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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Rain

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COURT ROOM SCENE OF DOUBLE CRIME; 2 SHOT TO DEATH

Alleged Assailant of Ten-Year-Old Girl Killed by Her Father at Cashmere, Wash.

STRAY BULLET SLAYS JUROR

Sunday School Superintendent Facing Statutory Charge Loses Life at Parent's Hands.

THREE BALLS ARE FIRED

Harry F. Carr Enters Place with Automatic Gun and Begins Shooting.

TALESMAN FALLS AND DIES

Murderer Surrenders Himself to Sheriff After Tragedy in Justice Hall is Fished.

CASHMERE, Wash., Dec. 7.—Harry E. Carr of Leavenworth, Wash., shot and killed today C. J. Franklin, who was being tried on a charge of an assault on a girl. The shooting occurred in the court room here and one of the bullets which Carr fired missed its mark and killed J. C. Parsons, a juror.

The court room was crowded and the jurors had been chosen and were in their places when Carr opened fire. Carr's interest in the case was that Franklin was also to have been tried on a statutory offense against Carr's 10-year-old daughter. Previous to his arrest Franklin had a good reputation and had been superintendent of the Sunday school of Leavenworth. He had a wife and five children, who were with him in the courtroom at the time of the shooting.

Carr walked quietly into the courtroom and advancing to a point behind Franklin, began firing with an automatic pistol. Two bullets entered Franklin's body and a third bullet pierced the chest of Parsons, who fell dead. Franklin lived fifteen minutes.

Carr surrendered to the sheriff. Parsons was a rancher.

Kahn Wants Army of Million Men and a Bigger Navy

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Representative Kahn of California, ranking republican of the house naval committee, in a formal statement today declared himself for a building program to include a large number of submarines and torpedo boats, more battleships and an increase in army enlistment. He endorsed a scheme of short term enlistment to provide a mobile army of 500,000 and a national guard of 500,000.

Germans Accused of Wrecking Monastery Thousand Years Old

PARIS, Dec. 7.—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Petrograd says: "The Germans have destroyed the monastery of Lenozka, about fifteen miles northwest of Lodz, which has been in existence for a thousand years, on the pretext that the ringing of the angelus was a signal to the Russians. In the attack a priest and two monks were killed."

Omaha Folks to Regents' Reunion

A reunion dinner given last night by Chancellor Avery to the regents and former agents of the University of Nebraska took a number of Omaha people to Lincoln. The present members of the board of regents from this county are Frank L. Haller and W. G. Whitmore, and the former regents now living in Omaha include Dr. E. B. Davis, Victor Rosewater of The Bee, Edson Rich of the Union Pacific law department, C. J. Ernst of the Burlington and Harvey Newbranch of the World-Herald.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday.
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity
—Rain or snow; not much change in temperature.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	
Hours	Temp.
6 a. m.	33
7 a. m.	34
8 a. m.	34
9 a. m.	34
10 a. m.	34
11 a. m.	34
12 m.	35
1 p. m.	35
2 p. m.	35
3 p. m.	35
4 p. m.	35
5 p. m.	35
6 p. m.	35
7 p. m.	35
8 p. m.	35
9 p. m.	35
10 p. m.	35
11 p. m.	35
12 m.	35

Comparative Local Record.	
1914, 1913, 1912, 1911.	
Highest yesterday	35
Lowest yesterday	27
Mean temperature	34
Precipitation	.00
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:	
Normal temperature	30
Excess for the day	+5
Total excess since March 1	+50
Normal precipitation	.65 inch
Excess for the day	-.65
Total rainfall since March 1	24.40 inches
Deficiency since March 1	3.90 inches
Efficiency for year period, 1913, 1912, 1911	2.53 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.
Station and State Temp. High-Rain-
of Weather. Temp. High-Rain-
Cheyenne, snow, .25, .00
Denver, snow, .25, .00
Des Moines, snow, .25, .00
Dodge City, cloudy, .25, .00
Lander, snow, .25, .00
North Platte, snow, .25, .00
Omaha, rain, .25, .00
Pueblo, snow, .25, .00
Rapid City, snow, .25, .00
Salt Lake City, cloudy, .25, .00
Santa Fe, clear, .25, .00
Shawnee, snow, .25, .00
Sioux City, snow, .25, .00
Valentine, snow, .25, .00

L. A. WEBB, Local Forecaster.

PRISONERS OF WAR ON THE EASTERN FRONT—Group of typical Russian Poles and Jews in the city of Czenstochowa, taken by the Germans last week.



FARMERS AGAINST BLUE SKY CLAUSE

Will Try to Get Repeal of Laws Which Are Against Their Interests.

WILL MEET IN OMAHA TODAY

Legislative Committee of the State Body Has Recommendations Prepared for Assembly When it Convenes.

The \$100 par value clause in the present blue sky law of the state strikes directly at the farmers' co-operative companies. The clause, as it now stands, provides that in the sale of stock for the organization of a company in the state, the par value of \$100 per share must be adhered to. Most of the farmers' co-operative bodies have built up their organizations and made their success on the old system of selling smaller shares, such as \$10 or \$25 shares. They want to continue to do so, and this provision of the blue sky law prevents them from selling shares at this figure.

Will Back Up the Farmers.
H. T. Clark, chairman of the State Railway commission, has assured the legislative committee that the railway commission will back the farmers up on this matter, and has assured them that a request for the repeal of this provision in the blue sky law will be included in the annual report of the State Railway commission.

In brief, the recommendations that will be made to the Farmers' Congress by its legislative committee, of which Frank G. O'Connell of Omaha is chairman, are as follows:

- Public warehouse laws.
- Optional Torrens title registration law.
- Repeal of the \$100 par value clause in blue sky law.
- Repeal of the one-fifth valuation provision in tax assessments.
- Repeal of quadrennial valuation of real estate for taxation purposes.
- Creation of permanent tax commission.
- Constitutional convention to revise the constitution of the state.
- Liberal appropriation for the conservation and public welfare commission.
- Continuation of the conservation of soil survey with adequate support.
- Water power laws which provide for the development of hydro-electric power from the streams of Nebraska in the interest of the people and prevent private monopoly of water power.

Hitchcock Offers Motion.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Public hearings on the Philippine independence bill were proposed today in a resolution by Senator Hitchcock. It would require attendance of witnesses under oath.

Neurasthenic Depression is New Disease Caused by Terrors of War

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)
BERLIN, Nov. 21.—The military authorities made preparations at the outbreak of the war for treating mental maladies caused by terrors of battle. It had been shown by the Russo-Japanese war that the effect of the long drawn out modern battle, with its terrible and incessant roar of artillery, was in a high degree unfavorable, and the record of mental derangements caused by the battles in the far east opened a new chapter in the horrors of war. In anticipation that similar results would attend the present war the German authorities established at Strasbourg a special hospital for the treatment of diseases of the mind caused by battle. One of the physicians attached to this hospital has just given, in the Munich Medical Weekly, some of his observations. He found that mental disorders manifested themselves among the Alsatian population even during the period of mo-

LODY SENDS RING TO FORMER WIFE

Memento and Letter Held for Several Days by Kansas City Customs Office.

WRITTEN DAY BEFORE DEATH

Package Was Forwarded Under Frank of British Government—Miss Storz Refuses to Give Out Contents of Letter.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 7.—(Special Telegram.)—A letter, written by Captain Hans Lody, who was shot a few weeks ago in the Tower of London, and the ring he wore, were received Saturday by Miss Lody's ex-wife, Louise Storz, daughter of a wealthy Omaha brewer, who has been in seclusion in Excelsior Springs since Lody's arrest.

Miss Storz returned yesterday to her home in Omaha, by way of Kansas City. The letter from her husband was written to her the day before his death. Miss Storz refused to make the letter public. It was held up several days by the local postoffice authorities because of advice on the registered envelope bearing the English government's frank, which indicated the contents probably were subject to customs duties. Because of this it was necessary for Miss Storz to come to the customs office here and open the envelope for inspection. In it were the letter and a ring, set with a solitaire, the band of which had been her wedding ring and which had been made by Captain Lody into a man's ring and worn, because of the association, until the day before his death.

The Weekly Dispatch, an English paper, of the week of November 23, gives an account of the trial in full of Captain Lody. During the first day's proceedings Captain Lody is said to have wept bitterly, but later braced himself, and told the story of his life from birth until the date of trial in a frank, lucid manner.

Moorhead Spends Thirteen Thousand Holding Election

More than \$13,000 was expended by Election Commissioner Moorhead for expenses of the last election, according to totals prepared in the office of County Clerk Dewey.

Included in this sum is the November expense of \$10,536 and such amounts of the October account as were spent in preparation for the election.

Since Election Commissioner Moorhead took office fifteen months ago he has spent \$9,624.33, according to figures in the county clerk's office.

County Clerk Dewey, who is interested in the question of what becomes of the county's general fund, declared several months ago that the added expense caused by the election commissioner law would amount to \$10,000 per year. He now declares this estimate was too low.

Met at noon. Price of Maryland, Parker of New Jersey and Vincent of Georgia, filling out unexpired terms, were sworn in.

CONGRESS BEGINS ITS SHORT SESSION

Attempt Will Be Made to Crowd Through President's Program and Supply Bills.

NEW MEMBERS ARE SWORN IN

Joint Session Will Be Held Tuesday at 12:30 to Hear President's Message, Which He Will Deliver in Person.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Congress got back to work again today after a six weeks' rest, to what promises to be a \$1,000,000,000 session.

With crowded calendars confronting both houses, senators and representatives settled down to passing the big appropriation bills and the administration program which President Wilson will outline in his annual address tomorrow, in the hope that a special session may not be necessary after March 4.

In the house a few bills were dropped in the hopper, some new members were sworn in to fill vacancies and a large number of members departed to attend the funeral of the late E. A. Merritt of New York.

In the senate after Senators Kern and Gallinger had been appointed to join a house committee to formally notify President Wilson of the opening of the session, a recess was taken until 3 p. m.

The house named Representatives Underwood, Fitzgerald and Mann to wait upon the president with Senators Gallinger and Kern, and then a resolution was adopted fixing 12:30 p. m. tomorrow as the time of the joint session with the senate to hear President Wilson read his annual address.

Then after resolutions of sympathy on the death of Representative E. A. Merritt of New York, were adopted, the house adjourned at 1:00 p. m. until noon tomorrow.

Interesting Session Expected.
Leaders on all sides look forward to interesting developments over the naval and army appropriation bills because of agitation resulting from the European war. Representative Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts has a resolution directing congressional investigation into the military preparedness of the United States for war.

The first calendar business before the house today was the cotton relief legislation urged by Representative Henry of Texas and others, who almost prevented adjournment of the last session by insisting on it. The general understanding among members of both houses was that President Wilson would press the bill for government purchase of ocean steamships; the measure to pave the way for ultimate independence of the Philippines, and the measure proposing a commission for war.

Met at noon. Price of Maryland, Parker of New Jersey and Vincent of Georgia, filling out unexpired terms, were sworn in.

GERMANY IS GOING AHEAD WITH PLANS TO INVADE BRITAIN

More Than 1,000 Workmen Busy in Construction of Zeppelins for Attack on England.

ON THE JOB DAY AND NIGHT

Monster Airships Being Prepared to Send Against Foes of "Perfidious Albion."

DREADED BOMBS IN BASKET

Special Pocket Carries Fifty Torpedo Explosives.

EACH IS LIKE 16-INCH GUN

One of These, During Trial Near Friedrichshafen, Penetrates the Earth Five Yards.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Dec. 7.—Germany is slowly but steadily preparing to make its threatened aerial attack on London and on the eastern coast of England, even without the aid of the German navy. In the judgment of observers of the continued activity at the Zeppelin works at Friedrichshafen.

At this factory on Lake Constance more than 1,000 workmen since the beginning of the war have been employed in the construction of dirigible balloons, instead of a normal working force of 400 men. In place of the usual working period of eight hours a day, the men, who are all experts, have been divided into day and night shifts of twelve hours each, so that more than 600 are always engaged.

All the finished materials and fittings, as well as sections of the airship envelopes, arrive from other parts of Germany, ready made, and the workmen at Friedrichshafen have only to put them together. This makes it possible to build a Zeppelin in three weeks.

Sails to North.
The latest and strongest Zeppelin ever built, sailed to the north November 5, direct from the Friedrichshafen works, without any previous trial trips. It is considerably longer than its predecessor and its motive power consisted of three motors of 800 horsepower. It carried a crew of fifty officers and men. In a special basket this Zeppelin carried fifty torpedo bombs, each said to be capable of as much damage as the shells of the famous sixteen-inch guns.

One of the bombs, during a trial near Friedrichshafen, penetrated the earth five yards. All the Zeppelins built, since the beginning of the war have been armed similarly. Drednoughts Zeppelins were launched August 15, September 30 and 24, October 15 and November 5, and two others of the same type at the beginning of August, making a total of seven.

Can Resist Attack.
These formidable aerial vessels are said to be able to resist successfully any aeroplane attack. They can "sail" with a weight of two or three tons; they have seventeen to eighteen independent gas compartments and water planes that will allow them to land on water, if necessary, and continue their flight later. At Friedrichshafen they are called "marine airships," and in small letters on their hulls are painted the significant words, "Meant for London."

Officially in Germany there have been built up to the present thirty-one Zeppelins, but only the most recent dozen count with the military authorities.

Work of Captive Gungs.
The older ships are employed in dropping casual bombs on towns, but otherwise doing the work of captive balloons, their places as scouts having been taken by aeroplanes. The new airships are being kept in reserve, it is asserted, for the raid on England, and especially London.

The German staff and Count Zeppelin are understood to hold the opinion that eighteen to twenty Zeppelins of the latest type are necessary for a successful attack on London, and this number is expected to be ready early next year.

All the latest airships carry several machine guns on special platforms and one large gun each.

BRITISH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS SHOW DECREASE

LONDON, Dec. 7.—The British Board of Trade figures continue to show a natural effect of the war. Imports in November decreased \$2,400,000; exports decreased \$10,770,000.

While the imports of food increased \$25,000,000, there was a decrease of \$2,500,000 in the importation of cotton from America and decrease in Egyptian cotton of \$7,000,000. All other raw material also shows a shrinkage in exports were \$25,000,000 in cotton and yarns and \$10,000,000 in coal.

Met at noon. Price of Maryland, Parker of New Jersey and Vincent of Georgia, filling out unexpired terms, were sworn in.

The Day's War News

The success with which the Germans are succeeding in rallying their forces in Poland and renewing the offensive, after escaping from the Russian enveloping movement, is indicated by the Berlin announcement, which has not been contradicted in Petrograd, that the important Polish city of Lodz has again been captured by the Germans. From Lodz the road leads to Warsaw, the objective in the two previous German advances.

From Russian sources comes the intimation of a new plan of offensive. Cracow, it is said, is now under the fire of Russian artillery, and Russian strategy contemplates a shifting of the main attack from central Poland to the south, involving an attempt to push on from the region of Cracow and enter Germany across the Silesian border, with Breslau the objective.

It is reported from Nish that the Servians have resumed the offensive and driven back the Austrian right wing as far as the Kolubara river.

Official statements concerning the fighting in the west still are confined to references to detached engagements, with conflicting claims of small advantages.

GERMAN FORCES AGAIN MENACE CITY OF WARSAW

Kaiser's Army Reoccupies Lodz, from Which it Was Driven Several Weeks Ago.

POLISH CAPITAL IS IN DANGER

Teutons Said to Be in Position to Cut Warsaw's Communication to the East.

CZAR MAKES ANOTHER PLAN

Will Hold Germans in Northern Poland and Try to Advance into Hungary via Cracow.

BALKAN ALLIES ARE AT BAY

Servian and Montenegrin Armies Reported Holding Austrians.

WEST LINE GENERALLY QUIET

Report Ostend is Burning Has Not Been Contradicted—Turkish Navy Warships in Black Sea Reported Destroyed.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—A comparison of the reports from Berlin and Petrograd leads to the conclusion that the Germans again occupy Lodz, from which city they were driven on their first retreat from Warsaw. Berlin makes positive announcement that Lodz is in their hands, while Petrograd admits that the situation there is desperate.

If the fall of the city is a fact, it indicates that communication with Warsaw again is seriously menaced, but a semi-official statement from Petrograd declares that the Russians are strong enough to hold the invaders in northern Poland and will content themselves with doing this, while devoting their main energies to the reduction of Cracow and the invasion of Hungary.

Hungary, according to reports from the Russian capital is the weak point in the armor of the Teuton allies. These messages from Petrograd say that even as early as at the time of the fall of Lemberg, Austria asked Russia for terms of peace. The negotiations to this end, if any really took place, apparently proved abortive. The story is again revived in Petrograd in the form of a report that the Hungarian prime minister on a recent visit to Emperor William, demanded better military protection for Hungary, lack of which would cause the loss of the kingdom.

The latest French official communication declares there is nothing to report on the western front and with the exception of a special dispatch to the effect that Ostend is burning, nothing has been received in London to dispute the accuracy of this laconic statement.

The latest reports from Montenegro and Servia indicate that these Balkan allies, at bay in their mountain strongholds, are holding the Austrian invaders in check.

On the water some minor activity has been noted resulting in the reported destruction of Turkish auxiliaries in the Black sea by Russian submarines; destruction by mines of two Swedish merchant ships off the Finnish coast, and the crippling by a mine of the famous Turkish cruiser Hamidieh, which is said to have remained Constantinople with considerable difficulty.

Diplomatically interest is centered on Rome, where the statement of former Premier Giolitti that Austria planned war against Servia in 1913 has caused something of a sensation.

The Balkan states are said to be nearing a rapprochement which will enable them to make common cause against the German allies.

N. Y. Brokers Fall.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The stock brokerage firm of J. F. Pierson, Jr. & Co., today notified the stock exchange that it was unable to meet obligations. The firm consists of J. F. Pierson, Jr., the board member, and Clarence B. Fell.

Lost—

If you have lost something; don't give up until you have tried to get it back. The surest way, in fact almost the only way, is through a "Lost and Found" ad in The Bee.

A Bee reader is very likely the finder and the only way you can be SURE, is to make yourself known. For the finder will unquestionably look in the "Lost and Found" columns.

When you lose something telephone The Bee about it. The chances are you will get it back, and the cost is a trifling few cents. Our telephone is

Tyler 1000

THE OMAHA BEE

Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads

Little Human Interest Stories of the Big World War Now Raging

Von der Goltz Attempts Suicide.
LONDON, Dec. 7.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from The Hague says that Field Marshal Baron Von der Goltz, who has been governor of the territory in Belgium occupied by the Germans, but who is now on his way to Constantinople to take charge of the Turkish troops, attempted to commit suicide when he received a telegram from Emperor William announcing the appointment of his successor in Belgium. The correspondent gives as the basis for his dispatch reports received at The Hague from Brussels.

"It is said that Field Marshal Von der Goltz," the correspondent declares, "took a room in the Palace hotel in Brussels under an assumed name and tried to shoot himself, but hotel servants forcibly broke into his room and disarmed him."

Swiss Aside Day of Prayer.
OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 7.—The government has set aside Sunday, January 3, as a day of special intercession and prayer on behalf of the British and allied cause in the war and as a tribute to the memory of those who have fallen in

battle. This Sunday will be observed in Great Britain in a similar manner.

Montenegro Almost All In.
PETROGRAD, Dec. 7.—King Nicholas of Montenegro has telegraphed the Bourse Gazette that a third of his army has fallen on the battlefield.

"Nevertheless," King Nicholas adds in his message, "Montenegro will continue to defend their country and deliver attacks on the enemy's territory. Their men are exhausted and they will be most grateful for assistance either in money or supplies."