WHEN AWAY FROM HOME
The Bee is the Paper
you ask for: if you plan to be absent more than a few days, have The Bee mailed to you.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

THE WEATHER.
Unsettled

VOL. XLV—NO. 202. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1916—TWELVE PAGES. On Trains, at Hotel News Stands, etc., 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

PACIFICISTS SAY WORKERS OPPOSE FURTHER ARMING

Speakers, Stating They Represent Farmers, Toilers and Voting Women, Warn Congress on Defense.

MUST NOT BE STAMPEDED

One Asks Why Supply England with Arms if Wilson Fears Trouble with that Country?

URGE AGAINST BIG COST OF IT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Pacifists, who said they represented the farmers, working people and voting women of the country, today warned senate and house military committees against being stampeded into what they termed unwarranted appropriations for military preparedness. An anti-preparedness committee, of which Lillian D. Wald of New York is chairman, introduced itself to the committees as an organization of American citizens formed to protest against a "dangerous program of military and naval expansion, to divert the public mind from those preparations for that world peace which it might be our country's privilege to initiate at the close of the war."

In addition to Miss Wald, opposition to war preparations was voiced by John B. Lennon, treasurer of the American Federation of Labor; James H. Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor; Mrs. Florence Kelley; Frank Hornblazer, a director of the National Farmers' union, and Sarah Bard Field of the California Women Voters' association.

Message from Capper.

A message also was read from Governor Capper of Kansas, endorsing the plans of the committee, which include a provision of past appropriations investigation of the sources of the present demand for an increase in military expenditures and the elimination of present profit from armament manufacture.

Mr. Maurer, who said he was a machinist who has been in constant touch with large organizations of laboring men, met with repeated applause from the crowd in the committee rooms, composed of about equal numbers of men and women. He spoke, he explained, not for organized labor, but for the working classes, and charged that the present call for arms was inspired by those who were making immense profit selling ammunition and who at the close of the European war will want a large army and navy to enforce the collection of the money owed them by bankrupt nations.

"The working people will not consent to fight such a war," he said. "Instead of spending more money, I think congress had better investigate the money already spent. The people have believed we were prepared. We were told we were the greatest power on earth. Less than two years ago we were told that we could beat Germany and Mexico at the same time.

Fears Not the Dying.

"Now, suddenly, we are told our boats are old tubs, our army helpless. There were no rumors of war two years ago when Germany and Austria were in the best condition of their history. If I felt now that those dying nations could thrash us, I would be ashamed to admit I was an American.

"We of the working classes who must fight these battles want to know what you know of them. President Wilson tells us there may be a great conflagration tomorrow. The American people want to know what danger they are in.

"If we fear Great Britain, why permit our American capitalists to continue to equip that nation with arms? The workingmen will refuse to be cannon fodder for their wars and then be called on to pay the bills too. If it is right to take the workingman's life, it is right to take the rich man's fortune. What is there for the West Virginia coal miners to fight for?

"The only way you can get the workingmen to enlist is to provide one with the best possible rifle, 100 rounds of ammunition and let them keep their arms

(Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Unsettled; colder.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	
6 a. m.	10
7 a. m.	10
8 a. m.	11
9 a. m.	13
10 a. m.	19
11 a. m.	23
12 m.	30
1 p. m.	31
2 p. m.	32
3 p. m.	34
4 p. m.	34
5 p. m.	34
6 p. m.	33
7 p. m.	31
8 p. m.	29

Comparative Local Record.

	1916.	1915.	1914	1913.
Highest yesterday	35	31	15	38
Lowest yesterday	6	8	—7	14
Mean temperature	20	20	4	26
Precipitation	.00	T	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	21
Deficiency for the day	2
Total deficiency since March 1	287
Normal precipitation	.04 inch
Deficiency for the day	.04 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	29.64 inches
Deficiency since March 1	.34 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1914	1.87 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913	5.79 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State of Weather.	Temp. 7 p. m.	High-est.	Rain-fall.
Cheyenne, part cloudy	36	42	.00
Davenport, cloudy	28	36	T
Denver, cloudy	46	54	.00
Des Moines, part cloudy	28	32	.00
North Platte, part cloudy	38	50	.00
Omaha, cloudy	32	35	.00
Rapid City, clear	44	50	.00
Sheridan, clear	40	44	.00
Sioux City, clear	32	36	.00
Valentine, clear	38	48	.00

NOTE—Temperatures above zero are in black type, those below zero are in red type.
T indicates trace of precipitation.
L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

OMAHA WOMEN TO ROLL BANDAGES ON SCHOOL GIRL'S PLEA.

Omaha society and clubwomen will soon begin the work of rolling bandages for hospitals in the south of France, as a result of a school girl's letter home to her mother. Miss Esther Wilhelm who is attending Miss Spence's school in New York City, wrote her mother, Mrs. C. M. Wilhelm, of an appeal made by Mrs. Caroline Bartlett, an American musician and artist who had returned to this country to ask for hospital supplies. The letter was read at the Franco-Belgian Relief society meeting Monday and so touched the hearts of the women by the description of operations performed without chloroform and the hardships endured in the trenches, that the women voted to begin the work of rolling bandage at the next meeting.

Mrs. Mary I. Creigh, leader of the current topics department of the Omaha Woman's club, is a personal friend of Mrs. Bartlett and read the same letter at the department meeting Tuesday, urging the women to assist in the relief work. The department will probably cooperate with the Franco-Belgian Relief society in rolling bandages to be sent to the field hospitals.

OTHER TOWNS ARE IN FEVER'S GRASP

Eighteen New Cases Reported During the Last Twenty-Four Hours.

THIRTY-FOUR IN THE BLUFFS

Omaha is not the only scarlet fever place on the map.

Reports received at the health office from the state health officers indicate that other Nebraska towns are in the grip of the disease. Norfolk in particular is said to have more cases than Omaha in proportion to population.

Council Bluffs has thirty-four cases of scarlet fever, which is over one case per 1000 or about the same proportion as Omaha. In Council Bluffs they are quarantining for but three weeks, which the Omaha health officials say is not enough.

During the last twenty-four hours eighteen new cases have been reported. John Morris of 2421 Dodge street died at the City Emergency hospital. He was 28 years of age. Joseph Yeckaut Frank O'Brien and Clara Wisner were removed from their homes to the Emergency hospital. The ages of the new cases range from four months to 46 years of age, Clyde Harris of 1419 South Fourth street being the infant and Gus Hartman of 1014 South Twenty-third street being 46 years of age and the oldest victim of scarlet fever reported to the health department.

Seven quarantines were removed during the last twenty-four hours. Marie Klein, 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Klein of 3510 Harney street, was interned five weeks to the day. She has fully recovered and does not seem to show any after-effects from the disease.

A large map on the wall of the health office shows locations of all scarlet fever cases. Changes are made each day, according to new cases reported or quarantines removed.

The map shows there are no cases in a district east of Eleventh street, Pierce to Nicholas streets.

There are 325 scarlet fever cases at this time.

Health Commissioner Connell has written to Dr. W. A. Evans, health commissioner of Chicago, a complete statement of the local scarlet fever situation, and has asked the Chicago man for the benefit of his experience in scarlet fever outbreaks. A similar statement has been forwarded to the state health department.

New Cases.

New cases reported as follows:
John Morris, 2421 Dodge, died at Emergency hospital.
Joseph Yeckaut, Prague hotel.
Frank O'Brien, 1510 Dorcas.
Clara Wisner, 312 North 23d.
Mrs. Helen Werschay, 2516 Hamilton.
Alfred Siemssen, 1129 South 32d.
Dora Linneburg, 90 Bancroft.
George Rosenbaum, 1423 Evans.
Stewart Powers, 3322 Burt.
Gus Hartman, 1014 South 23d.
Vernon Black, 3410 Grand Ave.
Clyde Harris, 1419 South 4th.
H. O. Weixel, 1865 South 11th.
John Bulger, 3110 Corby.
Frances Hochstetler, 416 South 39th.
Maria Plala, 1718 South 8th.
Harding, 924 North 36th.
Merle Catlin, 2306 North 21st.

Men's Wages Raised.

LEBANON, Pa., Feb. 8.—Announcement of a 5 per cent increase in wages for its 1,000 employes was made today by the American Iron and Steel Manufacturing company. The advance will become effective February 14.

GERMAN CONSUL GENERAL NAMED BY A GRAND JURY

Franz Bopp Indicted at San Francisco in Connection with Alleged Bomb Conspiracy.

UNDER THE SHERMAN LAW

Charges Plot to Set Military Expedition Afoot in U. S. Against Friendly State.

TURK OFFICIAL IS NAMED ALSO

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—German Consul General Franz Bopp was indicted in San Francisco by a federal grand jury today in connection with the so-called Crowley plot to blow up munition plants and interfere with interstate commerce in munitions of war, according to a report received at the Department of Justice.

Bopp was reported indicted under the Sherman anti-trust law and under the section of the penal code which forbids a conspiracy to set on foot military expeditions from the United States against a friendly nation.

Details of the indictment were not sent here, but officials understand that this section of the law was resorted to because of alleged plans for an expedition against Canada.

Twenty indictments were returned also at San Francisco by the same grand jury in the steamship Sacramento case, alleging the making of false clearance papers in connection with the ship, which it was alleged was used to supply German warships at sea, using San Francisco as a base.

The consul general of Turkey was among those indicted in that case.

The new indictment, the message said, supersedes those previously found in the same case. Trial of the two cases is not expected before late in April.

Evidence Seems Conclusive.

Two of the alleged plots for which Bopp and others were indicted involved plans for blowing up tunnels on a Canadian railway, it is charged, and were designed to hamper shipments to the eastern seaboard and England. Bopp is believed by the Department of Justice officials to be the head of an organization which framed the plots with Crowley as the active agent who attempted to carry them out.

In the Sacramento case officials believe they have stronger evidence than they had in the recent Hamburg-American case in New York in which several persons were convicted and given penitentiary sentences. According to the information here the Sacramento virtually was a supply ship of the German navy and made San Francisco a base for its operations. Officials pointed out that there is no question as to the right to indict a consul of another country. Such officials do not enjoy the immunities given diplomats.

Posse Sent to Get Policeman Accused Of Killing Hopi Red

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 8.—Joseph Dillon, United States marshal, left here today with Thomas Flynn, United States district attorney, to organize at Flagstaff a posse to go to Tuba and try to prevent a threatened outbreak among the Hopi Indians on the western Navajo reservation. Instructions were received from Washington early today. Dillon and Flynn will arrive at Flagstaff tonight.

The posse will have to make its way over mountains covered with snow to a depth of at least eight feet. Sledges will have to be used on the trails, which the Indian runners who reported the threatened uprising yesterday declared to be practically impossable.

The posse's orders are to arrest the three policemen whose act in shooting a Hopi brave enraged the other members of the tribe. According to the runner the trouble occurred February 1. No word has come from the reservation since then.

Ottawa Police Are Advised to Look for Man with Light Fuse

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 8.—The dominion police received today an anonymous letter written under a Detroit date line, but with a Cleveland postmark, February 6, midnight, asserting that the destruction of the Parliament building was the result of a plot.

The letter stated that if the authorities can locate certain persons having in their possession thermic fuse material, almost invisible, but capable of sustaining a half pound weight and fusing at a temperture of eighty degrees, they probably will discover the origin of the fire.

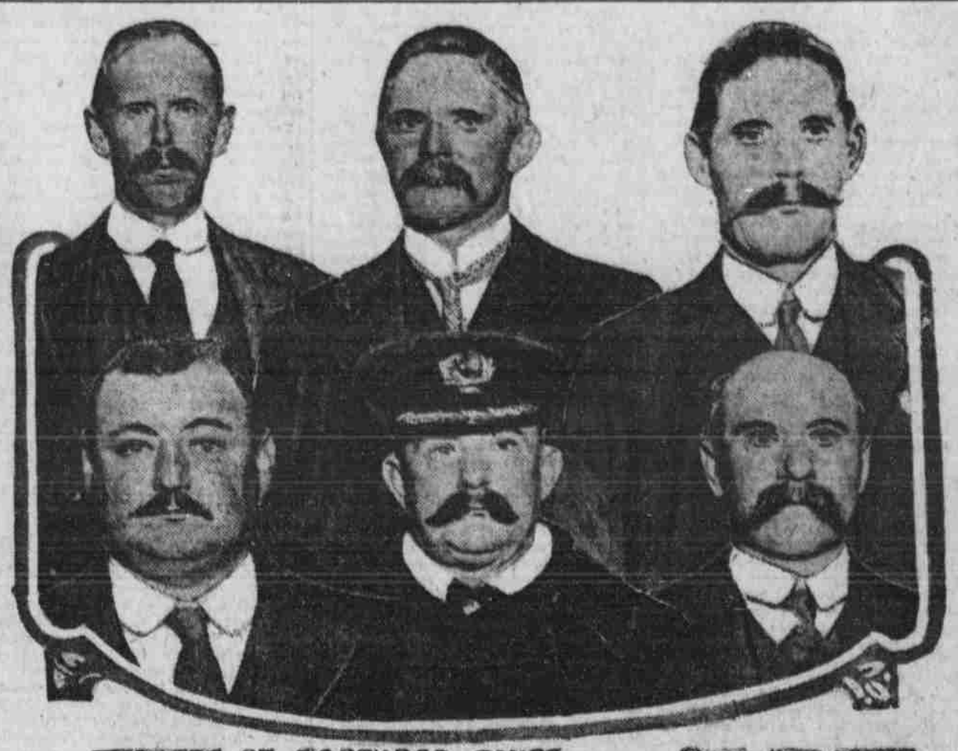
Flood Loss of Iram Mountain Line is Over One Million

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 8.—The Iron Mountain railroad's loss in the flood area of Arkansas will be more than $1,000,000, according to A. Robertson of St. Louis, chief operating officer. Mr. Robertson said the road had more than 1,000 miles of track out of use.

DU PONT POWDER HOUSE AT TACOMA IS BURNED

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 8.—A powder house at DuPont, Wash., was burned down last night, following an explosion there yesterday in which three men were killed. Superintendent J. I. Cox, said no suspicion attached to twelve men of alien birth working at the plant.

BRITISH CAPTAINS HELD AS PRISONERS ON APPAM—Here are six captains of British trading vessels captured at sea by the German cruiser commanded by Lieutenant Berge and brought to Newport News, where they were subsequently released on demand of the United States authorities. Standing, left to right: Robert Reed, "Ariadne;" J. P. Jones, "Faringford," and E. Jones, "Trader." Sitting, left to right: D. Barton, "Carbridge;" Ralph Yeates, "Author," and John Brocket, "Dromonby."



MASTERS OF CAPTURED SHIPS. ©1915, WILD SERVICE.

RUMOR KITCHENER IS TO GO TO EGYPT

Field Marshal May Take Command on the Nile and Earl of Derby Take War Office.

LATTER TO JOIN THE MINISTRY

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Weekly World says it hears that Field Marshal Lord Kitchener is likely to take over command of the British forces in Egypt and that the Earl of Derby, the director of recruiting, will be the new secretary of state for war, with a seat in the cabinet.

The World gives no authority for the report, but says it is gossip in line with recent intimations that Earl Kitchener might withdraw from the war ministry to assume more active duties.

Lord Derby has just returned to London from a visit to the British forces operating in Flanders.

New Iowa Coach Speak sat Feast of the Commercial Club

IOWA CITY, Ia., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—"Many foot ball coaches are weak on defensive instruction," said Howard Jones, new Hawkeye leader, in his first appearance as an after-dinner speaker before the Iowa City Commercial club, "but I am not one of those believing that the best defense is a strong offense. This is true only in a measure, for purely defensive tactics are very valuable at times.

Jones is of the opinion that it takes eleven individuals to make a foot ball team. "If there is a weak spot in your eleven the opposition will find it," he said.

"Confidence is a great asset," he continued. "The player must not go into the game feeling that his opponent is the better man. He must not be overconfident, but on the other hand he must not let his estimate of the other fellow take away his nerve. There is no reason why Iowa should not have as good a team as any other mid-western school, and we are hoping that this kind of confidence can be developed in the men this year."

Suffrage Leaders Will Move to Kansas So They Can Vote

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 8.—Kansas suffrage leaders today received information from Miss Doris Stevens of New York and Washington, national organizer for the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage, that she will come to Kansas this month to establish her legal residence here, so that she may vote for state and national officers.

Miss Mabel Vernon of Wilmington, Del., another organizer for the Congressional Union, is establishing her legal residence in Topeka.

Villa Threatens to Hold Up Trains on This Side of Line

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 8.—A declaration that he would force interference by the United States within six weeks attributed to Francisco Villa by a Mexican from Madera was brought to the attention of American officials here and Mexican authorities at Juarez today. According to the Mexican informant Villa declared he would cross the international border and hold up an El Paso & Southwestern railway train if intervention could be produced in no other way.

General Gavira, commandant at Juarez, was without word early in the day on the progress made by Carranza troops in their search for Villa. The last word received at military headquarters in Juarez reported Villa with twenty-five men in Canyon De El Nido.

Sixty-five members of a band of 150 former Villa soldiers have surrendered at San Miguel, on the Chihuahua-Sonora state line, according to official advices to General Gabriel Gavira, commandant at Jaurez, today. The remaining sixty-five are reported to be ready to surrender upon arrival of Carranza troops.

It was this band which was reported to have looted the store houses at San Pedro a few weeks ago. Carranza soldiers sent in pursuit, were reported here as joining the bandits. A second detachment effected the surrender.

General Gavira said he had received no word from the de facto commanders operating in western Chihuahua against General Francisco Villa, located yesterday near the Santa Clara ranch.

Wilson Expected to Throw His Hat Into Ring Feb. 25

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—President Wilson's closest advisers expect him to make the first formal announcement of his candidacy of renomination within the month. They believe Mr. Wilson will notify the secretary of state of Ohio that the voters of the state will have his consent to use his name in the primary.

Under the Ohio law a candidate is required to notify the secretary of state before February 25 of his willingness to have his name used in the primary. The president has been formally notified of the law's provisions.

The president has made no definite announcement of whether he would be a candidate, even to his friends, as far as is known, but they all take it as settled that he will be.

Body of Hepburn Will Lie in State at Clarinda Church

CLARINDA, Ia., Feb. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—The funeral of the late William Peter Hepburn will be held at the Methodist church here Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Abram S. Woodard, pastor of the church, will officiate. His comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic will attend in a body and Scottish Rite Masons will have charge of the service at the cemetery. The body will lie in state at the church Thursday from 10 to 3 o'clock.

British Commission Proposes to Restrict the Importation of Sugar

LONDON, Feb. 8.—More restrictions on the importation of sugar during the coming months in order to reduce its consumption is the recommendation made by a British royal commission. The report of the commission says that economies in the use of sugar will influence the rate of exchange in favor of Great Britain, as all the sugar consumed here is imported.

The commission states that since the beginning of the war the price of sugar never has been less than 50 per cent above normal and that now it is virtually double that price. Notwithstanding the rise in price, there has been no considerable general reduction in the consumption of sugar and the commission urges, therefore, that less quantities of sugar and also of jams, biscuits, sweet meats and chocolates be used.

If this is done there will be no shortage and no ground for an increase in the prices of these edibles, the commission says, and it also will reduce the tonnage problem and thus help to keep down the cost of other commodities.

MILES STRIKES AT WILSON WAR PLANS

Retired Lieutenant General Says Continental Army Would Be Dangerous.

UNIVERSAL DRILL NOT NEEDED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Lieutenant General Miles, retired, denounced the continental army today during a hearing held by the house committee on military affairs.

"It would be a very dangerous step toward centralization, that would put a tremendous power in some future administration," he said. "It is unamerican. Why try to Germanize the American people? You cannot Germanize American citizens."

General Miles praised the national guard, declared compulsory military service unnecessary, favored three-year enlistments, recommended a regular standing army of 140,000 or 150,000 men; and submitted an army reorganization plan of his own, contemplating recruiting a force of 1,200,000 men by expanding units of organization. He said the national guard should be organized the same way. He said it would be easily possible to raise 2,000,000 men if necessary in a reasonably short time.

General Miles said the United States was daily manufacturing more war materials than any two nations abroad are using in the same time, and that the experience in the Dardanelles shows that guns aboard ship are no match for fortifications and submarines.

"Overseas expeditions," he said, "always have been very expensive and as a rule disastrous. To cross the Atlantic or Pacific oceans to land in the United States would be a very serious undertaking."

An enemy, he said, might be able to put a force of 400,000 men on its ships, but would never be able to land that number on United States shores.

Russian Munitions Crisis is Thing of the Past, Says Polivanoff

PARIS, Feb. 8.—"Russia's munitions crisis is now a thing of the past," said General Polivanoff, Russian minister of war, in an interview with Ludovic Naudeau, the special correspondent of the Paris Journal in Russia. "It is an unpleasant memory, but, fortunately, only a memory.

"With regard to the troops," the minister said, "their spirit is excellent, thanks to the system of mobilization by masses, which was put into force a few months ago, and to the doubling of the number of supply depots. At the present time we have a permanent reserve of young recruits large enough to enable us to keep all the units up to their full strength, without having to send to the front half trained men. This is of great importance, for it has been observed that the morale of the soldier is apt to deteriorate when he sees his company, which originally had 200 or 300 men, reduced to a few dozen."

Brazil Will Send Trade Commission to United States

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—American Ambassador Morgan today notified the State department that a commission of twelve men, representatives of commerce and industry, will be sent to the United States by Brazil during the year to promote reciprocal trade relations. A preliminary committee, appointed by the minister of finance, to formulate the work of the commission, has reported that the object of the visit should be to draw the attention of North American capitalists to the opportunities in Brazil for investment of capital and to develop the exportation of North American products to Brazil.

KAISER'S REPLY PROBABLY ENDS LUSITANIA CASE

Officials Authorize Statement that United States and Germany Are Now Substantially in Accord.

CABINET DISCUSSES THE NOTE

Substitute Proposed for Word Illegal Satisfactory to President Wilsons' Advisers.

LANSING SEES BERNSTORFF

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—At the conclusion of a conference with Secretary Lansing, Count von Bernstorff said: "Everything is substantially all right, but it is not finished."

It was learned that some alterations, which concern the form of the agreement and are regarded as minor ones, now are to be made and that the change involves sending the proposed agreement again to the Berlin foreign office. It is expected to be about six days before it returns to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Late today a high administration official made this announcement:

"A settlement of the Lusitania case is in sight, probably within the next few days. The United States has not increased its demands, it has not reduced them. You can draw your own conclusion as to the basis of the agreement."

The same oficial said:

"The wording proposed by Germany appears to cover the position of the United States. It is not fair to assume that there will have to be any further admissions or concessions from Berlin."

He added that the proposal was "substantially satisfactory."

Secretary Lansing said late today that no announcement would be made after his conference with Count von Bernstorff and not until after he had conferred again with President Wilson. He indicated no announcement might be made for several days.

Lowry Party Has Nearly Thousand Clarinda Converts

CLARINDA, Ia., Feb. 8.—(Special.)—The revival meetings which Evangelist Oscar Lowry and party have been conducting here for five weeks closed Sunday evening with 207 converts the last day and 967 converts during the five weeks. This figure does not include reconsecrations. It is expected that the converts Tuesday evening will make the total conversions during the campaign run over 1,000. Sunday evening the tabernacle was crowded and at an overflow meeting the Presbyterian church, which is the largest in town, was filled to capacity. There are six people in the Lowry party, including Bible teacher, choir leader, soloist and personal worker and pianist, and all were more than busy during the five weeks' campaign handling the crowds. A Young Men's Christian association building and organization probably will result from the meetings, as many business men have become interested in the revival meetings and have been holding daily prayer meetings in the court house. The Lowry party goes from here to McCook, Neb., where a similar revival campaign opens next Sunday.

Miss Farrar and Mr. Tellegen Are Married at Noon

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Geraldine Farrar, opera singer, and Lou Tellegen, actor, were married here at noon today at the home of Miss Farrar's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Farrar.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Leon A. Harvey, secretary at the Unitarian Denominational headquarters in this city. Charles A. Ellis, manager of the Boston Symphony orchestra, and C. G. Childs of Bala, Pa., friends of Mr. Tellegen and his bride, were among the few witnesses.

Mr. and Mrs. Tellegen plan to visit Hawaii and Japan at the close of their respective theatrical seasons.

The Day's War News

THE FRENCH HAVE been making efforts to regain territory they lost some ten days ago south of the River Somme, but, according to Berlin, they were unsuccessful, their attack, which was preceded by intensive artillery preparation, being repulsed.

PETROGRAD HAS INFORMATION that there have been recent transfers of large bodies of German troops to the western front, which is held there to indicate that the Germans are preparing again to devote the greater part of their strength to the war areas in France and Belgium.

EXCEPT FOR CONTINUATION of the intensive bombardment along the Franco-Belgian frontier, there are few reports of activity from the major fields of military operations.

IN THE CAUCASUS Russian armies are active. Petrograd reports continued advances north and south of Erzerum.

REPORTS ARE CURRENT in London that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener is to take over the command of the British forces in Egypt and that the earl of Derby, who has been in charge of recruiting, is to be the new secretary of state for war.