THE HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF BOX BUTTE COUNTY

T. J. O'KEEFE, Publisher.

Published every Friday and entered at the post-office in Hemingford, Nebraska, as second-class mail-matter. THE HERALD is devoted to the interests of Hemingford and Box Butte county.

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SIX MONTHS.....75

COUNTY OFFICERS.

F. M. PHELPS.....Clerk.
A. M. MILLER.....Treasurer.
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T. P. SWEENEY.....Sheriff.
W. M. JOCENER.....Attorney.
Miss A. E. NEELAND.....Superintendent.
CHAS. BRANN.....Surveyor.
Dr. W. K. MILLER.....Coroner.
Dr. C. A. HOLLENBECK.....Physician.
JAMES BERRY.....Commissioner 1st Dist.
J. M. HOLLINSHEAD.....Commissioner 2nd Dist.
G. W. DUNCAN.....Commissioner 3rd Dist.

Our Ticket.

For Governor—
WILLIAM A. POYNTER of Boone.

Lieutenant Governor—
A. S. GILBERT of York.

Secretary of State—
WILLIAM F. PORTER of Merrick.

Auditor of Public Accounts—
JOHN F. CORNELL of Richardson.

Treasurer—
JOHN B. MESERVE of Red Willow.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—
WILLIAM R. JACKSON of Holt.

Land Commissioner—
JACOB V. WOLFE of Lancaster.

Attorney General—
CONSTANTINE J. SMYTH of Douglas.

The Trans-Mississippi Exposition, which opened at Omaha June 1st, is certainly an exposition of mammoth proportions, and every citizen should take in the sights before November. Those who contemplate going to Omaha should, if the most direct and comfortable route is desired, take the Burlington, which is, without question, the best equipped railroad in the western states. The courteous treatment of passengers is a special feature of the Burlington. A Montana man who attended the Trans-Mississippi, has the following to say of Omaha's great exposition.

"The Omaha Exposition grounds are somewhat like the World's Fair. At night the beauty of the whole effect is as entrancing, not as imposing. The main buildings are artistically arranged around the lagoon. The government building is easily the most imposing, and under its roof is contained an exhibit that is worth spending an entire day, or even more, in viewing. It is said to contain a better government exhibit than the Chicago exposition, and this is unquestionably true. It is attractive and inspiring. The Fine Arts building, the Horticultural, the Machinery and Electricity, and the Mines and Mining buildings are all great structures. In none of these are the exhibits upon a scale of mediocrity, but everything imposing, and the machinery, electrical, and mining exhibits are especially fine. Montana is very much in evidence in the mining and government buildings".

Buffalo Bill's Day.

Once a Senator representing its people in the halls of legislation; a colonel of its state troops; a soldier and scout whose invaluable services to his country have been attested by every general of the United States Army during the past 35 years; an exhibitor who has shown to Europe the manner of men who blazed their way through the land of hostile savages and made possible the conversion of boundless and arid plains into the now happy homes of thousands of our countrymen. Colonel W. F. Cody will return to the metropolis of the state he has so honored and receive the very great honor of having August 31st set apart by the Commissioners of the Great Trans-Mississippi Exposition as W. F. Cody Day at the Exposition. By a singular and almost poetic coincident he gave the very first exhibition of his Wild West upon the very grounds where the Exposition is now. Colonel Cody will be in Omaha two days, August 30th and 31st, with his famous exhibition, Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Congress of Rough Riders of the World. It has been the one supreme attraction at expositions, both in Europe and America, for the past fifteen years, and even now he is in correspondence with the Commissioners of the World's Fair to be held at Paris in 1900 looking to his return to that gay capital as the most potent attraction they can secure.

W. F. Cody Day at Omaha will be a superb tribute to the honored son of a state. It will be a red-letter rate day on all railroads, and it is believed by many that it will bring more persons to Omaha than any other day during the Exposition. Col. Cody, his rough riders from both hemispheres, and his soldiers from the armies of Europe and America, will be reviewed at the Exposition, and will parade the grounds visiting every department, and in turn being seen by everyone present.

COMMISSIONERS RECORD

Hemingford, Aug. 16, 1898.

Board met as per adjournment. All members present.

At 1 p. m. they opened and examined bids for the construction of a bridge over the Niobrara river between section 8 and 9, town 28, range 52. Contract was awarded to Thos. H. Lee for the sum of $190. The terms of such contract being that he build such bridge as per plans and specifications attached to contract, furnish all material and work, and complete such bridge so as to be satisfactory to the board by October 15, 1898. Board adjourned till 9 a. m. Aug. 17.

F. M. Phelps, Clerk.

Aug. 17—Board met as per adjournment. All members present.

The following claims were then examined and allowed and warrants ordered drawn on general fund levy of 1898 in payment of same.

Clark Bros, windmill	$95.60
J. M. Kuhn, juror	12 15
W. K. Herncall, juror	6.00
F. H. Smith, supplies	5.93
P. H. Zobel, poor farm	26.40
J. T. Pinkerton, b'd prisoners	20.00
A. E. Neeland, Co. Sup't	202.25

allowed for $158. bal. disallowed.

BIDS FOR PAINTING COURT HOUSE.

Bids will be received at the office of the county clerk, to be filed on or before Oct. 4, 1898, for painting the outside of court house including roof, two coats of paint. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the board.

F. M. PHELPS, Co. Clerk.

Hemingford, Neb. Aug. 18, '98.

BIDS FOR HARD COAL.

Bids will be received at the office of the county clerk to be filed on or before Sept. 3, 1898, for furnishing one small car (15 tons) of hard coal, nut size. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board,

F. M. PHELPS, Co. Clerk.

BIDS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF JAIL BUILDING.

Sealed bids will be received by the County Commissioners, to be filed on or before Oct. 4, 1898 for the construction of a jail building 22x30 feet to be built of stone and brick according to plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the county clerk. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board.

F. M. PHELPS, Co. clerk.

State of Nebraska, Box Butte County ss:

To W. H. Carnahan, non-resident land owner:

You are hereby notified that complaint has been made to me that there is on the n½ of ne¼, se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼ section 26, township 26 north, of range fifty-one west in Box Butte county State of Nebraska an old uncovered well which is dangerous to stock Said land is open, and a common, and you are notified that if said well is not filled or securely covered, in twenty days from this date, I will fill said well as required by law, and the cost thereof will be taxed as a lien against the above described land, as provided in section 465a Article 1, Chapter 4 of the compiled statutes of 1897. M. PETERSON,

Road Overseer District no, 17.
Box Butte County, Nebraska.
Dated March 3, 1898.
First publication Aug. 12, 1898.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The People's Independent Party of the 53rd Representative district is hereby requested to send delegates to a convention of said party to be held in Crawford, Dawes county, Nebraska, on the 10th day of September A. D. 1898. Said convention to convene at one o'clock p. m. of said day. The object of said convention is to nominate a candidate for representative from said district and to transact such other business as may properly come before it.

The counties of said district are entitled to the same representation as in the State convention recently held. It is recommended that no proxies be allowed and that the delegates present cast the entire vote to which their respective counties are entitled. W. H. WESTOVER, Chairman.

Final—Proof—Notices.

F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.
W. R. AKERS, Receiver.

Parties having notices in this column are requested to read the same carefully and report to this office for correction any errors that may exist. This will prevent possible delay in making proof.

Land Office at Alliance, Neb., August 18, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver at Alliance, Neb., on Sept. 24, 1898, viz.

Charles L. Hall,

of Willey, Neb., who made h e No. 57 for lot 4, se qr sw qr sec 7, tp 23n, r 52w & e hf se qr sec 12, tp 23n, r 53w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

James McKinney, of Alliance, Neb., Gus Wiekstrom, John Gillis, Frank Harris, all of Willey, Neb.

F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

U. S. Land Office, Alliance, Neb., Aug. 2, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before T. J. O'Keefe, U. S. Commissioner, at Hemingford, Neb., on Sept. 10, 1898, viz:

THOMAS PRINGLE.

of Preston, S. D., who made T. C. e. 1203 for the s. e. ¼ sec. 5 tp 28n r 48w.

He names the following as witnesses: Thomas L. Hopkins and Bert R. Hopkins of Dunlap, Neb., E. D. Piper and Oran F. Fosket of Hemingford, Neb.

F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

U. S. Land Office, Alliance, Neb. July 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named setler has filed his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before T. J. O'Keefe, U. S. Commissioner, at Hemingford, Neb., on Sept. 6, 1898, viz:

Austin M. Davis,

of Hemingford, Neb., who made h e 463 for the nw ¼ sec 17, tp 27n, r 50w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Willmott, Stephen A Brown, Joseph Shaffer, Fred O. Snell, all of Hemingford, Neb

J. W. WEHN, JR., Register.

U. S. Land Office, Alliance, Neb., July 27, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that

Jonn Hineline,

of DeSoto, Neb., has filed notice of intention to make final proof before T. J. O'Keefe, U. S. Commissioner, at Hemingford, Neb., on Sept. 3, 1898, on timber culture application no. 1719 for the n e ¼ sec 31, tp 28n, r 50w.

He names as witnesses: Luke Phillips, Joseph Shaffer, Fred Hucke, Albert S. Enyeart, all of Hemingford, Neb.

J. W. Wehn, jr., Register.

Land Office at Alliance, Neb., July 21, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that

Alonzo J. Knapp,

of Pendleton, Oregon, has filed notice of intention to make final proof before Register or Receiver at Alliance, Neb., August 27, 1898, on timber culture application No 1294, for the w ½ se ¼ & e ¼ sw ¼ sec 17, tp 29 n, r 50 w.

He names as witnesses: Joseph B. Low, Andrew J. Palmer, Albert W. Palmer, Frank P. Honeyman, all of Marsland, Neb.

J. W. WEHN, Jr., Register.

Road Overseer's Notice to Non resident Land Owner.

State of Nebraska, Box Butte County, ss.

To Warren W. Putnam, non-resident land owner:

You are hereby notified that complaint has been made to me that there is on the sw ¼ section 19, township 26 north of range 51 west, in Box Butte county, State of Nebraska, an old uncovered well which is dangerous to stock. Said land is open, and a common, and you are notified that if said well is not filled or securely covered within twenty days from this date, I will fill said well as required by law, and the cost thereof will be taxed as a lien against the above described land, as described in Section 465a, article 1, chapter 4, of the compiled statutes of 1897.

M. PETERSON,
Road Overseer District No. 17.
Box Butte County, Nebraska.
Dated March 3, 1898.
First publication Aug. 12, 1898.

A Lawyer's Breach of Confidence.

A queer case is reported from Sydney, Australia. A man was convicted by a jury of having tried to poison his wife with arsenic. His lawyers obtained a reconsideration of the sentence by a commission appointed by the legislature, consisting of two doctors and a lawyer, which pronounced him innocent, the doctors voting down the lawyer, who thought him guilty. The man was set free in consequence. Subsequently one of his lawyers, moved by conscience, told another member of the bar that the man had confessed his guilt to him at the time of the trial and the matter was brought before the legislature. Lawyers and clients have been arrested and are to be prosecuted for conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice. Communications between lawyer and client are apparently not privileged in Australia.

Betting on the Races.

The big trotting-horse people in Buffalo and western New York, including C. J. Hamlin, are said to be preparing to make a determined movement this year to secure a moderation, or, possibly, the abolition, of the present anti-betting laws of the state. The unsuccessful grand circuit meeting of last summer will be used for an argument that it will be impossible to conduct trotting meetings profitably without pool selling of some sort. These interests are powerful ones, and if banded together would make a strong fight.

God's Will.

"Since God doth will that some shall dwell at ease,
And others shall know hardness, this is sure,
The lot that fits each nature He foresees;
And wherefore murmur when we must endure?
Some day His loving wisdom will be plain
As the sweet sunshine following after rain."
—Mary Bradley.

How General Joe Wheeler Was Captured.

General Wheeler had a most exciting service throughout the war. He has told me how his horses were shot under him again and again and how he escaped without injury, although he always rode at the head of his troops. Of all the commanders under Jefferson Davis he stuck closest to him. He was with Davis when the cabinet moved from Richmond to Cokesborough, N. C., and he then had eight brigades of cavalry. He told Davis that the soldiers considered the war was over and that he had trouble in holding his troops together. Davis did not agree with him, and he ordered 16,000 horseshoes sent there to equip his troops for flight through the south.

A short time later, however, when he got ready to fly, Wheeler was about the only commander who could get soldiers to go with him, and it was little General Joe who followed the Confederate president with a troop of 500 men. Davis and his cabinet soon saw, however, that their hope was a forlorn one, and they sent orders to Wheeler to disband his troops and take care of himself. This Wheeler did and a short time later was captured by the Union troops and was sent with Jefferson Davis north to prison. Alexander Stephens and Postmaster General Reagan were taken with him, and on the way north General Wheeler says that Stephens thought he was going to sure death. He said as much to General Wheeler, and the general replied, "Well, Mr. Stephens, if this is to be your fate, what must be that of President Davis?" Alexander Stephens raised his hands and replied: "Oh, don't speak of that! His fate is too horrible to consider." General Wheeler said he had no idea he would be killed, and the way he joked about the matter of their joint imprisonment horrified Alexander Stephens. — St. Louis Republic.

Washington Widows.

I like gratitude. I like to hear of grateful people, and an anecdote I heard recently of one Washington man has pleased me immensely. He has recently married the widow of a very wealthy gentleman, and on the proceeds of the transaction he has built a handsome house. When the house was finished and the moving into it was accomplished, the wife and her mother fell to discussing just where they should hang the portrait of the former husband. They had just decided to hang it in a small room on the second floor when the new husband came in and heard of the matter.

"Hang him up stairs!" he said. "No, siree. No, siree. That man was my benefactor. I owe everything I have to him. He shall hang in the place of honor."

And husband No. 1 now smiles down from over the mantel in the drawing room.

But that makes me think of another Washington widow who has recently bestowed herself and her belongings on a second husband.

"It's so fortunate," said she to me. "My first husband's last name began with a W, you know, and so does my second husband's first name. All Mr. W.'s handkerchiefs are just the thing for Willie, and I haven't even had to have the initial on them changed."—Washington Post.

Ages of the World's Charmers.

Miss Browning dilates on a most consolatory fact. The women who influenced the destinies of nations were none of them "actually young." Well, what does Miss Browning call "actually young?" Nineteen is not old, and she who saved France from returning members to a British parliament was 19 at her death. There is a tendency in the male sex to like them young. Helen of Troy was, it is calculated, about 120, but she was the daughter of a god. Cleopatra is put by Miss Browning at about 50 when Antony reckoned the world well lost for her. In any case her medals make her a plain woman, with a very long nose. Mary Stuart had turned things upside down before she was 25, and Diane de Poitiers was 43 and Mme. Scarron 45 before they captured royal lovers. These veteran charmers had health and intelligence, but Lady Hamilton was fat, as well as 40, when she fascinated Nelson.—London News.

Cod on Ash Wednesday.

Once a year, on Ash Wednesday, the Anglicans of all the middle class eat salt fish, and this salt fish is always cod. Shrove Tuesday is a kind of London fish shop festival, in which the whole of the "decoration" is salt cod and half lemons. The cod are salted in the shops, being split and very lightly but sufficiently salted, with a view to imparting flavor rather than to preserving the fish. They are then rolled loosely and elegantly and a lemon laid upon each. The origin of the lemon is difficult to trace. Egg sauce, and not lemons, is the traditional "relish" with salt cod, the eggs being also a survival of the old Lenten list of fare. Possibly the lemons were originally part of the surplus stock laid in for the previous feast of pancakes on Shrove Tuesday.—Cornhill Magazine.

The Early Piano.

The earliest known mention of the pianoforte was in a playbill dated May 16, 1767. The piece announced was "The Beggar's Opera," with Mr. Beard as Captain Macheath, Mrs. Stephens as Mrs. Peachum, Mr. Shuter as Peachum. The principal attraction was given us, "Miss Buckler will sing a song from 'Judith,' accompanied by a new instrument called pianoforte." — Pittsburg Dispatch.

The annual consumption of paper used in Amoy, China, is said to be nearly $10,000,000. Most of it is of local manufacture. The Chinese don't like foreign made paper.

One pound of sheep's wool is capable of producing one yard of cloth.

WHERE WOMEN RULE.

What a Social Student Found In an Eastern Province.

While studying social conditions in oriental lands Dr. Alice B. Stockham was advised by Tolstoi to visit the Naiars on the Malabar coast of India, and witness a type of civilization unknown elsewhere among the inhabitants of earth. Here, according to a writer, the husband is a mere incident in the social organization. Woman's power is autocratic and absolute. She wins or divorces a husband at will. She frames and administers the laws by which she lives, and through her is the descent of the property, which he may earn, but not own. The ricefield is his active arena, and if industrious and frugal proving himself capable of maintaining a family—some Naiar maid invites him to become her husband. The successful man of eligible years is wooed and won as is the fortunate and accomplished maiden of our country.

The impropriety of manifesting affection for a woman before it is solicited is thoroughly instilled into the mind of the Naiar man, and, while the struggle between natural tendencies and [illegible] custom may sometimes approach the torture of an irrepressible conflict, [illegible] is ruin and humiliation. The eligible bachelor makes [illegible] avowal of love and [illegible] voice or silence if it be [illegible] with. The Naiars are of Dravidian origin, [illegible] above the average inhabitant [illegible] in intelligence and in the administration of their native government. Better native schools are found here than elsewhere in India, and a surprising degree of domestic contentment.—Springfield Republican.

CAKE WALK IS FRENCH.

When It Originated, It Also Stood For a Marriage Ceremony.

The cake walk properly had its origin among the French negroes of Louisiana more than a century ago. There is little doubt that it is an offshoot of some of the old French country dances. It resembles several of them in form. From New Orleans it spread over the entire south and thence north. It was found of convenience to the plantation negroes. They were not wedded by license and it was seldom that the services of a preacher were called in.

At a cake walk a man might legitimately show his preference for a woman and thus publicly claim her for a wife. In effect the cake walk was not different from the old Scotch marriage, which required only public acknowledgment from the contracting parties. So this festival became in some sense a wooing, an acceptance or rejection and a ceremony. This explains its popularity with the blacks, outside of its beauties, with the accompaniment of music, which is competent at all times to command negro support.

Cake walking has improved, as do most things that are constantly practiced. It has lost its old significance in the south. Negroes now get married, when they marry at all, in the white folks' fashion. It has, however, become a pantomime dance. Properly performed, it is a beautiful one. The cake is not much of a prize, though the negro has a sweet tooth.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Forest Protection In Idaho.

The miners as well as the mine owners operating in northern Idaho are peculiarly interested in rational and effective methods of forest protection to what remains of the public timber lands, and as producers of national wealth have a right to demand it. They have the result of years of wanton forest destruction before their eyes and can see themselves confronted with a timber shortage before many years that threatens their commercial and industrial life. That such a condition is fast approaching needs no prophetic vision to foresee.

The extent of burned forest land the past 16 years as developed in these regions is an evidence that requires no supporting argument to make effective. That many thousands of acres of forest still exist in the Cœur d'Alene basins does not weaken the fact of an impending timber shortage. Under the present conditions two or three dry seasons would suffice to wipe out the larger portion by far of what remains of the forests in this part of the state. There is not yet adequate protection or supervision, and public sentiment upon these points is not yet sufficiently aroused.—Forester.

Self Made Men of Other Days.

The self made man is by no means solely the product of modern times. Columbus was a weaver, Franklin was a journeyman printer, Pope Sixtus V was employed in his young days in keeping swine, Robert Burns was a plowman, Æsop was a slave, Homer was a beggar, Daniel De Foe was apprenticed to a hosier, Demosthenes was the son of a cutler, while Virgil was a baker's son. Ben Jonson was a bricklayer, Cervantes was a common soldier, Canova's father was a stonecutter, Captain Cook commenced life as a cabin boy, Haydn, the musician, was the son of a poor wheelwright, Pizarro, instead of going to school, was sent to keep hogs. Kirke White's father was a butcher, and Keats' father kept a livery stable.—New York Sun.

Warm Water Baptism.

We would impress upon the clergy the necessity of having the water warmed. Baptism, it is true, is seldom or never administered by immersion, but even when affusion is used the contact of cold water with a child's head might injuriously affect one with an already sufficiently low power of resistance.—Lancet.

When the sultan of Turkey attends the Friday midday prayer at the mosque, in Constantinople, the garrison of 30,000 men is stationed along the route in such a way that he shall be safely guarded from the moment he leaves his palace until he is on his carpet in the sacred edifice.

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