

### WAS GOULD INSANE?

Financial Worry and Physical Exhaustion Not the Greatest Destroyer of Human Life.

For Humanity's Sake, After Thirty-six Years of Nervous-System Suffering, He Tells How He Was Set Free.

Caldwell, N. J., March 11, 1895.—(Special.)—Since one of our prominent citizens suffered so terribly from tobacco-tremors, has made known his frightful experience in behalf of humanity, the ladies here are making tobacco-using husbands' lives miserable with their entreaties to at once quit tobacco.

The written statement of S. J. Gould is attracting wide-spread attention. When interviewed he said: "I commenced using tobacco at thirteen, I am now forty-nine, so, for thirty-six years I smoked, smoked, smoked and rubbed myself in the morning I chewed before I put my pants on, and for a long time I used two ounces of chewing and eight ounces of smoking a day. Sometimes I had a chew in both cheeks and a pipe in my mouth at once. Ten years ago I quit drinking whiskey. I tried to quit tobacco time and again, but could not. My nerves crawled and I felt them till my skin turned a tobacco-brown, cold, sticky perspiration oozed from my skin, and trickled down my back at the least exertion or excitement. My nerve vigor and my life was being slowly sapped. I made up my mind that I had to quit tobacco or die. On October 1 I stopped, and for three days I suffered the tortures of the damned. On the third day I got so bad that my partner accused me of being drunk. I said, 'No, I have quit tobacco.' For the sake of my health, my partner will not smoke with me, and I was taken home dazed. I saw double and my memory was beyond control, but I still knew how to chew and smoke, which I did all day until towards night, when my system got tobacco-soaked again. The next morning I looked and felt as though I had been through a long spell of sickness. I gave up in despair as I thought that I could not cure myself. Now, for suffering humanity, I'll tell what saved my life. Providence evidently answered my good wife's prayers and brought to my attention in our paper an article which read: 'Quit Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away!'

"What a sermon and warning in these words! Just what I was doing. I told about a guaranteed cure for the tobacco habit, called No-To-Bac. I sent to Druggist Hasler for a box. Without a grain of faith I spit out my tobacco and, put into my mouth a little tin of No-To-Bac, which was stamped No-To-Bac. I know it sounds like a lie when I tell you that I took eight tablets the first day, seven the next, five the third day, and all the nervousness, dizziness, head-ache, and mental depression was gone. It was too good to be true. It seemed like a dream. That was a month ago. I used one box, it cost me \$1, and it is worth a thousand. I gained ten pounds in weight and lost my desire for tobacco from the first day. I sleep and eat well, and I have benefited in more ways than I can tell. No, this cure was no exception in my case. I know of ten people right here in Caldwell who have bought No-To-Bac from Hasler, and they have been cured. Now that I realize what No-To-Bac has done for me and others, I know why it is that the makers of this wonderful remedy, the Sterling Remedy Co., of New York, have never said, 'We don't claim to cure every case. That's Frank's talk, a lie; but we do guarantee three boxes to cure the tobacco habit, and in case of failure we are perfectly willing to refund money.' I would not give a public endorsement if I were not certain of its reliability. I know it is backed by men worth a million. No-To-Bac has been a God-send to me, and I finally believe it will cure any case of tobacco-using if faithfully tried, and there are thousands of tobacco slaves who ought to know how easy it is to get free. There's happiness in No-To-Bac for the prematurely old men who think as I did that they are old and worn out, when tobacco is the thing that destroys their vitality and method."

The public should be warned, however, against the purchase of any of the many imitations on the market, as the success of No-To-Bac has brought forth a host of counterfeiters and imitators. The genuine No-To-Bac is sold under a guarantee to cure, by all druggists, and every tablet has the word No-To-Bac plainly stamped thereon, and you run no physical or financial risk in purchasing the genuine article.

If it were not for the hard work in the dairy, it would be a pity that women did not always have the practical work of it on their hands.

The teeth of cattle of an become diseased and are the cause of swelling on the jaws. When such swelling appears some naturalists say the whale was once a land animal and took to the water for safety.

Every moment spent in properly making and packing butter for market is a good investment.

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR IMPERIAL GRANUM FOOD BEST SUITED TO ALL WEAK CONDITIONS, DIGESTIVE ORGANS FOR DYSPYPTIC, DELICATE, INFIRM AND AGED PERSONS THE SAFEST FOOD IN THE SICK ROOM FOR INVALIDS AND CONVALESCENTS PURE AND DELICIOUS NOURISHING FOOD FOR NURSING MOTHERS, INFANTS, CHILDREN THE IMPERIAL GRANUM IS SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. JOHN CARLE & SONS, NEW YORK.

### FARM AND GARDEN.

#### BRIEF HINTS AS TO THEIR SUCCESSFUL MANAGEMENT.

##### The Progressive Farmer Will Keep Himself Well Informed and Take Advantage of Every Opportunity—Device for Removing Stumps and Rocks.

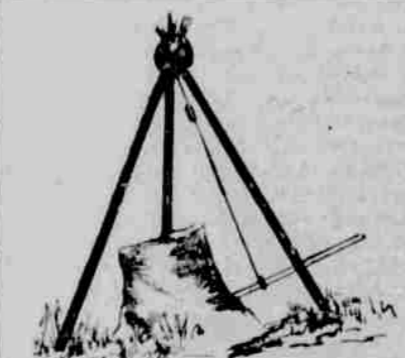
The Wide-Awake Farmer. As the wants of the people increase there is not only a greater consumption, but more variety is sought. If the world has changed and electricity is beginning to supplant horses and men, the farm is not exempt from the influence of progress. The articles used as food, and the dishes prepared, are very different from those of a century ago. Many fruits and vegetables now in general use were unknown at the beginning of the present century. If the farmer is to keep pace with those engaged in other industries, he must change his methods and his crops, to correspond with conditions not of his own choosing, and meet the consumers of his products with commodities of a kind better adapted to their wants, and not such as he may prefer to grow for himself. Every year witnesses something new in the field of agriculture, and no farmer should be content to follow a beaten path, but should branch out and endeavor to take advantage of every opportunity for producing something on the farm that will afford him a larger profit than the secured the previous year.

The fact is conceded that the low prices for grain are caused by the cheapening of the cost by the use of improved labor-saving implements and machinery on the farm, and the day when a crop must be cultivated because it requires less labor than some other has passed. The crops that pay best now are those that are the most costly to produce, because they are grown less abundantly than the cheaper kinds. Corn, wheat and oats are grown at one-fourth the cost of former times, and the old prices will never return unless the misfortune of a famine should occur, which is hardly possible in a country with such diversity of climate as ours. There are crops grown in this country which apparently are very large, but which do not supply our home markets, and among them are potatoes and onions, and this is due to the fact that they require more labor than corn or wheat. Beans, peas, apples, cherries, quinces and some of the garden crops are often below the amount required for the supply of the home markets.

It is not supposed that farmers will suddenly revolutionize their methods, but it will be an advantage for them to study the markets and statistics, and endeavor to learn what may be required. Labor should always be considered in growing a special crop, for it enters into the price and the remuneration, for such expense is never overlooked. It is labor that makes the value, and while it is well to cheapen the labor, yet the amount of labor required should never deter one from growing a crop. A crop that pays well one year may not be profitable the next, as there is an influence, by higher prices, for the farmers to seek the crop that pays best; but there are too many farmers who adhere closely to certain crops and thereby fail to secure the highest price or largest profit. The progressive farmer will keep himself well informed, and be always prepared to avail himself of the advantages open by growing a variety of crops in order to satisfy the demands of all classes.—Philadelphia Record.

##### To Remove Obstructions.

That farmers may have the plow run smoothly the Philadelphia Farm Journal suggests the contrivance here shown to break down or to lift obstructions out of their beds. It consists of three strong poles bound together at the top, a hooked chain fastened to their top to suspend a heavy iron bar to be used



BATTERING RAM AND LEVER. as a battering ram or as a lever. It is not conducive to a peaceful state of mind to run up against a rock or stump and be suddenly elevated over the plow handle or have the handles strike one violently in the ribs.

##### Straightening Crooked Streams.

All natural streams over land are more or less crooked, as they bend first one way then another to avoid obstructions. In making artificial open ditches there is at first an almost irresistible tendency to follow the natural course and simply deepen it. But after the ditch is cut, if it is a cultivated field the crooked places in it make serious difficulties for the plow, the harrow, cultivator and the mowing machine, only for a pasture lot is the winding rivulet running through a field allowable, provided it can easily be remedied. By straightening an open drain and putting sewer pipe in it the ditch may be filled and plowed over, making a rich, cultivable field of what was originally only fit for growing coarse and inferior grasses.—Ex.

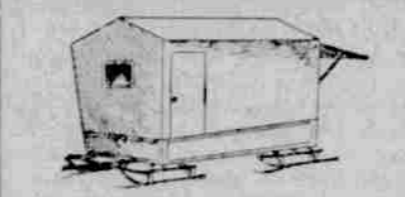
##### Importing Green Peas.

A vessel recently arrived at Philadelphia with a large crop of canned "French" peas, grown in England.

That we should import green peas, when from Europe, when such a crop can be grown in every section of the United States, is not very creditable. They are always readily salable in winter, which is demonstrated by the fact that we send abroad for them, and they bring good prices. Here is an opening for some of our farmers to combine, build a canning factory and grow green peas. They will prove more profitable than cereal crops.

##### Winter Farm and Market Sted.

Why shouldn't the farmer take some comfort in his work? Let him put a cloth top upon his wagon and go to market warm and protected from the wind. It is an easy matter to make a light but strong frame-work and cover



COVERED MARKET STED.

It with duck, or heavy cotton cloth. The illustration shows how to make it convenient both to get into and to get produce out of. It is especially handy when hauling potatoes, apples, etc., in freezing weather. An oil stove can be fastened securely behind the seat on the floor, and in the coldest weather the most perishable of articles can be carried safely and with comfort.—American Agriculturist.

##### Demand for Heavy Draft Horses.

Too often the farmer breeds for his own use, but expects to sell the geldings, and the class of light grades that suit the fancy of some farmers do not suit the horse buyers; thus it is we have bred millions of small to medium horses for our own use, but we still want to sell them all the same. The buyers can not use them, and there is a variable scarcity of big heavy draft horses or large stylish coaches, yet many wonder why horses are so cheap. They refuse to breed what the market wants, and the market refuses to pay a decent price for the common horses that are presented for sale. The whole world wants the big heavy draft horses. American farmers can raise them, and they will raise them of the right kind when they come to understand the market requirements.—Live Stock Journal.

##### A Novel Flower Pot.

Among the trees about one's home, there is often one with a great hole near its base. A twin trunk has been removed, or a low branch lopped off, and the wound has rotted away and left the ugly cavity. Just the thing for a flower pot! The rich soil put into it will keep moist in its shady resting place. Plant vines, and almost before you know it they will be winding about the old tree, and making it the most beautiful of the lawn. Hardy vines that will winter well are to be chosen, the beautiful woodbine coming in for first choice perhaps, on account of its autumn glories and perfect hardiness.



NOVEL FLOWER POT.

##### Management with Weeds.

One cause of weeds flourishing on some soils is that they thrive on plant foods left over by the grain crop, a condition which renders the soil impoverished for other grain crops, yet very fertile for weeds because the weeds are able to get a good start, make rapid growth, secure abundant moisture below the surface, and deprive the land of that which was not utilized by the crops, the result being that the soil is still further impoverished. This may be prevented by growing root crops after corn, to be followed by clover or some grass crop.

##### Farm Notes.

Green peas may be planted just as soon as the ground permits. They are hardy and thrive best when planted early in the season.

Clover rootlets will penetrate and loosen the subsoil, while they are furnishing a large quantity of valuable material for forage and for fertilizer. If it is desired to subsoil a field at the least possible expense, get it to producing a good crop of clover.

Prof. Bailey, of Cornell experiment station, recommends from 500 to 700 pounds of muriate of potash and 300 to 500 pounds of plain superphosphates per acre as annual top dressing for manure orchards. Nitrogen is seldom needed, he says, and is apt to force a growth of too much wood.

What to do with the bones from fresh meat is a problem to those who have no mode of reducing them to a fine condition for the land. If the bones are placed in the stove and heated, so as to become brittle, they can be easily pounded, which converts them into excellent food for all kinds of poultry.

The San Jose scale insect has been found as far East as Ohio, and it is claimed that it had already put in an appearance in some of the New Jersey nurseries last year, but which may be a mistake. It attacks peach, apple, pear, cherry and plum trees, and also rose bushes. The kerosene emulsion is used as a remedy.

The average farm prices of various agricultural products, per unit of measure, compared with those of 1893, are as follows: Corn, per bushel, 1894, 45.7c, against 36.5c; wheat, 49.1c, against 58.8c; rye, 50.1c, against 51.3c; oats, 32.4c, against 26.4c; barley, 44.2c, against 41.1c; buckwheat, 65.6c, against 58.3c; potatoes, per bushel, 58.6c, against 56c; hay, per ton, 88.5c, against 89.08c; cotton, per pound, 4.6c, against 6.99c; leaf tobacco, 6.8c, against 8.1c.

### THE U. S. Government officially reports ROYAL Baking Powder superior to all others in leavening strength.

It is the best and most economical.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

#### Do You Suppose

That man is such an inferior creature after all?

That an education of mind and heart makes a woman any less the good housekeeper?

That any two mothers will ever have the same ideas about the bringing up of children?

That a taste for neatness, tidiness and general snugness lessens one's taste for things intellectual?—Woman-kind.

#### Get What They Wanted.

It may not recompense him, but still it is some consolation for a democratic farmer to listen to the grumbings of his republican neighbor who complains about the low prices of stock and farm products. Did you not vote for years for a home market? The republican tillers of the soil have a corner on the home market, but it is a white elephant and the greater part of them would trade it for a yellow dog if given the chance.—Coldwater Sun.

#### What to do With Chaff.

Chaff is a refuse, and on large wheat farms it is used in horse-stalls, or disposed of in any possible manner. There is nothing that will equal it on the floor of the poultry house, as it absorbs moisture from the droppings, keeps the floor clean, and facilitates the work of sweeping out the house. It should be used liberally, however, two or three inches deep being preferable to a light supply. It is better than sawdust, as the hens do not injure themselves with it, as is often the case with sawdust, which they all their crops with it. Cut straw or leaves may also be used with the chaff, the combination of the several materials being better than any one of them alone, but the chaff is better than any other material, if it can be had, should it be necessary to use one substance. A handful of millet seed, scattered in the chaff, will induce the hens to begin work, and they will not care to go outside if the floor is kept constantly littered.—Farm and Fireside.

#### The Free Church of Scotland in the conduct of its Indian missions has taken steps which will emphasize its evangelistic efforts, making the strictly educational work secondary.

#### BARGAINS IN WALL PAPER.

Attention of our readers is called to the great bargains in Wall Paper offered on another part of this paper by Alfred Peats, the great Wall Paper dealer, 132-134 West Madison St., Chicago, who offers to send free samples on application.

#### Potato Loaf.—Mashed potatoes, two eggs, well beaten; cold chicken shredded fine. Mix together, adding butter, pepper and salt, and making in the shape of a loaf. Bake brown.

**\$100 Reward, \$100.**

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh of the Urinary Organs. It is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the fountain-head of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative power, that they offer One Hundred Dollars to any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., to who, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The London Missionary Society is making large preparations for the celebration of its centenary during this year of 1895.

#### From the Land of No. 1 Hard.

Fargo, N. D., furnishes another instance of the merits of No-to-bac, in the person of Frank Winters, who writes the Sterling Remedy Co., of Chicago, to say that himself and a friend, to whom he gave a box of No-to-bac, were completely cured of the tobacco habit. He says the druggists there are selling large quantities of No-to-bac.

Good butter cannot be made on the farm unless there are facilities for making good butter. We might as well recognize that fact first as last.

In all Persia, there are only twenty miles of railroad.

### St. Jacobs Oil is made to cure RHEUMATISM

### NOTICE!

THIS OFFER WILL NOT APPEAR AGAIN IN THIS PAPER.

### \$1,000 PRIZE WALL PAPER.

If you are going to paper this spring, send a full description of the different rooms, together with their height, what they are used for, color effect desired, etc. to ALFRED PEATS, and he will make selections of the most suitable styles and colors from his Prize Designs and other patterns, and

### MAIL YOU SAMPLES FREE.

Prices of Prize Design Wall Papers range from 15 to 30c per roll, and in addition we have over One Million Rolls of other papers some of them as low as 3c per roll.

If you have any use whatever for Wall Paper, do not fail to SEND AT ONCE FOR SAMPLES. AGENTS MAKE MONEY.

If you will take the agency for our Prize Patterns and other papers, and solicit orders from those in your neighborhood who are going to paper this spring, we will send our Agents' Sample Books on receipt of your references and \$1.00 to cover cost of books, and pay a handsome profit on all orders you obtain.

**ALFRED PEATS, 132-134 W. Madison St., Chicago.**

### Weak Mothers

and all women who are nursing babies, derive almost inconceivable benefits from the nourishing properties of

### Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her strength. It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for twenty years for Rickets, Marasmus, Wasting Diseases of Children, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Emaciation and Consumption.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

Ademna Patti is engaged for six dramatic performances at Covent Garden next summer.

Two pieces for the three violas, composed by King Henry VIII., were played at a concert of early English music given lately in London.

Dan Emmett, author of "Fixe," is to have a reception and testimonial soon from the confederate vets of Washington. He will be eighty in May, and first sang the song in 1843.

Arthur Nikisch, formerly leader of the Boston symphony orchestra, and now conductor of the Budapest opera house, is to direct a series of orchestral concerts in London in June and July.

Never use a wooden package a second time for packing butter.

Potato Mince Balls—Parboiled potatoes equal in quantity to two-thirds of the available cold meat—beef and a little ham, if convenient, chopped fine. Mash the potatoes and mix with the meat and one raw egg. Season with small bits of celery, pepper and salt. Fry in round balls.

The Lake Erie & Western, which recently threw the news companies off their lines, has given the brakemen the privilege of selling papers to persons on their trains.

### A Bank Failure.

#### AN INVESTIGATION DEMANDED.

A general banking business is done by the human system, because the blood deposits in its vaults whatever wealth we may gain from day to day. This wealth is laid up against "a rainy day" as a reserve fund—we are in a condition of healthy prosperity if we have laid away sufficient capital to draw upon in the hour of our greatest need. There is danger in getting thin, because it is a sign of letting down in health. To gain in blood is nearly always to gain in health and wealth. The odds are in favor of the germ of consumption, grip, or pneumonia, if our liver be inactive and our blood impure, or if our flesh be reduced below a healthy standard. What is required is an increase in our *own fighting strength*. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery enriches the blood and makes it wholesome; stops the waste of tissue and at the same time builds up the strength. A medicine which will rid the blood of its poisons, cleanse and invigorate the great organs of the body, and restore the system to health, the whole being with new energy and make resolute work of it is surely a remedy of great value. But when we make a positive statement that 95 per cent. of all cases of consumption can be taken in the early stages of the disease, be it chronic or the "Discovery," it seems like a bold assertion. All Dr. Pierce asks is that you make a thorough investigation and satisfy yourself of the truth of his assertion, by sending to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., you can get a free book with the names, addresses and photographs of a large number of those cured of throat, bronchial and lung diseases, as well as of skin and scapular affections by the "Golden Medical Discovery." They also publish a book of 100 pages, being a medical treatise on consumption, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, which will be mailed on receipt of address and six cents in stamps.

### DAVIS HAND OR POWER CREAM SEPARATOR

Separates more butter and of higher quality than by other known systems. SAVED MONEY AND LABOR. Write for full particulars. Illustrated Catalogue Free. Agents Wanted. DAVIS & HANKIN, BLDG. AND MFG. CO., Sole Manufacturers, Chicago, Ill.

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### Burlington Route

#### NEW SHORT LINE TO SEATTLE

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