

ARMY PLAN BEFORE HOUSE COMMITTEE

Secretary Garrison Explains Plan for Creating Army of Million Within Six Years.

WILL DOUBLE THE WAR BUDGET

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Secretary Garrison laid before the house military affairs committee today his formal argument in behalf of the administration's army plan which is designed to give the country a definite military policy. It proposes the creation of a mobile federal force of more than 1,000,000 men in six years, accumulation of a huge reserve of armament and equipment and elaborate extension of the coast defenses, the whole project involving an expenditure of \$600,000,000, and an annual War department budget thereafter of more than \$200,000,000, as compared with an average of \$100,000,000 for the last few years.

Many Outside Responsibilities. Referring to the far-spread military responsibilities of the nation, reaching into the insular possessions, China, Alaska and the Panama canal zone, Mr. Garrison added:

"We have determined and announced that the sovereignty of the other republics on this hemisphere shall remain inviolable and must therefore at all times stand ready to make good our position in connection.

"There is a disposition upon the part of some," he continued, "to assume that we are forcing a crisis. The only way to meet any emergency is by adopting emergency measures. The personnel and material needed for military purposes should be immediately mobilized. Every nerve should be strained and every resource drawn upon and nothing overlooked necessary to preserve and defend us, regardless of cost and of other considerations.

"There is common agreement among those who have studied the subject intelligently that we should have a force in the continental United States of 500,000 men subject to instant call.

"Our immediate problem, therefore, seems to be how shall we meet these requirements.

"The adjutant general reaches the conclusion that he cannot expect, under present conditions, to recruit more than 60,000 men per year for the army. It would, therefore, seem impracticable in the last degree to consider that the problem can be solved by providing for a standing army of the size necessary for this solution."

Aid for National Guard. Turning to the National guard, Mr. Garrison said:

"At the present time this force consists of approximately 120,000 men and officers, and it would therefore be necessary, if it is to be expanded to 400,000, to add 280,000 men and officers.

"I, therefore, propose a large addition to the federal aid extended to the National guard, so that the system may be operated to its maximum capacity and be available for the federal purposes specified in its most effective condition.

The secretary then outlined the continental army plan which proposes to raise 400,000 men in annual increments of 33,000 each from districts approximating the 40 congressional districts, each to supply 233 men annually. The men would enlist for three years with the colors and three years on furlough and will be armed, equipped and officered.

The training would be done by officers of the National guard and they would be paid during the time of their service on the same basis as the regular army. Seventy Thousand Regulars. Turning to the question of the size of the regular army necessary to train the continentals and carry on the various military activities of the War department in normal times, Mr. Garrison said it had been demonstrated to him that a mobile force of 60,000 men and 20,000 coast artillery troops would serve all needs. Such a force, an increase of nearly 40,000 over the present army, he said, would be comparatively inexpensive, would require no additional quarters and could be recruited. For these reasons he recommended the addition of ten regiments of infantry, four regiments of field artillery, fifty-two companies of coast artillery, fifteen companies of engineers and four aero squadrons to the present force, bringing the enlisted strength in two years up to 134,700 and the number of officers to 7,000.

"The officers and men of the new organizations are absolutely essential if the War department plan is to be fairly tried out," he added. "In the plan of the war college division of the general staff, an army of about 300,000 is distributed that in continental United States there would be left 121,000 mobile army troops. In the War department plan, these divisions are at present strength, so that they are capable of expansion. The war college division plan proposed a two-year enlistment, with six years in reserve and, eventually, at the end of eight years, makes up a line of 500,000 men of the regular army, of whom 121,000 would be with the colors and 379,000 in reserve."

Hay Asks Questions. Chairman Hay asked if recent orders of the War department would prevent army officers from giving the committee free expression of their individual views.

AUSTRIA SILENT ON SINKING OF LINER PERSIA

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The policy of this government was defined in part as follows:

"That no guns are mounted on the forward part of the vessel. That the ship manned by its usual crew and the officers for the same as those on board before the war was declared.

"Port authorities on the arrival in a port of the United States of an armed vessel of belligerent nationality, claiming to be a merchant vessel, should immediately investigate and report to Washington as to the intended use of the armament. In order that it may be determined whether the evidence is sufficient to remove the presumption that the vessel is and should be treated as a ship of war. Clearance will not be granted until authorized by Washington.

American Missionary Lost. Rev. Homer R. Salisbury of this city, the Seventh Day Adventist missionary, superintendent of India, who sailed on the liner Persia from Marseilles, is given up for lost in a report which the Peninsula and Oriental line has transmitted to the American embassy in London.

Steel Corporation Raises Pay of Its Unskilled Men

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The United States Steel corporation today decided to increase the wages of virtually all of its unskilled employees about 10 per cent.

The following statement was given out by Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation:

"In view of the prosperous conditions now existing it was voted at a meeting of the presidents of our iron and steel companies today to recommend that there should be made adjustments of wage rates to take effect February 1. The finance committee unanimously adopted the recommendation of the presidents.

"It is proposed to increase rates of common labor 10 per cent. As to other departments increases will be equitably proportioned. Adjustments in wage rates among our mining companies are under consideration."

Clothiers Say Dye Famine is Acute, Appeal to Lansing

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The National Association of Clothiers will appeal to Secretary of State Lansing for assistance in an effort to persuade Germany and Great Britain to allow dyes to be shipped from Germany to this country.

The president of the association was authorized at a meeting of that body held here yesterday, to appoint a committee to call upon Mr. Lansing, and if advisable to seek the aid of President Wilson.

PART OF SOUTH CHICAGO STEEL PLANT IS BURNED

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Fire in the South Chicago plant of the Illinois Steel company, last night destroyed a three story brick building known as the electrical appliance storage house. The cause is unknown. Officials of the company said that a number of articles were being made by the company for American manufacturers which might be used in munition making. The officials declined to estimate the loss early in the day.

To Prevent the Grip. Colds cause Grip-Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. There is only one "Bromo-Quinine." E. W. Groves' signature on box. See advertisement.

The National Capital

Met at noon. Resolution asking the War department if it is not possible to abolish or consolidate some army posts. Secretary Garrison declined to investigate charges that an illegal combination is about to advance prices of hides. Adopted resolution asking the president to designate a Jewish relief day. Adjourned at 4:18 p. m. to noon Friday.

BELLANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

Prosecutor from Texas Resents Slur Of Magnates Lawyer

(Continued from Page One.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Beginning the final summing up for the government at the trial of the eleven former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, R. L. Batts, chief federal counsel, took vehement exception today to remarks made by the defense that he had been chosen to prosecute the case because he had been, in Texas, a law partner of Attorney General Gregory.

He resented also the remarks that as a Texan he had come to New York to put some of its leading citizens in jail. "Mr. Nicol suggested that if he went to Texas to prosecute a similar case he would have to go armed," said Mr. Batts.

Democratic Rule Comes to End in Massachusetts

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 6.—Five years of democratic administration in Massachusetts ended with the inauguration today of the successful republican candidates at the last election, Governor Samuel W. McCall and Lieutenant Governor Galvin Coolidge.

In his inaugural address Governor McCall directed particular attention to the need of a convention to revise the state constitution, the last constitutional convention having been held in 1853.

Colorado Town Snowbound for Nearly a Week

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo., Jan. 6.—Efforts to restore communication with Gateway, a mining camp in southwestern Mesa county, which has been snowbound for nearly a week, were further hampered today by a four-inch snow fall last night, which drifted badly in a forty-mile gale.

Food supplies, it is feared here, are running low in the town and at isolated ranch homes in the district. Cattle men near here planned today to resume efforts to break a train into Gateway, with fifty horses driven in single file.

OKLAHOMA GRANDFATHER LAW WILL BE AMENDED

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 6.—Governor R. L. Williams issued a proclamation today convoking the legislature of Oklahoma in extraordinary session January 17.

The proclamation does not mention questions that the governor may submit for consideration, but it is believed here that the so-called "grandfather law" will be submitted for amendment and the legislature asked to enact a more stringent anti-usury law.

JUDGE THOMAS IN EAST TO PRESENT BANK CASE

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—J. J. Thomas of Seward, who is spoken of as a possible successor to the late Judge W. H. Munser on the district bench of Nebraska, is in Washington for the purpose of presenting the case of the Bank of Staplehurst against Yates and others to the supreme court. Four cases are included in the same bill of particulars, and for purposes of expeditious will be heard together.

These cases were docketed for argument on Monday last, but the death of Associate Justice Lamar postponed argument and they will not be reached until next Monday. Piles Cured in 8 to 14 Days. Druggists refund money for Pazo Ointment fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. First application gives relief. 50c.—Advertisement.

HORRORS TOLD OF LOST FIGHT FOR GALLIOLI

(Continued from Page One.)

and the Fifth Wiltshire regiments, which General Hamilton describes as weakened in numbers though not in spirit. "First, our men were shelled by every enemy gun," he says, "then assaulted by a huge column consisting of no less than a full division plus three battalions. The North Lancashire men were simply overwhelmed in their shallow trenches by sheer weight of numbers, while the Wiltshires, who were caught out in the open, were literally almost annihilated."

Sweep Over Crest. The ponderous mass of the enemy swept over the crest and armed round the Hampshire and General Baldwin's brigade, which had to give ground, and were only extricated with great difficulty and very heavy losses.

Losses Enormous. "Enormous losses were inflicted and the awartha which had once fairly crossed the crest line only a handful straggled back to their own side of Chonuk Bair."

At the same time strong forces of the enemy were hurled against the spurs to the northeast, where there arose a conflict so deadly that it may be considered the climax of four days' fighting for the ridge. Portions of our line were pierced and the troops were driven clean down the hill. At the foot of the hill the men who were supervising the transport of food and water were rallied by Staff Captain Street. Unhesitatingly they followed him back, where they plunged into the midst of that series of struggles, in which generals fought in the ranks and men dropped their scientific weapons and caught one another by the throat.

The Turks came on again and again, fighting magnificently and calling upon the name of God, our men stood to it and maintained by many a deed of daring the old traditions of their race. There were no flinching; they died in the ranks where they stood. Here Generals Cayley, Baldwin and Cooper and all their gallant men achieved great glory. On this bloody field fell Brigadier General Baldwin, who earned his first laurels on Caesar's camp at Ladysmith. There, too, fell Brigadier General Cooper, badly wounded.

No Live Turk Left. "Toward this supreme struggle the absolute last two battalions from the general reserve were now hurried, but by 10 o'clock in the morning the effort of the enemy was spent. Soon their shattered remnants began to trickle back leaving a track of corpses behind them. By night, except for prisoners or wounded, not a live Turk was left upon our side of the slope."

Two lesser attacks were made by the Turks the same day. General Hamilton continues: "By evening the total casualties of General Birdwood's force had reached 12,000 and included a very large proportion of officers. The Thirteenth division of the new army under Major General Shaw had alone lost 4,000 out of a grand total of 10,000. Brigadier General Baldwin was gone and all his staff men and commanding officers, thirteen, had disappeared from the fighting effective. The Warwick and Worcesters had lost literally every single officer."

The old German notion that no unit could stand the loss of more than twenty-five per cent has been completely falsified. The thirteenth division and the Twenty-ninth brigades of the Tenth Irish division had lost more than twice that, and in spirit were game for as much more fighting as might be required.

Hold All They Gain. "The British had held all they gained, momentarily carried by the Gurkhas, and the position on Chonuk Bair, which had been retained forty-eight hours. "Unfortunately," says General Hamilton, "these two pieces of ground, small and worthless as they seemed, were worth, according to the ethics of war, 10,000."

LINER REACHES NEW YORK WITH GUNS

Italian Ship Arrives with Mounted Cannon in Charge of Royal Navy Gunners.

UNITED STATES WILL OBJECT

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Gunners of the royal Italian navy were in charge of the two guns on the Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi, which arrived here today from Genoa, Naples and Palermo, according to the captain, Luigi Zannoni.

After the vessel left Palermo, the captain said, daily practice was held with the guns, barrels having been thrown overboard as targets.

The guns were placed on the Giuseppe Verdi by order of the Italian naval authorities, but the captain declares he was instructed to use them for defensive purposes only.

Two gunners became extremely profi-

Woodpile Keeps Men from Chicago City Lodging House

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—The coldest weather of the winter enveloped Chicago last night. Much suffering was reported and the municipal lodging house was overcrowded.

The municipal wood pile, work on which wins admission to the municipal lodging house, has kept herds of homeless from burrowing the city this winter, according to complications.

GRIPPE IS EPIDEMIC AMONG LUMBER JACKS

ASHLAND, Wis., Jan. 6.—An epidemic of gripple is causing havoc among the lumber jacks in the woods of Wisconsin, according to local medical and hospital authorities. A large number of cases have been brought to this city for treatment. Carelessness on the part of the workmen makes them more liable to contagion, and lack of care after the disease has set in has allowed several cases to progress until they are beyond help.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & CO. The Fashion Center of the Middle West Established 1886.

Women's Knit Underwear In a Special Sale. Women's part wool Union Suits, regular prices, \$1.25 and \$1.50, for .98c. Wool Union Suits, regular \$3.50 values, \$2.00. Extra fine ribbed Union Suits, Shetton make, \$2.00 quality - \$1.25. Mercerized Tights, in white and sky, \$1.25 quality - 79c. Corset Covers of cotton, wool and mercerized, all reduced to very low prices. Third Floor.

This Thirtieth January Clearing Sale Is Effecting Pronounced Savings. Reliable - Seasonable - Merchandise reduced for a final clearance. No "sale goods" are purchased for this event - only our own regular high grade stocks. You'll Appreciate the Values Once You See Them.

The Values in This Linen Sale Are Well Worth Considering. Selected months ago, before the present large increases in price were added, these first grade pure linens, represent exceptional values. Women who look for a continuance of these prices after this January Sale will be disappointed.

Table Cloths. \$2.50 Table Cloths at \$1.75. \$3.00 Table Cloths at \$2.00. \$3.50 Table Cloths at \$2.25. \$3.75 Table Cloths at \$2.80. \$5.00 Table Cloths at \$3.80. \$6.00 Table Cloths at \$4.00. \$7.50 Table Cloths at \$5.00. \$10.00 Table Cloths at \$6.75. \$12.00 Table Cloths at \$8.80. \$15.00 Table Cloths at \$10.80. \$20.00 Table Cloths at \$15.00. \$25.00 Table Cloths at \$20.00. \$35.00 Table Cloths at \$25.00. \$50.00 Table Cloths at \$37.50. Bleached Napkins. \$2.50 Napkins, \$1.80 a doz. \$3.00 Napkins, \$2.00 a doz. \$3.75 Napkins, \$2.75 a doz. \$4.50 Napkins, \$3.38 a doz. \$6.00 Napkins, \$4.75 a doz. \$7.50 Napkins, \$5.00 a doz. \$10.00 Napkins, \$7.50 a doz. \$12.00 Napkins, \$8.80 a doz. \$25.00 Napkins, \$17.50 a doz. \$45.00 Napkins, \$35.00 a doz.

Table Damask. \$1.50 Bleached Table Damask, \$1.00 a yard. \$1.75 Bleached Table Damask, \$1.25 a yard. \$2.00 Bleached Table Damask, \$1.50 a yard. \$2.25 Bleached Table Damask, \$1.75 a yard. \$1.75 Bleached Table Damask, \$1.25 a yard. EXTRA SPECIAL. John E. Brown & Sons' Napkins. 100 dozen \$10.00 3-4 Napkins, January Sale price - \$5.00 a Dozen. Limits: One Dozen to a Customer. Crash Toweling. 17c Bleached Crash Toweling, 12 1/2c a yard. 20c Bleached Crash Toweling, 17c a yard. 22c Bleached Crash Toweling, 18c a yard. 25c Bleached Crash Toweling, 22c a yard.

Huck Towels. 25c Huck Towels, 19c. 45c Huck Towels, 25c. 75c Huck Towels, 50c. \$1.00 Huck Towels, 75c. \$1.50 Huck Towels, \$1. Turkish Toweling. 20c Bleached Turkish Towels, 12 1/2c. 25c Bleached Turkish Towels, 19c. 45c Bleached Turkish Towels, 25c. 50c Bleached Turkish Towels, 39c. 75c Bleached Turkish Towels, 50c. 85c Fancy Turkish Towels, 50c.

Oak Roll Top Desk, \$29.50. A special value, solid golden oak, roll top 52-inch long, 30-inch wide and 42-inch high. Ends and base and all panels, also top and writing bed, of solid rich lumber with 1 1/4-inch legs—Extra large drawers of dove-tail construction. Price, \$29.50. A complete line of office furniture and filing equipment. RUGS, MATTING, LINOLEUM, CARPETS FOR OFFICES. Orchard & Wilhelm Co. 414-416-418 South 10th Street.

Petroleum Coke. All heat, no dust, no ash. \$9.50 per ton. Thorough Screening. Bernice Coal. (Southern Anthracite) - Comfortable Furnace Coal. \$9.50 per ton. Everburn Coal. Careful Drivers. Prompt Delivery. All Sizes - CLEAN - HOT - LASTING - The Coal for Every Purpose. Domestic Lump Money-Saving Coal. \$5.00 per ton. McCaffrey Bros. Co. 120 South 17th. Tyler 40. Sampson Nut Serviceable Coal. \$4.50 per ton.

HIPP. Continuous From 11 a.m. to 11 p.m. Phone D. 9009. Today and Saturday. Jesse L. Lasky Presents the Famous Grand Opera Star, GERALDINE FARRAR (By arrangement with Morris Gest) in "TEMPTATION". A Photodrama depicting the life of a prima donna, by Victor Turow. For this attraction only we are compelled to charge for the evening performance after six o'clock on seats-bed from 11 a. m. to 8 p. m. the price will be 10c. Added for this attraction a seven-piece orchestra will furnish the music. Coming Sunday: Alice Brady in "THE BACK."

Strand. FRIDAY and SATURDAY Metro Production. The Yellow Streak. Featuring Lionel Barrymore.

Turpin's School of Dancing. 28th and FARNAM. New term begins Jan. 10th. Beginners' class, Monday and Friday, 8 p. m. Advanced class, Tuesday, 8 p. m. Olson's orchestra. Beginners promoted to advanced class. Private lessons any time. List your name now. Special rate ticket to pupils joining class Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 10 and 11. Telephone Har. 6142. The School of Modern Dancing.

BOYD Last 3 Days 2:30 - 8:20. Everyone Can See This Wonderful Film. The Battle Cry of Peace. At Reduced Prices. MONDAY, For Three Nights, Matinee Wednesday. JOE WEBER'S THE ONLY GIRL. Nights, 25c-\$2.00. Mats., 25c-\$1.50.

EMPRESS. SUPREME VAUDEVILLE, PICTURES. Continuous 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

BRANDEIS THEATRE. Tonight Fri., Sat. and Sunday. Matinee Saturday. The Book That Thrilled the World, THE WINNING OF BARBARA WORTH. Mat., 25c-50c-75c; Eve., 25c-50c-75c-81. Three Days, Jan. 10, 11, 12, Mat. Wed. The Wonder Show of the Universe. THURSTON. All New This Season. Jan. 13, 14, 15. Matinee Saturday. MR. CYRIL MAUDE. In His Inter-national Triumph, "Grumpy."

OMAHA'S FUN CENTERS. Gaiety. Daily Mat. 12-2-4-6-8-10. Other eve. 12-2-4-6-8-10. AL REEVES' BEAUTY SHOW. Musical Burlesque. "Your Old Pal, Al" (shown): Made Rockwell; Howard Comedy; Margie DeWard; Gene Cooper; Ruth Wilson; Nell & Marshall; New-voice Beauty Chorus at Grand New Show. Ladies' Dining Saloon, Week Days, Sat. Nite & Sun. "The Globe Trotter."

TONITE 8:20 KNEW. North Brothers Stock Co. Omaha's Best Theatrical Bargain "THE LION AND THE MOUSE" 10 Cents RESERVED 25 Cent SEATS.