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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
Cloudy

VOL. XLIV—NO. 267.

OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 26, 1915.

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## GERMANS TELL OF DRIVING THROUGH THE FRENCH LINES

Official Report from Berlin Says Fierce Rush Cuts Several of the Enemy's Trenches Near Moselle.

### TWENTY-FOUR OFFICERS TAKEN

British Unable to Withstand Attacks Near Ypres, According to Teuton Version.

### RUSS LOSING IN CARPATHIANS

BERLIN, April 25.—(By Wireless to London.)—Army headquarters gave out today the following report: "In the western theater of war we obtained further results at Ypres. The ground captured on April 23 north of Ypres was still retained yesterday in spite of the attacks of the enemy. Farther east we continued our attack and took by storm the Zolart farm southwest of St. Julien, as well as the villages of St. Julien and Kerseleers, and advanced victoriously toward Gravenstafel. During these engagements about 1,000 Englishmen were taken prisoners and several machine guns were captured. "A British counter attack against our positions west of St. Julien was repulsed early this morning with very heavy losses to the enemy. "West of Wiel attempts of the British to make an attack were quenched at every start by the fire of our artillery. "In the Argonne we repulsed an attack by two French battalions north of Four-De-Paris. "Heavy Defeat of French. "In the Meuse hills, southwest of Combrès, the French suffered a heavy defeat. We began an attack at this point and in the rush broke through many French lines lying one behind the other. The French attempted at night to take away from us the captured territory, but again failed with heavy losses to them. Twenty-four French officers and 1,800 men, with seventeen cannon, remained in our hands after these engagements. "Between the Meuse and the Moselle fighting at close range occurred only at certain places on our southern front, the fighting at Alliaux not having yet come to a conclusion. A French night attack in the wood of Lepretre failed. "In the Vosges a dense mist prevented all military activity yesterday. "Eastern theater of war. "The situation remains unchanged. Two weak attacks by the Russians west of Clechanow (near the East Prussian border) were repulsed. "In reply to bomb dropping by Russians on the peaceful town of Denburg, the railway junction at Blaystok was again bombarded by us. Twenty bombs were dropped. "French Report Fighting. "PARIS, April 25.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight: "To the north of Ypres the battle continues under conditions favorable for the troops of the allies. The Germans have attacked at several points along the British front from various directions, north, northeast and southwest, but they were not able to gain ground. "On our side we have progressed on the right bank of the canal through vigorous counter attacks. "On the rest of the front there is nothing to report. "Austrian Best Results. "VIENNA (Via London), April 25.—The following official communication was issued by the Austrian war office tonight: "On the Carpathian front, in the Orava valley, near Koziova, we have gained a new success. After a sap attack, executed with the greatest doggedness, our troops yesterday stormed the height of Ostry, to the south of Koziova. Simultaneously the Austro-German troops succeeded in gaining ground on and to the south of road 62, which the Russians had captured. "With the capture of Ostry height and Zwinn ridge, which was taken at the commencement of April, the reduction of the Russian positions which had been stubbornly defended for months on both sides of the Orava valley, is now accomplished. "There have been local artillery engagements in the other sectors of the Carpathian front. In Galicia and Poland it is generally quiet."

GENERAL SIR ARTHUR PAGET, leaving the palace at Nish, where in the name of King George he bestowed the Order of the Bath on the Serbian crown prince.



## ENGLISH OFFICERS PLACED BY KAISER IN SOLITARY CELLS

Ten Thus Imprisoned in Germany as Retaliatory Move for Extraordinary Treatment of Sub-sea Crews.

### FORTY-NINE IN THE BARRACKS

List Supplied to American Ambassador Gerard by the Imperial Government.

### SEVERAL OF ELEVATED RANK

LONDON, April 25.—There was received here today a list of the thirty-nine British officers placed in detention barracks, ten of them in solitary confinement, by the German government in retaliation for the declaration of Great Britain to accord honors of war to crews of captured German submarines. This list, which was supplied to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin by the German government, consists of the names of seven captains and thirty-two lieutenants. Included in the list are the names of Lord Garlies, Alexander Fraser, master of Saltoun; Lieutenant Goshen, son of Sir William Edward Goshen, former British ambassador to Berlin; Robin Grey, a nephew of the British foreign minister, and many sons of peers. Nearly all the prisoners belong to crack regiments.

## QUINBY WOULD ABOLISH SENATE

State Senator from Douglas County Does Not Have High Opinion of Some of His Colleagues.

### HOUSE IS OF HIGHER TYPE

"I want to conclude by saying that I am opposed to the system of a legislature composed of two houses; I think the senate should be abolished," said State Senator Laurie J. Quinby in his talk to the Omaha Philosophical society yesterday afternoon. "Think of the absurdity of one house going over all the details of a bill, with the arguments and all, with the facts and figures at hand, and then think of that bill being thrown into a grand new house that will go over the same ground with it. Think of that bill getting into the senate when the representatives who introduced it and knew its every detail are not able to be present in the senate to help it along, and then think of such a measure, especially if it be a progressive measure, getting up against a senatorial majority of nineteen wooden Indians as we had in this senate. Nineteen senators there were in the senate, hand-picked and hand-made, wooden Indians—mere clear signs of control by the corporation interests that it was utterly impossible to get anything of a progressive nature past them. "Block Progressive Legislation. "Senator Quinby talked for forty minutes, dwelling largely on the influences that blocked what he believed to be progressive legislation. "And all this was done by means of the nineteen wooden Indians," he repeated. "For they were a majority. They had no mind of their own. They dared not make a move except as they were told. They were the solid nineteen. Sixteen of them were democrats and three were republicans, but they were bound together with a tie that never gave way. The other fourteen senators were free agents, but always the solid nineteen wooden Indians held the majority. "He pointed out that when he had introduced a resolution proposing an investigation of certain lobbyists for the corporation, the next morning a resolution was introduced to expunge the investigation resolution, and that the nineteen voted for expunging. "Exposed by the Press. "And yet these lobbyists, whom I asked investigated, had been freely mentioned in the daily press as unlawfully lobbying for the public service corporations and the liquor interests. They represented the unseen government, the invisible government. But the nineteen (Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

## JESS WILLARD NOW OUT AFTER CASH

Champ Pagist Who Put Johnson to Sleep is Put His Money Into Farms and First Mortgages.

### APPEARS BEFORE FULL HOUSE

Jess Willard, in Omaha for exhibitions at the Gayety until Wednesday afternoon, is tending strictly to the business and financial perquisites of the world championship heavyweight title, now that he has discharged his duties as a candymaker by making the chocolate drop. "I started out to bring the title back to white men," asserted Willard, "and now that it is done, I'm going to make all I can and put it into farms, first mortgages and real estate, where it can't burn up, or blow away. "Jack Johnson advised me to save my money, and I've been getting lots of other advice, but I've gone flat financially two or three times, and don't need advice any more on how to keep my money. "Handles Smile Well. "Always smiling, except when he lets his winning smile wane to replace it with an even brighter one, Willard was met by a reporter before his first Gayety exhibition, and he affably leaned over to greet the mere mortal, after first ducking through his dressing room door to avoid the stare of admiring chorus girls. Then he draped his six-foot-six of giant muscle over one side of his room, and smiled. "Jones a Champ Maker. "Since Jess is not much of a talker, he gets help in that line from his manager, Tom Jones, who wears a braided suit, a silver headed cane and a big diamond, and is far famed himself as the maker of three champs—Billy Papke, Ad Wolgast and Big Jess. And Jones makes no bones about the fact that Jess is entitled to make all he can get, while the making is good. "In carrying out the idea, Willard and Jones cleverly left admirers "holding the sack" after the show, by leaving the Gayety by way of the front door, after allowing a big crowd to gather in the rear alley around an auto placed there as a "stall." The seekers of a free look didn't tumble to the situation until long after Jess and Jones had run out of the lobby, down the street, around the corner and had then hot-footed it to their quarters at Hotel Rome. "The Willard party, which also includes Walter Monahan and Tex Dowd, trainers and sparring partners, and George Creel, a newspaper man, was given a warm reception at the depot upon its arrival from Kansas City Sunday morning. A good sized crowd also greeted the champ and his associates at the hotel, around the theater and wherever else he appeared during the day. A capacity audience saw his exhibition last night. "The giant Kansas cowboy spent the morning in an auto tour of the city and visited the South Omaha horse yards, watching French buyers inspect animals for war use. "Willard didn't meet his family in Kansas, as originally planned, so still says "Hello" to his wife by frequent telegrams. He will meet them in California in July. He is quite peevish that pictures of his family were secured free, as he believes in getting all the money that can possibly be attached to his newly won title. He says he would like some local ring talent to play with, but since whippings Johnson no Omaha glove artists have volunteered to be toyed with. Manager Jones says that Willard will promptly meet anybody for the title, if there is as much money in it as in exhibitions. "In his three-round sparring exhibition with Walter Monahan, Willard showed that he is much quicker, more sly and more skillful than when he showed in Omaha last February. Monahan is half an inch taller, has one and a quarter inches more reach and weighs seven pounds lighter than Jack Johnson, so his go with Willard gives a good idea of how the two fighters compared at Havana. Their stunt includes a reproduction of the close of the famous twenty-sixth round, when Willard used a left to bite stomach and a right to the jaw to put the black to sleep.

## 40 Thousand Exiles From Belgium Thank The American People

THE HAGUE, April 25.—(Via London.)—A memorial addressed to President Woodrow Wilson, signed by about 40,000 Belgian refugees now in Holland, expressing gratitude for the aid which America has extended to the Belgian war sufferers, was mailed to Washington today. It read as follows: "Profoundly touched by the marks of sympathy which the American nation unceasingly has showered upon the Belgian people since the beginning of the war, and especially moved by the good works of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, which has insured the existence of the entire people, the Belgians now in Holland beg you to accept this expression of their gratitude. Certainly the Belgians in their days of prosperity loved and respected the noble American people, but only glorious circumstances such as those in which we now live could make more certain the full extent of the friendship which nothing can terminate. We hope this humble testimony may be the guarantee of gratitude without bounds, until the moment when we may attest upon our liberated soil that the Belgian people do not forget."

### WOMEN OF TRIESTE REBEL WHEN MEN ARE ORDERED OFF TO WAR

ROME, April 25.—(Via Paris.)—Dispatches from Trieste, telegraphed from the frontier, daily are growing more and more gloomy reports of the situation there. One-tenth of the population are serving under the colors, including men 50 years of age. The calling of men of this age into the army has caused a rebellion among the women, who invaded the railroad station when the troops left and tried to prevent, by violence, their departure. "Down with war! return to us our old men!" Besides making many arrests the police have prepared lists of prescriptions and thus all the people are living in dread. "Serious riots are reported at Goerz and in many other parts of Austria, and especially in Vienna, while Prague conditions are reported to have assumed a revolutionary character. Military trains loaded with bread and flour have been pillaged and a Bohemian regiment is reported to have mutinied. "Rise Waxen Warm. "The concluding address of John A. Rine, city attorney, was stopped by rain, but Mr. Rine had progressed far enough to say: "The men who are behind the opposition are either non-descripts, nincompoops, never-was-es, has-beens, do-nothings or prohibitionists. The splintered, narrow-minded ticket is"—(train)— "Mr. Rine had also previously said that D. C. Patterson, vice chairman of the anti, is sore because the city won a tax case from him and that the memory of failing to be appointed city attorney does not set well upon Judge A. L. Sutton, the generalissimo for the anti. "Mayor Dahman let out a few links and promises more during the week. A few of his characteristic remarks are given: "I have been mayor for nine years, which is quite a stretch, boys. I (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

## Popular move to urge the Governor to save Leo M. Frank from death penalty is spreading.

Nearly everybody is signing The Bee's petitions asking the Governor of Georgia to save Leo M. Frank from the death penalty, and very few refusals to sign are reported. Harry Brockstein has filled several blanks with autographs of prominent business men, and prides himself on having secured the Mayor's signature. Requests upon The Bee for petition blanks are being constantly supplied. "Former Senator William V. Allen sent his appeal to Governor Slaton, as subjoined, by telegraphic night-letter. Through the initiative of James Richardson, former member of the Omaha School board, nearly all the resident Cornell alumni in Nebraska and adjoining towns have joined him in a petition, which is also given below: "Ex-Senator Allen's Message. "MADISON, Neb., April 23.—To the Governor, Atlanta, Ga.: As a former colleague of the late Senators Colquhoun, Gordon, Walsh, Bacon and Clay of Georgia, and as one strongly opposed to race prejudice, I respectfully request you to give to young Frank's case the deliberate and patient consideration its importance demands. WILLIAM V. ALLEN. "Appeal by Cornell Alumni. "OMAHA, April 24.—Hon. John Slaton, Governor of the State of Georgia—Your Excellency: We, the undersigned alumni of Cornell university, believing that there exists more than a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of Leo M. Frank, who has been condemned to death by the courts of your state; and desiring to subvert the ends of justice, that no man may be condemned whose guilt has not been absolutely proven, respectfully petition that you either pardon said Leo M. Frank or commute the death penalty assessed against him. "In spite of the decision of the supreme court of the United States we are of the opinion that there is a strong possibility of local prejudice and influence having had some effect on the jury in this case. "Therefore, we take this action and

## GERMANS POUR FRESH ARMIES INTO FLANDERS

Teuton Forces Surge Forward to Press Attack Against Allies' Line in Effort to Take Ypres.

### LIVING AND DEAD EXCHANGED

Trains Bear Soldiers to Front, While Others Carry Wounded and Slain Away.

### CANADIANS COME TO RESCUE

## The Day's War News

BRITISH TROOPS in the neighborhood of Ypres are still sustaining heavy attacks by the German forces, to which they have replied with counter attacks. The French and Belgians are making slow advances along the same line, where they are endeavoring to win back the territory which they lost when a heavily reinforced German army, proceeding the way with artillery fire and gaseous bombs, pressed them back in the last day or two. "ALLIES REPORT a considerable amount of this ground has been retaken and Field Marshal French himself gives great credit to the Canadian contingent. "THERE IS RENEWED activity in the fighting in the Carpathians. The Austrians were repulsed with enormous losses on the heights occupied by the Russians in the vicinity of Polen, according to a Russian official statement. "HEAVY ARTILLERY engagements are proceeding at some points near the Usok pass, it is announced from Vienna. Russian night attacks along the Turka road and west of it failed. "LONDON, April 25.—The Germans are pouring troops into Flanders to press the attack which, at the beginning has forced the allies back to the Yser canal to the north of Ypres. "This movement, according to reports reaching Holland, has assumed even greater dimensions than those which preceded the battle that raged for more than two weeks in this same region last October. On that occasion the operations ended in the discomfiture of the Germans, who had declared their intention of pushing their way through to Calais. "Ypres the Goal. "It appears that the Germans have a similar aim today and have set out to capture Ypres, which is described as the key to the French coast ports. "While the attack originally met with considerable success, due, according to the allies' reports, to the use by the Germans of asphyxiating gases, it is said to have been already checked. The Canadians, who held the extreme left of the British line and were forced to retire when the rest of the front was pressed back, made a brilliant counter attack, regaining most, if not all, the ground which they had conceded and retaking four guns, which they had left in the hands of the Germans. In the words of Sir John French, they saved the situation. "The British report does not say how much ground they recovered, but the statement in the Berlin official report that a British attack at St. Julien was repulsed shows that they are well back in their old positions, for this town, which is on the main road between Ypres and Poelcapelle, is immediately south of Langemarck, from which point the German attack was launched. "Maintain Their Hold. "The Germans, however, still maintain their hold on the Yser canal further north, for they speak of storming the village of Lisserne, which is across the canal between the towns of Steenstraat and Het Haat, which they took in their first rush. The German attack to the south of Ypres, which was made simultaneously with that to the north, apparently has failed entirely. "These attacks are believed to be the commencement of another big battle, which, with both sides strongly engaged, (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

## GIBSON BOOSTERS ENDORSE THE "INS"

Anti Candidates Put on the Pan by City Attorney and the Mayor.

### RYDER POLITICAL ORPHAN

At a largely attended open-air meeting of the Gibson boosters at Second and Hascall streets Sunday afternoon Mayor Dahman and his running mates were endorsed, the anti candidates were excoriated individually and collectively by the various speakers and the exuberance of the meeting was declared by the administration people to be an indication of sentiment in that whole section of the city. "The gathering was marked by several unique features, one being the appearance of Commissioner J. J. Ryder as first speaker and who defined himself as the political orphan of the campaign. The crowd was seated on long benches under an ominous sky and rained on a pretty bluff which overlooked the Missouri river. A large white bulldog took evident pleasure in barking lustily every time the crowd cheered. E. A. Schork presided and all of the present city commissioners were present, with Edward Simon as their sly. After his few remarks Ryder retired from the scene in a horse-drawn buggy, while the other speakers rode in automobiles. "Rise Waxen Warm. "The concluding address of John A. Rine, city attorney, was stopped by rain, but Mr. Rine had progressed far enough to say: "The men who are behind the opposition are either non-descripts, nincompoops, never-was-es, has-beens, do-nothings or prohibitionists. The splintered, narrow-minded ticket is"—(train)— "Mr. Rine had also previously said that D. C. Patterson, vice chairman of the anti, is sore because the city won a tax case from him and that the memory of failing to be appointed city attorney does not set well upon Judge A. L. Sutton, the generalissimo for the anti. "Mayor Dahman let out a few links and promises more during the week. A few of his characteristic remarks are given: "I have been mayor for nine years, which is quite a stretch, boys. I (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

## WILL QUERY T. R. ON RISE OF MOOSE

Barnes' Counsel to Question Colonel About Matters Leading to Forming of Party.

### WITNESSES THROUGH SYRACUSE

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 25.—Theodore Roosevelt spent today in resting up from his four strenuous days upon the witness stand and preparing for further cross-examination when the trial of William Barnes' suit against him for alleged libel is resumed on Monday. "The colonel held a short conference with his counsel yesterday and then took a long automobile ride into the country with his host, Horace S. Wilkinson, a progressive leader. "Long Time to Go. "After a series of conferences, attorneys on both sides gave it as their opinion tonight that because of the great amount of evidence yet to be presented it was doubtful whether the case would reach the jury inside of two weeks, if even then. Syracuse hotels are crowded with witnesses. Some have been here since the trial began, others arrived today and still more are expected tomorrow or Monday. "Despite that Justice Andrews has ruled that a legislative committee, dealing among other things, with vice in Albany, was not admissible, a number of detectives who assisted in an investigation for the committee were in Syracuse tonight with subpoenas. "To Make Strong Effort. "It was said that a strong effort would be made by the Roosevelt attorneys to get at least a part of their testimony before the jury. "Barnes is expected to return here tomorrow from Albany, where he went after the week-end recess was declared yesterday. "Barnes' counsel compiled a series of additional questions to put to the former president when his cross-examination is resumed on Monday. Many of the questions agreed upon have to do with events leading to the establishment by the colonel of the progressive party.

### SCOTT TO BE MADE MAJOR GENERAL SOON

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the army, will be advanced to the grade of major general next Thursday upon the retirement, for age, of Major General Arthur Murray, commanding the Western department at San Francisco. Colonel Frederick S. Strong of the coast artillery at Charleston, S. C., will be advanced to the brigadier generalship made vacant by General Scott's promotion, and will be assigned later. "WAR MAPS ARE SENT TO THE WHITE HOUSE. "WASHINGTON, April 25.—Maps prepared by the war college showing the war zones of Europe in great detail were sent to the White House today for the president's convenience. Up to the present the progress of the war has been followed by the president with pins, denoting the positions of the armies on ordinary maps hung in the cabinet room.

## Thousands of Bales of Cotton Held Up

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The fact that American cotton shipments totaling thousands of bales and all destined to neutral ports, are being held up by the allies, is giving cotton exporters great concern. "It was learned here tonight that the State department has been requested to make special efforts in the case of five steamers now detained in European ports. Some of these were bound for Sweden and others carried cargoes consigned to Switzerland. The latter have already been the subject of protest by the Swiss government, which sought the good offices of the United States at London and at Rome, to obtain the release of the shipments. American ambassadors have been instructed to present the Swiss views.

## One Death from Heat In City of Detroit

DETROIT, April 25.—Record breaking warm weather for this date was responsible for at least one death here today and two prostrations. In the afternoon the official temperature was 81, which was said to be the highest for any April 25 since the local weather bureau was established. Thomas Klomstuch, one of the first persons overcome by the heat, died shortly while being taken to a hospital. "CHICAGO, April 25.—Chicago sweated today in summer heat, the maximum temperature reaching 85, within one point of the city's record for April in the forty-four years the local weather bureau has been in existence.

## Body in the River Near Bellevue May Be South Omahan

The dead body of an unidentified man, about 45 years of age, and supposedly a resident of South Omaha, was found floating in the Missouri river at Bellevue Sunday afternoon by a fisherman. "County Undertaker Emil Grothe and Dr. Armstrong, county coroner, of Papillion, took charge of the body and removed it to the county seat. They declared that the man had evidently been dead a week or ten days. No marks of violence were discernible, they said. "Police of Omaha and South Omaha are trying to learn the man's identity and the mode of his death. So far no papers, rings, teeth fillings or other means of identification had been reported to them. "The victim of the Big Muddy evidently professed the Catholic faith, as a rosary and cross was found about the neck of the body. This description is given by Undertaker Grothe: "Weight, 190 pounds; age, about 45 years; smooth face, and short, thin gray hair. "The body was clothed in a blue serge suit bearing the trade label of John Flynn, a South Omaha clothier. Black shoes, light shirt with soft collar, and a red necktie, completed the attire.

## The Weather

For Nebraska—Cloudy. For Iowa—Fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday	Hour	Temp.	Dir.
Lowest yesterday	4	56	49
10 a. m.	61	61	49
1 p. m.	65	65	49
4 p. m.	65	65	49
8 p. m.	62	62	49
10 p. m.	58	58	49
11 a. m.	58	58	49
12 m.	58	58	49
1 p. m.	58	58	49
2 p. m.	58	58	49
3 p. m.	58	58	49
4 p. m.	58	58	49
5 p. m.	58	58	49
6 p. m.	58	58	49
7 p. m.	58	58	49
8 p. m.	58	58	49
9 p. m.	58	58	49
10 p. m.	58	58	49
11 p. m.	58	58	49
12 m.	58	58	49

Comparative Local Record.

Year	1915	1914	1913	1912	1911
Highest yesterday	75	81	82	85	85
Lowest yesterday	51	56	49	53	53
Mean temperature	58	66	61	69	69
Precipitation	.05	.00	.00	.01	.01
Temperatures	Precipitation	Departures from the normal:			
Normal temperature	58				
Excess for the day	17				
Total excess since March 1	12				
Normal precipitation	.12				
Deficiency for the day	.07				
Total deficiency since March 1	.28				
Deficiency for the year	.28				
Excess for the year	.05				

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

## Free Coupon Good for 25 cts. or 50 cts.

By special arrangement with the management for the benefit of Bee readers, observe strictly the conditions and limitations stipulated in the coupon.

This Bee Coupon Entitles Bearer to one 25c or 50c Seat For the performance of "The Deep Purple" At the Boyd Theater, Monday Evening, April 26 Present at Box Office any time prior to performance and get a free admission ticket in addition to the ticket you buy at the regular price. You must have a Bee coupon for each extra ticket you ask for.