

The Sioux County Journal

L. S. SIMMONS, Proprietor. HARRISON, NEBRASKA.

SIX THOUSAND TIDY CANS can now be made in a day by one man. Goats and bear canners find everything coming their way.

WHEN defeated in an ambitious project it is only one of the weak and narrow mind who will indulge in so dark a passion as revenge.

DECKAGE of a Mexican at 150 seems to throw doubt on the truth of the oft repeated boast of the climate of that country that its inhabitants never die of old age.

AFTER all the fuss and expense over Ereta, a sapient judge has discovered that he cannot be extradited, because his offence is solely political. Why couldn't some one have told that long ago?

A CHICAGO barber charged a Michigan man \$1.00 for a shave and dyeing an ordinary mustache. Such charges are a little hard on Michigan men, but they go far toward keeping up business in the Windy.

THE advantage of civilization to heathen lands is shown in Samoa. Last year the imports increased 29.1, while the exports decreased 2,000. A few more years of tripartite control will land the natives in the poor houses and transfer their lands to the missionaries.

"O HURCH," the once wealthy Chicago speculator, is selling cigars for a living, and refusing assistance from old friends declaring that he will never be a pensioner. Probably no man who has been ruined in the Windy City has more courage than "O Hurch."

AN English lady carries about with her the urn that contains her husband's ashes. This practice, however, will not be generally adopted by widows. The average widow, while showing proper respect for the departed, becomes gradually inclined to let by-gones be by-gones.

IT seems possible that Germany may become a good market for the superior furniture manufactured in the United States. If the Kaiser were to start the importation with an order for a new throne, constructed in our most workmanlike manner, the German people would soon see the advantage of purchasing it from us.

THE thoroughly selfish Breckinridge would willingly lead a forlorn hope for the purpose of prolonging the horror and keeping himself before the public as long as possible. He has demonstrated the fact that he was a desperate fighter, but it is now plain to all the world that he is a dead cock in the pit, and at the proper time, place and manner the regularly authorized party authorities will so decide.

By yourself in your advertising. You can do so and still study all the models you please. The study of methods that have proven successful ought to stimulate the individuality. Emulate the best advertisements of their pith and point, then sit down and run it through your mental mold - the result will not betray the prevailing flavor of either one of its sources, but will be yours as much as though it grew in your head while asleep.

A PHILADELPHIA divorce case was called off a few days ago in a somewhat remarkable way. The couple had no trouble except that the husband was an inveterate snorer. His wife could not sleep, and this resulted in a nervous affection which was ruining her health. It is doubtful whether the divorce would be granted, but all necessity for it was removed by the presentation of a cure for snoring which the husband successfully tried. It consists of six drops of olive oil taken with a pinch of mustard. The oil lubricates the throat and the mustard acts as an irritant. Probably others may find this relief useful.

AN observant traveler is of the opinion that ladies will not be so successful as hotel clerks, says the Hotel Gazette. He attributes this to the weakness of the fair sex to favor a weak with the result that if Miss Clark is affable and good-looking she is usually patronized by half a dozen admirers, and the new arrival of the guest looking for his or her key or mail has to wait her ladyship's pleasure, which is extremely annoying, and convinces a business man that the house is not conducted in a businesslike way. Then they are usually thoughtfully overheard, and conclude to their own sex, and to the hotel, that they are not to be trusted.

It is becoming quite the proper thing for ladies to travel alone?

ELECTROCUTION, as a method of inflicting capital punishment, appears to have come to stay in New York as long as the death penalty remains. There are no movements, however, for its adoption in the hanging States. The experiment has been tried thoroughly and is successful. That it is not adopted, or measures in that direction taken in other States, is singular. When the system was first authorized by law in New York, before tests had been made, ambitious innovators in several of the States attempted to procure its adoption, without knowing whether it would work well or not. Then the first attempts to execute criminals by an electric shock were bungled, and there was an outcry against it as barbarous. Now that it is firmly established as a form of death punishment, and it has ceased to be sensational, the innovators agitate the question no longer.

ACCORDING to the story told by his wife, Lieut. Peary is not entitled to rank among those who in the present day are crazy enough to think they want to discover the North Pole. It seems his main object, if not his only one, is to explore and delineate the northern coast of Greenland, the nearness of approach of which to the pole is unknown at the present. Of course if Greenland extends to the pole Peary will not be able to explore its northern coast without reaching the pole itself, the chances against which are so great and the benefit of doing it are so problematic that the effort to accomplish it will be called a wild goose chase, though not a few scientific men have favored the search. But it seems almost certain that Greenland does not extend to within several degrees of the pole, this being indicated by the drifting of objects in polar seas, and if this should be ascertained to be a fact the result might be a considerable addition to the science of physical geography that would be worth far more than can be hoped for from one or many visits to the pole itself.

A TELEGRAM from Lexington, Ky., says it is officially announced that Col. Breckinridge will not go to New York City to practice law, but will continue a member of the Lexington bar and remain with his partner, John T. Shelby, and his son DeSha. This is the very thing which Breckinridge long since should have resolved to do. He ought to have decided on the step immediately after the verdict of conviction of the Poland trial. He should have resigned his seat in Congress, confessed his crime, owned up that he had played the hypocrite, and retired into the dignified recesses of a law office. He should have made up his mind to stay there patiently till called to the bar, more or less, when the memory of his rascally conduct had become faded in the popular mind. Since the trial Breckinridge has sunk far lower in the estimation of decent men by his wicked defiance of all moral sentiment in public as he previously had ignored it in his private life. He proved himself to be impotent after the exposure of his sin and practically took the ground he had long held, that the voice of society cared to condemn. Now he has retired under compulsion, as it were, and never so be credited with having done so out of deference to the wishes of honest-minded people.

A MARRIAGE. Dr. King, of Adelaide, married a Miss Norris, shortly after the doctor's honeymoon, the doctor's son married a sister of the doctor's wife. Then a brother of the doctor's wife married the doctor's daughter. In other words the doctor's son became his stepmother's brother-in-law, and the doctor's daughter became her stepmother's sister-in-law. The doctor by marriage of his son to the sister of his wife, became father-in-law to his sister-in-law; and the doctor's wife by the marriage of her sister to her stepson, became stepmother-in-law to her own sister. By the marriage of the brother of the doctor's wife to the doctor's daughter, the doctor became father-in-law to his brother-in-law, and the doctor's wife became stepmother-in-law to her own brother. The problem as to what relationship the children of the contracting parties are to each other remains a riddle.

Altogether Different. The rule matrimonial seldom works both ways, especially when fair woman is arbitrator. "Yes, my dear," said Mrs. Upde-date to her favorite girl, six months after we were married, and I made up our minds that we weren't a bit suited for each other; so, like sensible people, we faced the inevitable. Jack lets me go my way, and—"You let him go his?" interrupted the listener. "Of gracious, my dear!" exclaimed Mrs. Upde-date indignantly, "I should like to see him try it!" EVERY bride imagines that her love for her husband will surround him like a stone wall in the midst of his indignations.

Secured a Valuable Booty.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 15.—Over \$60,000 was the value of the booty secured by the train robbers who held up the central Overland between this city and Davidsville. It is doubtful whether a richer haul was ever made by robbers in this state. Certainly there was never a more skillfully planned or more boldly executed hold-up of a train.

Wells Fargo & Co., and the Southern Pacific railroad recognized the fact that they have no ordinary criminals to deal with, consequently they are exerting every effort, putting forth every energy to run down the men and their rich loot.

The two corporations have offered a reward of \$2,500 for the capture of each of the robbers and \$2,500 for the recovery of the coin.

They secured four fat sacks of coin. Three were full of gold. In the other was the less valuable white metal. Two of the sacks contained \$20,000 each. In the third was the sum of \$10,000. The fourth sack was full of silver, and it is presumed the full booty of the robbers was between \$51,000 and \$3,000. Where the money was to go the Wells Fargo officials do not say. The weight of the plunder was so great that it is supposed the marauders must have cached it near the place where they left the engine. Every clue is traced to a finish and it seems impossible that the robbers can escape if they are, as is supposed, in this city. The detectives are working on three different theories. All of the theories agree that the men are ex-employees of the Southern Pacific and reside in this city. It is claimed that the manner in which the robbery was conducted bears out this supposition beyond a doubt.

Uncle Sam Will Not Interfere.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The State department has not received any advice confirmatory of the rumor coming from Shanghai to the effect that China has sued for peace, and the report meets with little credence, being regarded as at least premature.

The United States has been invited by the quadruple alliance, composed of Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia, to join in a friendly intervention in the war between China and Japan. The invitation will be declined. The declination is based on the time-honored policy of this government to avoid any entangling alliances with foreign powers. Acknowledgment is made of the truth in what the invitation has to say about the desirability of the restoration of peace, etc., but in the polite language of diplomacy it is pointed out that this country has so far thriven very well attending to its own business, and that so long as it continues to prosper by that policy it will not depart from it.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Prince Yamashina of Japan, accompanied by two of his suite, arrived by the steamer Augusta Victoria from Hamburg, via Southampton. When asked what he thought of the probability of the intervention of other powers to stop the war, he hesitated and did not seem to care to answer the question, but stated, however, that he did not think other powers would interfere with the struggle.

The Crack Cruise Olympia Sent to China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.—The efforts of the United States Navy department toward increasing the force in Chinese waters has resulted in the hurried completion of the 2,800-ton cruiser, Olympia, which will soon be delivered at Mare Island to the government, and as early as her complement of 400 sailors, marines and officers can be provided, she will be dispatched to the scene of the present conflict to reinforce the squadrons which are now looking after the interests of the citizens of the United States in these troublous climes. The battleships Oregon is still waiting for her side armor, but a large force is hard at work completing her inside works. The Olympia is the crack cruiser of the United States navy, and will cost the government over \$2,000,000 when completed.

Trying to Settle the War.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—It is announced here in a dispatch from St. Petersburg that the towns, villages and posts on the Chinese frontier are being greatly reinforced and large quantities of provisions and war material are constantly arriving at these places. Everything, it is added, is being prepared for a forward movement into China if this should be decided necessary.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The Journal says that it learns that a conference of the representative powers will soon be held at Peking with the view of appointing a board of arbitrators to settle the war between China and Japan.

An I Jured Wife Acquired.

BOULDER, Colo., Oct. 12.—Mrs. Fred Hawkes, who shot and killed her husband's paramour, Irlie Lee, August 20, and Mrs. William Bryant, Mrs. Hawkes's mother, accused of being an accessory, have been acquitted of the charge of murder. The verdict was received with cheering in the court room.

Met His Death From Unknown Hands.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 15.—The coroner's jury investigated the death of Charles B. Chauvin, the Green Point rascal who was murdered a month ago returned a verdict that the old man came to his death at the hands of a party or parties unknown to the jury. William De Fer, who shot at Green Point is authorized for the statement that Chauvin told him that he was afraid of Michael Kraus a neighbor, as the latter had threatened to shoot him.

In the Wreck.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 16.—Nothing but a miracle prevented one of the most horrible wrecks in the history of Louisiana. As it is fifteen people were more or less injured and \$40,000 worth of railroad property destroyed. The wreck was at the junction of the Louisville & Nashville and the New Orleans & Northwestern tracks, about two miles from the city and occurred just before 8:30. The colliding trains were the Louisville & Nashville excursion train and the East Louisiana-Covington excursion train. Both were completely filled with pleasure-seekers bound for the lake coast resorts or the pine lands of St. Tammany parish.

The engineer of the Louisville & Nashville train claims he stopped before reaching the crossing and is substantiated by the passengers on the train, and then he blew the warning whistle then he was going ahead and received no response. He started ahead and then saw the East Louisiana train bearing down on him at a good rate of speed. Having started, it was too late to think of stopping and reversing, so he opened the throttle and tried to get over the crossing before the other train reached him. A subsequent event proved, he failed in his effort and the consequence was that when the other train struck his the coupling parted and the engine with seven coaches was not stopped for over a hundred yards.

BROKE THE FORCE OF THE SHOCK.

There is no doubt in the world but that this prevented a greater disaster, for it broke the force of the shock from the East Louisiana train, diverting its impetus and preventing the engine from crashing head-on into the coach filled with a mass of humanity, totally oblivious of the fact that grim death stared them in the face.

Hanged by a Mob.

BEAUVILLE, Ky., Oct. 16.—Oscar Morton was taken from jail here and hanged by a mob of 100 men. He had been placed in jail late in the afternoon for fatally shooting William Simms, sheriff of this (Lee) county. The sheriff had attempted to arrest Morton for creating a disturbance at the county fair. Morton, who was intoxicated, drew two pistols and began firing recklessly. He fired five shots, three taking effect in Simms' body, from which he died in twenty minutes. During the firing an unknown bystander shot Morton in the face, breaking the jawbone. Citizens took Morton to jail, where he remained until the mob quietly aroused the jailer and demanded the prisoner. He was hanged to a bridge near town. Morton was from Breathitt county, where he was under \$3,000 bond for killing James Wilson three months ago. Morton's father heard of his arrest here and hastened here. He was camping in the forest within 200 yards of where his son was hanged, but he knew nothing of his fate until morning.

Won the Sculling Championship.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 16.—Miss Rose Moentheim of this city won the female sculling championship of the world by defeating Miss Tillie Ashley of Hartford, Conn. The Yankee girl got to work at once and led for an instant, but the sweeping and powerful stroke of the Missouri lass soon gave her the advantage, which she held to the finish and the race was virtually over at the end of the mile. When one hundred yards from the finish Miss Moentheim led by six lengths and eased up a trifle, but finished four lengths in advance in 12:23 1/2. When the flag fell at the finish the shouts of the fifty thousand people along the river, mingled with the screams of whistles, the banging of oars and the explosion of bombs, made a mighty uproar. The two young women were taken from their shells to the audience and carried to the clubhouse of the Central, where the victor was presented with a costly medal emblematic of the female sculling championship of the world. A reception was held also.

Abandoned the Racing.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—The Washington park club has resigned from the turf congress and will abandon its racing feature. This action is based, it is said upon the popular clamor against pool selling and the degeneration of racing from a harmless and high class sport to a species of gambling. The club was organized in 1883 and is possessed of grounds covering eighty acres, worth between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000. Gen. P. H. Sheridan was the first president of the club and served in that capacity until his death. It is generally understood that Harlem will step into the place left vacant by the retirement of Washington park, so far as the racing is concerned. Hundreds of entries are already in for the events of 1895, including the \$25,000 American derby, the Sheridan, Englewood and other rich stakes, and these will probably be transferred to the Harlem association.

Has a New Electric Car.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 16.—An electric car on the Armourdale branch of the elevated railway ran away on the viaduct in Armourdale and a score of passengers were slightly and four seriously injured.

Escaped From Jail.

SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 16.—Seven prisoners effected their escape from the parish jail, four of whom were sentenced by the recent term of the criminal court for lifetime service. They used an old file and a pair of pliers to dig out of the prison. They began work Friday morning at 11 o'clock and Friday night's electrical storm afforded the opportunity desired to complete the work. Deputy sheriffs are in pursuit.

An Entire City Burned Down.

ZANEVILLE, Ohio, Oct. 17.—Almost the entire town of Chester Hill, in the western portion of Morgan County, is in ashes. Early Sunday morning a fire started in the center of the town and could not be extinguished until every block in the town was destroyed with the exception of eight dwelling houses and one or two outhouses. The entire population turned out and worked heroically to stay the ravages of the flames, but the water gave out, and they were powerless in the face of a strong wind which was blowing at the time. The loss is estimated at \$90,000. There was some narrow escapes, and it is thought that Mrs. Randall and babe perished, as they were alone at home and have not been seen since the fire. The principal losers are as follows: George Johns, dry goods store, \$20,000; Joseph Doudna, furniture and undertaker, \$10,000; A. L. Bailey, millinery, \$1,500; A. J. Parker, drug store, \$7,500; Masonic Hall, \$4,000; I. O. O. F. Hall, \$3,500; Dutton's jewelry store, \$15,000. The insurance on all the property will not amount to \$25,000. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but the impression is that it was incendiary. The town is surrounded by a rich agricultural region on which it depended for its support. With the slack trade, due to the present low prices for farm products, there is not the incentive to rebuild that there would otherwise have been. Relief for the sufferers was sent out from this city.

Yielded to the Germans.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—A dispatch here from Major Leutwein, the Imperial Commissioner of Southwest Africa, who has been in command of the expedition operating against the powerful Hottentot chief, Henrick Witbooi, announced that the latter has yielded to the Germans, who have occupied his stronghold.

Chief Witbooi has given the Germans much trouble for a long time past. Advice from Wallfish Bay on Sept. 25 last was received in Berlin, and announced that Major Leutwein, on Aug. 27, stormed Chief Witbooi's camp. Witbooi succeeded in escaping, but he subsequently sent messengers with offerings of peace to the German commander. During the engagement Lieutenant Diestel and eight German troops were killed, and Captain Edroff and ten troops were wounded. Witbooi is the only chief in that portion of Africa who has held out up to the present against the advance of civilization, and his raids upon the settlers have prevented the development of the country in spite of the activity of the German forces sent against him.

Will Take Radical Action.

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 17.—The Michigan State Board of Health proposes to take radical action for the prevention of consumption, which has been clearly demonstrated to be a communicable disease. It will ask the next Legislature to pass a bill prohibiting any person from teaching school or acting as a professional nurse without having a certificate from a reputable physician, stating that the proposed teacher or nurse is free from any communicable form of tuberculosis. It will also ask for a new law to prohibit a milkman from selling milk in a city unless he has a license from the State live stock commission, showing that his cows have been examined by a competent veterinarian and found to be free from tuberculosis, the tuberculin test being applied in case of any doubt. It will also attempt to frame a rule under the present law that will effectually provide for inspection of immigrants and disinfection of baggage at the Canadian border, to take the place of rule 2, recently declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

Detained at Quarantine.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The steamer Kron Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, from Naples, with eight cabin and 450 steerage passengers on board, was detained at quarantine owing to the detection of a suspicious case in the person of a steerage passenger. Deputy Health Officers Tollmadge and Sanborn were of the opinion that the patient suffered from smallpox. Dr. Dillingham and Benedict, of the New York health department, both experts in the handling of epidemic diseases, were called in, and after thorough examination confirmed the diagnosis. The passenger was found mingling with his fellow passengers, exposing all to the disease, and the whole number of the steerage passengers will be vaccinated and transferred to Hoffman's Island, to await the development of the disease, for a period of fourteen days. The Cabin passengers will be sent to the dock. The steamer will be disinfected and released soon. The name of the patient has not been obtained.

The Queen Goes Crazy.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 17.—Before the Arawa left Honolulu a rumor was in circulation that Queen Liliuokalani had gone crazy. The report is not credited, although for several days she had not left the house she is occupying.

Proud of the Italian.

ROME, Oct. 17.—Premier Crispi was telegraphed to Ricordi, Verdi's publisher, at Paris, saying: "I am proud that an Italian name has been highly honored in that great, sympathetic capital. I drew there from an surgery of the fraternal affection between the neighboring people and I bless the art which gave occasion for this demonstration. Glory to Verdi, who by his composition has opened across the Alps a road to the union hearts."

The Armies Face to Face.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—A dispatch to the Central News from W. J. J. stated Monday says: The opposing armies still face each other on the banks of the Yalu river. The Chinese have not fired a shot, but work night and day strengthening their defenses. Count Yamagata, the Japanese commander-in-chief, is awaiting the arrival of heavier artillery before attacking the Chinese position. Japanese scouts estimate that the Chinese force altogether numbers 25,000. The scouts have brought in detailed information as to the condition of the Chinese defenses, showing that they are not so strong as the first reports indicated. The Chinese artillery is shown to be less formidable than the Japanese had supposed. A decisive attack is expected shortly. Various implications justify the belief that the chief stand of the Chinese will be at Kubenchau.

A dispatch from Tokio says that several hundred Chinese prisoners who were taken at the battle of Ping Yang arrived in Tokio Tuesday. Crowds were in the streets to see the captives and followed them from the station to the prisons. The crowds were quiet and orderly, indulging in no insults or signs of exultation. The captives were distributed among several military stations.

The Japanese legation in London has received advice to the effect that the Japanese transport steamer Ariaka Maru has arrived at Yokohama from Hong Kong. A Chinese gunboat left Hong Kong a few hours before the Ariaka Maru, but contrary to expectation made no attempt to engage the transport.

A Terrible Fire.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, Oct. 18.—The worst fire in the history of Houston broke out and before it was got under control not only had a large amount of property been destroyed, but two sisters of St. Joseph were burned to death, two infirm patients also perished, and a third sister was dangerously injured. The fire originated in the San Jacinto Hotel, a boarding house at Franklin and San Jacinto streets, from which the blaze spread rapidly to the adjoining small buildings of St. Joseph's Infirmary on Franklin street, destroying a large two story frame annex and then the new four-story brick main building. The destruction of these buildings was accompanied by loss of life. Sisters Dolera and Jane were burned beyond all possible recognition, while Sister Clothide was fearfully burned about the face, neck, breast and arms, her recovery being in doubt. The property loss was great.

Opening the Season.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 18.—The season for dredging and scraping for oysters in Maryland waters opened yesterday. The prospects are that a large volume of business will be transacted. More vessels are engaged in the oyster business this season than for several years and the failure of the fruit crop is expected to create a good demand for oysters. The entire fleet engaged in dredging will number 1,500 vessels. Each vessel will employ an average of eight men and 12,000 men will be employed in the business until April. This number does not include the tongers, and in the counties 7,000 are engaged in tonging. The packing-houses in Baltimore and at points on the eastern and western shores employ about 10,000 more people. A careful estimate recently made by a prominent packer places the number of persons interested in the oyster industry at \$30,000.

A Sensation Developed.

WALNUT RIDGE, Ark., Oct. 18.—A sensation involving several prominent people has developed in Sharp County. Sheriff Hutchinson has arrested Dr. Nixon, Dr. McCabe, and Mrs. McCabe, all of Callamine, Ark., charged with attempting to kill Dr. A. E. Barr and his family by placing poison in a cistern on Dr. Barr's premises. Dr. Barr and Dr. McCabe have been litigants for some time and a bitter feeling has been engendered. Four members of the Barr family drank from the cistern and their escape from death was narrow. Over a pound of poison was found in the cistern.

An Interest in a Fortune.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 18.—M. A. De Rose, a clerk in the Louisville and Nashville freight office at Ninth and Broadway, has just received information which leads him to believe that he is heir to one-third interest in an estate of \$750,000. Three years ago William J. Finlay, a wealthy brewer of Dayton, died, leaving an estate of \$750,000. M. A. De Rose has just learned that Finlay was his uncle, who came here many years ago from Ireland and had not been heard from for a long time. Mr. De Rose claims to be Misses Mollie and Maggie De Rose, of Kansas City, Mo.

Snow in New York State.

MIDDLETON, N. Y., Oct. 18.—The first snow flurry of the season swept over Orange and Sullivan counties. There was quite a heavy fall also in Delaware and Chenango counties.

Japan Rejected the Proposal.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The Central News claims to have the highest authority for the statement that overtures looking to a declaration of peace between China and Japan were made but that Japan rejected the proposals made considering them inadequate. According to the Central News however, "there is every reason to believe that the proposals were entirely satisfactory to the people and that the representatives signified the willingness of their government to acquiesce in them."