

TEST VOTES SHOW PRESIDENT WINS

Rule to Limit Debate to Four Hours Has Majority of Hundred and Thirty-Three.

FLOOD OPENS THE DISCUSSION

WASHINGTON, March 7.—President Wilson's stand that congress shall not advise Americans to abandon their rights to travel the seas on merchant ships armed for defense in accordance with international law was endorsed in the house today by two heavy test votes on the McLemore resolution.

By substantial majorities the administration forces defeated attempts to amend the resolution to the liking of the president's opponents and put it squarely before the house without amendment for a vote under a special rule at the end of four hours' debate.

About 6 o'clock this evening the administration forces will move to table the McLemore resolution, and the heavy votes they polled in the two preliminary tests indicate that they will kill it by a substantial majority.

Will Follow Gore Resolution.

Once tabled the resolution will have gone the way of the Gore resolution in the senate and a majority of the congress will have been placed on record before the world as demonstrating that it does not endorse the discussion against the president's foreign policy.

With the agitation finally disposed of the president and Secretary Lansing will resume the submarine negotiations with Germany.

Galleries Fill Early.

Prospects of a sensational debate attracted a record crowd to the house side of the capitol long before the doors opened. Men, women and children came ready for a long stay. Luncheon boxes, milk bottles, opera glasses and books formed the principal part of their equipment. When the public galleries were thrown open there was a rush and the galleries were filled within five minutes.

The spirit of combat seemed to be in the air. Two negro barbers in the barber shop wound up an argument by throwing toilet water bottles at each other. Both had to be locked up.

Pou Submits Speech Rule.

Promptly at 11 o'clock the house assembled for all-day fight of the administration forces to kill the McLemore resolution to warn Americans against armed ships of the European belligerents. Speaker Clark was in the chair, and Acting Chairman Pou of the rules committee was in his seat ready to submit the special rule under which the debate will proceed.

As soon as the journal had been read, Mr. Pou offered the special rule resolution containing the special rule. Mr. Pou asked unanimous consent for ninety minutes debate on the rule. There was no objection and the debate began. Mr. Pou took the floor to open the fight.

The first outbreak of applause from the house floor came at the outset of Mr. Pou's speech, when he said: "All the lips of hell never devised a more infamous lie than the declaration that has been made that President Wilson wants war."

Substitute Is Ready.

Representative Campbell of Kansas, republican member of the rules committee, announced when Mr. Pou concluded that if the motion to close debate on the rule were defeated he would offer a substitute for the McLemore resolution which would be a direct warning to Americans to keep off armed ships.

"If this rule is defeated," declared Representative Harrison of Missouri, "you will not only send joy to the hearts of people in a foreign capital, but you stab your own president in the back."

Many Killed and Hurt During Riots of Sidney Recruits

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—Further details of the rioting on February 11, among 15,000 recruits at the training camps at Lompoc and Casita, New County, South Wales, were received here today upon the arrival from the orient of the liner Sonoma.

According to Australian newspapers brought by passengers, the soldiers in protest against increased hours of drilling, ran riot for a day in Sydney and other towns, looting stores and destroying property. For a time the police were unable to cope with the situation, and seasoned troops brought into the city to quell the disorder, did so only at the cost of the lives of several of their number and of the hospitals of Sidney were reported as "filled with wounded."

The rioters, the reports said, reached Sydney on trains, which they commandeered for the purpose. Disembarking, they paraded the streets in military formation, breaking windows and doing many other acts of vandalism.

City of Oaxaca Is Reported Burned

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The city of Oaxaca, Mexico, was burned March 3 according to information reaching the State department today from the Carranza government. It was reported that those who have been in possession of the city have been evacuated.

The Carranza government denies the truth of a report that Felix Diaz has entered Mexico.

PULLS TRIGGER WITH TOE, BLOWS OFF TOP OF HEAD

WOOD, S. D., March 7.—(Special.)—While temporarily dazed as the result of severe headaches, Mrs. Frank Szyora, wife of a well-known home-ster living in this part of Mellette county, ended her life by blowing off the top of her head with a shotgun.

When the desperate deed was committed her husband was doing his chores at the barn and her children were playing near the house. She removed one shoe and stocking, placed the barrel of the shotgun against her forehead and pulled the trigger with her toe.

BY TWO TO ONE VOTE HOUSE IS WITH PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page One.)

man, pro-Austrian or pro-anything, I want to be only an American, to stand up and face the world for his rights."

The "rebel" yell rang out from the democratic side.

"If we are informed correctly," Republican Leader Mann said, "the president desires our opinions on the subject of travel on armed vessels of belligerent nations. We express no opinion on the subject by laying the McLemore resolution on the table unless such an action be construed as an invitation to travel. I am not in favor of extending any such invitation which might bring us into complications."

Duty to Meet Question. "I would not seek to offer my own opinion in a case like this, but when the president asks for it, it is our duty to meet the question fairly and squarely."

"We have not sought to annoy the president, but when he asks us for our opinion, let us tell him frankly we do not desire complications which would lead to war. If we meet the question fairly, we must vote on the previous question and then vote on the substitute which will be offered by Mr. Campbell of Kansas."

"Let us be fair enough to the president, to ourselves and to our country to meet the issue and express the opinion that we all have, hereby to prevent the war which we hope will not come."

In quick succession today the house rejected the proposal to allow anti-administration amendments to the McLemore resolution and adopted the special rule for consideration of the resolution itself, ending the opposition by votes of 28 to 199 and 271 to 125, respectively.

Immediately after the adoption of the rule debate began on the resolution itself, Chairman Flood of the foreign affairs committee moving to table it.

Representative Eilworth of Minnesota, republican, followed Chairman Flood, supporting the resolution and defending the German submarine campaign.

Congratulate Republicans. Representative Hefflin, democrat, of Alabama, congratulated some of the republicans for standing with President Wilson on the fight.

"I am glad to see men big enough to break away from their leader and stand with the president and against the Kaiser," Mr. Hefflin said. "It is Lansing and Wilson or Von Bernstorff and the Kaiser."

Appealing to the south, Mr. Hefflin asked where she stood. His answer came from Representative Candler of Mississippi, who shouted from the rear of the chamber that the south stood solidly with the president.

Representative Shackelford of Missouri one of the leaders in the agitation for a warning, surprised everybody by urging that the McLemore resolution be tabled since the outset of agitation he has urged the passage of a warning resolution.

Charging the democrats with inconsistency, Representative Meeker, republican, of Missouri declared:

"You talk one way and then propose to table the resolution so as to prevent a show down."

"You suppose," he asked, "that this talk in the house will go abroad at the same time your vote does? I am not pro-German or pro-ally, but I am pro-horse sense."

Missouri and Jim Rivers on Rampage in South Dakota

STOUX FALLS, S. D., March 7.—Ice gorges in the Missouri and Jim rivers, caused by a sudden movement of the ice today, threatens Yankton, Gayville and Mission Hill, S. D., with inundation.

H. W. Shipton, a farmer living two miles east of Yankton, and family would have drowned today but for the help of the numerous rescuers in boats. They sought unsuccessfully to save their cattle, and were marooned by the rapidly swelling flood. Farmers on the flats between Yankton and Vermillion are seeking safety in the highlands.

With its channel clogged by a jam of ice midway between Yankton and Vermillion, the Missouri river spreads over the flats, and tonight its waters are lapping the foot of the bluffs on the outskirts of Yankton. The river has not been so high at this point in thirty years.

Between 9 o'clock this morning and 6 tonight the system in the Missouri and Jim rivers, the tracks of the Elk Point-Yankton division of the Milwaukee road are flooded and the company this afternoon issued orders to discontinue service on that branch until further notice.

A gorge in the Jim river between Gayville and Yankton inundated the low country upstream, and tonight its waters are creeping up over the Great Northern tracks there and pushing toward the town of Mission Hill.

Much stock is reported lost in the flooded area and far buildings are severely damaged.

WOMEN EMPLOYED IN MUNITION FACTORIES

(Correspondence of The Associated Press.) LONDON, Feb. 28.—In connection with Lloyd George's campaign for the dilution of labor in the munition factories, with women workers, the ministry of munitions has issued an elaborate illustrated book dealing with the employment and training of unskilled women for munition work. The book contains hundreds of photographs showing the operations, with descriptive and explanatory notes. Mr. Lloyd George writes in the preface:

"The photographic records and written descriptions of what is actually being done by women in munition factories, on processes hitherto performed solely by skilled men, will, I believe, act as an incentive and a guide in many factories where employers and employed have been skeptical as to the possibilities of dilution. Being convinced that until that policy is boldly adopted throughout the country we cannot provide our armies with sufficient supply of munitions as will enable them to bring this war to an early and successful conclusion. I very earnestly commend this book to the most serious consideration of employers and employed."

Colds Cause Grip. To keep the system in condition to brook off cold and grip, take Laxative Bromo Quinine. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c.—Advertisement.

Washington Appointments. WASHINGTON, March 7.—(Special Telegram.)—South Dakota rural letter carriers appointed: Huron, Fred H. Steele; Lesterville, Leonard Pearson; Nemo, George W. Van Huskirk.

SUTHERLAND SAYS WILSON IS RIGHT

Utah Senator Insists that Submarines Must Give Way to Law. Not Law to Submarines.

DUTY OF GOVERNMENT CLEAR

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Discussing the armed ship issue in the senate today, Senator Sutherland of Utah, a republican member of the foreign relations committee, stood squarely behind President Wilson in his policy in dealing with Germany in the submarine negotiations.

"I do not want war at any time," said Senator Sutherland, "and I pray God that it may not come now, but I would rather have war with all its sacrifices and suffering than let this nation, with its long history of heroism and glory, should play the poltroon when confronted by a supreme national duty, because it places greater value upon its ease than upon its honor."

Submarine Must Yield to Law. Senator Sutherland, in discussing the legal status of armed merchant ships under international law and the relation thereto of the submarine, contended that the submarine must yield to the law and not the law to the submarine. If the law yields to the submarine, he said, and allows the underwater boat to sink vessels armed defensively only without warning and without giving passengers and crew a chance to get to a place of safety, it will be inviting the sinking of unarmed ships as well, since, he said, "it is well nigh impossible for the officers of a submarine to determine in advance whether a given vessel is armed or not." \* \* \* The result will be that unarmed vessels, while possessing immunity in theory, will have none in fact.

"The question next arises—and, indeed, it is really the crucial question—shall our citizens be officially advised to forbear from traveling on belligerent merchant vessels armed for defense only? Or, indeed, shall we go further and forbid their doing so under penalty for disobedience? If I am correct in what I have already said, namely, that these merchant ships have the right to carry defensive armament, it follows that such a ship has the same status as though unarmed and that the right of the neutral citizen to transport his goods or travel upon either is the decision of our supreme court in a great case decided many years ago and never since overruled or modified.

Duty of Government Clear. "If, therefore, a citizen take passage upon a ship so armed and lose his life by the sinking of the ship, without warning, what must be the contention and claim of this government? To my mind, clearly this: That the citizen in the exercise of a clear right has been deprived of his life by the deliberately illegal act of the belligerent government which sent the submarine on its mission of death."

Senator Sutherland also opposed any change in the rule with respect to the sale of munitions of war or armaments and ships for defense, asserting that any such change now would be an unneutral act.

Food Prices in Europe Advance During Last Year

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Enormous increases in food prices in European countries, particularly those of the Teutonic allies, are shown in a comparative statement completed today by the Department of Labor's bureau of labor statistics. All food is cheaper in the allies countries than in Germany and Austria, but there have been sharp rises in prices also in England and France.

"Wheat" has suffered most of all. Meat sold a year ago at 20 cents a pound is selling now for 47 cents. Many other foods have gone up in proportion. Bread prices are not given.

In Berlin beef rose from 22 cents to 35 cents, veal from 22 to 35 cents and pork from 30 to 38 cents. Bacon is selling at 44 cents, twice as much as a year ago, and ham has risen to 58 cents. Lard has doubled in price, from 30 cents a dozen to 60 cents a dozen as a year ago.

Prices in Great Britain are given as 44 per cent more than a year ago. The rise in France has been about 33 per cent and in Italy prices have gone up very slowly for the last twelve months. Meats alone showed an appreciable increase.

Prices in The Netherlands, the only neutral European country shown, have risen steadily within the year, but not so rapidly as in the belligerent countries.

Food on the whole costs 1 per cent more in the United States now than a year ago, the bureau estimates.

Strike on Alaska Railroad Settled

SEWARD, Alaska, March 7.—The strike of men employed on the construction of the government's Alaska railroad ended yesterday when the Federal Labor union at Anchorage voted to return to work pending a settlement of the wage controversy. Four hundred men resumed work yesterday and more gangs will be put on as soon as the union formulates a wage scale.

GERMAN RAIDER EMDEN IS BROKEN UP AND NO SALVAGE

(Correspondence of The Associated Press.) MELBOURNE, Australia, Feb. 28.—It is announced that nothing more can be done toward saving either the remains of the German sea raider Emden or any trophies from it except such as may be cast ashore.

About a year ago visits paid to North Keeling island resulted in some of the Italian mail ship, which was the German raider being removed, part of which were handed over to the commonwealth government. At the end of October, 1915, it was decided to send the gunboat Protector to Cooco to report as to the possibility of salvaging the ship, and to remove any gear still on board that might be of interest or value. It was found that the stern half of the Emden had completely disappeared and a very heavy surf was still breaking over what remained. The Protector waited a week in the hopes of getting a chance to board the Emden, but this was never for an instant possible.

Key to the Situation—Bee Want Ads.

EIGHTEEN KILLED BY EXPLOSION IN JAIL

(Continued from Page One.)

health authorities to prevent the spreading of disease from Mexican arrivals. Flames Flashed Through Prison. Sheets of flame flashed through the entire east wing of the prison and almost immediately the street fronting the jail was filled with naked, shrieking men enveloped in fire.

While the investigation was proceeding on this side of the boundary, civil and military authorities at Juarez, opposite here, were prosecuting today a search for an unidentified Mexican who boarded a street car near the Juarez track and shot the motorman, Charles Krawinkel, in slight, just after a report was spread that 20 Mexicans had been thrown in jail here and deliberately burned to death. Phelps may die. Car service between El Paso and Juarez was suspended last night, but was resumed today.

Davenport Man Blamed. Twelve Americans were among the injured, two of whom, H. M. Cross of Davenport, Iowa, and Alan R. Odum of Stanton, Tex., died last night and early today.

Cross was named in a statement by H. C. Bagby, a jail "trusty," and one of the men on guard duty during the bathing, as the man who was seen to light the match which was believed to have caused the explosion.

R. B. Calnan, chief surgeon of the police department, who directed the bathing of the prisoners, corroborated Bagby's statement early today by declaring that he saw Cross, who was in a cell on the second floor, lighting a cigarette. The shooting of Phelps occurred shortly after dark. Eighteen Americans, all employees of the race track, were aboard the car at the time, and fled panic-stricken to the brush.

Phelps was shot in the head, shoulder and jaw. He vainly sought aid at several Mexican houses in Juarez before being given assistance, and finally was brought to El Paso by Manuel Prieto, the mayor of Juarez, and John D. Edwards, American consul. Phelps was said to be in a critical condition early today. The Mexican fired four shots at him.

Excitement in Juarez. The report that the explosion was the result of the deliberate intention on the part of American officials was carried to Juarez almost immediately. Intense excitement prevailed throughout the Mexican town and heavy armed patrols were sent out by General Gaviria, the commandant, to suppress disorder. The shooting of Phelps occurred shortly after dark. Eighteen Americans, all employees of the race track, were aboard the car at the time, and fled panic-stricken to the brush.

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Page Will Leave Congress Because of Submarine Issue

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Representative Robert E. Page of North Carolina will not be a candidate for re-election because he disagrees with President Wilson in the submarine controversy. Mr. Page, who is a brother of Ambassador Page, at London, so announced in a letter to his constituents. The announcement caused a sensation in the house at the moment of a vote on what practically is a proposal not to interfere with the president's diplomatic negotiations.

Representative Page today supplemented his announcement with the following declaration: "I could not bring myself to agree with the president in the present controversy. So rather than embarrass my party by running again and not supporting the president fully, I choose to announce that I would not run again. The president and I have no other differences at present."

"I am for a warning resolution. If one comes up on the floor today I will vote for it."

"Reports today that other southern congressmen planned to follow Mr. Page's example could not be confirmed. In his letter to his constituents Mr. Page writes:

"The loan of \$500,000,000 to England by American capitalists, to say nothing of the profits of munitions manufacturers, has destroyed the semblance, even of neutrality in the United States and probably will lead us into war \* \* \* I will not stultify my conscience or stain my hands with the blood of my countrymen; neither will I do violence to my conscientious convictions of duty, thereby forfeiting my self-respect."

Iowa Will Plan State-Wide Disease Prevention Work

DES MOINES, Ia., March 7.—Some state-wide plan of disease prevention is expected to be outlined at a conference which is to be held soon, and which will be attended by Governor George W. Clarke, members of the State Board of Education, representatives from the faculties of the three state schools and members of the State Board of Control and institutions under its direction.

The conference will be called by Dr. G. H. Sumner, secretary of the State Board of Health, who has declared for preparedness against disease. Dr. Sumner has announced he will ask the governor to proclaim a "disease prevention week" in Iowa, at which the subject can be given special study.

House Built by Jefferson Burned

CHARLOTTEVILLE, Va., March 7.—"Edge Hill," a beautiful colonial home here, which was planned by Thomas Jefferson for his daughter, Martha Jefferson Randolph, wife of Governor Thomas Mann Randolph, was destroyed today by fire. Much rare furniture and many valuable paintings, as well as an Italian mosaic, which was the wedding gift to Martha Jefferson from the people of France, also burned.

JAMES E TREADWELL DIES SUDDENLY ON BOAT

OAKLAND, Cal., March 7.—James E. Treadwell, who, with his brother John, located the famous Treadwell gold mine on Douglas island, opposite Juneau, Alaska, and afterward organized the Treadwell Gold Mining company, which was later sold to the Rockefeller, died suddenly last night on board a ferry boat on which he was returning from San Francisco to his home in this city. Heart failure is believed to have been the cause.

Views of German Newspapers On the Action of Senate

BERLIN, March 7.—The inadequate news received in Germany concerning the action of the United States senate with regard to the resolution of Senator Gore, warning Americans off armed merchantmen, makes it difficult for even persons who understand American governmental systems to form an intelligent conclusion regarding the meaning of the vote, hence the German press is still puzzled in the dark and finds itself compelled to guess what the whole thing means.

The Lokal Anzeiger thinks that affairs remain as before the vote was taken and that President Wilson neither succeeded in getting approval for his submarine attitude, nor did his opponents manage to secure a vote of disapproval of his course. It is the opinion of the newspaper that the senate said neither yes, nor no, but that it postponed taking a stand and left itself with a free hand for the future and the president free to proceed with the negotiations with Germany along the former lines.

Die Post takes a more optimistic view. It says that if Senator Gore and his friends should continue working so successfully against the president, a turn in favor of the German cause may be expected soon. "As yet," says Die Post, "it is too early to predict that, but it is satisfying to see that Senator Gore has brought sharp defeat to the Anglophiles."

The Taefische Rundschau, deeply pessimistic, says: "The tabling of the resolution gives President Wilson all he needs. Freedom for handling the submarine question and time gained. He will, therefore, be very satisfied with his defeat, which perhaps he had ordered. He is not hindered in his future decisions by any formal senate decision, and hence can play dictator untrammelled, since Secretary Lansing, who alone under the American constitution, could oppose him in his creature and carries out President Wilson's orders with pleasure."

The Morgen Post finds in the senate's action evasion of the question, "but declares that in any event the vote cannot be looked upon as a victory for president Wilson."

The Frankfurter Zeitung considers the vote was not a victory for President Wilson. "It would premature," says the newspaper, "to predict further developments, but one thing is certain, namely, that the Anglophiles in Washington suffered a defeat which must compel slower going."

Four Cruisers Hunt German Raider in the Pacific Ocean

HONOLULU, T. H., March 7.—The Australian battle cruiser Australia and the Australian cruiser Sydney, with probably the Japanese cruisers Chitose and Tokiwa are hunting the Pacific for a German commerce raider, according to reports from the officers of the British steamer Niagara, made public here today. Previous rumors to this effect were current among the Niagara's passengers when it arrived here March 2. Officials here said this ship's officers had been notified of the existence of the raider, which was sighted in the straits of Magellan.

PRINCE BORIS TO MARRY HAPSBURG PRINCESS

BERLIN (Via Paris), March 7.—A marriage is being arranged between Prince Boris, eldest son of King Ferdinand of Bulgaria and heir to the throne, and a princess of the house of Hapsburg, according to the Journal des Balkans.

Prince Boris of Bulgaria was born at Sofia, January 18, 1894, and exercises a high command in the Bulgarian army. The head of the Hapsburg family is the Emperor Francis Joseph. King Ferdinand, according to latest reports, is in Vienna, where he arrived February 29, on the second of which he has made that capital within a month.

Spring Medicine

Wood's Sarsaparilla, the Great Blood Purifier, is the Best.

Spring sickness comes in some degree to every man, woman and child in our climate.

It is that run-down condition of the system that results from impure, impoverished, devalued blood.

It is marked by loss of appetite and that tired feeling, and in many cases by some form of eruption.

The best way to treat spring sickness is to take Wood's Sarsaparilla. This old reliable family medicine, purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood. It is an all-the-year-round alterative and tonic, and is absolutely the best Spring medicine.

Get your blood in good condition at once—now. Delay may be dangerous. Ask your druggist for Wood's Sarsaparilla, and insist on having it, for nothing else can take its place.—Advertisement.

What to Do for Itching Skins

Sc-sema, ringworm and other itching, burning skin eruptions are so easily made worse by improper treatment, that one has to be very careful. There is one method, however, that you need not hesitate to use, even on a baby's tender skin—that is, the resinol treatment. Resinol is the prescription of a Baltimore doctor, put up in the form of resinol ointment and resinol soap. This proved so remarkably successful, that thousands of other physicians have prescribed it constantly for over 20 years.

Resinol usually stops itching instantly, healing the eruption quickly, unless due to some serious internal disorder. Resinol ointment and resinol soap can be bought at any druggist's, and are not at all expensive. Write for free sample, Dept. I-R, Resinol, Baltimore.

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BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

Turpin's School of Dancing Twenty-eighth & Farnam. Free Classes. Let your name go. Private lessons any time. HARRY DICK.

Sweden Twice Asks U. S. to Co-Operate in Mediation Plan

LONDON, March 7.—Reuter's Copenhagen correspondent sends the following: "A dispatch to the Politiken from Stockholm says it is stated in Swedish political circles that the Swedish government on two separate occasions applied to the United States to obtain President Wilson's co-operation for concerted mediation towards peace."

"President Wilson, who already at an early stage of the war, had his offer rejected," adds the dispatch, "declined to join the movement unless requested by the belligerents."

"It is stated that in Stockholm and other neutral capitals the question is being discussed of forming a mediation conference without the co-operation of the United States."

Nomination of Baker Sent to the Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The nomination of Newton D. Baker, former mayor of Cleveland, to be secretary of war was sent to the senate today.

WOMAN GIVEN VERDICT FOR THOUSAND DOLLARS

STOUX FALLS, S. D., March 7.—(Special.)—Miss Agnes Leopold, a Madison dressmaker, was awarded damages of \$1,000 against Bert McDonnell, an employee of the Milwaukee Railway company, for breach of promise of marriage. The jury was out about four hours.

Key to the Situation—Bee Want Ads.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & CO. The Fashion Center of the Middle West. Established 1886. -New Spring Coats- For Very Small People and for Little Daughter. So new and charming, made for little folks who wish their dress to be distinctive, and the prices? You'll be pleased, they are so modest. See the displays in the Children's store, 3d floor. Infants' long coats and capes, of cashmere, silk batiste and crepe cloth, machine or hand-embroidery as you prefer, \$2.50, \$3.25, \$4.50 up. Children's coats of white serge, batiste, pique and cashmere. All becomingly new and dainty, 6 months, 1 and 2 years. All prices. Colored silk coats, sizes 2 to 7 years, present many new ideas that will surely please. Prices are made to fit every purse.

Embroideries for Spring Are All Here Ready for Your Earliest Inspection. Novelties and staple embroideries, organadies, batistes, voiles, swiss, cambric and nainsook. Convent embroideries, ribbon beadings, seam beadings and galleons. Swiss and nainsook baby sets. Dainty yokes of embroidery. Semi-made embroidered dresses, also fine embroideries for collar and cuff sets.

Think this over-- I had heard of a family who I recently that he wanted to buy a lot in West Lawn, but just at this time he could not afford to. We say, "Can you afford not to?" Isn't the ownership of such property as much a provision against the future as life insurance? Isn't the small financial outlay involved something you would rather assume than possibly pass on to your family? It is marked by a big expenditure to you, it looks like a big expenditure to you, how much bigger would it look to them? Notwithstanding the increased value due to the regular car service right to the entrance, West Lawn still contains some beautiful lots very reasonable in price. Furthermore, we can arrange payments as low as \$2 a month. Phone us Douglas 873 or write today for further particulars.

WESTLAWN CEMETERY Cemetery Office 36th and Center. 15th and Harney. BRANDEIS Mar. 9, 10, 11 THEATRICAL THE DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN COMEDIAN MAY ROBSON in "THE MAKING OVER OF MRS. MATT" Special Matinee Friday. "THE REJUVENATION OF AUNT NANNY" Nights, 8c to \$1.50, Mats., 5c to \$1. TONITE NEW KRUG 8:20 North Brothers Stock Co. "GOING HOME."

STRAUND 15th & DOUGLAS TODAY and THURSDAY. Bessie Barriscale in Honor's Altar HIS AUTO REVOLUTION KEYS TO COMING TUESDAY. BILLIE BURKE in PEGGY

HIPP Paramount Photoplays Last Times Today at 11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30 CHARLES FROEMAN, Presents MARIE DORO in Burdon's Great International Play "DIPLOMACY" Starting Tomorrow for Four Days, Mary Pickford in "Four Little Poppies." EMPRESS Continuous Vaudeville & Photo Plays THE STRANGE CASE OF MARY PAGE 10c.—ADMISSION—20c.