

## ST UNIONISM

ON OF INDUSTRIAL AS  
CIATION COMPLETED.

### A PURPOSE IS CLAIMED

TY-SEVEN CITIES REPRESENT  
ED IN THE CONVENTION.

### RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

Right to Organize Not Denied, But Free  
dom to Work Insisted on—The  
Initiation Fee High.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 31.—With the election of D. M. Parry of Indianapolis as president, the formation of the citizens' industrial association of America was completed last night. The organization is national in scope and includes representative manufacturers, tradesmen, other employers of labor, local general organizations and citizens' alliances, having, among other things, as its object the dealing with the labor problem in all its phases.

Delegates from fifty-seven cities, from San Francisco to New York, including several in Canada, were present at the convention, and at the concluding session all details of the plan of carrying on and extending the work of the organization were completed.

The manner of assessing and affiliating the many associations in the organization took up most of the time of the delegates at today's session. It was decided that all members of the association shall pay an initiation fee of from \$25 to \$100, and all members shall pay dues at the rate of 50 cents per annum for each member of a firm, the amount in no case to be less than \$10 or more than \$200 per annum.

Some trouble was threatened through the action of several of the New York delegates, who were not in sympathy altogether with the citizens' alliance, which admits employers, employees and others, and went on record as opposed to it, favoring, among other things, a postponement of the matter. They were in the minority, however, and were later won over by those favoring the alliance.

Resolutions were then adopted. They refer to strained relations between employer and employee and their bad effect on business conditions; they demand ample protection for all persons seeking to earn livelihood and continue in part:

"In carrying a firm and uncompromising contest with the abuses of unions as now constituted and conducted, at the same time acknowledging the free right of workmen to combine, and admitting that their combination when rightly constituted and conducted, may prove highly useful, we earnestly desire to act, and believe we are acting, in the true interests of the workmen themselves."

Mr. Perry, who is president of the national manufacturers' association, was then elected head of the organization, there being no opposition to him or to the other officers. Perry made a brief speech of acceptance, referring to his devotion to the movement and the desire to secure ways and means for the observance of the law.

### Walking Delegate Convicted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—For the second time within two months Samuel J. Parks, walking delegate of house-smiths' and bridgemen's union local No. 2, was convicted of the crime of extortion in the court of general sessions yesterday afternoon. It took the jury just twelve minutes, during which they took two ballots, to agree on the guilt of Parks in extorting \$500 from the Tiffany studios, a firm of contractors, under threat of keeping them from continuing work on buildings last January. It was shown at the trial that Parks had obtained \$500 from the Tiffany firm, as an "initiation" fee, last January, when the house-smiths and bridgemen were on a strike on three of the Tiffany contracts in New York. Parks said that this money was a fine levied by his union. Later the fact developed that Parks had been disloyal to his union, inasmuch as he permitted the Tiffany firm to employ non-union men on certain jobs after having received the \$500.

### Tried to Effect a Corner.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Oct. 31.—Application was made before the clerk in bankruptcy today for the La Crosse Cheese and Butter company, to show cause why it should not be adjudicated bankrupt. The financial troubles were precipitated, it is alleged, through an effort on the part of the corporation to corner the cheese market in the northwest. The firm has stored in warehouse in Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Milwaukee \$300,000 worth of cheese.

## REVOLUTION IN COLUMBIA

MOVEMENT UNDER WAY TO GAIN  
INDEPENDENCE.

PANAMA, Columbia, Nov. 4.—The independence of the isthmus was proclaimed at 8 p. m. A large and enthusiastic crowd of all political parties assembled and marched to the headquarters of the government troops where Generals Tovar and Amaya were imprisoned in the name of the republic of Panama. The enthusiasm was immense and at least 3,000 of the men in the gathering were armed.

The battalion of the Colombian troops at Panama favors the movement, which is also thought to meet with the approval of at least two of the government transports now here.

COLON, Columbia, Nov. 4.—There is a persistent rumor here that during the last few days a movement has been in foot looking to the independence of the isthmus.

The government is not alarmed and apparently no steps have been taken to quell any anticipated disturbance. This seeming inactivity on the part of the government is looked upon as showing confidence in the reports made by General Obaldia, the governor of the department of Panama, who has issued a manifesto thanking all political parties for the adhesion promised to the government when it was reported that a revolutionary force was marching in the vicinity of Penonome. In this manifesto the governor also thanked the inhabitants of the department of Panama for the sincere proofs of their patriotism, and expressed the hope that they will maintain the same line of conduct and thus save the government the painful duty of adopting stringent measures.

The United States gunboat Nashville arrived here late last evening.

The streets of Colon presented somewhat the same appearance as during the days of the late revolution. Several hundred troops who arrived from Savannah on the Columbian gunboat Calagena with their wives, are quartered on the street corners. The battalion consists of four hundred and fifty soldiers well supplied with ammunition under the command of General Tovar. General Tovar left for Panama today, but the troops still remain here.

### Advises Government to Keep Watch.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The commissioner of Indian affairs has received telegrams from Senator Warren of Wyoming and Agent Brennan of the Pine Ridge agency, giving further details concerning the recent fatal encounter between Wyoming officials and Indians.

Mr. Brennan says the Indians engaged were from Pine Ridge, and therefore were Sioux. The party, according to his statement, was small and was traveling through Wyoming on a permit. He also says that Sheriff Wilson and one of the posse were reported killed and that twenty Indians also were killed. Mr. Brennan attributes the fight to a charge made by the officers for the purpose of arresting the Indians. He added that he would go to New Castle, the county seat of Weston county, in which the fight took place, to investigate.

Senator Warren said in his telegram that six Indians were killed, six wounded and about the same number captured. He confirms the report of the death of the sheriff. There were, he says, two fights, one on Friday or Saturday and the other on Sunday. The under sheriff is still in pursuit of the Indians and the latter have been reinforced. "It looks squally," says the senator in his message, "and I fear further trouble." He suggests a close watch on the Indians at the agencies for fear of still more serious consequences.

### Negroes Ordered To Leave.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Excitement prevailed yesterday among the colored citizens of Morgan Park as the result of the posting of placards throughout the town giving notice to all colored persons that they will be allowed forty-eight hours in which to leave the place. Several families have already left, taking with them whatever goods they could conveniently carry and it is expected that others will follow. The order to leave is the outcome of the murder of Chief of Police Airey Saturday night.

### Fire At Creston.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Nov. 4.—The little village of Creston, twenty miles north of here, was almost destroyed by fire at an early hour Monday morning.

### Takes On A Serious Look.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Nov. 4.—The strike of the 800 laborers employed in the construction of the great power plants here is assuming a more dangerous aspect. The militia of this place is on duty and the Thorold and St. Catharines companies are assembled, ready for the call. The plants which are located in the park are on government property. During the day several shots were fired and one of the strikers was reported bayoneted in the disposal of a mob near Falls View.

## CLASH INEVITABLE

WAR BETWEEN JAPAN AND RUSSIA  
TO COME SOON.

### MAY START IN THE SPRING

JAPS ARE INFLEXIBLE AND WILL  
NOT GIVE WAY.

### SHIPS ARE AT YOKOHAMA

Three Chinese Cruisers Infringe on Korean Rights.—Reoccupation of Mukden Causes Consternation.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Cabling from Chefoo the correspondent of the Morning warships in Chinese waters are between Tairewan and Hayangtao. Three Chinese cruisers left Chefoo, the correspondent goes on, for the north of the Yalu river. This constitutes an infringement of Korean rights.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says he learns that the Russian government does not expect war with Japan, in any event, before next spring, even should the negotiations fail.

The correspondent at Shanghai of the Daily Telegraph says he has learned from a reliable source in Tokio that although negotiations between Russia and Japan continue, Japan is inflexible, and a combat sooner or later is regarded as inevitable.

PEKING, Nov. 3.—A conference of high officials with the dowager empress concerning the reoccupation of Mukden by Russian troops was held at the summer palace yesterday. Yuan Shi Kai, governor general of the Chihli province, was summoned hastily from Tien Tsin and proceeded directly to the palace. The Russians have the Tartar general of Mukden province in custody in his yamane.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 3.—It is officially reported at Tokio from Wiju, via Seoul, that the Russians are withdrawing from Yonampoo, on the Yalu river, and dismantling their fortresses there, leaving only a small guard. The reoccupation of Mukden by the Russians is officially confirmed at Tokio, where it has caused great consternation. Eighteen warships representing various nations are now gathered at Yokohama, in anticipation of the anniversary of the Japanese emperor's birth, which will be celebrated today.

### Ten Indians Killed.

LUSK, Wyo., Nov. 3.—In a second battle with the Indians Sunday afternoon near the scene of the first fight ten Indians were killed and eleven captured. None of the posse was killed in the second fight. There were about seventy-five Sioux in the band of Indians. It is estimated that five hundred men are scouring the country in search of the remaining Indians.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 3.—Sheriff Miller and three of his deputies are reported killed, one deputy wounded and three Indians killed and several wounded in a fight which took place Saturday afternoon near the Bad Land creek, forty miles west of Lusk, Wyo., between a roving band of Crow Indians who had been slaughtering game and resisted arrest. It is not known whether an ambushade was laid for the officers on Lightning creek, the scene of the battle, or whether the Indians resisted arrest, but meagre details indicate the former. Several posses have started after the Indians and Governor Chatterton may order the militia.

The Indians who participated in the battle near Cheyenne river are now hurrying toward the Bad Lands, near Pine Ridge agency, and once there they will be practically secure from capture. It is believed they have sent couriers ahead to the agency and it is possible there may be a general uprising. The information in the governor's hands says the Indians are Sioux, from Pine Ridge agency, but another report says that they are Crows from the Montana reservation.

### Bad Blood in Manhattan.

TOPEKA, Kas., Nov. 3.—A feud has broken out here between the agricultural college students and the young men of the town. A number of the students have been waylaid at night and pretty roughly handled. Saturday evening two students were severely beaten. Later in the evening a band of 200 college boys went down for a return attack. Before the opposing forces met the police seized six of the leaders and hurried them to the jail for the night. Many of the students carried concealed weapons.

### Trackmen Go On Strike.

MAHONNY CITY, Pa., Nov. 3.—Rather than accept a reduction in wages of 1 1/2 cents an hour, several hundred trackmen employed on the Shamokin division of the Philadelphia & Reading railway struck yesterday. The men who had been receiving 15 cents an hour were reduced to 13 1/2 cents an hour. A cut of 2 cents an hour was also made on the Mahonny and Hazleton division of the Lehigh Valley railroad and the employes on this road threaten to strike.

## TENEMENT HOUSE BURNED

SUPPOSED TO BE OF INCENDIARY  
ORIGIN.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Twenty-one men, three women and a baby were burned to death or suffocated in a fire yesterday morning that caused \$7,000 damage to the "House of All Nations" a five-story tenement house at No. 426 Eleventh avenue. The police believe the fire to be of incendiary origin. The dead are mostly Italians. The fire was extinguished in twenty minutes. The only person injured is Mary Jane Quinn, who was burned about the face and hands and severely bruised by leaping from the second floor.

In several apartments in the tenement Halloween parties were in progress and the guests at these added greatly to the number of persons in the house and made the crush and jam to escape more than it ordinarily would have been. Although plentifully provided with fire escapes, front and rear, escape was cut off a few minutes after the fire started by the bodies of the dead, which wedged in the openings leading to the ladders. The fire started in the basement and, rushing upward, attacked the stairway leading to the apartments. In a short space of time the flames enveloped the stairway. The house from the third to the fifth floor was destroyed.

At the windows, front and rear, bodies of men and women were jammed showing that a desperate struggle to escape had resulted in the choking of these exits to the fire escapes and had been the cause of suffocation.

When the firemen reached the building, there was a mass of flame bursting through the roof, while the air was filled with the screams of woman and the curses of men. Many daring rescues were made by the firemen, who at times had to use violence in their attempts to disentangle the mass of writhing human beings struggling in vain efforts to reach safety from the crowded fire escapes. One fireman climbed to the fourth floor, where a window was filled with a mass of people, jammed in and fighting to get out. He struck the heads of all the men he could see with his fist, and they fell back. He then handed down to the fireman in ladders below three women and a baby. Another fireman performed a similar feat and rescued two girls from the fourth floor.

Life nets played a prominent part in the work of rescue. The firemen dropped men and women, dead and alive, from one floor to another and, finally, men standing on ladders on the first floor let them fall into the nets held by policemen and firemen in the street.

### China Much Disturbed.

PEKING, Nov. 2.—The Chinese government is greatly disturbed at the reoccupation of Mukden, capital of Manchuria, by Russian troops. The foreign office is appealing to friendly foreign legations for help and advice, admitting its own helplessness in the matter.

The Russians returned to Mukden on Thursday of last week. According to advices received by the Chinese government, 15,000 Russian soldiers took possession of the official buildings there, barricaded the gates and evicted the Chinese officers. There are between 10,000 and 20,000 Chinese troops in and about Mukden, but the Chinese commanders in Manchuria have been given imperative orders in no wise to resist the Russian government and to use every effort to avert collisions.

The circumstances leading to the reoccupation of Mukden are as follows: The Russians employed a noted brigand who was accused of many crimes against the Chinese, as chief of one of the irregular bands of police they are organizing in Manchuria. The Chinese authorities repeatedly requested the surrender of this man, and the Russian recently consented to give him up. Thereupon a Chinese officer decapitated the brigand without giving him a trial. When this became known the Russians commanded the execution of this officer within five days, giving as the alternative the seizure of Mukden. The Chinese foreign office was negotiating with Paul Lessar, the Russian minister, on the matter and offered to banish the officer in question, pleading that he had exceeded his instructions, and to remove the taotai, his superior, from office. There was a misunderstanding as to the time limit set for these negotiations; the Chinese thought it expired yesterday. Before the negotiations were completed the news was received here that Russia had fulfilled her threat to reoccupy Mukden.

### Thirty Thousand may Quit.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—It is probable that by the latter part of this week there will be a great strike in the stock yards in this city. All the unions have directed their representatives to vote for a strike at a meeting which will be held next Thursday. The sausage-makers and cannery have been out for some time, and today the can-makers struck in sympathy. The general strike, if called, will be for the same reason and will call out thirty thousand men.

## NOTED WOMAN IS KILLED

MRS. BOOTH-TUCKER LOSES HER  
LIFE IN A WRECK.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 30.—Mrs. Emma Booth-Tucker, consul in America of the salvation army, wife of Commander Booth-Tucker, and second daughter of William Booth, founder of the army, was killed in a wreck of the eastbound California train No. 2 at the Santa Fe, near Dean Lake, Mo., eighty-five miles east of Kansas City. Col. T. C. Holland, in charge of the salvation army at Amity, Col., was fatally injured, but up to 3:30 in the morning was reported still alive. Fifteen others were more or less seriously hurt. The dead and injured were taken to Fort Madison, Mo.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker was rendered unconscious and died within half an hour after being injured. Her skull was fractured and she was internally injured.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker was on her way from a visit to the colony at Amity, Mo., to Chicago, where she was to have met her husband today. Although the wreck occurred at 9:30 p. m. it was not known until after midnight that Mrs. Booth-Tucker was among the injured.

The first news that the noted army worker had been hurt was received here at 2 o'clock Thursday morning, when it was stated she had been fatally injured and died at 10 o'clock. This report of her death, however, proved premature, and it later developed that she did not succumb to her injuries until 2:30 next morning. Just as the train bringing the injured to Marceline reached that place.

The wrecked train was the east-bound California No. 2, which left Kansas City at 6 o'clock for Chicago. The train ran into an open switch, striking a steel water tank, and all save the mail, express and day coaches were wrecked. Consul Booth-Tucker and Colonel Holland were in one of the Pullmans.

### Japan No Longer Opposing

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Diplomats say that the Associated press cable from St. Petersburg, telling of Russia's reoccupation of Mukden, indicates an agreement between Russia and Japan by which Russia is to have free swing in Manchuria so far as Japan is concerned.

Kagora Takahira, Japanese minister, said tonight that he had read the dispatches with deep interest, but was still without official confirmation. The minister seemed to be more hopeful of a satisfactory conclusion of the Tokio negotiations, but said positively that he had not been advised that any agreement had been reached. He pointed out that Russia had agreed to the opening of Mukden to the world's commerce and said he did not think it necessary for Russian troops to remain there to carry this promise. European diplomats say that the reports of a tripartite understanding between Russia, Germany and Japan for the management of affairs in the far east are of far-reaching international significance but it is declared no official news has been received by them on the subject.

### Ends Life in Cell

ALLENTON, Pa., Oct. 30.—Thomas Bechtel, who was held, awaiting investigation of the murder of his sister, Mabel H. Bechtel, at their home a few days ago, committed suicide in his cell in the central police station by cutting his throat with a knife. The police hold this act as a practical acknowledgment of Bechtel's guilt. Shortly before cutting his throat, Bechtel called across the corridor to Alfred Eckstein, Miss Bechtel's affiance, who is also held pending a coroner's inquest.

"Hello, Al, I wish you were here with me now, that we might die together."

A short time later Eckstein called Bechtel and received no answer. Sergeant Erank C. Roth soon afterwards entered the corridor and looked into Bechtel's cell saw blood on the floor. Bechtel had laid himself on the bench in his cell and cut his throat with a knife. He was dead when found.

### Question of Friar Lands.

ROME, Oct. 30.—The latest reports received at the vatican from Archbishop Guidi, the apostolic delegate in the Philippines, contain much more helpful news regarding the prospects for a definite settlement in the question of the friars' lands in the Philippine islands and also in connection with the financial point on the subject of the friars leaving the archipelago.

### Named Camp For Stotsen burg.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The many friends of the late Capt. John M. Stotsen burg, Sixth cavalry, who was killed while serving as colonel of the First Nebraska Volunteers in the Philippines are gratified to learn that one of the largest and most recently established posts in the Philippine islands has been named in his honor. Camp Stotsen burg is situated at Angeles, on the Dagupan railroad, some sixty miles from Manila.

## Nebraska Notes

A. J. Anderson of Oakland, who was stricken with paralysis, died. Mrs. D. B. Sunborn, residing near Edgar, died suddenly of paralysis of the brain.

B. Miller living near Beatrice sold his farm of 160 acres for \$70 per acre to J. E. Hill.

Peter Kostl, one of the pioneer settlers of Prague, died at his home aged 76 years.

Miss Mercy Walker, teacher in the schools at Schuyler, is seriously ill as the result of overwork.

John Decker has been appointed postmaster at Earl, Frontier county, in place of E. V. Hall, resigned.

At Edgar fire destroyed the barn belonging to Mrs. S. E. Bradley. The loss will be \$300, with no insurance.

Charles Bruce of Seward, an old citizen, is dead at his home. He had been an invalid for a number of years.

A rehearing in the Cobbeby statute case was denied by Judge Holmes at Lincoln. The case will be taken to the supreme court.

While starting a fire in a stove which had been filled with refuse, Mrs. Oliver Davidson of Tecumseh was severely burned about the hands and face.

Governor and Mrs. Mickey, with a party of old veterans, visited the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Milford. The governor made an inspection.

Six special trains carrying the Nebraska and Iowa militia which has been attending the military maneuvers at Fort Riley, Kan., passed through Beatrice.

The Rev. A. A. Brown of the Congregational church in Harvard preached his farewell sermon Sunday evening, and will go to Creighton, where he has been called.

Miss Florence Hallowell of Kearney and Charles A. Rose of Denver, were married at Kearney. Mr. and Mrs. Rose left for Denver, where they will make their home.

Robert Barnes, the 8 year old son of the Rev. O. L. Barnes, had his left arm broken, and Oliver a 5 year old son, had his face badly bruised in a runaway accident at Yutan.

The signal corps of the Nebraska National Guard returned to Fremont from the maneuvers at Fort Riley. The corps was highly commended by General Fred Grant for its efficiency.

A shower party was tendered the pastor of the Wakefield and Pleasant Valley Methodist Episcopal churches, the Rev. C. M. Moore, at Wakefield. The pastor has recently taken charge.

At Nebraska City, Alice M. Pierson filed a complaint against her husband, Milton F. Pierson, charging him with wife and children desertion. He was located at White Cloud, Kas.

Fire at Pawnee City damaged the residence of Mrs. Ora Morrison to the extent of \$200. A painter was burning the paint on the inside of the house when the fire caught between the two walls.

The new revenue law is to receive another test at Lincoln. Mr. Menke, who was arrested and fined \$25 and costs for selling groceries from a wagon without a license, claims that the law is unconstitutional.

While switching at Spalding a brakeman on the Union Pacific, named C. Edmonson was thrown from the car and the train ran over him, severing his head from his body. His home is at Columbus.

Superintendent C. J. Wilson, Roadmaster C. Jensen and Chief Clerk Joseph Evans, Rock Island officials, passed through Beatrice in their special car on a tour of inspection of the line.

General Culver, who has just returned from the army maneuvers at Fort Riley, expressed himself as very much pleased with the department of the Nebraska soldiers while in camp and on the field.

When company K of Schuyler arrived home from the maneuvers at Fort Riley, the condition of their clothing and equipment showed that they had had a taste of almost the real thing in the line of war.

About 200 members of the Christian church at Beatrice held a house warming at the new parsonage which was recently taken possession of by Rev. Edgar Price and his family. An excellent musical and literary program was rendered and just before the guests took their departure, the Christian Endeavor society presented the pastor and his wife with a set of fine books as a memento of the occasion.

Owing to the inability to get a reliable carrier, free rural delivery No. 3, out of Hooper, will probably be dropped about November 30.

Earl Curtis, who drives Cooper & McClay's ice wagon at Auburn, met with a serious, if not fatal, accident. He fell from the ice wagon and one of the wheels ran over his head, cutting off one ear and crushing the head and neck. He is unconscious and just how the accident occurred cannot be learned.