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have The Bee mailed to you.

VOL. XLIV—NO. 130.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 17, 1914—TEN PAGES.

THE WEATHER.
Fair

On Trains and at
Hotel News Stands, 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

ENGLISHMEN VOTE OVER BILLION MONEY AND A MILLION MEN

Premier Asks 225,000,000 Pounds
and Another Army of Ten Hun-
dred Thousand Men.

PARLIAMENT GRANTS REQUEST

Not a Dissenting Voice Raised in
Commons Against Supplying
Treasure and Soldiers.

CAN COLLECT FROM THE KAISER

Labor Leader Says Later God Can
Be Taken from Germany.

ALIEN FOES IN GREAT BRITAIN

Secretary for Home Affairs Tells of
Enormous Numbers of Them in
Concentration Camps
and at Large.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The meeting of the House of Commons today was devoted entirely to war measures and partisan politics was lacking.

Premier Asquith requested a vote for £225,000,000 (£112,500,000) and another million soldiers, both of which the house granted without a dissenting voice.

The Greatest Crisis.

The prime minister characterized the crisis as "the greatest emergency in which the country ever has been placed." He said 1,300,000 men already were under arms; that the war was costing near \$5,000,000 per day, and that the government proposed to send Belgium \$50,000,000 and Serbia \$4,000,000 without interest until the end of the war.

John Hodge, the labor member for Lancashire, endorsed the proposal with the suggestion:

"Later we can collect it from the German emperor."

Alien Enemies in Camp.

Reginald McKenna, secretary for home affairs, informed the house that there were 14,500 alien enemies in 14 concentration camps in the British Isles and 23,000 at large.

Walter Hume Long, unionist, said the country was not likely to be faced with the stupendous problems of unemployment which might naturally have been expected, and he believed all the men needed would be forthcoming, because the spirit of the country was so magnificent.

He congratulated the government on behalf of the opposition on its "steadfast determination to carry the war to a successful conclusion."

Mr. Long, Mr. Healy and Lord Charles Beresford discussed the question of public safety and urged that the country should be given full details of the achievements of the troops in the field.

Wants Dry Ukase.

William Henry Cowan, liberal, proposed that Great Britain follow Russia's example and prohibit the sale of liquor during the war. Mr. Healy demanded great liberty in dealing with the dependents of the soldiers:

"We are not going to have crippled warriors in the workhouses again, or their dependents thrown upon the scrap heap."

In his closing speech Premier Asquith placed the burden of the censorship on France and said it was necessary to defer to the wishes of the country which was doing the greater part of the fighting and where the fighting was being carried on.

Scandalous and Indecent.

"The insufficiency of the pay of the lower ranks of communication officers has long been a reproach to this country, but has become scandalous and an indecency when men are laying down their lives."

He announced that Earl Kitchener, secretary for war, had prepared a scheme for increased pay. He closed by declaring that sickness among the troops had not exceeded 15 per cent, and that he believed no body of men ever had been brought together who had comported themselves better than the present army.

Greater Iowa from Pulpit.

WATERLOO, Ia., Nov. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—Sermons were preached yesterday all over the state in the interest of Greater Iowa. Every department of activity is working toward this end and every pulpit in this city presented the popular slogan in themes offered.

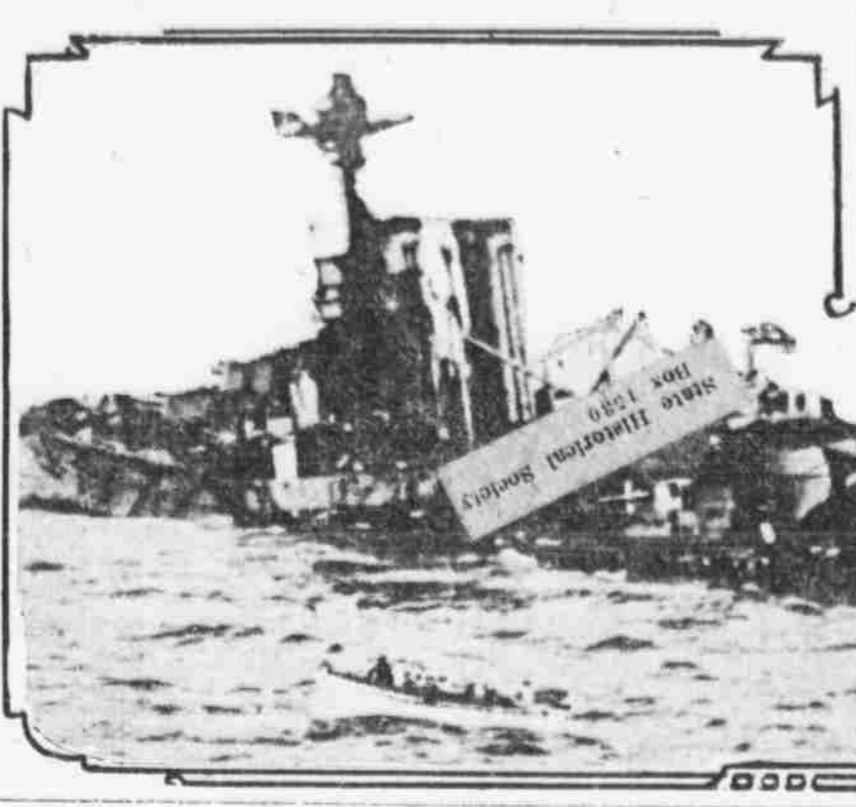
The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity
—Fair.
Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday:
6 a. m. 18
8 a. m. 19
10 a. m. 20
12 m. 21
2 p. m. 22
4 p. m. 23
6 p. m. 24
8 p. m. 25
9 p. m. 26
Lowest yesterday 15
Mean temperature 21.5
Precipitation .00
Temperature and precipitation departures from 1914 normal:
Normal temperature 21
Deficiency for the day .00
Total deficiency since March 1 .78
Normal precipitation .65 inches
Deficiency for the day .00
Total deficiency since March 1 .78 inches
Deficiency since March 1 .78 inches
Deficiency for year period, 1912, 2.35 inches
Deficiency for year period, 1913, 2.35 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State	Temp.	High	Low	Wind
Cheyenne, Wyo.	20	25	15	W
Denver, Colo.	20	25	15	W
Des Moines, Ia.	20	25	15	W
Jodge City, Mo.	20	25	15	W
North Platte, Neb.	20	25	15	W
Omaha, Neb.	20	25	15	W
Pueblo, Colo.	20	25	15	W
St. Paul, Minn.	20	25	15	W
Santa Fe, N. M.	20	25	15	W
Shelton, Wyo.	20	25	15	W
Sioux City, Ia.	20	25	15	W
Valentine, Neb.	20	25	15	W
Rhodes, Neb.	20	25	15	W

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.



REMARKABLE PHOTO OF THE WAR, SHOWING THE SINKING OF THE H. M. S. AUDACIOUS, after being beached off the Coast of Ireland, where it was struck by a mine. The picture was made from the deck of the S. S. Olympic and shows the crew being rescued. Although this happened nearly two weeks ago, neither the story nor picture has ever been published in England, and the story only reached the United States by mail from the London office last Friday night, November 13. The picture arrived a few hours later, having been delayed in the Customs.

THOMAS GIVES UP IN FAVOR OF BARR

Resigns Candidacy for President of
Nebraska State Teachers'
Association.

R. J. BARR SOLE CANDIDATE

Other Nominees Have Withdrawn
and Veteran School Man of Grand
Island Will Head Teachers

State Superintendent-elect A. O. Thomas of Kearney has withdrawn his name from the ballot for president of the Nebraska State Teachers' association. Superintendent E. J. Barr of Grand Island will be the sole nominee, insuring his election.

President Kate McHugh and Secretary E. U. Graff of the association called Dr. Thomas at Kearney and notified him that Superintendent Barr had been selected to the vacancy in the list of nominees.

"Mr. Barr is an old friend of mine," said Dr. Thomas. "The teachers should not elect a man who has served in one position for thirty-three years, and I ask you to strike my name from the ballot in his interest."

Mr. Barr held the position of superintendent in Grand Island for thirty-three years. He is one of the best known school men in the state.

Five men were nominated for president of the teachers' association and all of them withdrew from all races with the exception of Mr. Graff, who remained a candidate for the executive committee.

Although all of the five withdrew, under the rules of the association the vacancies could not be filled unless the withdrawals were for "cause," which cause would have been running for some other office.

Other candidates who withdrew before Dr. Thomas' resignation was received were Chancery Samuel Avery of the University of Nebraska, Superintendent Fred Earl of Lincoln and Superintendent Earl Cline of Geneva.

Secretary Graff of the association will send out the ballots Friday and the vote will be received and the results tabulated within the next two weeks. At this time the teachers will elect officers of the association and vote for the next place of meeting. Lincoln and Omaha are the only candidates for the convention.

Tramps Who Stole Freight Train Are Captured by Posse

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Nov. 16.—Ninety-three tramps on their annual winter tour westward, are in jail here today, charged with having stolen and operated for their own benefit a San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake freight train on the Mojave desert.

The tramps, 103 in number, were hiking across the desert bound for Los Angeles, when the freight train entered Oils, a station east of here. They overpowered the train crew, broke seals of freight cars and after making themselves comfortable, ordered the engineer to pull out for Los Angeles. When the train reached San Bernardino, a posse was waiting for it and all but ten of the tramps were captured.

SHARP WILL PRESENT HIS CREDENTIALS DECEMBER 1

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—William G. Sharp, former Ohio congressman, will present his credentials as American ambassador to France to President Poincaré on December 1, and take over the office now held by former Governor Myron T. Herrick of Ohio.

German Official Bulletin Tells of Advance in Flanders and Argonne

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—(By Wireless.)—An official announcement given out in Berlin this afternoon says that the German attacks in Flanders are progressing slowly, but that in the Argonne the Germans have obtained further important successes.

Continuing it sets forth that German forces have repulsed the enemy near Staluponen and also drove them back at Lippo. Five hundred prisoners were captured on the Vistula river.

German forces have been successful at Wloclawek, where several Russian army corps have been driven back. In this fighting the Germans, according to present reports, made 2,000 prisoners and captured much artillery. The text of the communication follows:

"In the western arena of the war both sides showed only moderate activity yesterday on account of the storm.

"In Flanders our attacks are progressing, but in the forest of Argonne we have won further important successes.

TWELVE FEDERAL BANKS ARE OPEN

Telegrams Continue to Arrive All
Day to McAdoo from Gov-
ernors and Agents.

OVER MILLION IN ST. LOUIS

Chicago's Celebration of What Paul
Warburg Calls "Financial
Fourth of July" Sedately
Observed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Although the twelve federal reserve banks only began business today the federal reserve board already has before it plans for widening their field of operations and increasing their store of cash.

Telegrams began to reach the Treasury department shortly after Secretary McAdoo issued his formal announcement to the banks to open their doors. They continued to arrive all day long, governors and federal reserve agents of all the banks telegraphing their congratulations and their promises of co-operation in making the system a success. No definite data of the business done was available tonight, but Secretary Willis telegraphed each bank for an account of its redemptive business for the day and expected to be able to lay a report before the board tomorrow.

Has Not Reached Decision.

The board may not be willing to draw any definite plans from one day's business, but the first week may have a material effect and may result in augmenting the cash of the banks by more than \$150,000,000. The board has under consideration the deposit of a large part of the loose cash now in the treasury and the transfer of most of the government funds now deposited in national banks. Secretary McAdoo has power to make these changes, but so far has not reached a decision.

If the first week's redemptive business shows that the reserve banks will suggest the adoption of the plan, it has been reported to the board that there is about \$100,000,000 in the treasury available for this purpose and that about \$40,000,000 of the \$70,000,000 now in the banks on deposit for the government could be transferred.

The board tonight made public a circular defining time deposits as including any deposit subject to check on which the bank has the right by written contract with the depositor at the time of deposit to require not less than thirty days' notice before any part of it may be withdrawn.

Over Million Dollars.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 16.—Deposits of reserves in the St. Louis federal reserve bank on this opening day were probably in excess of \$1,000,000, said C. E. French, cashier, late this afternoon. "It is impossible to give the exact amount, for it has not all been counted. The amount counted is \$757,000. Of the deposits probably \$1,000,000 is in gold and if the gold certificates are included the gold deposits are probably 50 per cent. We estimate that between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 will be received in the first installment of reserves."

K. C. Bank Opens.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 16.—With the interior of the bank decorated with flowers bearing the crests of bankers and business men throughout this section, the Kansas City federal reserve bank opened today. The Colorado National bank of Denver was the first depositor with \$20,000.

Despite the fact that the calls to the 44 member banks directing them to send their gold reserves was sent out today a number of banks anticipated it and sent in amounts aggregating \$500,000, according to French.

"A decision has been arrived at in the battle which has been going on for the last few days in continuation of our successes at Wloclawek, in Russian Poland on the Vistula, thirty miles northwest of Plock, where several Russian army corps in opposition to us were driven back beyond Kutno. According to the present reports we made 2,000 prisoners and captured seven machine guns, as well as some cannon, the number of which has not yet been ascertained."

The Day's War News

The battle in Flanders was continued yesterday with the ferocity which has consistently marked this crucial struggle since it began more than a month ago.

From French sources came reports of minor advantages in the fighting, but the great issue there, as on the eastern frontier of Germany, still hung in the balance.

Berlin made the statement that three British warships, part of the fleet which had been assisting the allies to stem the German onrush toward the English channel, had been disabled.

Of greater importance to Great Britain than any of the day's passing events was the question of the attitude in the world war to be taken by the millions of Moslems in its colonial possessions. Reports emanating from Germany were that the Moslems in some instances, at least, were siding with the sultan of Turkey, to whom they owe spiritual allegiance, as against Great Britain.

The German attack on the extreme west is shifting slowly southward in Belgium, toward the French border. The country to the west of Dixmude has been transformed, by the tapping of canals and the heavy rains, into a vast swamp in which heavy fighting is almost impossible. South of Dixmude, the French war office said today, renewed German efforts to cross the Yser canal were beaten back, with the destruction of a German regiment. The French claim the recapture of positions taken recently by the enemy. Elsewhere along the lines the fighting has once more relaxed, being limited chiefly to artillery engagements.

In London it is rumored that a large force of Germans around Dixmude has been cut off by the floods. The inundated country now extends south of Dixmude to within three miles of Rixchoote, about half way to the French border.

Parliament Members Demand Committee to Handle the Spies

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Several interviews with members of Parliament demanding the appointment of a committee of public safety "to take necessary measures to prevent any further mischief from German spies" are published here today.

William Johnson-Hicks, member for Brentford, said: "The present authorities are complacent, almost frivolous, in dealing with the question. That the whole coast should be cleared of all foreigners is undoubted. There probably are many spies among the Belgian refugees, and even in the recruits for the new army."

The Daily Express says: "The spy at present is able to be serviceable because it is nobody's business to deal with him. Three government departments are concerned—the war office, the home office and the admiralty—and the result is inaction, hesitation and all manner of mischiefs. There should be a committee of safety directly responsible to Parliament and the people."

Robber Holds Up Poker Players and Makes His Escape

IOWA CITY, Ia., Nov. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—Twenty men, eight of them playing, were backed away from a poker table in a private room here at 2 o'clock this morning by a bandit and relieved of a \$40 pot and about \$200 in the "bank" of the game. The robber made a safe getaway.

STENOGRAPHER—Must have high school or college education, be rapid, accurate and have ambition and ability to get ahead. Salary according to ability. State full experience and give references.

For further information about this opportunity, see the Want Ad section of today's Bee.

TURKS ANNOUNCE RUSSIAN DEFEAT

Official Bulletin Says Czar's Army
Lost Men, Ammunition and
Prisoners.

BEDOUINS ARE MENACING ADEN

Chieftains Said to Be Massing Fol-
lowers to Attack British Pos-
sessions at Lower End of
the Red Sea.

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—(By Wireless.)—An official Turkish bulletin made public in Berlin today claims further successful Ottoman operations against the Russians, who, it is asserted, suffered severe losses in men, ammunition and provisions.

Dispatches reaching here by way of Constantinople set forth that the British seaport of Aden, in Arabia, at the southern entrance to the Red sea, is in danger because the leader of the local Bedouins is calling on his people to rise and liberate the country from the British yoke. The British possessions around Aden, in addition to the seaport itself, comprise an area of about eighty square miles.

Will Not Violate Suez Canal.

Included in the information given to the press today in official quarters is the following:

"Prince Dolgoroff, in an article in a Moscow newspaper, demands vainly the liberation of Russian Jews from special legislation.

"Constantinople denies the allegation of the triple entente powers that Turkey intends a violation of the international character of the Suez canal.

"The Russians near Kopruckent, in Trans-Caucasia, lost 4,000 men in killed and wounded. The Turks took 200 Russian prisoners and captured 10,000 rifles and large quantities of ammunition. The Turks are advancing on Batun."

Sultan Accuses Allies.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 16.—(Via London.)—The sultan of Turkey has issued a proclamation to the army and navy in which he accuses Great Britain, France and Russia of having instigated the war on Turkey. He adds in this connection that the outcome will put an end to the attempts directed against the glory of the Turkish empire.

Exhorting his soldiers and sailors to bravery the sultan says:

"Not only the fate of our own country, but the future existence of 300,000,000 Moslems depends on your victory."

Will Locate Hidden Wireless Stations

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Using a newly invented apparatus naval experts are working close on the trail of persons suspected of surreptitiously communicating by concealed wireless outfits with belligerent vessels in the Atlantic ocean.

So far evidence has been secured implicating some persons in Florida, but the Maine woods mystery remains unsolved. Within a few days, however, the detection of all such is regarded as inevitable.

The new instruments were perfected by American naval officers.

France Says the Situation Unchanged

PARIS, Nov. 16.—The official communication by the French War office tonight simply says:

"The situation is without modification."

Little Human Interest Stories of the Big World War Now Raging

Ludwig See, Long War.
AMSTERDAM (via London), Nov. 16.—King Ludwig of Bavaria, reviewing the cadets at Munich today, according to the Local Anzeiger of Berlin, said: "The war will last a long time, but we shall not rest until the enemy is beaten and until peace is secured that will protect us a long time against attack."

Soldiers Suffer with Colds.
THIELT, Belgium, (via San Van Ghent, The Hague and London), Nov. 16.—Heavy fogs alternating with pouring rains are causing a great deal of sickness among the soldiers in the trenches. The ditches are flooded and the men are forced constantly to stand in the water. As a result these soldiers suffer from severe colds, which frequently develop into pneumonia.

Peasants Must Burn Homes.
LONDON, Nov. 16.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Daily Mail says it is learned from Berlin that the military authorities

PONTIFF MAKES APPEAL FOR PEACE

His Holiness Calls Upon the Nations
and People to End the Frat-
ricidal Fight.

CHRIST'S SPIRIT DOESN'T REIGN

Nations, Races, Cities and Individu-
als Are Divided by Rancor and
Selfishness More Than by
Patriotic Frontiers.

ROME, Nov. 16.—The pope today caused to be published his announced encyclical urging peace among the warring nations of Europe.

In this document the pontiff attributes the war to four causes, namely: Lack of mutual and sincere love among men, contempt of authority, injustice on the part of one class of the people against another, and the consideration of material welfare as the sole object of human activity.

The pope's appeal urging peace in Europe follows a pastoral letter from the pontiff issued early in September, in which he exhorted the heads of the nations engaged in hostilities to end the present reign of ruin, disaster and bloodshed. The pope then said the spectacle of the conflict filled him with horror and sadness, and that he hoped not only for the end of this war, but of all wars.

Present War is Terrible.

The encyclical begins by tracing a horrible picture of the present war and by calling upon the rulers and the peoples to end the fratricidal fight in order that the dawn of the new millennium be blessed by a voice announcing peace throughout the world. The present bloody war is terrible, the encyclical declares, because it is a struggle of souls as well as a struggle of bodies, the soul being the origin of the body.

After making reference to the doctrines of Christ, the communication says:

"The spirit of Christ does not reign today. The people talk of brotherhood more than they ever have before, yet brotherhood is ignored today to a degree greater than ever before. Nations, races, cities and individuals are divided today by rancor and selfishness more than they are by patriotic frontiers. The lack of reciprocal charity is causing a lack of respect for authority.

Austrian Army Wins Victory in Serbia

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—(By Wireless.)—The Austrian army operating in Serbia, says an Austrian official bulletin given to the German press today, continues its forward movement.

The retreating Serbians rallied in a strong position to the westward and northwest of Vukovo, the announcement says, but the Austrians captured the key to this position after hard fighting.

An official Budapest dispatch reports that the Austrians took Obrenovac by storm.

NINE BUSINESS HOUSES IN PHOENIX ARE BURNED

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 16.—Nine business establishments were wiped out today by a fire, entailing a loss estimated at \$300,000. The fire started in the rear of a clothing store. Despite efforts of the fire department it burned four hours until a fire wall barred further progress. In extinguishing it, burning four hours until a fire wall barred further progress. In extinguishing it, burning four hours until a fire wall barred further progress.

Homelike Furnished Rooms

Many moderately priced
houses are happy, homelike
places in which to live.

Congenial companion-
ship and homelike sur-
roundings are always to
be desired, and the way
to find them is through
the Want Ad columns of
The Bee.

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ads in The Bee contain the
prices, so that much work is
eliminated. We think you will
find all of these places adver-
tised in The Bee, the most de-
sirable in town, too.

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The Omaha Bee
Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads

DEEP SNOW OVER BATTLEFIELDS IN WEST FLANDERS

Weather Adds to Sufferings of Sol-
diers Deadlocked for Month in
Swampy Region.

GERMANS REPORTED CUT OFF

London Star Says Floods Have Iso-
lated Large Force of Teutons in
Vicinity of Dixmude.

KAISER'S FORCES BACK OF YSER

Have Been Compelled to Relinquish
Few Points Held for Week on
Left Bank of River.

NEW LINE IN WEST PRUSSIA

Germans Are Fortifying Thorn,
Posen and Breslau.

RUSSIANS ARE IMPOSING FINES

Towns Occupied by Them Forced
to Pay Losses in Propor-
tion to Levies Made by Ger-
mans in Belgium.

BULLETIN.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—In consequence of the week-end rains, says the Rotterdam correspondent of the Star, it is rumored that a big force of Germans around Dixmude has been cut off by floods.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The armies of the allies and of Germany remain deadlocked at West Flanders today along the battle line where the snow is ankle deep, with the prospects of further intermittent artillery duels and infantry clashes, which for more than a month have been swinging back and forth without definite result.

The snow and the generally adverse weather conditions will make necessary more frequent shifts of men in the trenches and there will be more sickness, especially lung and throat affections. In short trench warfare already laborious and exhausting, daily will become a greater ordeal.

German Back of Yser.

The Germans have not abandoned their attempt to reach the French coast towns, and yet they have not advanced. Today, according to the claims of the allies, the Germans are back on the right bank of the Yser, having been forced to release their grip on points on the left bank held so stubbornly by them last week.

This retirement of the breadth of the river is described in official communications given out in Paris last night as the "most noteworthy incident of the day," and it shows how little change there has been elsewhere either in Belgium or in France.

In the meantime the Germans are putting the finishing touches to the defenses stretching in row after row from Ostend to the Dutch border, and should their present lines be broken, they probably will endeavor to winter in these snug and carefully prepared positions.

Germans Fortify Towns.

In the eastern area of the war the Germans are making and executing similar plans in the face of the Russian advance. It is said that great German forces are being concentrated at Thorn, Posen and Breslau, with the idea of keeping the Russians out of important districts in the provinces of Posen and Silesia.

A word of caution to the allies comes from Petrograd. This is that they must not expect the Russian to sweep into Berlin over night, as it were, as their advance may take months and even longer. The Germans occupy the defenses they have been preparing for years and in addition to this, they may be able to spare even more men for the operation of their eastern front.

Russian armies seem to be gradually converging on Cracow and the siege or investment of this place appears to be (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)