## THE • AMERICAN

#### WILL ALLOW FAMILY CLAIMS

Class Heretofore Regarded as Unauthorized Now Permitted by U. S. Veterans' Bureau.

Consideration of a class of veterans' claims heretofore regarded as unauthorized will be permitted by the United States Veterans' bureau, according to word received by the Amer-Lean Legion.

A new ruling provides that claims which were made for family allowance after the veteran's discharge from the service can now be considered where the person to whom it was desired to make the allowance was subsequently brought by law within the permitted class of beneficiaries.

In the particular case submitted by the Veterans' bureau for decision, an attempt was made by an enlisted man to claim an allowance for his aunt, who, he showed, was absolutely dependent upon him for support. At that time the claim was disallowed because an aunt was not then, nor now, within the permitted class of family allowance beneficiaries. The aunt involved in this case, however, stood in loco parentis to the enlisted man.

Following the discharge of the enlisted man from the service, the first Sweet bill amended the war risk insurance act by enlarging the permitted class to whom allowances might be made to include "persons who have stood in loco parentis to a member of the military or naval forces at any time prior to his enlistment or induction for a period of not less than one year." This amendment was made retroactive in its force to October 6, 1917. The aunt in the case ruled upon held such status.

In view of this retroactive provision the comptroller general has ruled that a regulation of the Veterans' bureau requiring that application for family allowance must have been made while the enlisted man was still in the service to form a basis for a successful claim does not apply where a subsequently enacted law has given rights which could not have been claimed while the enlisted man was in service.

#### HOME FOR EX-SERVICE MEN

Wonderful Estate in Heart of New York Forest Preserve to Be Used as Sanitarium.

Free treatment will be afforded tubercular veterans in the Veterans' Mountain camp of the American Legion, a project sponsored by the ex-service men's organization in the Adirondack mountains of New York.

Here a 1,275-acre estate of a former well known millionaire has been secured in the heart of the New York forest preserve. The camp will not only be used as a sanitarium for tubercular and convalescent veterans but will eventually become a home for aged and indigent ex-service men.

The only requirement for admission will be an hondrable discharge from the armed forces of the United States. Everything will be furnished to the war fighters, treatment, board, lodging, clothing, and pocket money. Veterans from any section of the country will be admitted, if it is proved they are in need.

The project was originated by the American Legion in New York as a portion of its hospitalization program. The Legionnaires of the state seek a fund of \$2,500,000 to provide for the camp, and a campaign has been waged throughout the state to this end.

In speaking of the project, the committee in charge stated; "The camp is a tangible manifestation by the American Legion that it means to end the intolerable conditions under which thousands of veterans have been dragging along. The Legion means to provide the necessities these men have lacked and place their comrades beyoud the reach of want. It hopes to awaken the nation to the reality of things, and is firm in its belief that once aroused, it will come forward, heart and hand, and ald them in this great work."

Among the honorary committee which is serving in assisting to raise the fund are former Ambassador James W. Gerurd, Otto H. Kahn, David Belasco, Augustus Thomas, George W. Wickersham and others,

### Memorial Erected.

A memorial has been erected by the University of Arkansas in honor of the students of that institution who gave their lives in the World war. A huge boulder of native limestone to which is attached a bronze plate bearing the names of the dead heroes serves as the memorial. American Legion members had charge of the dedicatory cere-

Brought Out Ancient Autos. Legionnaires in Santa Ana, Cal., recently held a most unique celebration jin an "Automobile Resurrection day" which they staged. Derelict cars of every type were sought out and formed in parade through the city's streets. It is said that the vintage of some of the cars was so ancient that automobile manufacturers sought to purchase

them as relics.

#### THORNTON FRIEND OF LEGION

Head of Canadian Rallway System, Long In Army Service, Strong for Organization.

A Canadian by adoption, but for merly a citizen of the United States, Sir Henry Thornton, head of the great Canadian national railway system, shows his respect for American World war fighters on every occasion.

When members of the American Legion in Canada gathered to pay tribute to the honored World war dead of the nation, Sir Henry was the principal speaker, taking this opportunity to demonstrate his regard for th€ heroes of the land of his birth. The event was attended not only by Amer-Ican Legion members, but representatives of nearly every allied nation.

One of the best-known men in the Dominion of Canada, Sir Henry is heartily co-operating with the attempt of the American Legion to organize the veterans of the United States now In Canada Into posts of the American Legion. A recent reorganization of the Legion in the Dominion has caused the inauguration of such a campaign.

Sir Henry was born in Logansport. Ind., in 1871. His early education was received at St. Paul's, Concord, N. H., and he later entered the University of Pennsylvania. Here he received a degree from the civil engineering department of the school in 1894, and almost immediately obtained employment with the Pennsylvania Railway company as a draughtsman. He held various important positions with the engineering department of this company and in 1911 became general superintendent of the Long Island railway, a subsidiary line of the Pennsylvania. In this capacity he had much to do with the development of the Long Island terminal and with the electrification of the Long Island tallroad.

In April, 1914, he was called to England to become general manager of the Great Eastern rallway. This fallway was one of the most impor-



Sir Henry Thornton, K. C. B.

tant military lines of communication during the war. In 1916 Mr. Thornton was named deputy director of inland water transportation, with the rank of colonel in the Royal Engineers. This department handled all inland water navigation in northern France, Egypt and Mesopotamia. He rose to the rank of major general, and was named inspector general of transportation in 1918. Following his acceptance of British naturalization in 1919, he was gazetted a knight commander of the Order of the British Empire. He has been awarded the American Distinguished Service Medal, the Order of Leopold from the Belgians, and the Legion of Honor from the French.

Call from Canada for Sir Henry's services came in November, 1922, when he was asked to go to the Dominion to the Canadian National Railway system as chairman of the board of directors and president of the company.

### AIM TO TEACH PATRIOTISM

Several New Laws, Approved by American Legion, Passed by West Virginia Legislature.

Before any person can become a teacher in West Virginia schools, he or she must take an oath of allegiance to support the Constitution of the United States and the state of West Virginia. This is the text of a bill passed recently by the West Virginia legislature, as one of three measures sponsored by the American Legion, all of which have become statutes of the

The bill requiring the oath of alleglance is one of the ideas for carrying out plans for thorough Americanization put forward by the Legion and given strength, by the support of the veterans' organization.

Another bill requires that the United States flag shall be flown over every schoolhouse in the state while schools are in session, except in inclement weather. The bill further provides that the flag, a regulation United States standard, shall be purchased by the school board from the building fund.

The third bill which received the support of the Legion calls for thorough training in the schools of the state in history of the United States, civics, and instruction in the constitutions of the nation and of the state. This bill was presented with the idea that thus would the principles of Americanism, the perpetuation of the ideals of the nation, and knowledge of the organization of the government become known to every student in the

## In Gay, Sheer Party Frocks;

Inexpensive Jewelry Allowed

THE making of party frocks for the rings and lavallieres add just the than a task. No one need go beyond a vogue, perhaps because of the recently ist of a half-dozen materials to make awakened interest in the jewelry of taging ones can be counted on the fin- manufacturers have brought out so

swiss, net and lace.

choice, and the most popular and en- ancient Egypt, and perhaps because ters of one hand-in sliks they are many smart new designs in these repe de chine, taffeta or georgette, pretty trinkets-the mode counteand in cottons, volle, organdle, batiste, nances inexpensive jewelry.

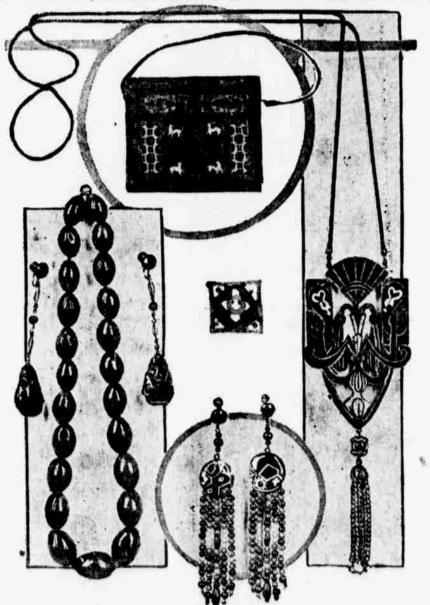
In any event there is no denying Nearly all of these fabrics are that beads of glass, wood and composhown in a variety of flower-like col- sition, earrings of onyx, jade, crystal ors, in which pink, maize, blue, laven- and ivory, and ornaments of various ler and green appear in many light compositions in brilliant colors are inones. Net and batiste, either plain or creasing in popularity, and what is imbroidered, and lace appear in white far more interesting, they are being



A PRETTY PARTY FROCK

or cream color, usually worn over a worn by women of unquestionable colored silk slip, but sometimes ribbon standing and taste. The fad is here rimmings or a sash provide the only and will probably continue through color touch on these sheer frocks. the fall because of the promised vogue ifany of them have a scalloped hem of rich embroideries and high colors ine, edged with narrow lace, and lace- in costumes for dress wear. edged tucks make a fine decoration on In the illustration above the bead iresses of transparent fabrics. Lace and earring set is made of a composilouncing, in simple designs, is occa- tion in brilliant holly-berry red. The donally used, and needs nothing in the carrings in the center are of jet and way of trimming or embellishment ex- pearl and are worn with charming efcept a little ribbon, in girdles or bows, feet either with an all-white or black-A pretty frock of this kind appears in and-white costume. At the right is a the picture, made of cream-colored lavalliere of galalith, modeled and ace and worn over a soft pink slip, colored from a pure Egyptian pattern.

There are ties of plak ribbon on the It provides a pleasing adjunct to the



THE LATEST IN JEWELRY

thoulders. The little lady is very much [simple costumes favored for summer. fressed up and may be on her way to the dancing class or a birthday party, with her very best clothes.

Pretty frocks of crisp taffeta, sleevetess and with wide berthas of organfile, have their sashes made of taffeta In the color of the dress and lined with a contrasting shade or color. They are quite wide and long, with full loops. Most frocks have very short sleeves and these make opportunity for cuffs matching the collar. Crepe de chine is often collared with lacetrimmed georgette.

Perhaps because more women are finding out that the new beads ear-

A great deal of care must be exer cised in choosing jewelry of this charwhere one must honor the occasion acter if it is to be worn with the best effect. Color is most important and unbecoming shades should be avoided as carefully as they are in hats and costumes. Jade carrings, for instance can hardly be expected to add charm to a naturally sallow complexion, and a lavaillere that clashes with the color of the costume detracts rather than adds to the effectiveness of the en-

> Julia Bottombey (@. 1923, Western Newspaper U



RAIN AND WIND

"Hello," said the King of the Clouds to Mr. Wind.

"Hello," said Mr. Wind, and he whistled a great long whistle. There he blew and he shouted:

'I'm Mr. Wind and I'm wild today, I'm full of pranks, I'm full of play. I don't care what the people say, I am going to have a time so gay."

The King of the Clouds laughed, for the Wind was certainly full of energy and good spirits. He seemed almost beside himself with joy. Oh, how hard he was blowing. Everything seemed to be blown about that he touched. Even the ears of dogs flapped in the wind, though they did stay attached to their owners' heads! And the people were either blown about when they were out or had to keep their windows down indoors or all their things would be blown about. Yet it was quite hot and really a day which would be called a muggy day,

They really wanted to open their windows wide so they could have the air. But if they opened them more than a crack the papers began to blow and the curtains blew so that they looked as though they would come down, and the ornaments looked as though they would smash down and break.

"It has been warm lately," said the King of the Clouds, "and people have said how things have grown. People who have been in cities all through the week and who have gone out on Saturdays and Sundays have said as they have looked at the flowers and the shrubs and the trees and the leaves, 'Oh, how they have grown.'

"Yes, they have spoken of the flowers just as though they were children, for you know how people will say to children, 'How you have grown.'

"And the people have even said to the flowers, 'Why, last week you were nothing but a little bud, and here you are all out."

"In just the very same way that people will say to a child. 'Why, my dear, you seemed only a baby so short a time ago, and here you are grown up almost!'

"And the flowers have said that of course they have grown just as children grow, and that it really is very silly to seem so surprised about it. But the flowers have said that people didn't say these things to them in a patronizing way, as they often did to children, which made it all right.

"And some people have said that they could actually see the flowers growing-opening before their very

The Wind kept blowing and blowing and pretty soon the King of the Clouds spoke again.

"Mr. Wind, wouldn't you like me to join you? The people are all saying that it is looking 'overcast' and as



"Even the Ears of Dogs Flapped."

though it might rain. And here I am all ready for a good frolic. I am eager for fun."

"Join me, join me by all means," sald Mr. Wind.

So the King of the Clouds joined Mr. Wind and Mr. Wind blew and the King of the Clouds called forth all the Army of Raindrops and what a time they had.

They chased over the pavements and the roads and the sidewalks-Mr. Wind after them! They ran races. They had so beautiful a time.

"Well, well," laughed the King of the Clouds, "I did hear such a funny thing just now. Someone opened a window and poked her head out for a second and then she said, 'Oh. mercy, It is raining to beat the band."

"Now that is a joke! I may beat down upon pavements and the roads and the sidewalks but I don't beat the band. I wouldn't know how to beat a drum, nor would I know how to play an instrument and so make music. Fancy the King of the Clouds playing a saxophone or a cornet!

What funny expressions people use." And then the King of the Clouds and Mr. Wind raced and chased even more and oh, such a wind and rain storm as it was.

The people who were indoors shook their heads and said, "Impossible to go out on a day like this." And the ones who were already . A-of-doors got soaked-drenched right through all their clothes.

Johnny Was Saving. Mother-Johnnie, you've been fight-

ing again! You've lost your front

teeth. Johnnie (taking a little package from his pocket)-No, I ain't, mother. Here they are!

# KEELER, AT 80, GOES TO WORK

After fourteen years of enforced Idleness because of III health, J. H. Keeler, widely-known Maryland citizen, has gained forty pounds at the age of eighty years and gone back to work every day. Mr. Keeler, who resides at 3706 Thirty-Second St., Mt. Ranter, Md., gives entire credit for his extraordinary rehabilitation to Tan-

"My stomach was in such terrible condition I could hardly digest a thing," says Mr. Keeler, "It would swell to nearly twice its normal size and I would have frightful pains through my stomach and back. I felt so weak, dizzy and miserable work was out of the question. In fact, my friends gave me up on three or four occasions.

"Five months ago I began taking Tanlac and improved from the very first bottle. I now eat anything on the table, have gained forty pounds, and am back at work every day. Actually, I feel like a boy again. It would be ungrateful of me not to praise Tan-

Tanlac is for sale by all good drugsists. Accept no substitute. Over 37 million bottles sold.

Taniac Vegetable Pills are Nature's own remedy for constipation. For sale everywhere,-Advertisement,

Deer Become a Nuisance. Deer are doing much damage in New Zealand; there are estimated to be 300,000, all of which came from 111 imported between 1861 and 1909?

## WHY TAKE LAXATIVES?

Discovery by Science Has Replaced Them.

Pills and salts give temporary relief from constipation only at the expense of permanent injury, says an eminent

medical authority. Science has found a newer, better way-a means as simple as Nature it

In perfect health a natural lubricant keeps the food waste soft and moving. But when constipation exists this natural lubricant is not sufficient. Doctors prescribe Nujol because It acts like this natural lubricant and thus secures regular bowel movements by Nature's own method-lubrication.

tive, it cannot gripe and, like pu.a water, it is harmless and pleasant. Nujol is used in leading hospitals, Get a bottle from your druggist today.—Advertisement.

As Nujol is not a medicine or laxa-

The Tactful Wife.

"You do need a new hat awfully oak ly, dear, and while you're getting it, perhaps I'd better have one, too,"-London Opinion.

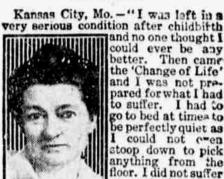
There is nothing more satisfactory after a day of hard work than a line full of snowy-white clothes. For such results use Red Cross Ball Blue,-Advertisement.

Under Certain Conditions. Teacher (to a little girl)-Same useful animal, Mary.

Mary-A man.-Judge,

## MRS. LINDQUIST TELLS WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did for Her



MUNICIPAL and no one thought I could ever be any better. Then came the 'Change of Life' and I was not prepared for what I had to suffer. I had to go to bed at times to be perfectly quiet as I could not cen stoop down to pick anything from the floor. I did not suffer

decidedly nervous and could not sleep. For nearly two years I was this way, and the doctor was frank enough to teil me that he could do no more for me. Shortly after this I happened to see in n newspaper an advertisement of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. In a few days the medicine was in the house and I had begun its use and I took it regularly until I was well. I recom-mend the Vegetable Compound to others when I have the opportunity."—Mrs. MAY LINDQUIST, 2814 Independence Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

## Do Your Feet Hurt?

When shoes pinch or corns and bunions ache, get a package of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes. It takes the sting out of corns, bunions and callouses, and gives instant relief to Smarting, Aching, Swollen feet. At night when your feet ache and burn from walking or dancing sprinkle some Allen's Foot-Ease in the foot-bath and you will solve your foot troubles. Over 1,500,000 pounds of powder for the feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war. Sold everywhere.