

TOTAL ABSTINENCE IS URGED BY BRYAN

Secretary of State Asserts This is Best Way to Put Skids Under Liquor Traffic.

LETTER READ AT TOPEKA MEET

Nebraska Says that in Matter of Prohibition Emphasis Should Be Laid on Contests in the States.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 1.—Total abstinence as the surest way of overthrowing the liquor traffic was advocated by William J. Bryan, secretary of state, in a letter to Fion G. Borton, national secretary of the Intercollegiate Prohibition association, read at the closing session of the convention of that organization tonight.

Mr. Bryan further asserted that those who want to abolish saloons will not allow them to hide behind the pretext of local self government, when enough states act favorably to make it likely that a national amendment will be ratified.

In his letter Mr. Bryan said: "In the matter of prohibition, I think that at present the emphasis should be laid on the contests of the states. In some states the time is ripe for action, and I think it is better to concentrate the forces on these than to spread them over the entire union. However, this is a matter of opinion and relates to the policy of national action at this time, rather than to the principles involved."

Growth of Sentiment. "The strong vote polled in the house a few days ago, shows how rapidly sentiment is growing against the saloon. In the debate over the amendment, a great deal was said about the doctrine of local self government. It was invoked against national prohibition. You need not worry about that. The liquor interests have no more respect for local self government than they have for federal action."

Numbers of letters from leading men in state and national life were read. That of Morris Sheppard, United States senator from Texas, asserted that "the college men of the country have no higher duty than that of impressing on the American people the necessity of abolishing the liquor traffic."

Predicts Relief.

Robert L. Owen, United States senator from Oklahoma, predicted, "relief from the evil effects of the liquor traffic if the colleges throw themselves into the battle."

"The fact that congress refused to place an additional tax on rectified whiskey in the war tax measure shows the grip the liquor interests still have upon legislation," the letter of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley said. "The best way to divorce the saloon from politics is to abolish saloons. The next best thing would be to reform politics."

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. First application gives relief. 50 cents.

Movements of Ocean Steamers. For New York, Liverpool, London, etc. See page 10.

Further Comment of British Press Upon American Protest

LONDON, Jan. 1.—London journals are still very much discussing the American protest to Great Britain against interference with its trade. Comment by the different papers is published below.

The Nation.

"We confess to feeling some regret as to the form of America's note. We wish it had been somewhat differently expressed and dispatched in accordance with the accustomed way—we will not say of diplomacy, but of friendly correspondence."

"There are two ways of conducting a controversy of public interest. A man may give his correspondent the sole benefit of his mind, or he may turn a mischievous into a missile by dispatching one copy of it to the press at or before the hour of its receipt by the person immediately concerned. It appears that the State department chose the latter course, but there is no call to turn an error of tact into one of substance."

"For the rest there is no deeply serious cause for complaint. It was inevitable that a nation not at war should fail to understand the difficulties of one who is, especially when the interests of belligerents and neutral are in conflict."

The Spectator.

"It is yet to be explained how, except by carefully searching ships on the way to neutral countries contiguous to Germany, we can prevent the Germans from being supplied with materials required by the German army," says the Spectator. It advances the argument that statistics of American exports of copper to neutral states show that some of this metal is being supplied to Germany, and asks:

"Does President Wilson, do the American people expect this country to look on unmoved while our enemies are thus supplied with the means of killing our soldiers?"

Saturday Review.

The Saturday Review describes the note of President Wilson as a "document from a candid friend, who, just because he is a friend, can say things which he

BRYAN-HITCHCOCK BREACH GROWING

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county. Bachelor has a private ranch property which he leases to his brother-in-law. This is located south of Valentine. This Mr. Bachelor has two brothers, John H. Bachelor, who owns and operates one of the largest individually owned ranches in this country, and who, with his brother, C. B. Bachelor, controls the Boardman Cattle Company with thousands of acres and several thousand cattle.

John H. Bachelor and his associates again in turn own the controlling interest in the Sand Hills Land and Cattle company, controlling with their several ranches a county fifty to sixty miles long, of which John H. Bachelor is general manager.

Handred Thousand Acres. All the lands above enumerated are within the jurisdiction of the Valentine land office and aggregate 100,000 acres or more.

"Under these circumstances," so the

tween strangers would be regarded as having too rough an edge." The Review does not think it should be impossible for two governments which have no wish to find causes for taking offense, to reconcile their conflict in points of view.

The position of a belligerent with respect to the command of the sea, says this paper, is difficult, even when neutral governments are friendly. But this position is determined absolutely by the fact that England has that command of the sea and "cannot surrender her right to use it for the defeat of the enemy by any means sanctioned under international law."

The Daily News. The text of the note, in phrasing and in temper, eminently friendly and expresses satisfaction that its criticism is directed against the British administration rather than against a policy. Therefore, it says, it ought not to be difficult to find a solution.

"There is one difference of principle that may be quite so easy of adjustment," the editorial continues. "It is the treatment of conditional contraband, and in particular foodstuffs."

Fall Mail Gazette.

The Fall Mail Gazette says: "We could perhaps place our finger on certain contentions advanced in the note which show some failure to appreciate the difficulties in our business to chop logic with the government of the United States. Sir Edward Grey may be trusted to give the government of President Wilson all 'it can properly ask, while, at the same time indicating with courtesy and firmness the measures our position as a belligerent power compel us to continue. The government of the United States has shown every disposition to put itself in our place and recognize our difficulties. Our government will not show itself to be less fair minded than that of President Wilson. Short of sacrificing our best weapon for bringing the war to a successful and speedy end, nothing will be left undone to meet the wishes of the United States."

protest continues, "It is not to be wondered at that Quigley, sr., and his friends would have pulled every political wire possible to secure the appointment of Quigley, jr., as register of the Valentine land office. The business expediency of such a move is readily apparent. The company of which Quigley, sr., is principal stockholder and Quigley, jr., is stockholder and director, is directly and vitally interested in securing title to public lands, both through the purchase of isolated tracts and of homesteads after final proof has been made."

Earlier Now in the District. Reference is made to the upheaval in this same land office under the Roosevelt administration because of collusion and favoritism with the cattle barons and the insistence of President Roosevelt in filling the vacancy, as a first qualification that neither of his appointees should have, either directly or indirectly, an interest in public lands.

It is also rumored that the recommendation of Quigley by Senator Hitchcock is in recognition of active assistance rendered in the famous Grand Island convention when the senator and his friend went the limit to humiliate and disconcert Mr. Bryan.

Acting as Flagship.

The Formidable had assigned to it, according to the British navy list for December, various fleet officers and consequently it undoubtedly was acting as a flagship at the time of its destruction. Its captain was Arthur N. Looney and its commander Charles F. Ballard. Captain John C. Deed was in command of the marines on board, while the fleet surgeon was Godfrey Taylor and the fleet paymaster P. J. Ling. The chaplain is given as the Rev. George B. Robinson. On board the Formidable were also ten midshipmen.

GRASP AT WARSAW AGAIN A FAILURE

(Continued from Page One.)

confidently to the future, sharing the thought that the armies of the allies will be crowned with victory before autumn.

German Column Defeated. Fighting at Howloda, on the Pilica, reported in the last bulletin, appears to have terminated in a defeat of the German columns, for they now have attempted to find another direction for their attacks almost entirely in the vast forest. In the midst of which is Spain, the imperial hunting palace. Here crowned heads occasionally, and lesser persons rarely, have been given opportunities of shooting the last remaining specimens in Europe of the bison.

The Germans had no success in fighting above Howloda, and now have attempted a march in a westerly direction, concentrating and advancing toward Opoczno. The Russians met them near the village of Kamana, seven miles from Opoczno, and drove them east.

Make Attacks.

The Austrians, likewise, made a couple attacks, both of which were repulsed with loss. One was south of Malogostcha and the other at the village of Zakrawa, a couple of miles south of Princesow. All the above mentioned attacks seem merely in the nature of attempts to discover whether any points are left insecure or possibly were intended to keep the Russians occupied at widely divergent points.

The grand duke's strategic scheme, in fact, remains now what it was three months ago, and the German frantic attacks only ensure the increasing facility of accomplishment of that scheme, which is getting nearer in every day. In west Galicia, the grand duke reports the battle conditions to develop in lines entirely favorable to the Russian fortified positions. Galicia has been taken by the Russians in the neighborhood of Ballgrad, south of Iloka.

Companies Annihilated. Baronet charges inflicted enormous losses on the enemy, whole companies being annihilated by charges of the Russians.

All these places are well in the Carpathians, and capture by the Russians cuts the Austrian forces, situated with German brigades, under German command, into several detached bodies.

Try This for Neuralgia. Neuralgia is a pain in the nerves. Sloan's Liniment penetrates and soothes the aching nerves. Get a bottle now. All druggists.—Advertisement.

FEAR ATTACK ON CONSTANTINOPLE

Austrian and German Ambassadors Are Transferring Their Archives to Asia Minor.

ALLIES' FLEETS ARE EXPECTED

Foreigners Are Said to Be Preparing to Leave the Capital for Places of Safety in the Interior.

ATHENS, Jan. 1.—(Via London)—According to Constantinople advices which have reached here, the Austrian and German embassies in the Turkish capital are transferring their archives to Asia Minor, fearing that action is imminent by the British and French fleets against Dardanelles and the capital. Foreigners, it is stated, are also preparing to quit the capital. The correspondent of the Express in Athens reports that a state of panic exists in Constantinople and that the Turks have abandoned all idea of taking the offensive.

"The Holy Relics," the dispatch continues, "have been removed to Bursa, Asia Minor, where the sultan and porte are preparing to follow. All available forces, about 100,000 men, are concentrated in the city."

"Adrianople has been practically evacuated and the heavy guns removed to Tehtahla, which is near the Turkish capital. French entrenching is in progress along the shores of the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus, and preparations are being made to resist the passage of a hostile fleet."

"The attack on Egypt has been definitely abandoned and the troops have been recalled to defend the Asiatic side of the straits and Bursa."

"Everything points to Constantinople being the first enemy's capital to fall."

LION BATTLESHIP SUNK IN CHANNEL, SIX HUNDRED LOST

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the official information bureau follows:

"The battleship Formidable was sunk this morning in the Channel, but whether by a mine or a submarine is not certain."

"Seventy-one survivors have been picked up by a British light cruiser and it is possible that others may have been rescued by other vessels."

Heavily Armored Ship.

The British battle ship Formidable had a displacement of 15,000 tons. It was 430 feet long and carried a complement of 750 men. It was heavily armored and carried four twelve-inch guns, twelve six-inch guns and sixteen twelve pounders. It was provided also with four submerged torpedo tubes.

The Formidable was launched in 1900 and placed in commission a year later. It was a sister ship to the Formidable and Implacable and cost about \$5,000,000.

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Aviator Hewlett Thinks He Hit German Cruiser With Bombshell

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The experiences of Flight Commander Francis Hewlett during the recent aerial raid on the German naval base at Cuxhaven are described in an interview with the aviator transmitted to Reuters' Telegram company from Amsterdam. Commander Hewlett, who was believed to have lost his life until it was learned yesterday that he had been picked up by a steam trawler and landed at Muiden, Holland, says he believes that he hit a German warship with one of the bombs he dropped.

"I led the airship squadron," said Commander Hewlett. "I ran into a thick fog and after a time found myself near the coast of Schleswig. I flew over German territory and eventually came near Cuxhaven. When the mist had cleared I saw that I had lost my direction. I descended at a certain point, ascended again and flew over the great German fleet and the trawlers which were lying under steam behind Heligoland."

"A formidable fire was directed at me and I replied with several bombs. It is my opinion that I hit one of the German vessels, because soon afterward dense smoke arose from it. "I was unable to find the British fleet. My motor was running hot and I was compelled to descend. I was picked up by a Dutch trawler, but destroyed my motor and sank the hydroplane before I boarded the trawler at 10 o'clock on Christmas morning. I stayed aboard the trawler for six days during a terrific storm."

SIX HUNDRED ARRESTS FOR DRUNKENNESS IN TOPEKA

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 1.—Of 2,000 persons arrested in Topeka, capital of a prohibition state, on ninety-one different charges, 661 were charged with drunkenness. This is the largest number ar-

rested for any single offense. These statements are made in the annual police report published yesterday.

Dunkirk is Shelled by German Airmen

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Dunkirk, on the northern coast of France, was again bombarded by four German aeroplanes Thursday, according to a report which reached Paris during the night.

Catarrh Leads To Consumption

Catarrh is as much a blood disease as scrofula or rheumatism. It may be relieved, but it cannot be removed by simply local treatment. It breaks down the general health, weakens the lung tissues, and leads to consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla is so successful in the treatment of catarrh that it is known as the best remedy for this disease. It purifies the blood. Ask your druggist for it.—Advertisement.

POSITIVE! POWERFUL! PLEASING! January Clearance SALE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

Advertisement for clothing sale. Includes a list of suits and overcoats with prices: SUITS OR OVERCOATS that were \$10.00, go now at \$5.00; SUITS OR OVERCOATS that were \$12.50, go now at 6.25; SUITS OR OVERCOATS that were \$15.00, go now at 7.50; SUITS OR OVERCOATS that were \$18.00, go now at 9.00; SUITS OR OVERCOATS that were \$20.00, go now at 10.00; SUITS OR OVERCOATS that were \$25.00, go now at 12.50. Includes an illustration of a man in a long coat and hat.

Advertisement for clothing store: Clothing at "Half". The PALACE cannot get high or "fancy" clothing prices at its location at ANY stage of the game; it's a plain store in a plain location, selling time-tested, stylish, wearworthy clothing at the common, every-day man's prices. Why, then, shouldn't the present Palace figures on clothing be the LOWEST in Omaha, seeing that they are cut squarely in HALF?

Advertisement for furnishings: "Once a Year" Furnishings Prices. Lists various items and prices: MEN'S UNION SUITS, MEN'S BOWS, MEN'S SWATHER COATS, MEN'S JERSEY SWATHERS, MEN'S CAPS, MEN'S GLOVES, etc.

Advertisement for Palace Clothing Company: CLOTHES AT HALF. palace CLOTHING COMPANY COR. 14th & DOUGLAS CLOTHES AT HALF

Advertisement for Willou Springs Beer: TRY Willou Springs BEER. HENRY POLLOCK DEALER.

Advertisement for Mary F. Coover School of Dancing: MARY F. COOVER School of Dancing. 19th and Farnam.

Advertisement for Gayety and other amusements: "OMAHA'S FUN CENTER" Gayety. LAST TIMES TODAY. BOYD Douglas 1919. CINDERELLA. OPHEUM Phone 494.

Advertisement for Home Builders: 7% ON YOUR MONEY. HOME BUILDERS OF OMAHA.

Advertisement for Opheum: Opheum Phone 494. Advanced Vaudeville. 8:10.

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Large advertisement for Zeiss: ZEISS Forced Out of Business. Our Building to Be Torn Down to Make Room to Erect New World-Herald Building. Cannot Find Another Satisfactory Location. The Highest Quality Merchandise To Be Sold at Sacrifice. All \$1.50 Shirts—Manhattan and Our Own Make 95c. All \$2.00 Shirts—Manhattan, E. & W. and Our Own Make \$1.35. Better Grades Reduced in Proportion. ALL \$2.00 SUIT UNDERWEAR \$1.35. ALL \$3.50 SUIT UNDERWEAR \$2.65. All Other Goods in Proportion. B. EDWARD ZEISS 1504 Farnam Street.