

T. R. TELLS OF BARNES' PACT WITH MURPHY

Colonel Testifies Loeb Asserted Albany Boss Said He Had Iron-clad Agreement with Tammany Chief.

TWO "MACHINES" CO-OPERATED

Roosevelt Arouses Laughter in Describing How Wigwam Helped Elect G. O. P. Leader.

DENIES ANY FEELING OF MALICE

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 21.—Colonel Roosevelt concluded his direct testimony late today, after stating that the sole purpose of his attack on Mr. Barnes and Mr. Murphy was to try to correct abuses in the state government. He swore that he did not mean to make any charge of corruption against the plaintiff.

When the afternoon session opened Mr. Bowers began asking the witness to continue his testimony about Allds.

"Senator Newcomb told me," said Colonel Roosevelt, "that the combination between the machine democrats and Barnes republicans, which resulted in Allds' nomination, was held during the early stages of the impeachment proceedings against Senator Allds, which resulted in his being thrown out of the senate."

"I was told that after all the other organization men had abandoned all discussion, Senator Grady made a speech in his behalf."

"Senator Newcomb informed me later that the combination between the machine democrats and republicans continued, and that what the democrats had done was reciprocated by the machine republicans at the time of the Stillwell affair. Stillwell was retained in the senate by the machine men, but he was convicted in the courts and sent to the penitentiary."

"Do you remember having seen a report of the Bane committee?" Mr. Bowers asked.

"I saw that," the witness replied. "I know some of the members of that committee. I knew Senators Bane and Burd as anti-machine democrats."

The Bane Report.

The Bane committee investigated affairs in the city and county of Albany and submitted a detailed report of so-called evils they said they had unearthed. The report was filed as a part of Colonel Roosevelt's answer to Mr. Barnes' complaint.

Mr. Bowers offered the Bane committee's report in evidence. The report contains under subheads: "The Case of William Barnes," "Failure to Suppress Crime," "Gambling," "Printing," "Fifteen Per Cent Paid the Journal Company by Angus Company to Get City Printing," "Draft and Extravagance," "Padding of the Journal Company," "Duplicate Payments for Public Printing Made to Journal Company," "Selection Trial Jurors" and "The Albany Lincoln League."

Justice Andrews ruled he would receive, but not at this time, that part of the report which relates to printing.

Talked to Loeb About It. Colonel Roosevelt then went on:

"After I had seen the Bane report, I had conversations with a person in Albany about it. I talked to William Loeb about it."

"Mr. Loeb informed me that the combination of crooked business and crooked houses extended not only to businesses like printing, but to businesses of the worst type."

"Mr. Loeb told me that at one time he went to Mr. Barnes to ask if the republicans in the legislature would support an anti-machine democratic candidate. Mr. Barnes told Mr. Loeb it was impossible, as he had an ironclad arrangement with Mr. Murphy and that Mr. Murphy was to have a free hand to do as he pleased."

(Continued on Page Five, Column One.)

"The whole country looks to the Governor of Georgia to rise to his great responsibility by setting Frank free."

—Frederick C. Johnson.

"It is the universal opinion that Leo M. Frank is innocent," says Rabbi Cohn. "Those who have carefully, impartially investigated the matter are unanimous that Frank was the victim of a most unfortunate set of circumstances. The public clamored for a victim and the police pounced upon Frank. His trial was a farce. Judge, jury, counsel and witnesses were intimidated, their lives openly threatened. Race and religious prejudice entered in. All that the lovers of fair play throughout the country, all that Frank himself asked, was a fair trial. This, on technical grounds has been denied, and we are on the eve of a judicial murder."

"It seems a terrible thing that when the whole country is practically convinced of Frank's innocence legal technicalities should stand in the way, and, like an iron wall, render impossible the road to right and justice. America is being rushed into a great crime. It will be a stain on our country, the home of freedom, justice and humanity, as well as on the state of Georgia. Let us be warned that terrible mistakes have been made by passion-blinded peoples in the past and save ourselves by some means from the shame and remorse of such a tragic blunder."

"The whole country looks to the governor of Georgia to save his state, as well as the fair renown of America, from the eternal infamy of committing judicial murder. Governor Slaton has the unparalleled, may one say, the providential opportunity of rendering a great service to the cause of justice, as well as saving the life of an innocent man. The eyes of the world are upon him, as well as their prayers that God may grant him wisdom, strength and courage to rise to his great responsibility in this hour and give expression to what is in the hearts of millions, absolutely unprejudiced lovers of the right, by setting Frank free."

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"Senator Newcomb informed me later that the combination between the machine democrats and republicans continued, and that what the democrats had done was reciprocated by the machine republicans at the time of the Stillwell affair. Stillwell was retained in the senate by the machine men, but he was convicted in the courts and sent to the penitentiary."

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(Continued on Page Five, Column One.)



Rabbi Cohn

THEODORE ROOSEVELT AND WILLIAM BARNES, principal figures in libel suit now being tried at Syracuse, N. Y., as they appeared on their arrival there.



FOUR CHAPTERS IN ALBANY POLITICS

Colonel Roosevelt Tells of Hostilities Between Chairman Barnes and Governor Hughes.

MURPHY AND BARNES DEAL

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 21.—Four chapters of Albany politics were related by Theodore Roosevelt on the witness stand today. The former president gave what he claimed to be details of the election by "Barnes democrats," assisted by "Murphy republicans," of an official leader of the republican party in New York; the cause of the hostilities between William Barnes and Governor Hughes; the defeat of the Hart-Agnew racing bill by the republican organization; and the fight he said the combined democratic and republican machines, the latter led by Mr. Barnes, made against direct primaries legislation.

He also identified a letter written by Mr. Barnes in which the latter told him "the idea of getting rid of bosses is absurd so long as you have party government."

Colonel Roosevelt was to continue this afternoon the story by which he hopes to prove that he was justified in causing the publication of the statement upon which Mr. Barnes is suing him for libel.

Aviators Fall Into San Francisco Bay

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 21.—A hydro-aeroplane in which Charles Strauss of Dallas, Tex., was riding as a passenger, fell seventy-five feet into the bay here yesterday. Strauss and Robert Fowler, the aviator, were rescued by a launch. Neither were injured.

STOP OFF IN OMAHA THE GATE CITY OF THE WEST

Omaha's Commercial Club maintains a special bureau to look after the comfort and welfare of conventions of the different state and national associations and societies that meet here from time to time. Omaha's convention hospitality includes all who attend, these gatherings whether delegates or not.

BRIGHT young man with \$1,000 to invest, can secure responsible and remunerative position with established Omaha firm, paying \$100 per mo. salary and share of profits. Investment fully secured. All replies held confidential. Give age, past experience, references, etc.

For further information about this opportunity, see the Want Ad section of The Bee today.

Letter Carriers' President Is Here; To Fremont Today

Edward J. Gainer of Muncie, Ind., national president of the National Association of Letter Carriers, is the guest of the officers and members of Branch No. 5, National Association of Letter Carriers, of this city.

Mr. Gainer arrived in Omaha yesterday from Chicago, where he reports the members very enthusiastic over the coming national convention, to be held here next September. Chicago will send 150 or more, including its famous letter carriers' band which is acknowledged to be one of the finest bands in Chicago and the middle west.

Other cities are planning to come to Omaha on special trains, and Mr. Gainer says "Omaha will undoubtedly have the largest convention in point of attendance in the history of the organization."

Branch No. 5 of this city celebrated last evening the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization, with their national president their honored guest.

Today the Omaha contingent will attend the state convention at Fremont, going on a special train from Omaha, accompanied by their band of forty-five pieces, the Ladies' auxiliary, and also Postmaster John C. Wharton and Assistant Postmaster J. L. Woodard.

Congressman Lobeck, Senator Hitchcock and Assistant Superintendent of Mails George Kieffer of Omaha will leave off at Lincoln to attend the clerks' state convention, continuing to Fremont in the afternoon to be present at the letter carriers' state convention, returning with the special train in the evening.

The Ladies' auxiliary and members of Branch No. 5, National Association of Letter Carriers, will go to Fremont prepared to demonstrate the cordial invitation that Omaha extends to the sister cities to be present at the national letter carriers' convention that will be held commencing Labor day, September 6 to 11, 1915. Postmaster John C. Wharton will make the welcome address at Fremont today.

After the state convention President Gainer will return home via Sioux City and Des Moines.

Outlaws Killed in Gun Fight With Officers in Arizona

TUCSON, Ariz., April 21.—Two Mexican outlaws, the Leon brothers, were shot and killed in a mountain gulch Monday night when confederates tried to rescue them from the hands of Pima county deputies, who are attempting to rid Greater Ville, a border community, of bad men, according to a report received here.

Jose Maria, one of the attacking party, was wounded and captured. When the deputies went to Greater Ville to serve a warrant on Antonio Encinas, charged with the abduction of Leo Loretta Vanez, Encinas opened fire with his revolver and escaped. Then the Leon brothers, armed, woke the deputies during the night and ordered them to leave the settlement. The officers ostensibly started for Tucson, but instead doubled back and arrested the Leon brothers and then took them to a mountain gulch. Fearing attack they set a watch. The rescue outlaw party was taken by surprise and the shooting followed.

Sheriff Forbes telegraphed from Greater Ville last night that Encinas and his band had been located and surrounded in the hills. A posse was sent from here in automobiles to aid in rounding up the outlaws.

CRISIS IS NEAR IN FAR EAST AFFAIRS

Elder Statesmen of Japan Said to Be Considering Ultimatum to Be Sent to China.

TEXT OF DEMANDS ACCURATE

TOKIO, April 21.—The crisis which has come in the negotiations with China as to the acceptance of the demands of the Tokio government has been followed by a protracted conference of the cabinet.

The members of the "genro," or the elder statesmen of Japan, have been communicated with on the subject. The semi-official press expresses the belief that Japan has brought the unsettled clauses of its demands down to the irreducible minimum and that in the event of further procrastination on the part of China it probably will press for a reply within a given period of time.

The members of the cabinet this afternoon conferred with the elder statesmen concerning the Chinese negotiations. Interest in the situation in Peking is increasing.

Translation is Accurate. PEKING, April 19.—Official announcement was made today by the Chinese government that the translation of the full text of the demands made by Japan upon China, as already published in the United States, was the official translation of the Chinese text as the Japanese themselves presented it to the Foreign Office here on January 18, in both the Japanese and Chinese languages.

This announcement was made by reason of the fact that the Japanese government has repeatedly protested because the Chinese government was informing certain foreign legations as to the progress of the negotiations.

The Chinese government's translation has been carefully checked by a legation which possessed a copy of Japan's Chinese text, and it is stated at the legation that only the verbiage differs. The legation's version is in somewhat harsher language than that of the Chinese government translation.

For example, the article which in the government text is translated to provide that China shall agree to the propagation of "Buddhism" by Japanese subjects in China is translated by the legation to read "shall have the right to propagate religious doctrines."

UNSUCCESSFUL PURSUIT OF WOMAN'S ASSAILANT

SIoux FALLS, S. D., April 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Some members of the sheriff's posse have returned here from an unsuccessful pursuit of a stranger who today criminally assaulted Mrs. Hanson, wife of a farmer living about four miles west of Sioux Falls.

The stranger came from the north and entered the Hanson home while the husband of the woman was at work in a distant field and her children were at school. The bandit knocked the woman down with a gun and then tied her hands. The only information Mrs. Hanson can give is that her assailant was shabbily dressed and drove a single bay horse to a light buggy. The man drove southward after committing the crime, and there is a possibility that he swung around and came to Sioux Falls and went into hiding here.

ALLIES LANDING TROOPS IN TURKEY

Twenty Thousand Soldiers Will Assist Warships in Attack on Forts of Dardanelles.

BOATS TRY TO RUN STRAITS

BERLIN, April 21.—(Via Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Tages Zeitung today publishes a special dispatch, the original of which, however, is not given, saying that 20,000 British and French troops have been landed near Enos, in European Turkey, on the north side of the gulf of Saros. A heavy cannonading took place between the Turkish batteries around Enos and the warships of the allies.

A dispatch received in Berlin from Athens says great activity has been noted among the British forces on the island of Lemnos, which lies to the west of the entrance Dardanelles. Troops' transports are arriving daily at Lemnos from Alexandria, Egypt; the censorship is more rigid and all indications point to strong action against the Dardanelles at an early date.

A dispatch received in London yesterday from Dedegatch, Bulgaria, a short distance to the west of Enos, said a violent cannonading occurred in the gulf of Saros Sunday evening. The firing was so heavy that buildings at Dedegatch were shaken.

Attempt to Run Straits. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 20.—(Via Wireless to Berlin and London, April 21.)—An official statement issued today by the war office says:

"It is now definitely known that six torpedo boats attempted to penetrate the Dardanelles Monday night."

There has been no previous announcement of a concentrated effort Monday night by vessels of the allied fleet to run the straits and the above dispatch fails to disclose what was the result of the operation.

GENUINE CORREGGIO BOUGHT FOR SMALL SUM

CHICAGO, April 21.—A painting purchased for a nominal sum in Italy forty years ago by Theodore Schneider and presented at that time to his friend, Dr. Florens Zeligfeld, president of the Chicago Music College, was pronounced a genuine Correggio today.

Dr. Zeligfeld noticed a similarity of coloring in his picture and some of Correggio's work which he saw in Italy. He procured the service of A. De Severinus, an art expert. De Severinus examined the painting and announced its authorship today. The title of the picture is "The Genius of Music."

TWO HOTELS IN DECATUR, ILL. DESTROYED BY FIRE

DECATUR, Ill., April 21.—Fire which for a time threatened the entire business section early today destroyed the Decatur and Arcade hotels. The loss is estimated at \$25,000. Members of the Decatur "Three I" base ball team were in the Decatur hotel and had a narrow escape. Manager Elmer Duggan and nine players escaped in their trousers and nine shirts.

WILSON REBUKES KAISER'S ENVOY

President in Reply to Von Bernstorff, Says Note Could Be Taken to Impugn U. S. Good Faith.

ASSUMES IT NOT SO INTENDED

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The United States government replied today to the recent memorandum, in which Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, declared that "if the American people desire to observe true neutrality, they will find means to stop the exclusive importation of arms to one side, or at least to use this export trade as a means to uphold the legitimate trade with Germany, and especially the trade in foodstuffs."

The American note, which is signed by Secretary Bryan, was drafted at the State department, but was finally penned by President Wilson himself.

Language of Envoy. After pointing out that the language used by Count von Bernstorff is "susceptible of being construed as impugning the good faith of the United States in the performance of its duties as a neutral," the note "takes it for granted that no such implication was intended," and suggests that evidently the German ambassador "is laboring under certain false impressions."

It is then declared that while the relations of the United States with any one of the belligerents "can not wisely be made a subject of discussion with a third government," such correspondence between the United States and the allies as has been published shows "the steadfast refusal" of the government "to acknowledge the right of any belligerent to alter the accepted rules of war at sea insofar as they affect the rights and interests of neutrals."

Attitude Restated. The attitude of the United States on the question of the exportation of arms is restated, namely, that to place any embargo on arms during the progress of a war would be "a direct violation of the neutrality of the United States." The note refers to the spirit of friendship which the people of the United States desire always to manifest toward Germany and its people, and concludes with the declaration that the neutrality of the United States "is founded upon the firm basis of conscience and good will."

The communication was delivered by messenger to Count von Bernstorff late today, and by mutual arrangement with the German embassy, the State department made it public tonight.

Woman is Charged With Buying Votes

PARIS, Ill., April 21.—H. Clay Moss, prominent democratic politician, and Miss Hattie O'Neil were arrested here last night on the charge of buying votes during yesterday's city election on the commission form of government. Warrants for other prominent citizens, among them several women, have been issued. It is estimated that 300 votes were bought for from \$2 to \$12 each.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Partly cloudy; not much change in temperature.

Table with 3 columns: Hours, Deg., and another column. Shows temperature forecast for various hours.

Comparative Local Record.

Table with 3 columns: Date, High, Low. Shows weather and temperature records for various dates.

BIG GUN DUELS FEATURE WAR IN WESTERN ARENA

Small Advantage Seems to Rest with Germans in Region Between Meuse River and Lorraine.

FRENCH ADVANCE AT FLIERY

Official Report Indicates Gains Are Not in Proportion to the Effort Expended.

HEAVY FIRING IN DARDANELLES

The Day's War News

LAND AND SEA attack on the Dardanelles on a larger scale than at any time since the allies began their effort to win Constantinople apparently is imminent. An official statement from Constantinople says that six torpedo boats attempted to penetrate the straits on Monday night, and yesterday there was an engagement between warships and Turkish fortifications, presumably in connection with the landing of troops.

BERLIN DISPATCH says that Tarnow, Galicia, has been evacuated by the Russians on account of the effective attacks of the Austrian artillery. Tarnow lies fifteen miles west of Lemberg.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION was received in Berlin confirming previous reports of German victory over a British force in German East Africa. The British losses were given at about 700 and those of the Germans as fifty-six.

LONDON, April 21.—Dispatches reaching London from the French front show considerable military activity, with the artillery taking a prominent part in the attacks made by one side or the other. There is little evidence, however, that either side has gained, but whatever small advantage has been reaped seems to rest with the Germans between the Meuse and the Lorraine frontier.

The French have made a slight advance at Fliery, but their report suggests that the gain was not proportionate to the effort put forth.

Berlin claims several successes, one being the recapture of a small village in Lorraine, the loss of which had not been previously admitted by the general staff. Another attack in the Post-Blonson district appears to have made an advance.

The English newspapers today are devoting columns to comment on the optimistic speech delivered at Newcastle last night by Premier Asquith. The utterances of the prime minister are in substance the putting into effect of a sort of industrial conscription by which employers shall forego some of their profits, the trade unions agree to suspend some of their rules necessary in time of peace and the taxpayer shall contribute an indemnity to factories in cases where the loss and injury has been caused by commandeering for the government.

Sofia is responsible for a report that bombardment violent enough to shake buildings at Dedegatch has been going on in the Dardanelles and on the Gulf of Saros.

REPORT OF GERMAN VICTORY IN AFRICA IS CONFIRMED

BERLIN, April 21.—(Via London, 12:15 p. m.)—Official news from German East Africa of the defeat of the British forces on January 18 and 19 in a two days' battle at a point near Jasinai, has just reached Berlin. The British forces lost some 300 men killed. Their total casualties amount to about 600. These include the capture of four companies of men, 150 rifles, one machine gun and 80,000 rounds of ammunition fell into the hands of the Germans. The loss to the Germans was seven officers and eleven men killed and thirty-eight men wounded.

Marfa is land, off the coast of German East Africa, was occupied by the British January 10.

Farm Management

is the newest of the agricultural sciences. Its development has been brought about by the changes in farm capital. The pioneer days required only a few hundred dollars. Now the average Nebraska farmer requires \$16,000 capital.

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