoned and it was understood the indisposition of the juror was not serious. Judge Hilyer made public an anonymous threatening letter he received during the progress of the trial. The letter, which is rambling and in part incoherent, threatens the judges with death if Lawson and Louis Zancanelli, convicted of murder, are punished. The threats include "everyone on 28 Broadway down to the lowest."

Prize Winners in Peace Essay Meet

NEW YORK, May 1.—The prizes in the peace essay contest held by the Carnegie Church Peace Union, which closed January 1, were announced by the union today. The first prize of \$1,000 was awarded to the Rev. Galus Glenn Atkins, pastor of the Central Congregational church of Providence. The prize was offered to "the pastor of any church in the United States."

Bank Report Says Country Prospers

WASHINGTON, May 2.—General improvement in business conditions with "returning confidence," is announced today in the Federal Reserve board's digest of reports of agents in the twelve reserve districts into which the country is divided. Development of a strong, active securities market on the New York Stock exchange and considerable activity in certain industries in connection with the war are pointed out. The Chicago district report shows improvement, though not very pronounced outside of those lines profiting by war orders. Money conditions are said to be easy. In the St. Louis district demand for general merchandise has improved. Abundant crops are promised in the Kansas City district, with agricultural and horticultural conditions almost perfect. The supply of loanable funds far exceeds the demand in practically all sections.

WALSH ANSWERS JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER

Asserts He Has Violated No Confidences, as Charged by Oil King.

ONLY PITY FOR ROCKEFELLER

CINCINNATI, O., May 2.—Frank P. Walsh, chairman of the United States commission on industrial relations, in answering the charge of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., that he had made public private correspondence, stated today that no matter which has to do with breaking down the civic organism of the state or country can be called private. "If these letters that Mr. Rockefeller has sent to this commission are true," Mr. Walsh continued, "and I believe they are true, then I have violated no confidence, inasmuch as the facts in these letters show conditions which have not heretofore been given to this commission, and which I believe are vital to the understanding of the Colorado coal strike situation."

Pity for John D. "But I have nothing but pity for John D. Rockefeller, Jr. He is representing the greatest fortunes in the world, and I want to say in going this he does not do anything without first getting orders from Tarrytown. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is still managing all the mines in Colorado; he is still building up all of his investments the same as he did when building up the Standard Oil company. "And in this respect I want to say that if this commission did nothing more than open up the door of 28 Broadway it would have justified its existence. I believe the fortune of Rockefeller and the Rockefeller industries point the way to the solution of industrial unrest in the country today. I base this conclusion on what the commission has found out to be facts. The source of the potential employing power of the United States is almost entirely invested in New York City, and I might say it is almost subject to the will of one man, and that man is J. D. Rockefeller."

Sketches Situation. Mr. Walsh then sketched briefly the situation in Colorado. "Mr. Rockefeller in his letter to me stated that it appeared singular to him that I was one to disturb the industrial peace," continued Mr. Walsh. "If the trial of Lawson and the Ludlow massacre are industrial peace, then God forbid that we have peace. I fully agree with Mr. Rockefeller that the women and children at Ludlow were not shot, but were smothered to death, and I lay this at the door of the operators."

United States is Ready to Care for Italy's Interests

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Such advice as have come to the United States government within the past few days indicate that Italy's preparations clearly tend to her participation in the war at an early date. American diplomats in Europe, some of whom are in touch with the Italian situation, believe Italy's decision is now only a matter of days, and arrangements already are being made to accommodate Italian interests, should the emergency arise. If Italy should enter the war, it is understood, it would ask the American embassy in Vienna, Berlin and Constantinople to care for its diplomatic interests. The recent call to Rome of the Italian ambassadors accredited to Great Britain, France, Germany and Austria was generally taken to foreshadow Italy's final decision. In view of the developments of the last few days and the information obtained from official sources, diplomats here would not be surprised if the Italian ambassadors to Germany and Austria did not return to their posts. Count Macchi D'Cellere, the Italian ambassador to the United States, conferred today with State department officials, but said his visit had no connection with the European situation.

Barnes Told Reporter Refused Murphy Aid to Beat Primary Bill

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 2.—That William Barnes told him Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall had asked for help, in 1911, to defeat a direct primaries bill in the state legislature and that the then chairman of the republican state committee had answered he would refuse the aid asked and had remarked he would not pull the Tammany Hall leaders "chestnuts from the fire" was the testimony given in the supreme court here today by Walter F. Arndt, formerly Albany correspondent of a New York newspaper. Mr. Arndt was one of several witnesses who were placed upon the stand by the defense. Among them was Edward T. Platt, son of the late Thomas G. Platt, former United States senator. Mr. Platt produced several bundles of musty letters taken from the files kept by his father from 1899 to 1909.

Greatest Event in Woman's Life

All human experience looks back to motherhood as the wonder of wonders. The patience, the fortitude, the sublime faith during the period of expectancy are second only to the mother love bestowed upon the most helpless but most marvelous creation—a baby. Women are quick to learn from each other those helpful agencies that add to comfort, that conserve their nervous energy and yet are perfectly safe to use and among those they recommend "Mother's Friend."

HORLICK'S The Original MALTED MILK

Unless you say "HORLICK'S" you may get a Substitute. "Mother's Friend" is an external application designed to lubricate the broad, flat muscles and skin that protect the abdomen. It has been in favorable use for nearly half a century and is known to mothers in almost every settled community in the United States who highly recommend it. You will find it on sale in drug stores. "Mother's Friend" is utterly harmless, contains no deadening drugs and yet its influence in the skin and muscles beneath as also upon the network of nerves beneath the skin is very beneficial, very soothing and a wonderful help. The muscles expand naturally and are not subjected to unnecessary strain and pain. Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" today at any drug store and write to us for our instructive little book to mothers. Address: Bradfield Regulators Co., 418 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

GAS BOMBS PROVE TO BE BOOMERANG

German Soldiers Affected and Unable to Join in Charge Because of Vapors.

"EYE WITNESS" GIVES ACCOUNT

LONDON, May 3.—That the Germans used asphyxiating gases, not only on the first day of the battle of Ypres, but repeatedly afterward, and that many of their infantry were affected and unable to join in the charges, is declared by the British "eye witness" in his story of the latest stages of the battle. The turning point in the battle, he says, came on the afternoon of April 26, when, after the Germans had delivered a number of fierce assaults and had pierced the allied lines near Broodseinde, a strong combined counter attack was carried out by the French and British along the whole front, from Steenstrate to St. Julien. This caused a definite check to the German offensive, relieved the pressure and gained a certain amount of ground.

Great Volume of Fire. "During this counter attack," says the chronicler, "the guns concentrated by both sides on this comparatively narrow front poured in a great volume of fire. From the right came the roar of the British batteries; from the left the rolling thunder of the 'boisnieux Quinae' (French 7.5 centimeter gun), and every now and then, above the turmoil, rose a dull boom as a huge howitzer shell burst in the vicinity of Ypres. "On our right our infantry stormed the German trenches close to St. Julien, and in the evening gained the southern outskirts of the village. In the center they captured trenches to the south of Bois Des Cuisiniers, west of St. Julien, and still further west more trenches were taken. "The represented an advance of some 600 or 700 yards, but the gains in ground could not at all points be maintained. "Opposite St. Julien, we fell back from the village to a position just south of the place, and in front of the Bois Des Cuisiniers, and on the left of the line, a similar retirement took place. "The enemy made extensive use of his gas cylinders and machine guns placed in farms and at other points of vantage. Nonetheless, the situation at nightfall was more satisfactory than it had been. We were holding our own well along the line and had made progress at some points. On the right the enemy's attacks on the front of Gravenstafel ridge had all been repulsed.

French Achieve Success. "In the meantime the French had achieved some success, having retaken Lizerne and also the trenches around Het Sas, captured some 250 prisoners and made progress all along the west bank of the canal. "Heavy as our losses were during the day, there is little doubt that the enemy suffered terribly. Both sides were attacking at different points. The fighting was conducted very largely in the open, and the close formations of the Germans on several occasions presented excellent targets to our artillery, which did not fail to seize its opportunities."

German Aeroplanes Shell French Towns

PARIS, May 3.—German aeroplanes, doubtless in reply to the recent French air attacks on Friedrich Shafen, today bombarded various towns of eastern France. Four machines flew over Epinal, capital of the French department of Vosges, this morning and dropped twenty incendiary bombs. No one was hurt.

German Aeroplane Scouts Over Dover

LONDON, May 2.—A German aeroplane, coming from the direction of Ostend, spotted over Dover and Folkestone at noon today. It was driven off by gunfire. It is reported that a Zeppelin althip is traveling in the direction of England from the island of Vlieland, which is on the northern coast of the Netherlands.

Leon Occupied by Obregon

His Forces Also Are Advancing North Against Army of General Villa. OTHER SIDE DENIES REPORT. EL PASO, Tex., May 2.—An official Carranza bulletin from Vera Cruz said today that the forces of General Obregon had occupied Leon and were continuing their advance north against the main Villa army at Aguas Calientes. This, however, was denied in official Villa dispatches, which claimed victories at several points south of Leon. It was said also in the Carranza statement that the column under General Gonzalez has occupied the suburbs of Monterrey, the metropolis of eastern Mexico. Carranza troops invading Mexico City were reported to have defeated the Zapatista forces in recent fighting twenty miles from the capital, the enemy retreating into the city. General Angeles, Villa's artillery chief, has been reported officially in Villa statements to have occupied Leon, which lies on the Mexican Central railroad between Aguas Calientes and Irapuato, Obregon's base. Details of continued fighting below Leon were given today in a statement telegraphed to the border by General Villa's secretary. It was stated that in the fighting last week the Carranza advance was routed at several points around Trinidad, south of Leon, and that 800 Carranza dead had been picked up on the field. The body of General Francisco Murguia, a Carranza chief, was said to have been burned with other Carranza dead at Trinidad. Fresh troops are being sent south to take the place of those who have been holding the Carranza advance. It was stated: However, no general advance of the Villa forces, which must indicate an

Vienna Reports the Russians Repulsed

VIENNA (via London), May 3.—The following official communication was issued today: "In Russian planes the enemy has been repulsed in some sectors of our advanced positions, our troops reaching the wire entanglements at the principal points. "On the west Galician front of the Carpathians, the artillery has been active. "On the heights between Orava and the Opor valley we repulsed heavy attacks by the Russians and captured 200 prisoners. I (forward) we proceeded to attack a strong Russian point east of the height of Ostry and took several hundred Russian prisoners and machine guns. "In southeast Galicia and Bukovina there is no change in the situation."

Help the Stomach Digest Your Food

When the stomach fails to digest and distribute that which it eats, the bowels become clogged with a mass of waste and refuse that ferments and generates poisons that are gradually forced into the blood, causing distress and often serious illness. Most people naturally object to the drastic cathartic and purgative agents that shock the system. A mild, gentle laxative, positive in its effect and that will quickly relieve constipation is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, sold by druggists at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle. It does not grip or cramp, but acts easily and pleasantly and is therefore the most satisfactory remedy for children, women and elderly persons. For a free trial bottle write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 422 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.

There is no modification to report in the situation along the entire front. "Information received from a deserter is to the effect that for about two months engineers of the Krupp Gun Works have been directing in the suburbs of Dismude, a sector where there has been no fight for several months, the installation of a marine gun capable of firing a shell for a very long range. It is this gun which may have bombarded Dunkirk. The gun is believed to have a range of thirty-eight kilometers (23.5 miles). "Only nine shells were fired on the second and last bombardment of the French coast. There is reason to believe that the gun either has been damaged by a method of fire which the most powerful pieces do not resist a long time or that the continued presence of our aeroplanes has had the effect of stopping its fire. "On our side yesterday we bombarded one of the forts on the southern front of the entrenched camp of Metz."

BIG GUN SHELLING DUNKIRK IS SILENT

French War Office Asserts it is Believed Cannon Put Out of Action.

METZ FORT IS BOMBARDED

PARIS, May 3.—The official report given out today by the French war department says it is believed that the great German gun which twice has bombarded Dunkirk from a range of twenty-three and a half miles has been put out of action. It also announces the bombardment by the French of one of the German forts at Metz, the Lorraine capital. The text of the statement follows: "There is no modification to report in the situation along the entire front. "Information received from a deserter is to the effect that for about two months engineers of the Krupp Gun Works have been directing in the suburbs of Dismude, a sector where there has been no fight for several months, the installation of a marine gun capable of firing a shell for a very long range. It is this gun which may have bombarded Dunkirk. The gun is believed to have a range of thirty-eight kilometers (23.5 miles). "Only nine shells were fired on the second and last bombardment of the French coast. There is reason to believe that the gun either has been damaged by a method of fire which the most powerful pieces do not resist a long time or that the continued presence of our aeroplanes has had the effect of stopping its fire. "On our side yesterday we bombarded one of the forts on the southern front of the entrenched camp of Metz."

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Pray's \$35.00 Suits	Pray's \$30.00 Suits	Pray's \$25.00 Suits	Pray's \$22.50 Suits	Pray's \$20.00 Suits	Pray's \$18.00 Suits
\$17.50	\$15.00	\$12.50	\$11.25	\$10.00	\$9.00

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10 cents in the Kellogg WAXTITE package, which keeps the fresh, good flavor in—and all other flavors out.

HORLICK'S The Original MALTED MILK

Unless you say "HORLICK'S" you may get a Substitute.