

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Endeavor, Tallor—400 Paxton Bldg. Fighting Fluteres—Burgess-Granden. Danchar cinema, Hotel Roma, Web. 6232. Have No. 1 First B—Now Season Press House for Unclaimed Packages—The auction sale of unclaimed packages at the postoffice Wednesday brought \$300 for 34 packages. Meyers Has a New Boy—Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Meyers, 306 Military avenue, are rejoicing in the arrival of a ten-pound boy at their home. "Today's Movie Program" classified section today. It appears in The Bee EXCLUSIVELY. Find out what the various moving picture theaters offer. Harris Brought Back—George E. Harris, 280 Dewey Avenue, was brought back to Omaha from Tulsa, Okla., by Detective William Devereese to face trial on a charge of bigamy. Young Smith Paroled—Harold Smith, 234 Burt street, arrested for passing a worthless check for \$15 on the King-Peck company, was paroled to W. J. Metcalfe, secretary of the Associated Retailers. Asst Steers as Guardian—Asst Steers, Jr., chief deputy clerk of the district court, has been appointed guardian ad litem of Nettie Rawitzer, under the administration of Mrs. Sophia Rawitzer. The State Bank of Omaha pays 4 per cent on time deposits and 3 per cent on savings accounts. All deposits in this bank are protected by the depositors' guaranty fund of the state of Nebraska. Railroad is Sued—The Chicago & Northwestern Railway company has sued the Nye-Schneider-Fowler company of Fremont in federal court for \$112.42, alleged to be due and unpaid for three shipments of grain. Order of Biags—Charter fee, \$5; monthly dues, 50c; weekly benefits, \$7; funeral benefits, \$125; free physician, free legal advice, free employment bureau; 700 members in Omaha. Join now. Office 308 Brandeis theater. Douglas 3584. Held on White Slave Charge—Charlie Sunshine waived preliminary examination before United States Commissioner E. H. Whitmore of Lincoln Thursday on a charge of violation of the Mann act and was bound over to the grand jury under \$1,000 bond. Extend Time for Bids—Bids for the construction contract for the new First National bank building are to be received until Saturday of this week in steady of yesterday, as had been announced. The opening of the bids is not to come until Monday. Halloween Social—A Halloween social and program will be given Friday evening by the Monmouth Park school social center at the school auditorium. On this occasion plans will be discussed for merging the organization into the new supervised social center being formed. Motorcycles Ordered for Officers—Victor H. Ross, the local Harley-Davidson distributor, has received orders to furnish the police department with two new motorcycles, to be used the coming year by Officers Emery and Wheeler, the veteran speed cops. All law-breaking speeders take notice, as the new machines are said to be faster than anything else on wheels. Crew's Struggle on Sunken Submarine Related in Report

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—A graphic story of the battle for life waged in vain 300 feet beneath the surface of the sea by the twenty-one men who perished in the navy's submarine F-4 last March at Honolulu is told in the final report on the loss of the vessel submitted by a board of inquiry headed by Rear Admiral Busch and made public today. Examination of the wrecked hull after it had been brought to the surface and placed in drydock convinced the board that the disaster was caused by a leak resulting from a corroded battery lining and the failure of the boat through poor diving qualities to respond promptly to the rudder chance which should have returned it to the surface. Discarding the theory once advanced that chlorine gas brought quick relief in death to the crew, the board from signs within the rusted and battered hull pieces out in its report a dramatic account of how the men, who were desperately to save themselves as their vessel sank to the bottom. Fifteen met death in the engine room, where they sought refuge at the last; six died at their posts in the flooded forward compartment. A statement issued here tonight by Henry R. Case, president of the Electric Boat company, designer of the submarine F-4, attributes the loss to the fact that the ballast tank air valves had been left open. Corrosion of the lead lining of the batteries and of rivets, found by the naval board of inquiry to have been the primary cause of the disaster, but could not have been more than a contributory cause.

TWO MEXICANS HELD AND POLICE LOOK FOR THIRD

Deciding that Prilliano Seyva, a Mexican, who was found dead at Twenty-seventh and Martha streets the other night, came to his death through a wound in the throat which severed his jugular vein, a coroner's jury ordered that Joe Reyes and Perfecto Minon be held as state witnesses and that the authorities make a search for one Andres, alias Dago, who is said to have been with Seyva the night he was murdered. Seyva was killed in a miniature war among a gang of Mexican track laborers.

BOUND OVER TO DISTRICT COURT FOR TAKING GRIP

C. C. Kelder of Topola, Ia., charged with the theft of a grip from a restaurant at Twelfth and Mission streets, was bound over to the district court with bonds fixed at \$250. The grip belonged to a traveling man, who had left it in the restaurant. Mrs. P. Pollock, who conducts the restaurant, saw Kelder take the grip, and recollecting that he was not the man who had left it there, traced him to the Union station and had him arrested. Leo Griffen of San Francisco, who was arrested with Kelder, will be given a hearing Friday morning.

MAN HIT BY GAS BIKE IS IN CRITICAL CONDITION

C. F. King, assistant engineer of the Northwestern, run down by a negro on a motorcycle at Thirteenth and Parnass streets Tuesday afternoon, is in a critical condition at his home, Twenty-third and Davenport streets. Mr. King sustained severe bruising on the body and the attending physician fears a concussion of the brain.

BISHOPS ATTENDING EPISCOPAL SYNOD IN OMAHA—Procession marching into Trinity cathedral for opening service. Following Dean Tancock are Bishop Tyler of North Dakota, Bishop McElvain, bishop suffragan of Minnesota; Bishop Longley, bishop suffragan of Iowa; Bishop Beecher of western Nebraska, Bishop Edsall of Minnesota, Bishop Morrison of Duluth, Bishop Brewster of western Colorado, Bishop Williams of Nebraska, with Bishop Brewer of Montana bringing up the rear.



EPISCOPAL SYNOD MEETING OPENED

Services Are Held at Trinity Cathedral, with Bishop Brewster Preaching Sermon. WOMEN'S AUXILIARY GATHERS

The Episcopal synod of the Province of the Northwest opened its second annual meeting with services in Trinity cathedral, where Bishop L. R. Brewer of Montana was the celebrant of the holy communion and Bishop Benjamin Brewster of western Colorado preached the sermon. The service was preceded by the procession of the vested choir, clergy and bishops into the church, ten bishops being in line, besides two-score clergy and the large choir. Bishop Brewster's sermon was a strong plea for more self-sacrifice in the church and more organization for efficiency. He laid bare the faults of the church today with entire candor. One of his frank statements was, "Some of the bishops and clergy are spending excessive sums on clerical."

"We sing," he said, "Like a Mighty Army Moves the Church of God." Alas, it is true that often the church moves more like an undisciplined band of guerrilla soldiers. Often its efforts are ineffective because they lack organization and co-ordination."

He pointed to the great war in Europe as an example of the folly of laying up material possessions exclusively. "Thousands there have sacrificed everything. What part has self-sacrifice in the work of the church, with that religion which we preach, but often so half-heartedly practice? Bishop Biller of South Dakota who died only last Friday, said in the last sermon which he preached: 'Entertained as I am, constantly am in the most luxurious automobiles, I need no further evidence of the ability of our people to support the great work of the church. Yet this work lasts.'"

"I am glad there is no big banquet on the program of the synod, where we would have to consume six or eight courses and spend three or four hours merely in accordance to a foolish custom. I am glad that unnecessary expense is avoided."

Woman's Auxiliary Meets. The provincial meeting of the Women's auxiliary opened with celebration of the holy communion in the cathedral at 7:30 a. m., followed by a business meeting in the chapel at 9 o'clock. The Bishop and delegates to the synod took luncheon in the grill room of the Loyal hotel at 12:30 p. m. Organization for the convention was effected in the afternoon in Trinity Parish house. At 3 o'clock there was a conference on religious education in the Severn Memorial building. Bishop McElvain, suffragan of Minnesota, presiding.

Government Files Appeal in the Steel Corporation Case. TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 28.—The government petition for an appeal to the United States supreme court in the Sherman anti-trust suit against the United States Steel corporation was filed here today in the federal court. The appeal is taken as a matter of right and insures a hearing of the case by the highest federal court. The appeal is from the recent decision of the district court dismissing the complaint of the government in which the steel corporation was charged with being a combination in restraint of trade and in violation of the Sherman act and which sought its dissolution. Accompanying the formal petition for appeal, the government filed a bill of exceptions to the decision of the district court, giving twenty-three distinct counts in which that court is said to have erred. It is upon these so-called errors of the district court that the government will rest its case in the supreme court.

ESTABROOK MAKES PLEA FOR BUSINESS

(Continued from Page One.) purchaser pays the entire tax, although he may not be aware of it. These answers were formerly Bryan's stock in trade. Do they strike you as persuasive? If a tariff is inherently wicked, why not, on high moral grounds, abolish all tariffs? If a high tariff is grand larceny, why compromise on petit larceny? To my notion a tax on the privilege of trading with an alien rather than with your neighbor is a just and righteous tax. Trade implies equality. The value of the things traded or exchanged is based largely on the labor cost of producing them. An unskilled laborer who in Italy receives, 30, 40, 50 cents a day no sooner lands on American soil than he receives \$1.50 to \$2.00 a day. This must be so or the very devil would be to say. Our government has among its several states and territories the largest free trade of any nation in the world; but it is a trade based on an equality of cost production, on American standards of compensation. Nor do I see how building a fence around a garden determines the quality of the fruits and vegetables grown in it or the moral character of the gardener who works in it so long as it keeps out the chickens. "Thousands there have sacrificed everything to a harped wire fence—a peculiarly American invention under which no foreign sheep may crawl without leaving a tuft of wool sticking as a memento of his trespass."

Tariff on Wheat. "What do you accomplish when you reduce the tariff on wheat, for example, 10 cents a bushel? You hurt the American farmer, of course, because he sells at wholesale, and so competes with all the world; but you do not cheapen the price of a loaf of bread one iota. The infinitesimal reduction which, in theory, should be allocated to a loaf of bread, or even to a barrel of flour, is either retained by the seller or absorbed by the middle man. The retail buyer sees none of it. And the same statement applies to sugar or any other product of our country."

"I do not believe that a policy adopted by our government at the very beginning of this century, which has succeeded in raising our revenues but to develop our resources; to which all our standards have been adapted—prices, wages, rentals; to which also our institutions are so thoroughly adjusted; with whose machinery we are so familiar and wonted by custom; which has not become a matter of temperament of our people and their ways of living—I do not believe, I say, that a policy so basic, so intrinsic, so indigenous, so inveterate, may suddenly be abrogated without causing panic and confusion and all the evils mothered by them. Nor do I believe that our normal prosperity will ever be restored until our tariffs are restored or more scientifically graduated."

"It was known, of course, that under existing schedules there would be a tremendous slump in revenues—though the slump has far exceeded the estimate; to compensate for which there has been levied an income tax. My contribution under this levy is not large enough to warp my judgment regarding the tax itself; it consists principally of an annual brainstorm induced by an effort to make up my report. How anyone less gifted than my law clerk ever succeeds in doing it, God or McAdoo only knows. But I cannot imagine myself so poor that I could ever glorify the tax or reckon its pecuniary benefit to me the equivalent of my humiliation in accepting such a benefit. As an excellent if it is clumsy, costly and inequitable. The vast and complicated machinery through which the taxes are gathered into the treasury absorbs much of the tax in the expense of maintenance—like one of these institutional charities that charges you 30 per cent of your donation to get the remaining 70 per cent into the hands of the beneficiary."

Widow's Pensions. "I am not opposed to concessional or eleemosynary legislation. If we wish to create widow's pensions, old age pensions, disability pensions, and such like, let's do it! But let everybody chip in in proportion to his estate. That means that you may be richer than I, but not a bit more independent! Why any class of exemption in it, or any difference of ratio, the income tax law is unequal, unfair and un-American! As devised, the tax is also a double-barreled temptation to perjury; for the man who has to pay is tempted to swear that he owns less than he does, while the man who wants the credit of an income is tempted to swear that he owns more than he does."

"But the income tax, egregious as it is, has not proved adequate for the purposes of revenue, and so, heaven help us, we have the war tax! With more machinery! "Would it not strike an efficiency expert that the creation of so much machinery, still retaining all the old machinery of the custom house, is lacking somewhat in economy? Particularly if all of it together does not produce the results of the old machine? "But, bless you! not even the custom house and its machinery, the income tax and its machinery, the war tax and its machinery—not Ossa piled on Pelion—meets the situation; and we are now warned to look out for a bond issue to make up an appalling deficit. And here the administration is on solid ground. The United States can always borrow enough to tide over a few years of experimental folly!"

ROME REPORTS FALL OF FORTS OF RIVA AND GORIZIA AS IMMINENT

ROME, Oct. 27.—(Via Paris, Oct. 28.)—In political circles here the fall of Gorizia and Riviera is considered imminent, notwithstanding the heavy reinforcements Austria is concentrating on the Italian front. Italian advice on the heights of Santa Lucia and opposite Tolmino and the capture of a field fort southeast of Globna are recorded in the official statements issued tonight by the war office. The statement says: "From new positions, one on the right bank of the Adige, which commands communications at the bottom of the gorge, our artillery on October 28, surprised and seriously damaged one of the enemy's military trains, which was moving toward the Sant Ilario stations, north of Rovereto."

"On the upper Cordevole, October 28, on the rugged slopes of Col di Lana, we stormed another fort filled with hostile troops. We found the enemy's trenches choked with bodies. We took eight prisoners."

"In the Monte Nero zone, on the night of the 26th and 27th, the enemy in great strength again tried to attack our positions above Vodv. We allowed them to come within a short distance, then mowed them down and dispersed them with our cross fires."

"Our offensive accomplished fresh progress on the height of Santa Lucia and opposite Tolmino, where we made twenty-one prisoners. In the Playa zone we conquered a field fort southeast of Globna. We took prisoners survivors of the garrison to the number of 103, four of them officers, and captured two machine guns."

"On the Carso front heavy bombardment by the two artillery continued throughout the last few days, and was made there. We stormed several trenches, taking fifty-five prisoners, including one officer."

HYMENEAL. Russell-Steinbeck. In All Saints' church, Wednesday, October 27, Mr. William A. Russell of East McKeesport, Pa., and Miss Lorraine Steinbeck of Portland, Ore., were married. The Rev. T. J. Mackay officiating. The only witnesses present were Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Todd. Mr. Russell is traveling auditor for the Ford Automobile company.

Elev-Wall. Kathryn E. Wall of Omaha and John S. Eley of Evanston, Wyo., were married Thursday morning at 11 o'clock by Rev. Charles W. Savidge at his office in the Brandeis theater building. They were accompanied by Ralph Pickrel and Josephine Peters, both of Omaha. Protest Minimum Change. PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—Representatives of the different railway companies operating in the state are before the State Railway commission today protesting the order of the commission, suspending their proposed increase from \$5,000 to \$6,000 pounds an car weight minimum shipment for grain and grain products which is being opposed, especially at the milling points in the state, where its effect would be material in their freight bills.

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Night Cough Relieved. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey eases your cough, soothes the lungs and invites sleep. Only 25c. All druggists—Advertisement.

What is Progressive? Today the man who flouts our constitution as a monument to the greed, rapacity and even fraud of our forefathers—think of it!—and a handicap to the progress of the people—think of it!—calls himself a "progressive." Today if a man refuses to join in lambasting our supreme court (that unique and precious feature of our autonomy), he is called a "reactionary." I call that man a patriot, whose services in behalf of ordered liberty were never more needed than at this very hour.

"And yet such men as these must know, for everybody knows, that from the dawn of history to the advent of Washington and his compatriots the people had lived in spasmodic rebellion against the tyranny of a despot, or the savagery of a mob. Liberty had been a torch carried in the wind-lighted, extinguished, relighted, snuffed out—again and again—always a

flaring flambeau or a smoldering stench. And always, in their heart of hearts, the people had known that liberty was not a torch to be carried in the wind, but a holy flame, to be placed on an altar and worshiped—like the visible presence of Jehovah in the tabernacle—a holy flame to be watched and guarded with jealous love and zealous devotion."

"And so, on the great continent, which God had kept hidden in a little world—here, with a new heaven and a new earth, where former things had passed away, the people of many nations, of various needs and creeds, but united in heart and soul and mind for the single purpose, banded on altar to liberty, the first ever built or that ever could be built, and called it the constitution of the United States. Fellow citizens, if to stand by that constitution is to 'stand pat,' then I am a 'standpatter' and glory in the ascription."

Making the Good Bad. "Do you believe the American merchants of today are more wicked by nature than the English merchants honored by Lord Mansfield's confidence? "Do you believe that the type distill of a legislature can make a good man bad? "Aren't you tired of statutory crimes? "Would you not like to see some great American, who looms big in public life, stand forth before all the people and shake his fist in their faces, calling them ingrates and grovelers, unworthy of their blessings, repaying only what they have sown in ignorance and anger? "Would you not like to see him raise his face to heaven and thank God for the matchless boon of American citizenship under the constitution given us by our fathers? "Aren't you tired of musketeers and bellyachers and the caterwaul of malcontents who are forever screeching in our ears the words of Richard II: Let's talk of graves, of worms and epitaphs! Make dirt our paper, and with rainy words write sorrow on the bosom of the earth. "If the law is to add the rest of the sentence now, 'Let's choose executors and talk of wills,' wouldn't we almost forgive them? "Gentlemen, the sentiments I have uttered here tonight were recently expressed by me at a meeting of the Chicago Commercial club in almost identical language. The Chicago Tribune called them 'reactionary.' Lord, how these newspapers pounce on a word and worry it to a frazzle! 'Reactionary,' 'progressive,' 'standpatter'—I have seen them a million times and even now have only the vaguest notion of what is meant by them. It has been said that the republican party, for the last few years, has been trying to stand pat on one leg and progress with the other—a sort of fusion of the tango and the minuet that results only in confusion—with the accent on the 'con.' True progress, I take it, must be defined, not in terms of motion, but of betterment. To advance from one position to a better position from a given condition to a better condition, may truly be called progress. Every man believes in that—it is not necessary to label him, in principle, therefore, we are all progressives. But your political species—your simon-pure article—your progressive with a big 'P' wants change just to see what it comes of. He had rather lurk in the dark than not to leap at all. He would tinker the machinery of government just as a mischievous boy would tinker the machinery of a clock—the same juvenile curiosity, the same assurance of ignorance, the same recklessness of results."

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Cars for Villistas Territory Are Tied Up by Injunction

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 28.—Two hundred and eight cars of the National Railway of Mexico, some loaded, intended for transfer from the United States into Villa territory at Juarez, have been held under injunction proceedings brought today in the district court by Andrea Garcia, consul for the Carranza government. The proceedings were directed against the El Paso Southern and the Rio Grande & El Paso railroads.

Dandruff Makes Hair Fall Out

25 cent bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful. Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy. Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance. Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.



"S-O-M-E Doughnut!" "Any time you want real goodies use Calumet Baking Powder! My mother uses it—she's tried all others—she's learned her lesson—now she sticks to Calumet. "Unequaled for making tender, wholesome, light bakings. Wonderful leavening and raising qualities—uniform results. Mother says Calumet is the best—more economical to use. Try it once. Received Highest Awards. See List in Postal Card."

