

# HARRISON PRESS - JOURNAL.

VOL. XII.

HARRISON, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, SEPT. 28, 1899.

NO. 10.

Our Motto—"NO QUESTION IS EVER SETTLED UNTIL IT IS SETTLED RIGHT."—Hon. William J. Bryan.

Harrison Press-Journal.

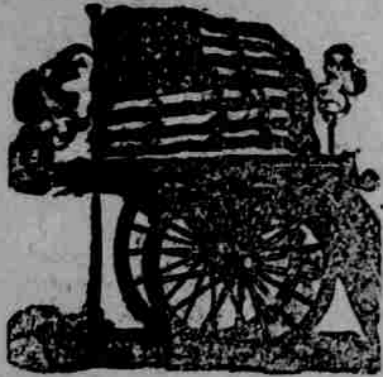
[ESTABLISHED 1888.]

Subscription Price, \$1.00

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SIOUX COUNTY.

Geo. D. Canon, - - - Editor.

Entered at the Harrison post office as second class matter.



## FUSION STATE TICKET.

For Supreme Judge, HON. SILAS A. HOLCOMB.  
For Regents, State University, EDSON RICH,  
J. L. TEETERS.  
For Congress, 6th District, HON. W. H. NEVILLE.  
For Judges, 15th District, Wm. H. Westover,  
James J. Harrington.

## READ THIS WEEK'S PRESS-JOURNAL.

"What shall it profit a nation," he thundered, "if it gain the whole world, and lose the spirit which prizes liberty as the heritage of all men in all lands every where."

"I would not trade a single sentence of the Declaration of Independence for all the gold that could come from the Philippines in 10,000 years." From W. J. Bryan's speech at Seward Neb., Sept 25th

A sweeping victory is predicted by prominent democrats of Ohio, for Democracy in that state this fall. Even Chairman Dick of the Ohio Republican state central committee has notified the administration that it is going to be a mighty close deal. Well, what's the matter of Nebraska making a sweeping victory this fall. The Press-Journal does not doubt for one moment but that "we will lick em, and don't you forget it."

I want to start with the declaration that monopoly in private hands is indefensible from any standpoint and intolerable. One trust may be less harmful than another. One trust magnate may be more benevolent than another, but there is no good monopoly in private hands, and I do not believe it is safe for society to permit any man or group of men to monopolize any article of merchandise or any branch of business.—W. J. Bryan, at the Chicago Trust Conference.

The Beatrice Times (Rep.) is a recent editorial on the re-conviction of Dreyfus under the caption of "A Beastly Republic," says: "France is a republic only in name. The persecution of Dreyfus has not affected the stony hearts of the despots who are standing up for the military as against the civil authorities." But the Times seems oblivious to the fact that the United States has even now started on the road to militarism. If we do not turn back, it may not be many years before we can witness, right here at home "stony-hearted despots standing up for the military as against the civil authorities." In the very nature of things, an army must be governed in a despotic manner. There is no help for it. It is a great machine operated by the officers, who very naturally drop into despotic ways. Militarism must not be allowed to grow in the United States. It is a noxious weed, a parasite that saps the life of the body on which it lives. Militarism has brought France to the point where there is some ground for calling her a "beastly republic." It can do the same thing for the United States.

There has been some little talk that there would be a knock-down and drag-out time, both in Democratic and popular conventions here day after tomorrow. Whether there will be, or not, we cannot say. But we believe if the delegates at the two conventions have the best interests of the fusion state ticket at heart, whose principles are identical with every true populist, democrat, and free silver republican in Sioux county, or

## TIME WORKS MOST WONDERFUL CHANGES.

### Democratic Principles 1899.

Little by little, but steadily as man's march to the grave, we have been giving up the old for the new faith. Nearly eighty years ago we began by declaring that all men are created equal but now from that beginning we have run down to the other declaration that for some men to enslave others is "a sacred right of self-government." These principles cannot stand together. They are as opposite as God and mammon. Our republican robe is soiled and trailed in the dust. Let us re-purify it. Let us turn and wash it white. In the spirit of it not the blood of the revolution. Let us turn slavery from its claim of "moral right" back upon its existing legal right, and its arguments of "necessity." Let us return it to the position our fathers gave it and there let it rest in peace. Let us re-adopt the Declaration of Independence and the practices and policies which harmonize with it.—Abraham Lincoln.

Let every American remember that to violate the Declaration of Independence is to trample on the blood of his fathers and to tear the character of his own and his children's liberty.—Abraham Lincoln 1849.

All men are created equal. They are endowed by their creator with certain unalienable rights, among which are life liberty and the pursuit of happiness. For the attainment of these ends governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.—Republican platform, 1876

## REPUBLICANS OPPOSED TO THE TRUTH.

The Republican Federation of papers in Nebraska, are afraid to have the truth go to their republican readers, and think it is detrimental to the party to club republican papers with Democratic or Populist papers. Read the following which shows plainly that their political literature is not such as will stand the test of universal public opinion.

It is the custom of some member of the Federation to make combination with fusion papers for chibbing purposes all in all it is obviously a disadvantage to the party for republican papers to engage in the circulation of fusion literature among the people and should we believe, be discouraged for it must directly lead to the injury of Republican editors who do it.

The chairman of the republican state central committee indorses this plan for the work of the republican papers and pledges his own and the committee's hearty co-operation. Assuring you that there have been many evidences of appreciation of the power and usefulness of the federation and commending you to be vigilant and diligent, we remain fraternally,  
W. E. DAYTON, Secretary.

### Republican Principles 1899.

Rev. P. S. Henson of Chicago, who in addressing an administration mass meeting held in that city on September 14, said:

Today there are those that wave the Declaration of Independence in our face and tell us that the thing to do is to deliver over those islands of the archipelago in the east to the people who are their rightful masters, for "all governments derive their own just powers from the consent of the governed." So wrote Thomas Jefferson. Do you remember that the lord said to Joshua. "My servant is dead?" And so is Thomas Jefferson. I do not believe that Thomas Jefferson was infallible. I believe that a live president in the year of grace 1899 is just as much of an authority as a president that lived and died 100 years ago. I am no worshiper of a saint just because he is dead. Let the dead bury the dead. Also that hallowed document, that declares that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, if that is to be literally construed there never was a greater falsehood palmed off by the devil upon a credulous world.

### A MONSTROUS HERSEY.

Stephen A. Douglas declared: I tell you that this Chicago doctrine of Lincoln's—declaring that the negro and the white man are made equal by the declaration of Independence, and by divine providence—is a monstrous heresy. The signers of the Declaration of independence never dreamed of the negro when they were writing that document. They referred to white men, to men of European birth and European descent when they declared the equality of all men.

## How to Make a Famine.

Take a trust doing business at both ends of a great industry, a protective tariff designed to help the industry to live, a plentiful demand for the trust's product, and a determination on the part of the promoters to make a million dollars a minute if they can, and if they can't, then as much as the public will permit, and you have all the ingredients of an complete famine as nature ever brought about by drought or pest.

There is such a famine now in the iron and steel trade. The demand for iron and steel in this country at present may be said to be unprecedented. Prices have gone up a hundred per cent within a year, and ship yards and railway contractors that might employ thousands of men are behind in their work and delaying their orders because they can't buy the materials they need.

The Carnegies, the Fricks, the Rockefellers, and the rest of the iron kings say their mills are running overtime to supply the demand, and that there is a shortage of iron ore. Who made the shortage?

Besides controlling the mills, these men control the mines. They can get all the ore they want. They can build new mills. Not they. Their mills are making them profits of a hundred per cent and they are in a position to hold up the market until they get ready to relieve the situation as their own figures. They have a "corner" at both ends.

There is no encouragement to other capitalists to build competing mills, for they have to pay a Dingley tariff duty of 40 cents a ton on ore and \$4 a ton on pig, while the Carnegies, the Rockefellers and the Fricks can scrape ore off the mountain sides for nothing. They have been "protected," and now they are repaying the people for it. The strain is so great that a little ore is coming in over the tariff wall but not much, and any competing mill owner who tried to rely on a foreign supply would be at too great a disadvantage to keep it up long. The trust would either get his mill or ruin him in short order.—Saturday Chicago Ledger.

Ex-Senator, Washburn, of Minnesota and Haveymer the great sugar king, two prominent republicans, now openly and publicly declare that protective tariffs are responsible for the trusts.

The republican state convention which convened in Omaha last Thursday nominated for Supreme Judge Hon. M. B. Reese of Lancaster county; E. G. M. Gilton, Douglas county and Dr. William Ely, of Brown county regents of the state University.

### Peoples Independent Commissioners Convention, 1st District.

The peoples independent electors of the first commissioners district are requested to meet in delegate convention at Gilchrist P. O., on the 11th day of October, 1899, at 2 o'clock for the purpose of nominating a candidate for commissioner of the above named district.

Each precinct will be allowed the same number of delegates as at the county convention.  
CLAS CHRISTENSEN, Chairman,  
F. W. KNOTT, Secretary.

### Democratic County Convention.

A county convention of the Democratic party of Sioux county, Nebraska, is hereby called to meet at Harrison, in said county, Saturday, Sept. 30, 1899, at the Court House, at 10 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following offices:

- One County Clerk,
- One County Treasurer,
- One County Sheriff,
- One County Judge,
- One County Superintendent of Schools,
- One County Surveyor,
- One County Coroner.

Also, to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention. The several precincts in said county will be entitled to representation in the convention based on the vote cast for Hon. C. J. Smythe at the general election of 1896, being one delegate for each 100 votes or minor fraction thereof, which makes the appointment as follows:

- Andrew Bowen 2
- Montrose 4
- Sugar Loaf 2
- Warbonnet 3
- Whistle Creek 1
- Antelope 1
- Hat Creek 3
- Running Water 3
- Snake Creek 1
- White River 1
- Coltonwood 3

It is recommended that no proxies be allowed.  
It is recommended that the different Precinct primaries in the county be held on Tuesday Sept. 26, 1899.

M. J. BLETCHET, Secretary.  
M. J. GAYBART, Chairman.

### Final Proof Notices.

All persons having final proof notices in this paper will receive a mailed copy of the paper and are requested to examine their notice and if any error exist report the same to this office at once.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.  
Land Office at Alliance, Neb., Aug. 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said final proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on September 23, 1899, viz:

JOHN WERER, of Story, Nebraska, who made H. E. No. 3934, for the S-E 1/4 of Sec. 24, T. 33 N. R. 54 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:  
August Ling and Frederick Sumner of Story, Neb., and Jacob Henry, Sr., and Jacob Henry Jr., of Montrose, Nebraska.  
F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.  
Land Office at Alliance, Neb., Aug. 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said final proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on September 23, 1899, viz:

JOHN W. TIDD, of Adella, Nebraska, who made H. E. No. 361, for the S-E 1/4 of Sec. 12, T. 23 N. R. 54 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:  
Robert Harrison, John Moseley, Henry C. Hunter and Edward J. Peirson, all of Adella, Nebraska.  
F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office, at Alliance, Nebraska, August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said final proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Alliance, Nebraska, on October 21, 1899, viz: Charles L. Phillips of Bodare, Nebraska, who made H. E. No. 445, for the S 1/2 S-W 1/4 of Sec. 13, Twp. 23, N. Range 54 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz:  
Michael A. Bauman, Noah B. Hovey and John W. Hunter of Bodare, Nebraska, and Edgar Phillips of Hyanna, Nebraska.

Also, Noah B. Hovey, of Bodare, Nebraska, who made H. E. No. 476, for the N-W 1/4 S-W 1/4 and S-W 1/4 S-W 1/4 Sec. 13, and N 1/2 S-E 1/4 Sec. 2, Twp. 23, N. Range 54 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:  
Michael Bauman, John W. Hunter and Charles E. Phillips of Bodare, Nebraska and Edgar Phillips of Hyanna, Nebraska.  
F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

## The Commercial Bank.

INCORPORATED 1888.

Harrison, - - - - Nebraska.

CAPITAL STOCK PAID IN - - \$10,000.00  
SURPLUS AND PROFITS - - 8,000.00

### DIRECTORS.

B. E. BREWSTER, President. C. F. COFFEE, Vice President.  
CHAS. C. JAMESON. A. MCGINLEY,  
D. H. GREISWOLD, Cashier.

CORRESPONDENTS: WESTERN NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK.  
OMAHA NATIONAL BANK, OMAHA, NEB.

## INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office, at Alliance, Nebraska, September 12, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said final proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Harrison, Nebraska, on October 21, 1899,

DAVID PETTY,

heir of Arthur L. Delaney, deceased, who made H. E. No. 3937, for the S 1/2 S-E 1/4, S-W 1/4 S-E 1/4 and S-W 1/4 N-E 1/4 of Sec. 13, Twp. 34, N. Range 54 W.

He names as witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:  
Robert Harrison and Theodore F. Golden of Adella, Nebraska, William H. Davis and Julian E. Phinney of Harrison, Nebraska.

Also, JOSEPH L. DEBOCK, of Bodare, Nebraska, who made H. E. No. 394, for the S 1/2 S-W 1/4 of Sec. 14, and W 1/2 N-W 1/4 of Sec. 25, Twp. 23, N., Range 55 W.

He names as witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:  
Henry Covey and Neis Englebret of Harrison, Nebraska, John Mink and Herman Hilber of Bodare, Nebraska.  
F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

### NOTICE FOR PRESENTATION TO AND HEARING BEFORE JUDGE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Patrick Murphy, late of Sioux county, deceased, that the time fixed for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 4th of September, 1899.

All such persons are required to present their claims with the vouchers to the county Judge of said county, at his office therein on or before the 4th day of March, 1900, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said Judge on the 2nd day of October, 1899, or afterwards, on the first day of each regular term day of said court during the time limited for filing claims, as aforesaid.

Dated this 4th day of September, 1899.  
ROBERT WILSON,  
[SEAL] A True Copy. County Judge.

### ESTRAY NOTICE.

That F. J. Witt, the undersigned did on the 6th day of August, 1899 on his enclosed land situated in Warbonnet precinct, in Sioux county, Nebraska, take up two bay mares as estrays, said mares being more particularly described as follows:

Two bay mares branded on left shoulder.  
Dated at Harrison this 14th day of September 1899.  
FRED J. WITT.

## LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Head-ache and Liver Complaint. 100 PILLS 25 CTS. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Nervin Medical Co., Chicago

## 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS

TRADE MARK DESIGNERS COPYRIGHTS &c. AGENCIES FOR THE PATENTING OF PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS. MUNN & Co. 38 Broadway, New York

### STOCK BRANDS.

THIS JOURNAL will publish your brand, like the following, for \$2.50 per year. Each additional brand 75 cents. Every farmer or ranchman in Sioux and adjoining counties should advertise their brands in THE JOURNAL as it circulates all over the state. It may be the means of saving money for you.

CHARLES BIEBLE. On left side or hip of cattle, On left shoulder of horses, Range on the head of Warbonnet creek Address Harrison, Sioux Co. Neb.

CHARLES UMPHENOUR The brand represented in this notice and branded any where on left side of horses and Also the L L brand any where on left side of cattle belongs to the undersigned. CHARLES UMPHENOUR, Harrison, Nebraska.

CHARLES BREWMAN. The brand represented in this notice and branded any where on left side of cattle, and over lap out from the right ear. Also the same brand on left side of horses, belongs to the undersigned. CHARLES BREWMAN, Harrison, Nebraska.

FRANK NUTTO. On left shoulder of cattle and horses, Range on Little Cottonwood. P. O., Crawford Neb.

FRANK NUTTO. On left side of cattle and on left shoulder of horses. Range on Antelope creek P. O., Gilchrist, Sioux Co., Neb.

JOHN A. HANSON Owns the following brand on either: Also MG on cattle and horses—cattle on left side horses, on left shoulder. Range on Silver Springs and east of state line. Postoffice—Harrison Neb

\$100 REWARD. For proof to convict any person of stealing any of my stock. Cattle branded same as out. Horses branded same on right shoulder M or C on left thigh. Sheep, paint brand same as cattle and fire brand C on right side of nose. Address, DAVID COLVILLE, Glen Neb.

Contest Notice. UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, ALLIANCE, NEB., August 23rd, 1899.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by George W. Leake, contestant, against Frank R. Smith, entry No. 698, made 22d September, 1899, for S-W 1/4 N-E 1/4 S-W 1/4 N-E 1/4 S-W 1/4, S-N-W 1/4 S-E 1/4, Section 15, Township 23, Range 57, by Frank R. Smith, Contestee, in which it is alleged that: Frank R. Smith did not break any part of said land, nor cause the same to be broken, nor did he at any time plant any trees or seed, or cause same to be planted, and the said contestant is ready to prove at such time and place as may be named by the Register and Receiver for a hearing in said case; and he therefore asks to be allowed to prove said allegation, he the said contestant paying the expense of the said hearing.

Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on Oct. 24, 1899, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Alliance, Nebraska.

F. M. DORRINGTON, Register.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR "THE LIFE AND Achievements of Admiral Dewey." The world's naval hero. By Mrs. M. H. Dewey. The life-long friend and admirer of the nation's Hero. Bound and in cloth; over 200 pages; 500,000 copies nearly 10 pages illustrated. Illustrated. Only \$1.00. Numerous dealers. Big Commission. Order from "The Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," The Dewey Book Party, 170 Pine Street, New York.