HEMINGFORD, ... NEBRASKA.

Charley Fong Sing, a reat Chinaman, wants to be a policeman in New York. He will likely be kept wanting.

Dr. Augustus Le Plongeon says Yucatan is the cradle of the human race. The earthquakes probably rocked it.

A proofreader was killed in the latest railroad accident. The accident was presumably due to a misplaced

A bleycle rider says: "I've heard a good deal about the bicycle displacing the horse and wagon, but I tried it and failed."

Japan, with cholera, destructive storms, and great powers jealous of her successes, seems to be in a trying po-

And now we are asked to believe that a Philadelphian white diggins a cistern on his premises the other day struck quicksand.

Amnesty has been granted to all Armenian political prisoners. The sultan wants some more people for his brutal soldiers to kill, perhaps.

Let the new woman chase the illusive collar button around under the furniture a few times and she may be satisfied with her own apparel.

The Trilby craze was a little late in reaching Omaha, but it finally got there with both feet, so to speak. This is evidenced by the discovery of a new religious sect there, which conducts all its services in "the altogether."

Hosea Ballou, vice president of the American Humane society, threatens to arrest all persons connected with the bull fights that are proposed to be given at the Atlanta Cotton exposition. He has written a letter to the secretary of the exposition, asking him to use his influence to prevent the exhibitions on the ground that they are "immoral imports."

The latest and most interesting phase of the omnipresent "bloomer problem" hails from Toronto. A male member of the school board of that city made a motion asking inspectors to secure names of all women teachers who have been riding bicycles in "male attire," commonly called "bloomers." with the evident intention of taking further action in the matter. As it happens, there is an up-to-date woman by the name of Dr. Gullen on the school board who made such a noble defense of fair bicyclers in the course of a lively discussion that the motion was lost 13 to 6.

because of the wrong and the outrage which provoked her to the crime, an example of terribly evil consequence to society would have been furnished, and it would have been made the excuse for murder by vile and violent wemen who set snares for men. But what her punishment shall be is another matter. It cannot be death by electricity without outraging every healthy sentiment and every honorable impulse in the community. The thought that men are to gather about this wretched and distaught girl, strap her, a woman, to a chair, and then stand by to watch her killing by an electric current, is horrible in the extreme. No decent man would be willing to take part in such a proceeding. No governor ought to subject manhood to it. Killing a woman in cold blood is not a business for men. It outrages humanity.

The Americans abroad who have up to the present retained the distinction of not being presented at court should be warned by their friends at home resolutely to refuse all temptations for a court presentation. The iconoclastic blow at the tradition that it is an honor to be one of the crowd at court receptions has been long awaited, but it has come at last. It is aimed by the short, fat, vigorous hand of Henri Labouchere, who remarks in Truth that it is "no sort of advantage to go to court." Such an idea, he says, can linger only in the minds of the very credulous or the entirely unsophisticated. And, continues Mr. Labouchere with somewhat more force than elegance: "No inquirles of any sort or kind are now made by the court officials respecting the horde of unknown allp-slop whose names are sent in before every drawing-room or levee." There's a horrifying revelation for those who have still cherished the fancy that a "presentation at court" was an honor and a distinction. It is recommended to the attention of any fair and foolish American girl who may be envying some other girl for a privilege supposed to be of the greatest moment. But what a change has come over the social life of England since the days when the court was the highest Inner circle!

An ingenious distiller has discovered a process for making whisky that does not contain a single jag in a gallon of it. The failure of the article as a speculation is inevitable, and it would be wise in the agents of the manufacturer to refrain from soliciting trade for it in Kentucky.

There is a thriving "Ladies' Suburban Club" in Chicago; yet there is an impression abroad that the city extended so far out of the surrounding prairies that very few suburban ladies | in, piling several tons of dirt where he could be discovered.

OVER THE STATE.

CITIZENS of York are enthusiastic for

THE B. & M. is rushing work in its shops at Plattamouth.

Miss Lizzie Burn, a prominent school tencher, died at Lincoln from typhoid

THE Burlington has inaugurated harvest excursions and will have a numbe BRAKEMAN C. S. BRITTON Was caught

between the cars at Edgement and crushed to death. THE president has appointed O. S. Parmaiee postmuster at Tekamah, vice

W. H. Korns, resigned. A young farmer near Rushville stepped into the cylinder of a threshing machine and is short a foot.

THE 10-year-old son of John Hobs chield of Plattsmouth was kicked in the face by a horse and frightfully

JOHN W. PAUL of Omaha attempted suicide by throwing himself in the river. A man near by snatched him

from his would-be watery grave. A J. GABLER, of Waco, Texas, and Mrs. Venum of Blue Springs, were drowned in the Elkhorn river at Norfolk. Their bodies were recovered.

HENRY THOMAS, aged 21 years, oldes

son of Phillip Thomas, living about three miles west of Yutan, was drowned while bathing in the Platte river. FRIENDS of Maj. Clarkson of Omaha are pushing him for commander-inchief of the Grand Army when the national encampment meets at Louis-

WHILE riding on a freight train a boy named Scott, of Humboldt, 13 years old, fell under the wheels and was killed. He lived but one hour after

the accident. WHILE threshing two miles south of Hemingford, John J. Elinek, in attempting to place a belt in position. was caught and his forearm literally

ground to pieces. HILDRETH camp, Modern Woodmen of America, at Hildreth, are making preparations to erect a building with a arge lodge room on the second floor

and store room below. DR. R. D. HARRIS, representative in the legislature from the Fifty-fourth district, has moved from Ogalalla to Arlington. He was a resident of Keith

county for ten years. JOHANN SCHULTZ, living about four miles west of Scribner, committed suicide by hanging. Schultz was a hard working farmer and for a number of years had lived in that vicinity.

THE ministers of Ord, Rev. James Lisle of North Loup, Superintendent McCall and a number of public spirited citizens of Ord are arranging to hold a Chautauqua on September 3 to 9 inclu-

In Johnson county last Sunday night Wm. Tate, 20 years old, stabbed and killed Archibald Catheart, 18 years. The killing was the result of an old fend of long standing. The murderer

Ezha Larr of Moorefield dared J. Stambaugh of Red Lion Mills to jump into the Blue near McCool Junction with his clothes on. Lapp was a good swimmer, but was taken with cramps and drowned.

DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL term for larceny from the person.

ticles of incorporation with the county clerk, business to begin September 10. with \$50,000 capital. The bank has just completed a very fine building and will start under favorable auspices.

CAPTAIN HENNY, acting Indian agent at Pine Ridge, accompanied by Chief Clerk George Cromer and a detachment of Indian police, was in Chadron last week to receive money for distribution on the agency. The amount is \$20,000. HANS KNUDSON and Knud Knudson,

arrested for robbing a Union Pacific train near Brady Island last week, were arraigned in the district court at North Platte and pleaded guilty. The judge gave each of them ten years in the penitentiary.

A LITTLE boy and girl, 7 and 8 years of age, children of R. J. Cook, living miles west of Surprise were drowned in the Blue, and a third one their unsuspecting victim about 25 cents came near meeting the same fate in endeavoring to resone the other two. The bodies were recovered.

JESS WILLIAMSON of Hartington, aged eighteen years, while bathing in the mill pond was drowned. He could not swim and getting into the water beyoud his depth, could not get back. His companions attempted to rescue

him but were unable to do so. THE Oxnard Beet Sugar company at Grand Island is preparing for the largest campaign of the manufacture in the history of the industry in this state. The company has found it necessary to offer extra prices for beets delivered in November, December, January and February, these prices be-

ing 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents respectively. Agricultural society, by the unanimous adoption of a resolution, decided that instance of Governor Calberson, of Tuesday, September 17, would be Texas, "Golden Rod day." It will also, as an-nounced before, be Ploneers' day. On that day the state board will decorate the buildings and grounds with golden rod, and every visitor to the grounds, and especially citizens of the state, are tempt will be made to obtain belligerrequested to wear a bunch of Nebras- ent rights until next December, when

ka's floral emblem. WHEN the family of Prof. J. P. Bobb of Curtis commenced their usual avocaday, the tions the nbsence of Mr. Bobb was noted. Soon after his body was found hanging by the neck. Life was extinct. No reason has thus far been offered to ac-

count for the deed. THE water contracts which are being prepared by the secretary of the North Loup Irrigation and Improvement company for the coming year will be conditioned so as to sell water by the second foot, instead of by the acre, as was the case this season. It is thought | ford and three from Cambridge. that this will contribute to the more

economical distribution of the water. tions that lead to affluence and inde-REV. LEE HUNT of Ashland had a narrow escape from death while at work in the sand pit at Dean's. He was digging sand for the improvements to his house, and came out of the pit for a few minutes rest, when it caved

Condition of the State Banks, 6Quarterly report of the condition of

the state and private bands (466 in number; of the state of Nebraska at the close of busines on the 1st day of August, 1895:

	RESOURCES.	
9	Loans and discounts	\$21,092,680.9
1	Overdrafts	161, 139,01
	United States bonds on hand	20, 33,50
	Stocks, securities, judgments	
	ciaims, etc	
r	Due from national and other banks	
П	Banking house, furniture and	
ŧ.	fixtures	
1	Current expenses and taxes paid	
٩	Premium on United rtates and	
d	other bonds and securities	2,467,6
	Checks and other cash Items	121,100.0
ø	Cash	1,396, 45.3 557, 145.4
9	Other real estate	
	morated	16 1,887.6
•		
7	Total	\$20,120,001.7
	LIABILITIES.	
	Capital and stock paid in	9 9,090,475.0
*	Surplus fund	1,033,633.7
n.	Undivided profits	1,112,23 .0
y.	Dividends unpaid	
	General deposits	261,322.0
à	Notes and bills rediscounted Bills payable	
1	Other liabilities not otherwise	
œ	enumerated	48,897.0
n.	The state of the s	-
	Total	\$29,156,561.7
4		

High Schools Designated. The new law, providing for free attendance at public high schools, which went into effect this month, makes it

the duty of the State Department of Eduction to determine annually what schools in this state are properly equipped and subject to the provisions of the law. Superintendent Corbett gives out the following: "About June 1 the state superinten-

dent sent out to all high schools and to all county superintendents a circular containing full information as to the manner in which this determination would be made, together with a blank form for reporting the necessary data from each high school. The absence of school superintendents and principals during the vacation has prevented many schools from sending in the re-The state department has, however, just completed a partial list, subject to the addition of other schools as their reports are received.

"The following classifications of the graded schools of the state indicates the maximum amount of high school work approved by the state department, except in unusual cases and after special investigation.

"Class A-Including all high schools in districts having fifteen or more teachers, such schools being expected to carry four years, or grades, of the state ceurse for high schools, or its

'Class B-Including all high schools in districts having six to fourteen teachers, such schools being expected to carry three years of the state course for high schools, or its equivalent.

'Class C-In districts having three to five teachers, such schools being expected to carry two years of the state course for high schools, or its equiva-

"Class D-In districts having two or three teachers, such schools being expected to carry one year of the state course for high schools or its equiva-

Progressive Education.

The teachers of Jefferson county have this year adopted something new in the organization of an educational council, the membership of which is to consist of three teachers from the vil-If Maria Barberi had been acquitted legging at Ayr and Rosemont. Carroll schools. The officers of the teachers' ex-officio chairman. To this council of profit. The Falls City State bank filed its ar- is to be referred the work of preparing programs for the county association and the consideration of such other matters pertaining to the welfare of the school system as may be submitted by the association or superintendent.

Captured a Horse Thief.

Plattsmouth dispatch: Constable Newkirk of Alvo arrived in this city in charge of a young farm hand named John Knox, arrested at Alvo the day before on the charge of horse stealing. Knox appropriated two horses from a pasture, but was arrested soon after the commission of the theft. The man shows symptoms of insanity, and is either acting a part or is crazy.

Worked by Smooth Artists.

A goodly portion of Johnson county has been worked by a brace of smooth soap agents. These agents would sell worth soap for \$1, agreeing to deliver later in the shape of some choice bits of chinawore. variably be paid, the soap given, but said: 'We knew very well when we the prizes have failed to materialize. state, and the people are warned to be on their guard.

A Deepwater Convention.

OPEKA, Kan., Aug. 31 .- Governor Morrill has issued a proclamation for Western states conference convention, to be held at Topeka, October 1. to consider plans to secure united action by the people of the West for the utilization of the deep water in the Gulf of Mexico, and to arrange for an inter-American exposition for the THE board of managers of the State display of Western products. Governor Morrill's action is taken at the

Cuba Will Seek Recognition.

New York, Aug. 31. - Tomas Estrado Palma, president of the Cuban revolutionary committee, says that no ata Cuban minister will be sent to the United States. He believes that Spain has now realized that the end of her rope has been reached. He claims that the cost of sending reinforcements is so great that Spain cannot furnish any more men and will have to give Cuba her freedom within the next ew months.

In the present Salisbury ministry of them belong to the titled classes; but so does education count, for nine of the members are graduates of Ox-

As an indication of the various vocapendence, it may be cited that the alimony asked for and practically settled upon the wife of pugilist "Jim" seasons.

COLD BLOODED MURDER

WYOMING WHITES BLAMED FOR THE INDIAN TROUBLE.

SETTLERS HOTLY SCORED.

The United States District Attorney and a Deputy Marshal Report the Result of Their Investigation Into the Matter to the Attorney General - No Justice for Poor Lo.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2 .- The department of justice has recieved from the United States attorney and marshal of Wyoming the official reports of their investigation into the Bannock Indian troubles made by direction of the attorney general.

The district attorney says: "I have no doubt whatever that the killing of the Indian Tanega on or about the 13th of July was an autrocious and cold blooded murder, and it was a murder perpetrated on the part of the constable, Manning, and his deputies in pursuance of a scheme and conspiracy to prevent the Indians from exercising a right and privilege which is, in my opinion, very clearly guaranteed to them by the treaty before mentioned. Should prosecution on the part of the United States be determined upon it would be useless to commence it before a commissioner. As the law is now, we are bound to bring prisoners before the United States commissioner nearest to the place of arrest, and in this case it would be before Mr. Pettigrew, the commissioner at Marysvale. I am informed that he is thoroughly in sympathy with the so-called settlers in that region and that he advised the constable, Manning, and his posse, that the provisions of the treaty under which the Indians claimed the right to hunt upon the unoccupied lands of the United States had, for some reason, ceased to be operative. Hence, I think to cause the arrest of these men and take them for hearing before this commissioner would simply result in their discharge.

The United States deputy marshal who investigated the trouble says that after a careful investigation of the whole affair he finds that the reports made by settlers charging the Indians with wholesale slaughter of game for wantonness, or to secure the hides, have been very much exaggerated. 'During my stay in Jackson's Hole,' he continued, "I visited many portions of the district and saw no evidences of such slaughter. Lieutenants Gard-ner, Parker and Jackson of the Ninth United States cavalry, who conducted scouting parties of troops through all portion's of Jackson's Hole, also found this to be the case. On August 12 I visited a camp of Bannock Indians who had been on a hunt in Jackson's Hole. The women of the party were preparing the meat of seven or eight elk for winter use, and every part of the animal, even to the brains, entrails and only recently was released from the association are to be ex-officio members | sinews was being utilized either for penitentiary, where he served a short and the county superintendent is to be future food supply or possible source

> "In connection with the trouble between the Indians and the whites, I spent some time inquiring into the causes for the unconcealed hostility of the Jackson's Hole people against the Indians. There was little or no complaint among the settlers of offensive manners on the part of the Indians. Except in rare instances, they have kept away from the houses of the settlers and have not been in the habit of begging. In no instance has there ever been a well authenticated case where a settler has been molested by an Indian. The killing of game by Indians and by the increasing number of tourist hunters threatens to so deplete the region of big game, deer, elk, moose, etc., as to jeopardize the occupation of the professonal guides at Jackson's Hole. was decided at the close of last reason to keep the Indians out of the region this year, and the events of this summer are the results of carefully a prize to the purchaser a few days prepared plans. This was admitted by United States Commissioner Pettigrew The dollar would in- of Marysvale and Constable Manning started in on this thing that we would They will be in other sections of the bring matters to a head. Some one was going to be killed perhaps some on both sides, and we decided the sooner it was done the better, so that we could get the matter before the courts. a full investigation of the trouble should be held, the fact would be established that when Constable Manning and his posse of twenty-six settlers arrested a party of Indians on July 13 and started with them for Marysvale, he and his men did all they could to tempt the Indians to try to escape in order that there might be a basis of justification for killing some of them.

Trouble Expected in Oregon. BURNES, Ore., Sept. 2 .- The Indians at Warm Springs and Umatilla reservations come to this country annually to kill deer for their skins. The county judge wrote to the agencies asking that they be kept out, but without effect and now the people threaten to drive out the Indians, fifty of whom have already arrived. Should they persist in going to Stein mountains, there is likely to be trouble.

A Boy King Almost Drowned.

of Biscy this morning with an instructblood tells, or title does, for nearly all away from the shore by the strong current. The swimming master was drowned in spite of the efforts to save him and King Alexander only reached the shore with the greatest difficulty.

The attention of the Mexican consul for Colorado, Casimere Belra, has been called to the imprisonment of two Mexicans who took part in the recent bull fight at Gillette. These men paid their fines when arrested at Gillette. Corbett-\$100 per week-is larger than It is therefore claimed that they are the sum allowed in any of the swell now illegally held and that the case is American divorces of the last several likely to assume international feat-

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW. MAXWELL IS CHOSEN.

Improvement in Markets Continue at Marvelous Gall.

New York, Sept. 2.-R. G. Dun & a 's weekly review of trade says: improvements in markets and prices ontinues, and whereas a few months igo everybody was nursing the faint--: hopes of recovery it has now come o be the only question in which branches, if any, the rise in prices and the increase of business may go too far. A strong conservative feeling is finding expression, not as yet controling the markets or industries, but

warning against too rapid expansion md rise. In some directions the advance in prices clearly checks future business. list encouraging features have great power. Exports of gold continue, but are met by syndicate deposits and expeated to cease soon. Anxieties about the monetary future no longer hinder rop prospects, except for cotton, have omewhat improved during the week.

Important steps toward reorganization of great railroads gives hope to investors Labor troubles are for the present less threatening and some of inportance have already been settled. I'ne industries are not only doing better than anybody expected, but are counting on a great business for the rest of the year. The advance in prices of iron and its products has dded about \$2 a ton more in a single week to the prices of Bessemer iron at Pittsburg and yet the great steel companies are buying wherever they can, while the air is full of reports that this or that finished product will still further advance.

Lead is still \$3.52%, though the production in the first half of 1895 was 05,970 tons, with increasing stocks from 3,158 tons in January to 8,511 tons in July. Coke is demoralized

with sales at \$1.10 per ton. Wool has been speculatively hoisted, so that sales have fallen below last year's, in August 22,200,400 pounds, of which 10,902,900 were foreign, against ,748,850 last year, of which only 539,200 were foreign.

The prospect for wheat has hardly mproved this week, although the price has fallen one-fourth of a cent. Corn is coming forward more freely. and the September prices have declined a quarter of a cent with the promise of great crop; pork and lard are a shade

STOPPED THE DEBATE.

Shameless Conduct of a Kentucky Audience Toward Mr. Bradley.

EMINENCE, Ky., Sept. 2 .- The sixth joint debate in the series of twelve, which was to have taken place between Colonel W. O. Bradley and General P. W. Hardin, at Eminence, yesterday, was called off on account of the noisy demonstration of the crowd. Colonel Bradley was to have opened and closed the debate. When he attempted to begin the noise and disturbance of the crowd was so great that he was compelled to sit down.

W. P. Thorne, the Democratic chairman, arose and appealed to them for order, but the crowd paid no attention to him. Colonel Bradley attempted again and again to speak, six times in all, but failed to get a hearing. Secing that any attempt to speak was in vain, he gave it up, saying that the ise was more than he could stand and refusing most positively to proceed farther.

The colonel said: "I wish I had my voice a minute, so I could tell this erowd what utter contempt I hold them in." Then folding up his manu-script he left the stand. The action of the auhience is condemned by chairman of the Democratic committee as well as the Republicans, who were present, and they declare it is an outage and disgrace to Henry county.

DISASTROUS WRECK.

Two People Killed and Fifty Injured on an Excursion Train in Georgia.

Macon, Ga., Sept. 2 .- Two passenger coaches and the combination baggage and smoking car of an excursion train left the track on the Southern railway, between Holton and Popes, yesterday morning, and fifty people were hurt and two killed. possible to explain the cause of the wreck, as the track is said to have been in good condition There were over 400 people on board the train.

Torn to Pieces by a Dog.

NEVADA, Mo., Sept. 2 .- The 6-yearold child of Lee Hundy, residing fourteen miles southeast of this city, was attacked by the family dog yesterday and almost torn to pieces. The mother, who was in the house at the time. heard the child's screams and ran out to its assistance. She succeeded in beating the savage brute off with a club, but not until the child had received what are thought to be fatal wounds. Its face was chewed into a

Six Hundred Families Homeless. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Sept. 2 .- A cloudburst occurred last night near San Marcial, a town of about 500 people, on the Santa Fe road, ninety miles south of Albuquerque. Twenty houses in the town were roined and a large number in the farming dstricts adjacent. The loss is estimated at 85,000. No lives were lost, but about 500 poor families were left homeless.

Cleveland and a Third Term.

LONDON, Sept. 2 .- St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, has a letter in the Times in which he BIARRITZ, Sept. 2.-King Alexander | declares if President Cleveland is again of Servia went swimming in the bay nominated it will be quite different from any former movement in favor of or. Both were carried off their feet a third term. It will be a popular protest against the limit, the earlier reason for which has ceased. It will be the people's act against conspiring politicians.

Great Masorie University.

Roston, Sept. 2.—Knights Templars are said to be planning the establishment of a great national university for both sexes, to be controlled by and in the interest of all Masons, with a permanent endowment of \$50,000,000. scheme contemplates the erection of a sufficient number of fireproof buildings to accommodate 10,000 students.

THE POPULIST STATE CONVEN-TION AT LINCOLN.

Maxwell Nominated for Supreme Judge and Ella W. Peattle and James H. Boydston for Regents-A Brief and Pointed Platform-Some Afterthought Resolutions-Names of the State Central Committee.

Nebraska Populist State Convention.

LINCOLN, Neb., August 29. - The populist state convention met here yesterday and placed the above ticket in nomination. The convention was called to order by J. H. Edmisten, chairman of the state central commit-

The chairman said that the first business before the convention would be the election of a temporary chairman. A. E. Sheldon of the Chadron Advocate nominated Ed L. Heath of Rushville, The nomination was seconded by Dr. Steele of Hastings. Delegate Cohen of Douglas moved to make the nomination unanimous and he was elected by acclamation.

The chair announced the following as the committee on credentials: W L. Kirke, Antelope; W. E. Brown, Butler; O. Nelson, Colfax; E. J. Hall, Hall; F. L. Layton, Lancaster.

Mr. McKeighan gave some advice about a platform, which he believed should be short and his, if he were to make it, would simply declare for free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for England or any other nation to consent; for a supplemental issue of paper money and against the enforcement of any gold contract, and the regulation of corporations.

Senator Allen was called to the stage and was warmly greeted as he came to the front. He said in part that the populist party would, he firmly believed, come into power in the national government as well as in the state. It was growing and cementing itself as it grew. He had seen the former baughty and proud democratic party torn and rent in twain by an issue that was first raised by the populists.

Chairman Heath stated that when he was elected as temporary chairman it was with the understanding that Senator Allen would be named as permanent presiding officer, and if he was elected he would positively decline to

Senator Allen was nominated and

took the chair.

A gavel made by populists of California was presented to the chairman. The following were named as the committee on resolutions: W. A. Mc-Keighan, J. N. Gaffin, W. A. Jones, J. H. Powers, H. G. Stewart and Wilbur

F. Bryant. E. C. Rewick's motion, that all resolutions be referred to this committee without reading, was adopted, and at 6 o'clock the convention took a recess for an hour and a half.

A motion was made that the convention proceed to nominate a candidate for judge of the supreme court. The ballot resulted: Maxwell 665, D. L. Carey 3, Magney 39. A motion to make the ballot formal and Samuel Maxwell declared the ununimous choice was made.

Nominations of candidates for regents of the state university being in order, I. A. Sheridan nominated James H. Boydston of Red Willow; E. C. Rewick nominated Dr. H. M. beer of Lancaster and James Kinney nominated Mrs. Elia W. Peattie of Omaha. On the call of counties the vote stood, Casebeer 31814. Mrs. Peat-tie 57814. Boydston 575. Mrs. Peattie and Boydston were declared the nominees for regents.

W. A. McKeighan was made national committeeman in place of Chamberlain. The state central committee was authorized to fill vacancies.

PLATFORM IN BRIDEY. The committee on platform reported

the following, which was adopted: "We the people's party of the state of Nebraska, in convention assembled, do put forth the following platform of principles. We hereby reaffirm the principles of the Omaha platform. declare ourselves in favor of strict economy in conducting the affairs of the state government in all its branch-We believe the judicial affairs of the state should be conducted on the principles of justice and honesty, without partisan basis and in the interests

In addition to the above platform several resolutions were presented. The first of these was one pledging the the convention to the initiative and referendum. Wilber Bryant, T. H. Tibbles and Jules Schonneit opposed this and J. H Powers and several others supported it. The resolution

of the people."

The following was read: We denounce as unpatriotic and un-American any secret oath-bound organization having for its chief object the creation of a religious test for public office and declare ourselves to be unreservedly in favor of the maintenance of a non-partisan, non-sectarian public school sys-

tem. George A. Abbott offered as a substitute for the resolution: "The populist party is opposed to any religious test as a qualification for office or for membership in the party." The substitute was adopted without a dissenting vote.

One resolution recommending a reduction of all salaries of officers, state and national, was adopted. One indorsing Governor Holcomb's position in relation to the penitentiary contract and his economical administration of state affairs was adopted.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

A grocer in Sandusky, Ohio, sells eggs by the peck. Horse-meat was used in Oregon, as a

regular diet, by the old missionaries, from 1833 to 1844. In Lapland the men and women dress exactly alike, with tunics, belted at the

walst, and tight breeches.

Maxim's cavalry gun weighs thirty pounds. It can be strapped on a soldier's back, and will fire 700 shots a minute.

The web of the common garden- pider is so fine that 30,000 of them, laid side by side, would not cover an inch in